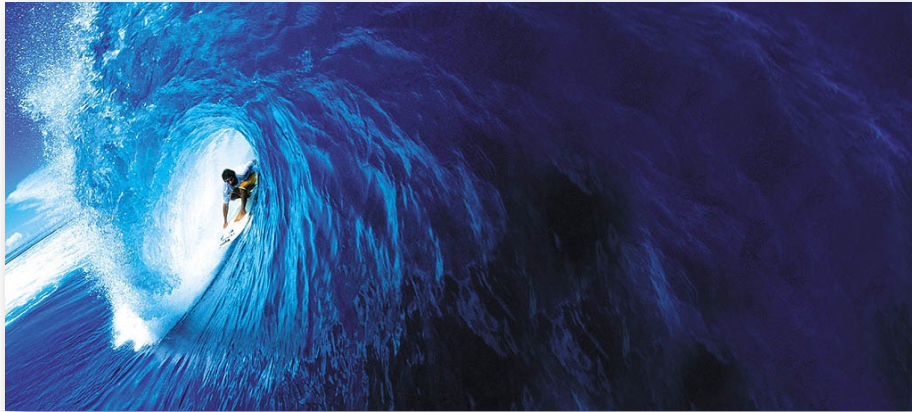


**MSE 423 Fall 2024 – Week 1**

# **WAVE MECHANICS**



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## **The mechanics of the quantum mechanics class: MSE 423 Team**

- Lectures: Tue 11am-1pm, Thu 2pm-3pm – in MXF-1
- Exercises: Thu 3pm-4pm – in MXF-1
- Office hours: Tue 1pm (ideally email first)

**Nicola Marzari**

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**Alexander Poliukhin**

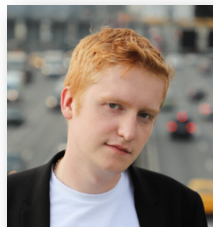
[aleksandr.poliukhin@epfl.ch](mailto:aleksandr.poliukhin@epfl.ch)

**Luca Righetti**

[luca.righetti@epfl.ch](mailto:luca.righetti@epfl.ch)

**Matteo Quinzi**

[matteo.quinzi@epfl.ch](mailto:matteo.quinzi@epfl.ch)



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## MSE 423 Practicals

- Moodle: <https://moodle.epfl.ch/course/view.php?id=18242>
- Google drive for the recordings (**need to log in as EPFL**): <https://bit.ly/4eiOlpp>
- Zoom: <https://bit.ly/3XzZHQp>

### MOODLE

All class material



### EPFL GOOGLE DRIVE

Archive of all zoom recordings  
(need to login with your EPFL account!)



### ZOOM

Live broadcast



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## A brief history...

### Education

- Laurea in Physics (University of Trieste, 1992)
- PhD in Physics (University of Cambridge, 1993-96)
- NSF Postdoc (Rutgers University, 1996-98)
- Research Scientist (Princeton University, 1999-01)

### Professional

- Assistant Professor (MIT, 2001-05)
- Associate Professor (MIT, 2005-09)
- Toyota Chair of Materials Engineering (MIT, 2009-11)
- Statutory ("University") Chair of Materials Modelling (U. of Oxford, 2010-11)
- Director, Materials Modelling Laboratory (U. of Oxford, 2010-11)
- Chair, Theory and Simulation of Materials (EPFL, 2011-onwards)
- ✳ • Director, National Centre MARVEL for Materials Design and Discovery (2014-onwards)
- Head, Laboratory of Materials Simulations, Paul Scherrer Institut (2021-onwards)

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## Rolf E. Hummel Textbook

A couple of useful texts:

- Mortimer, *Physical Chemistry* (Elsevier, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., 2008)
- Rolf E Hummel, *Electronic Properties of Materials*, Springer (2011) (ISBN: 978-1-4419-8163-9 (Print) 978-1-4419-8164-6 (Online))

The last one is FREE to EPFL students as a PDF at <http://link.springer.com:>  
<http://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-1-4419-8164-6>

You can purchase a softcover from the same website for 25 CHF (but will not use it overly – relying mostly on readings that I will post).

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## Other (very good) textbooks

- Bransden & Joachain, *Quantum Mechanics* (Prentice Hall, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2000)
- Bransden & Joachain, *Physics of Atoms and Molecules* (Prentice Hall, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2003)
- Ashcroft and Mermin, *Solid-state physics* (Brooks/Cole, 1976)
- Kittel, *Introduction to solid-state physics* (Wiley, 8<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2004)

### Oxford Masters Series (Oxford University Press)

- Singleton, *Band Theory and Electronic Properties of Solids*
- Fox, *Optical Properties of Solids*
- Dove, *Structure and Dynamics*
- Blundell, *Magnetism in Condensed Matter*

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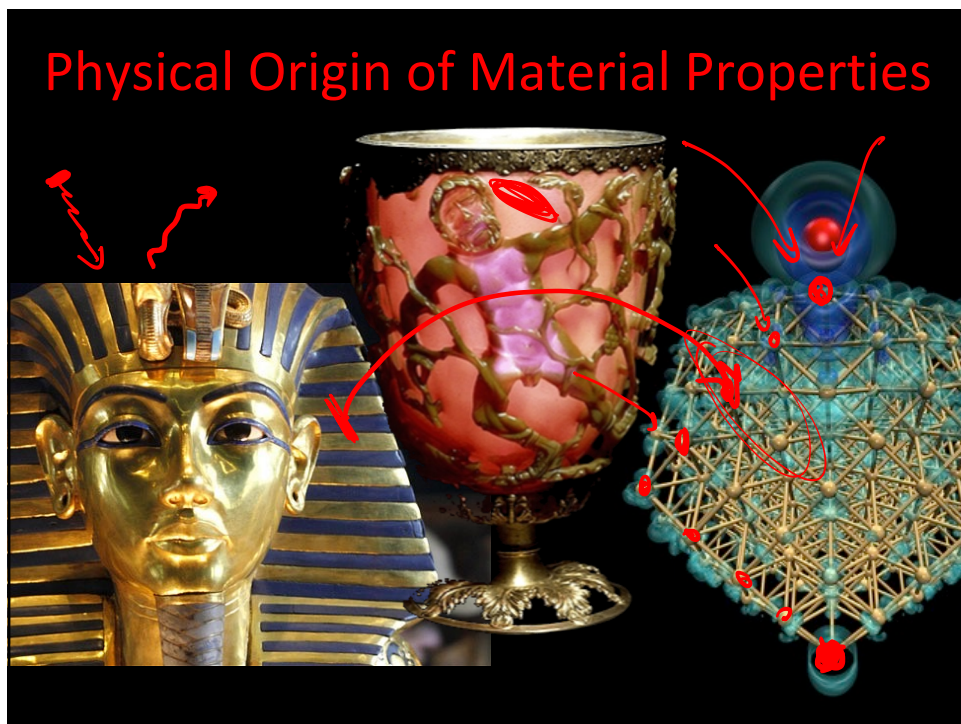
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## § Homework (1 exercise per week, not graded) and written exam

- Every Tue: exercise for the following week, and the solution for the current one, uploaded on Moodle
- Every Thu: solution for the current one discussed; you can work on the following one, and ask questions
- **We don't grade the homework.** You do it to understand you master the material.
- We will have a written exam in January – 3 hours, 4 question. Two theory questions, and two exercises. Closed book, you cannot have any material with you. We'll give you at the end of the class a list of the theory questions that could be asked. The exercises will closely follow the ones you did during the semester.

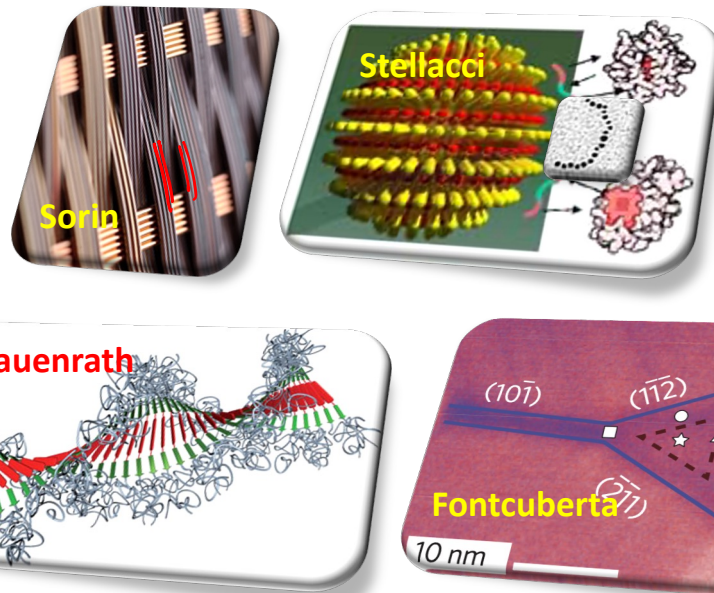
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## Advanced materials' research

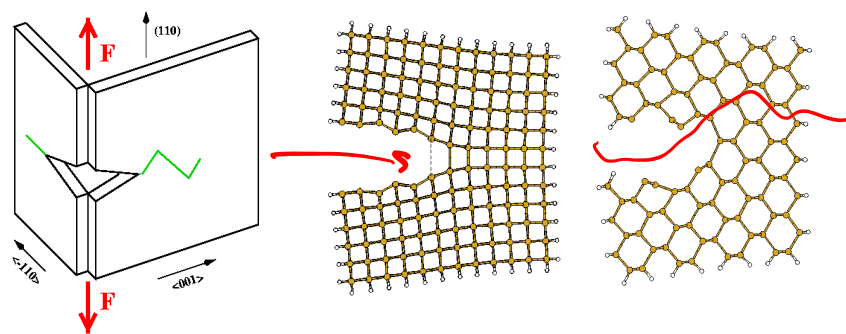


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## Why do we need quantum mechanics ?

Structural properties (fracture in solids)

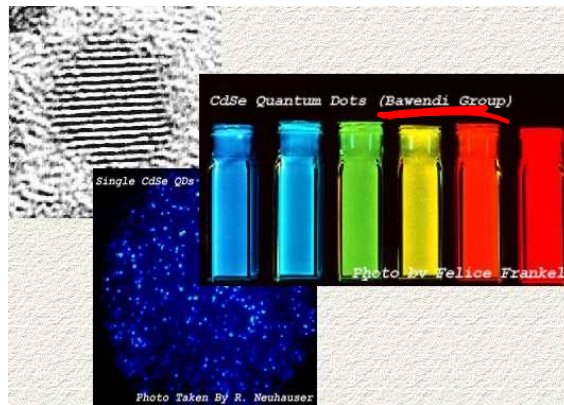


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## Electronic, optical, magnetic properties



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Changing the world...  
...for better or for worse

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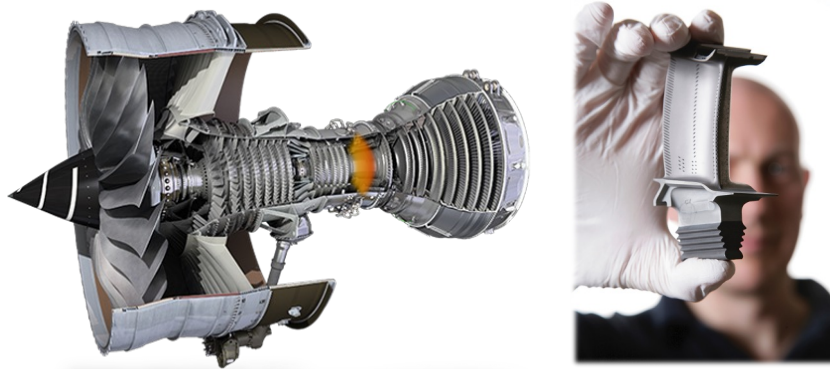
## A few easy pieces



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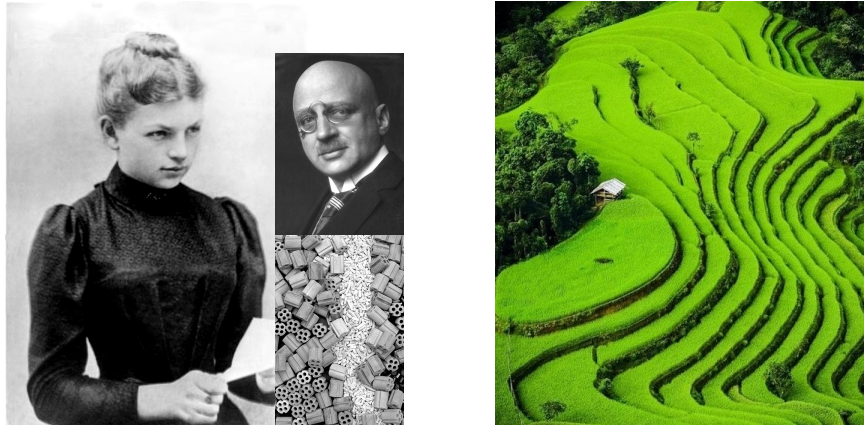
## Next time you fly



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## Meet Clara and Fritz

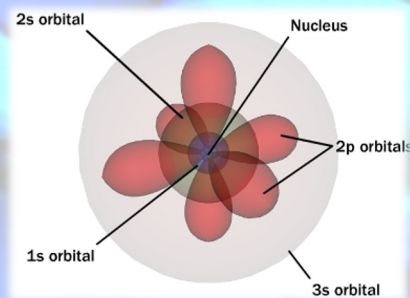


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## Standard Model of Matter

- Atoms are made by massive, point-like nuclei (protons+neutrons)
- Surrounded by tightly bound, rigid shells of core electrons
- Bound together by a glue of valence electrons (gas vs. atomic orbitals)



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## Some energy scales

- An electron in a 1V potential =  $1 \text{ eV} = 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$
- Energy at our living conditions (300 K):  $0.04 \text{ eV}$   
(kinetic energy of an atom in an ideal gas).
- Hydrogen bond:  $0.29 \text{ eV}$ . Cohesive energy of silicon  $4.6 \text{ eV/atom}$ .  
Diamond  $7.4 \text{ eV/atom}$ .
- Energy of visible light:  $1.6\text{-}3.1 \text{ eV}$ .
- Binding energy of an electron to a proton (hydrogen):  
 $13.6058 \text{ eV} = 1 \text{ Ry (rydberg)} = 0.5 \text{ Ha (hartree)} = 0.5 \text{ atomic units}$

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## From Classical to Quantum

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## Round Up the Usual Suspects

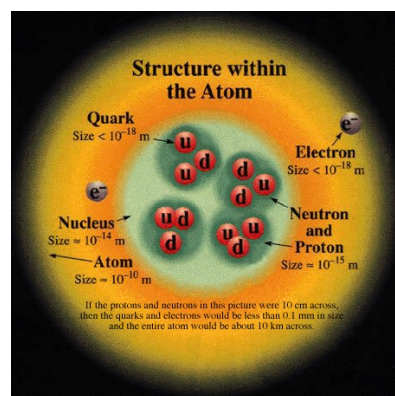
- Particles and electromagnetic fields <sup>NUCLEI + ELECTRONS LIGHT</sup>
- Forces <sup>GRAVITATION COULOMB WEAK STRONG</sup>
- Dynamics

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## Particles

- Electrons
- Nuclei (protons, neutrons)
- What are their equations of motion?

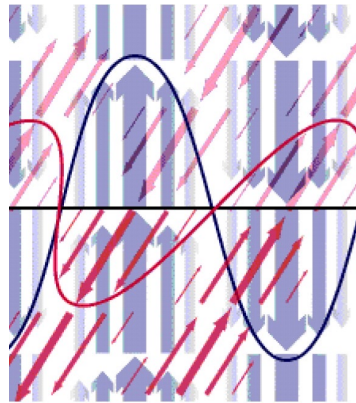


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## Fields

- Electric and magnetic fields
- What are their equations of motion?



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## Electromagnetic Waves / Photons

$$\underline{E} = \underline{h\nu} = \underline{h \frac{c}{\lambda}} = \underline{kT}$$

$h$  is Planck's constant =  $6.626 \cdot 10^{-34}$  J s

$c$  is the speed of light =  $299\,792\,458$  m / s

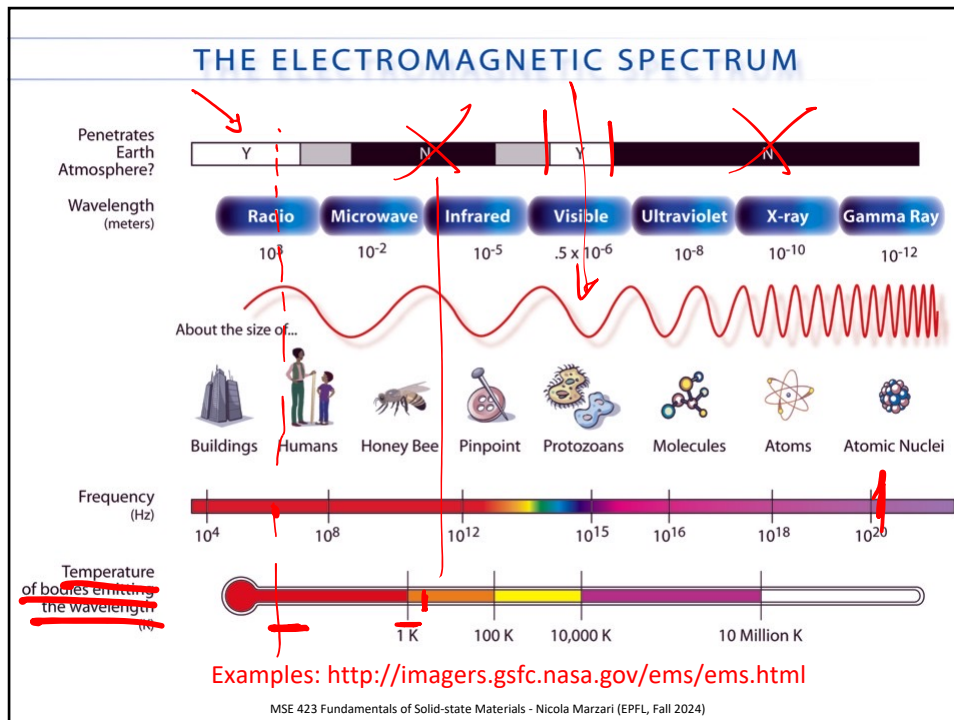
$k$  is Boltzmann's constant =  $1.381 \cdot 10^{-23}$  J/K

(also,  $1\text{eV} = 1.602176565 \times 10^{-19}$  J)

$E$  is the energy (J),  $\nu$  is the frequency (1/s),  $\lambda$  the wavelength (m)

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## Forces

- Electromagnetic interactions
- (Gravity, electroweak, strong)

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## Dynamics of a Particle

$$m \frac{d^2 \vec{r}}{dt^2} = F(\vec{r}) \quad \longrightarrow \quad \begin{matrix} \vec{r}(t) \\ \vec{v}(t) \end{matrix}$$

The sum of the kinetic and potential energy ( $E=T+V$ ) is conserved



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## Dynamics of a Particle

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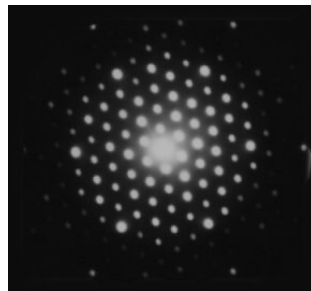
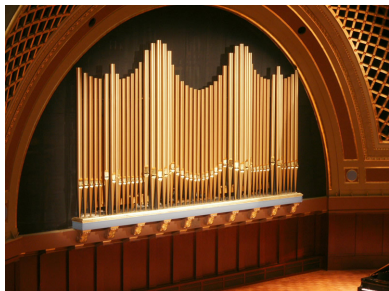
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## Wave-particle Duality

- Particles have wave-like properties:
  - Quantum mechanics: Electrons in atoms are standing waves – just like the harmonics of an organ pipe
  - Electrons beams can be diffracted, and we can see the fringes (Davisson and Germer, at Bell Labs in 1926...)

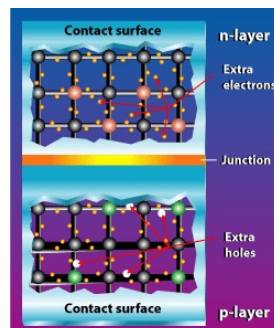
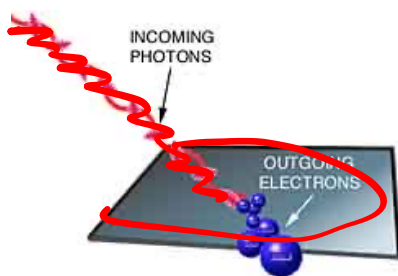


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## Wave-particle Duality

- *Waves have particle-like properties:*
  - Photoelectric effect: quanta (photons) are exchanged discretely
  - Energy spectrum of an incandescent body looks like a gas of very hot particles

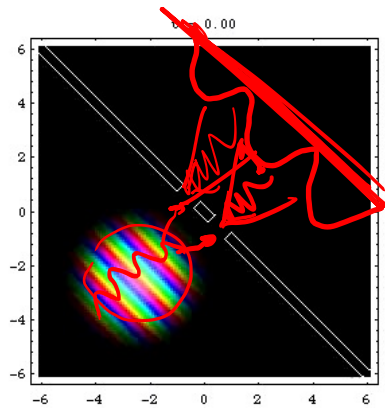


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## When is a particle like a wave ?

Wavelength • momentum = Planck



$$\lambda \cdot p = h$$

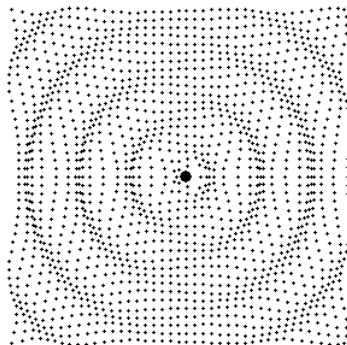
$$(h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s} = 2\pi \text{ a.u.})$$

<http://www.kfunigraz.ac.at/imawww/vqm/>

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## Description of a Wave



The wave is an excitation (a vibration): We need to know the amplitude of the excitation at every point and at every instant

$$\Psi = \Psi(\vec{r}, t)$$

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## Description of a Wave

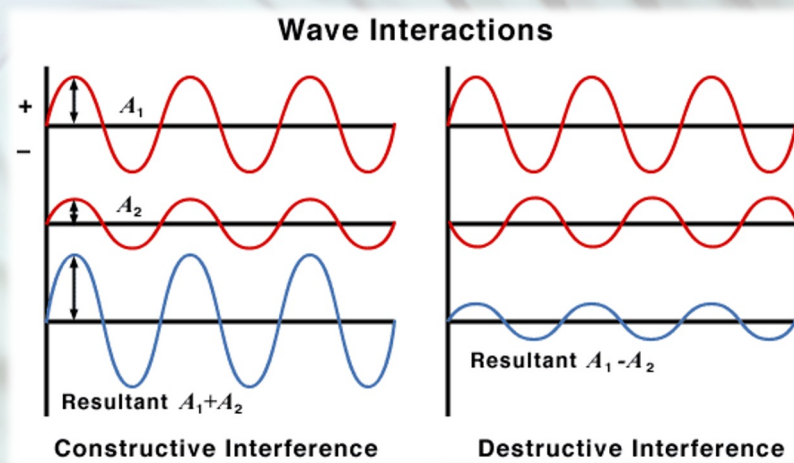
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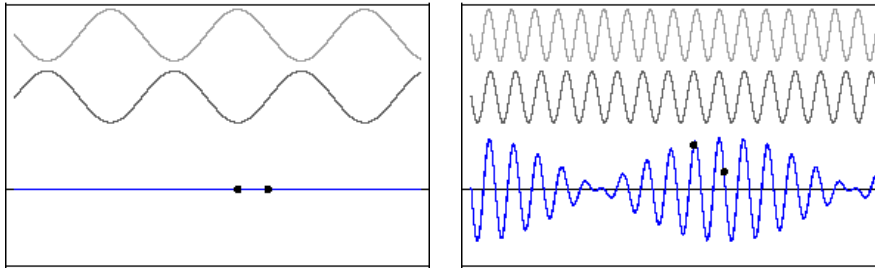
## Principle of linear superposition



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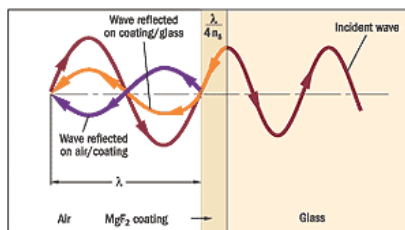
## Interference in Action



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## Interference in Action



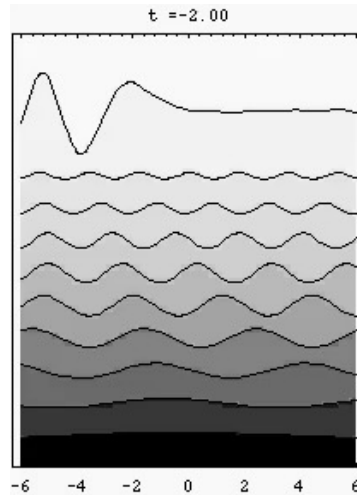
Source: Carl Zeiss Inc.



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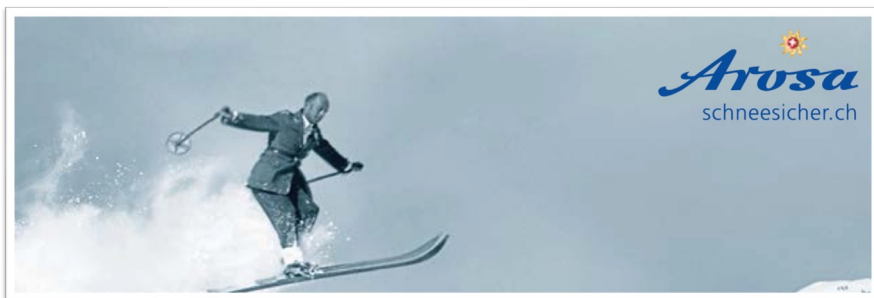
## Also: decomposition of arbitrary functions into sines/cosines



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## AROSA (GRAUBÜNDEN/GRISONS), 27<sup>th</sup> DECEMBER 1925



*At the moment I am struggling with a new atomic theory. I am very optimistic about this thing and expect that if I can only... solve it, it will be very beautiful.*

*Erwin Schrödinger*

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## Time-dependent Schrödinger's equation (Newton's 2<sup>nd</sup> law for quantum objects)

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \Psi(\vec{r}, t) + V(\vec{r}, t) \Psi(\vec{r}, t) = i\hbar \frac{\partial \Psi(\vec{r}, t)}{\partial t}$$



1925-onwards: E. Schrödinger (wave equation), W. Heisenberg (matrix formulation), P.A.M. Dirac (relativistic)

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## Plane waves as free particles

$\Psi(\vec{r}, t) = A \exp[i(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} - \omega t)]$  satisfies the wave equation for a free particle

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \Psi(\vec{r}, t) = i\hbar \frac{\partial \Psi(\vec{r}, t)}{\partial t} \quad (\text{provided } E = \hbar\omega = \frac{p^2}{2m} = \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m})$$

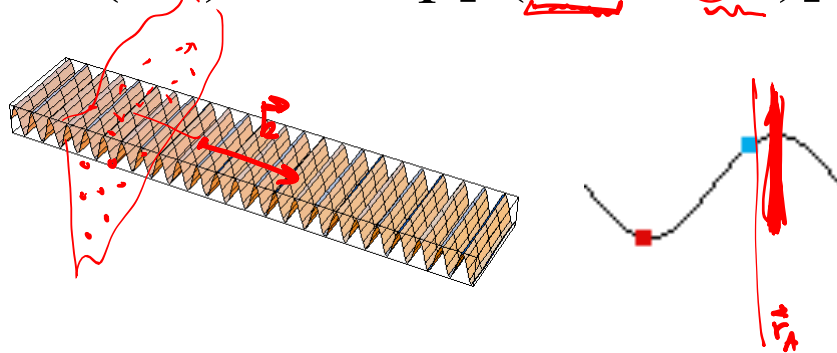
$$\begin{aligned} -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 (\exp(i(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} - \omega t))) &= i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \exp(i(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} - \omega t)) \\ -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} (-k^2) \exp(i(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} - \omega t)) &= \hbar\omega \exp(i(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} - \omega t)) \\ \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} (\exp(i(k_x x + k_y y + k_z z - \omega t))) &= (ik_x)^2 \exp(i(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} - \omega t)) \end{aligned}$$

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## Plane waves as free particles

$$\Psi(\vec{r}, t) = A \exp[i(\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r} - \omega t)]$$



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