

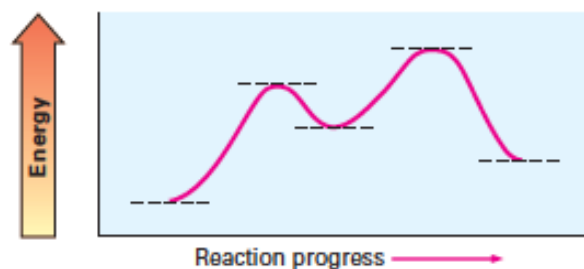
## Organic Chemistry - Exercise 4

Distribution: October 10 2024

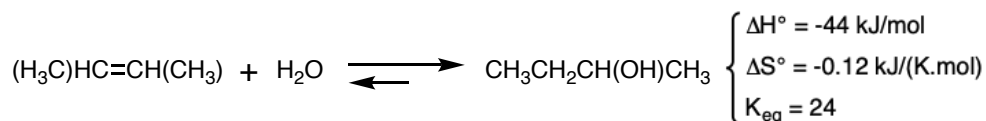
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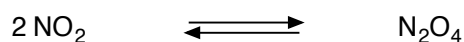
1. Consider the following profile of a chemical reaction:



- Is  $\Delta G^\circ$  for the reaction positive or negative? Label it on the diagram.
  - How many steps are involved in the reaction and how many transition states are there? Label the transition states on the diagram.
2. Consider the following chemical reaction:



- Give the IUPAC names of the starting material and the products. (Hint: you form more than one product).
  - What is the reaction type?
  - Is the reaction exothermic or endothermic?
  - Is the reaction favorable (spontaneous) or unfavorable (non-spontaneous) at room temperature (298 K)?
  - What is the consequence of increasing the temperature at which the reaction is conducted?
3. Consider the equilibrium of the following dimerization reaction:



$\text{NO}_2$  is a brown gas, whereas  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$  is colorless. The Gibbs free energy of the dimerization reaction (left to right) is  $\Delta G = -5.13 \text{ kJ/mol}$  at a temperature of  $23^\circ\text{C}$  and  $\Delta G = 8.41 \text{ kJ/mol}$  at a temperature of  $100^\circ\text{C}$ .

- Draw the correct structural formulae (Lewis structures) of  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$ .

- b. What would you expect to observe with regard to color upon heating a sealed flask from room temperature to 100°C?
  - c. A sealed flask with a volume of  $V = 1\text{ L}$  is filled with 0.26 mol of pure  $\text{NO}_2$ . After a while the equilibrium is reached and a measurement shows that 0.08 mol  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$  is present. Determine the equilibrium constant.
4. Dibromine can participate both in polar reactions and in radical reactions. Discuss why this is favorably possible in each case.
5. An alkene  $\text{R}_2\text{C}=\text{CR}_2$  and a ketone  $\text{R}_2\text{C}=\text{O}$  can undergo a polar reaction together. Draw the reaction mechanism correctly (hint: electron pair pushing, formal charges), and describe the respective roles of the two molecules in this reaction.

**Reading Suggestions:**

Clayden, Greeves, Warren, Wothers, *Oxford University Press*, **2001**, pp. 304–334.  
Organic Chemistry, John McMurry, *Thomson Brooks/Cole*, **2008**, pp. 152-161.  
Chimie Organique: Les Grands Principes, John McMurry, *Dunod Editeur*, **2015**, pp. 95-98.  
Clayden, Greeves, Warren, Wothers, *Oxford University Press*, **2001**, pp. 407–441.  
Organic Chemistry, John McMurry, *Thomson Brooks/Cole*, **2008**, pp. 152-161 + 359-381.  
Chimie Organique, Paul Arnaud, *Dunod Editeur*, **2015**, pp. 103-125, 285-303, 327-351.