

## Series 4.

### Exercice 1

a) We construct a .STL approximation of a sphere. We obtain a polyhedral surface made of equilateral triangles which all are identical. Show that the deviation height  $h$  is proportional to the area  $A$  of the triangles and to the reciprocal of the radius  $R$  of the sphere:

$$h \simeq \frac{2}{3\sqrt{3}} \frac{A}{R}. \quad (1)$$

b) What happens if the triangles constituting the polyhedral surface are common triangles?