

## DISPERSIVE PDE 23, PROBLEM SET 9

- (1) Let  $(X, d)$  be a complete metric space and let  $T_j, j = 1, 2$  be two contractions on  $X$  satisfying

$$d(T_j(x), T_j(y)) \leq \alpha d(x, y) \quad \forall x, y \in X$$

and some  $\alpha \in [0, 1)$ , and further assume that

$$d(T_1(x), T_2(x)) \leq \delta$$

for some  $\delta \geq 0$ . Then show that the unique fixed points  $p_j, j = 1, 2$  of  $T_j$  satisfy

$$d(p_1, p_2) \leq \frac{\delta}{1 - \alpha}.$$

- (2) Use the preceding and the argument for constructing local solutions for NLS in lecture5.pdf to conclude the local Lipschitz dependence of the solutions on the initial data in  $H^s(\mathbb{R}^n)$ ,  $s > \frac{n}{2}$ . Thus if  $I$  is the interval constructed there on which a local solution exists for data in some  $B_a(0) \subset H^s(\mathbb{R}^n)$ ,  $s > \frac{n}{2}$ , then show that there is a constant  $C$  such that

$$\|\psi_1 - \psi_2\|_{L_t^\infty H^s(I \times \mathbb{R}^n)} \leq C \cdot \|f_1 - f_2\|_{H^s(\mathbb{R}^n)}$$

for all  $f_{1,2} \in B_a(0)$ , where  $\psi_j$  is the solution of

$$i\psi_{j,t} + \Delta\psi_j = \pm|\psi|^{p-1}\psi_j, \quad \psi_j(0, \cdot) = f_j(\cdot),$$

and we assume  $p \in 2\mathbb{N} + 1$ .

- (3) Show that the nonlinear wave equation

$$\square\psi = |\psi|^{p-1}\psi, \quad \psi[0] = (f, g),$$

is strongly locally well-posed in  $H^s(\mathbb{R}^n) \times H^{s-1}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ , provided  $s > \max\{\frac{n}{2}, 1\}$ . For this follow the argument for the Schrodinger case.