

# Welcome to the first exercise session!

Our goal is to put into practice the concepts that are introduced in the lecture

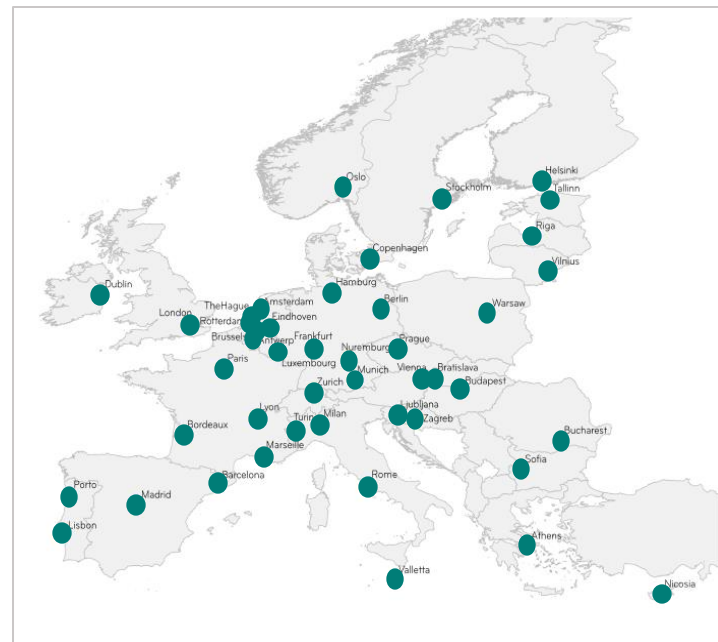
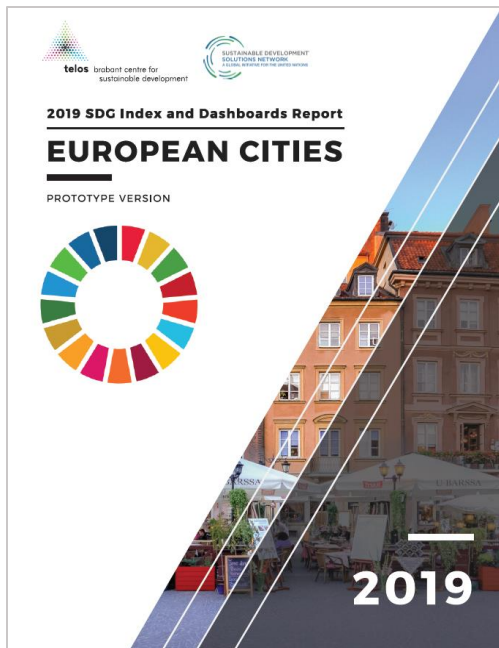
# Exercise 1

## How do we measure urban sustainability?

# Setting the scene

- Measuring urban sustainability is crucial to understand whether cities are moving towards more sustainable systems
- Urban sustainability is a nebulous concept
- A plethora of tools are available for measuring sustainability
- An equilibrium between simplicity and realism must be found

# 46 European cities



Exercise based on the 2019 SDG Index (European cities)

<https://www.sdgindex.org/reports/sdg-index-and-dashboards-report-for-european-cities/>

# 53 indicators

01	Severe material deprivation rate in cities (%)	28	Access to Internet at Home (%)
02	People at risk of poverty or social exclusion (%)	29	Patent applicants (per million pop)
03	Obesity rate (BMI <30), %	30	Community design applications (per million pop.)
04	Traffic fatalities (per 10,000 population)	31	Gini Coefficient (1-100)
05	Infant mortality rate (under 1) per 1,000 births	32	Sights & landmarks (per 100,000) + Museums + Concerts & shows
06	Physicians or doctors per (100,000 pop)	33	Concentration PM2.5 (micrograms/m3)
07	Life expectancy (years)	34	Emission of nitrogen oxides (kg/km2)
08	Daily smokers (%)	35	Satisfaction affordable housing (%)
09	Active lifestyle (%)	36	Housing cost overburden rate in urban areas (%)
10	Early leavers from education (% 18-24)	37	Recharging stations (per 10,000 people)
11	Adults with upper secondary education (% 25-64)	38	Satisfaction public transport (%)
12	NEET rate (% 15-24)	39	Satisfaction cultural facilities (%)
13	Satisfaction with schools (%)	40	Municipal waste (kg/capita)
14	Four year-olds in early childhood education (%)	41	Municipal recycling rate (%)
15	Adult participation in learning (%)	42	Ground water of good chemical status (%)
16	University appearances in rankings	43	Surface water of good chemical status (%)
17	Gender wage gap (% male wage)	44	CO2 Emissions (tons per capita)
18	Women in regional assemblies (%)	45	Natura 2000 Area in good quality (%)
19	Gender gap in unemployment (%)	46	Urban green area (%)
20	Waste water treated (%)	47	Soil sealing (%)
21	Population connected to Sewerage Treatment (%)	48	Surface Water of Good Ecological Status (%)
22	Renewable energy generated (%)	49	Burglaries (per 100,000)
23	GDP per capita	50	Robberies (per 100,000)
24	5 year average of Annual real GDP Growth Rates	51	Intentional homicides (per 100,000)
25	Long term unemployment Rate (%)	52	Perception of neighborhood safety (%)
26	Potential road accessibility + Direct trains to other cities	53	Quality of local government
27	R&D expenditure (%)		

# Task

- Divide into groups of 3-4 students, collect an envelope of indicators from the front
- **Select 10 indicators** that you deem **most suitable** to assess urban sustainability in Europe
- **Identify 5 indicators** from the initial catalogue that you deem **not pertinent**
- Specify in a few words the criteria that you considered to select each indicator



# Break

## See you in 5 minutes!

# What have we learnt?