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### Exercise #1: “Easy” statics

Consider Figure 1 that depicts a 1-story and 2-bay industrial frame with height “ $h$ ” and beam length “ $L$ ”. Assume that the beam connecting columns 1 and 2 and 3 is infinitely rigid since it is a truss. Columns 1 and 3 are pinned to the ground. Column 2 is fixed to the ground. All members are made of steel S355 ( $f_y=355\text{MPa}$ ). Assume that the material is elastic. Assume that  $h=6\text{m}$  and  $L=8\text{m}$  in this case. Ignore the vertical load  $P$  acting on the structure for this exercise.

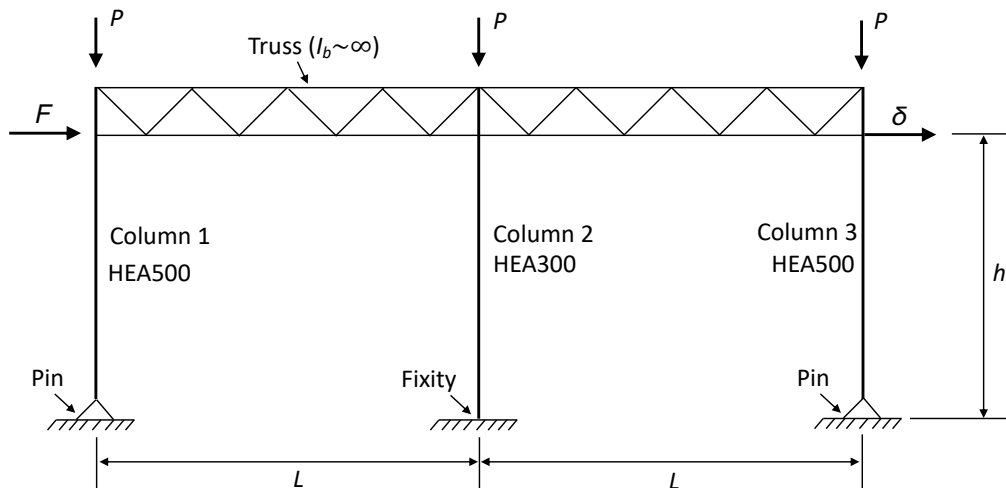


Figure 1. 1 story, 2-bay industrial frame

1. Compute the lateral stiffness,  $K_{total}$  of the frame. For stiffness computations assume that flexural deformations dominate the lateral deformation of the steel MRF (i.e., shear and axial deformations can be neglected); ignore the effect of the gravity load on the shear resistance for this computation.
2. Compute the expected lateral displacement,  $\delta$  of the frame due to the horizontal force  $F = 800\text{kN}$ .
3. Compute the shear forces and bending moments of the steel MRF (use of “Easy Statics” shown in class).