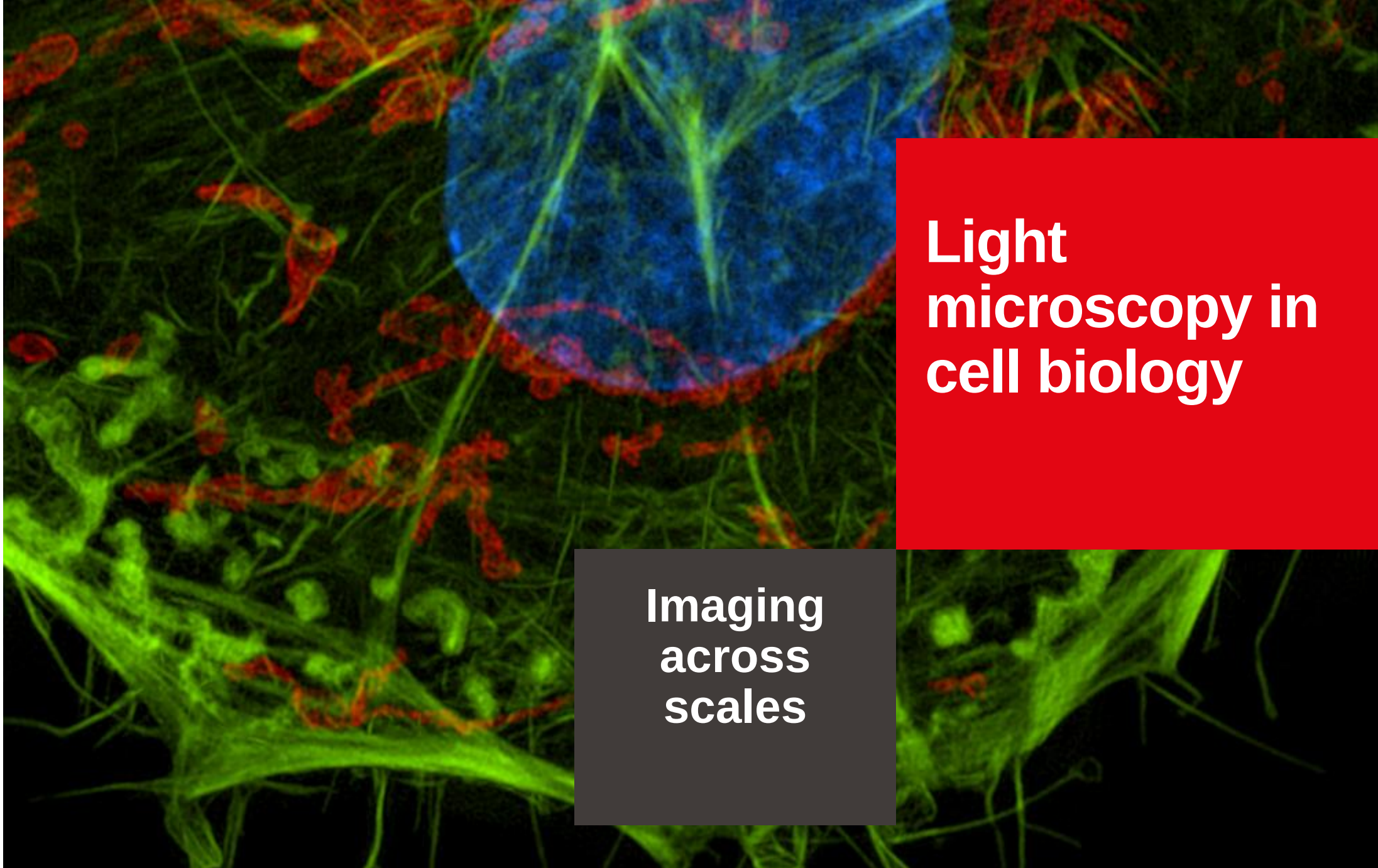
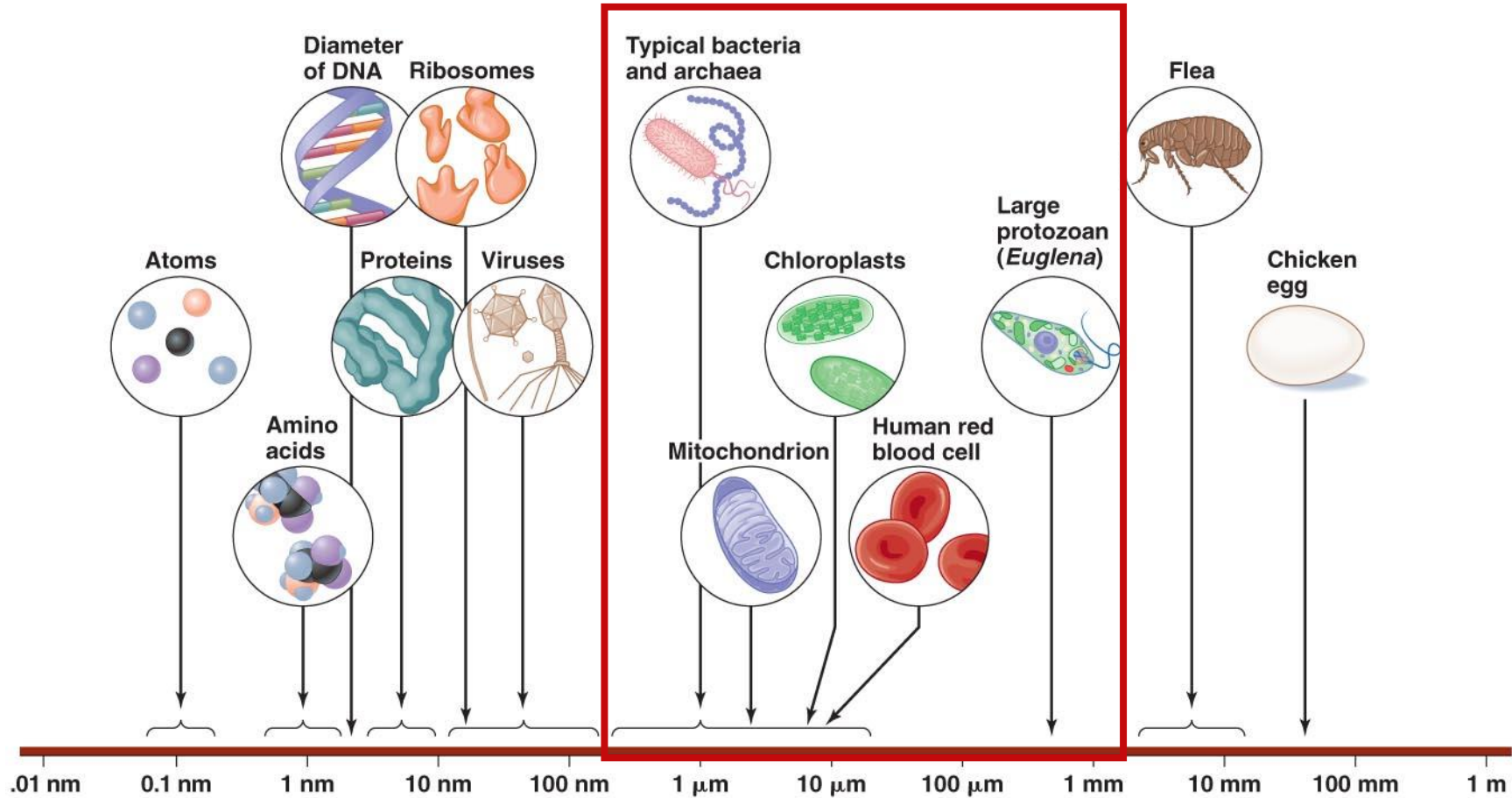




Light microscopy in cell biology

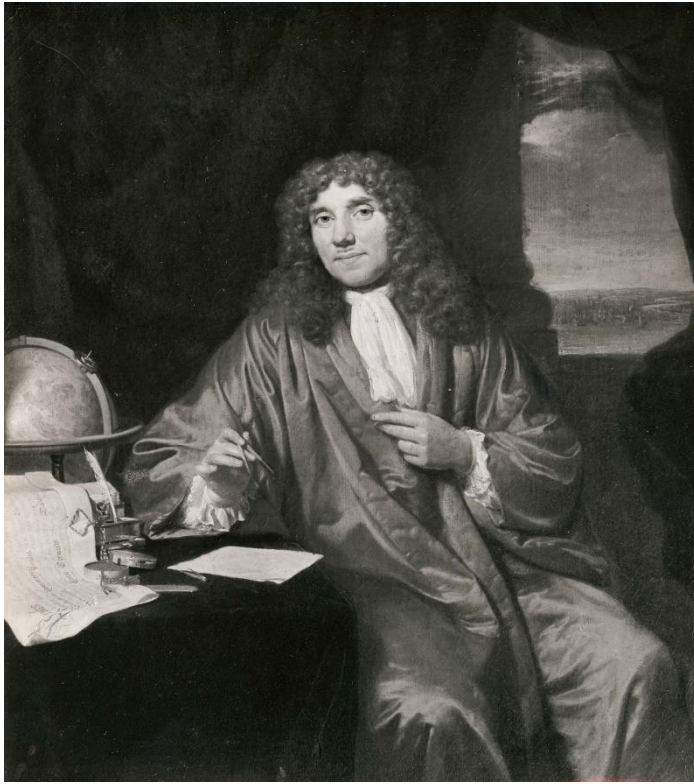
Imaging
across
scales

Light microscopy in Life Science



At a standard viewing distance (~ 250 mm), the smallest object we can see with naked eye is ~80 μm.

Microscopy meets Biology



Antonie van Leeuwenhoek
October 24th, 1632 - August 26th, 1723



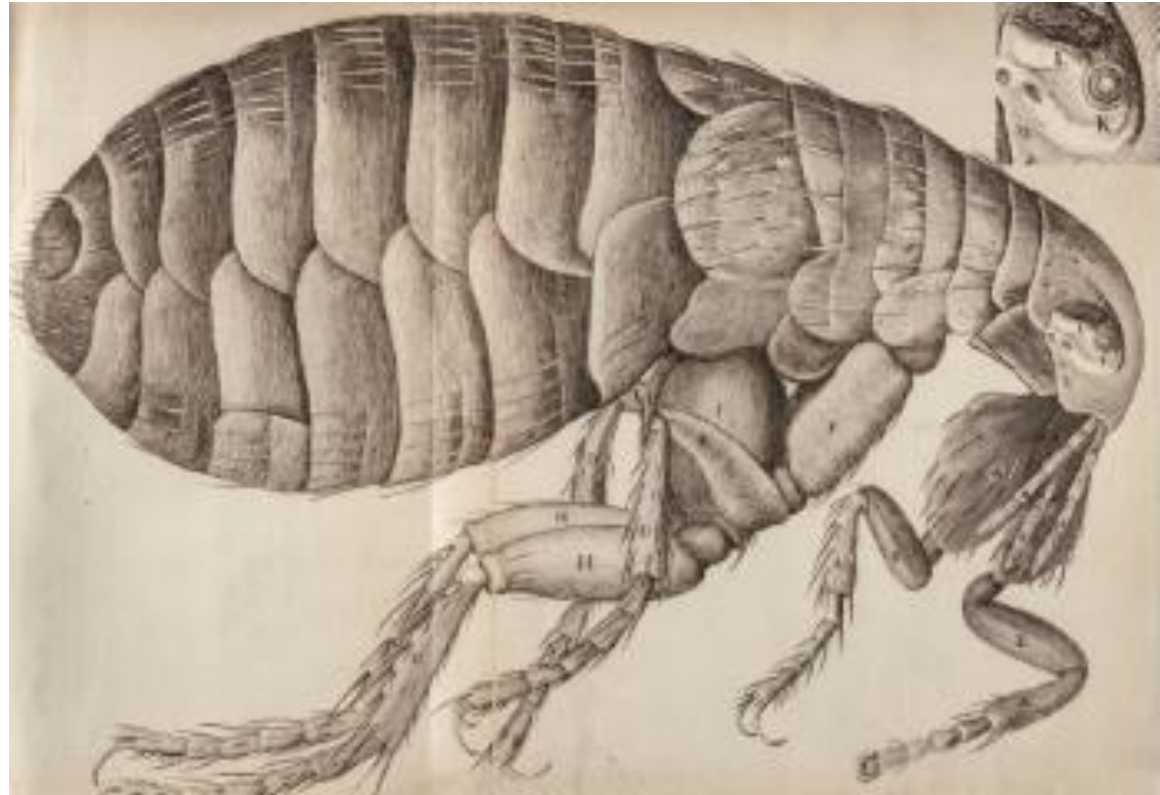
Philosophical Transactions 1683.
The first representation of bacteria is to be found in a drawing by Leeuwenhoek.

Microscopy meets Biology



Robert. Hooke

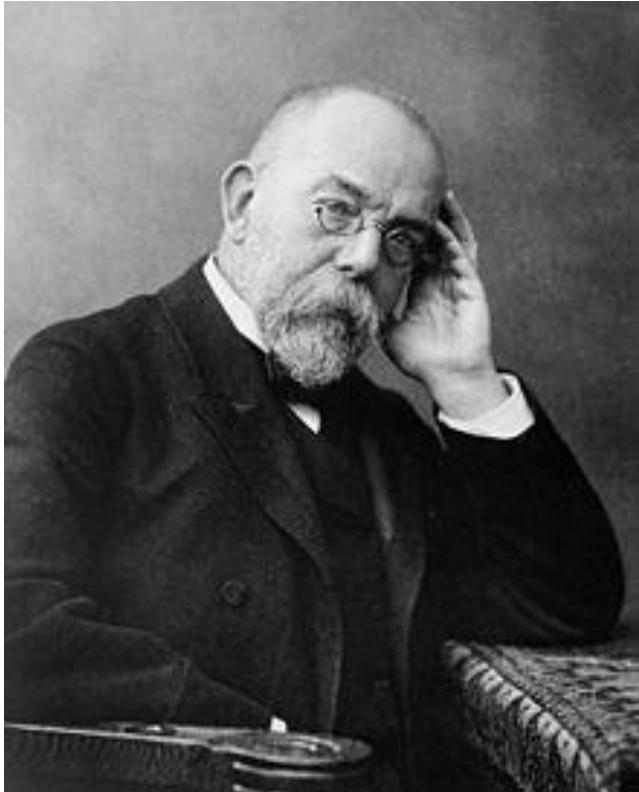
July 18th, 1635 - March 3rd, 1703



1665 Micrographia

<https://royalsociety.org/blog/2020/07/micrographia-online/>

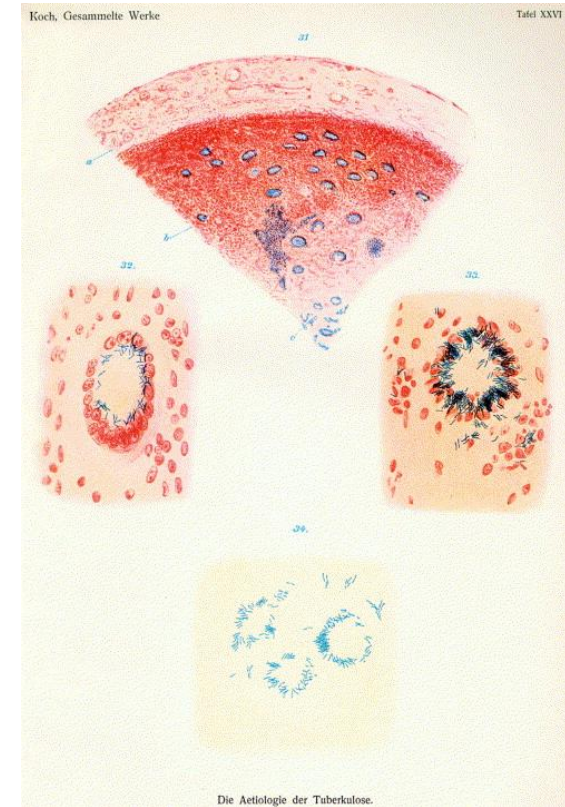
Microscopy meets Biology



Heinrich Hermann Robert Koch
Dezember 11th 1843 - Mai 27th 1910
Nobel Prize in Physiology and
Medicine 1905

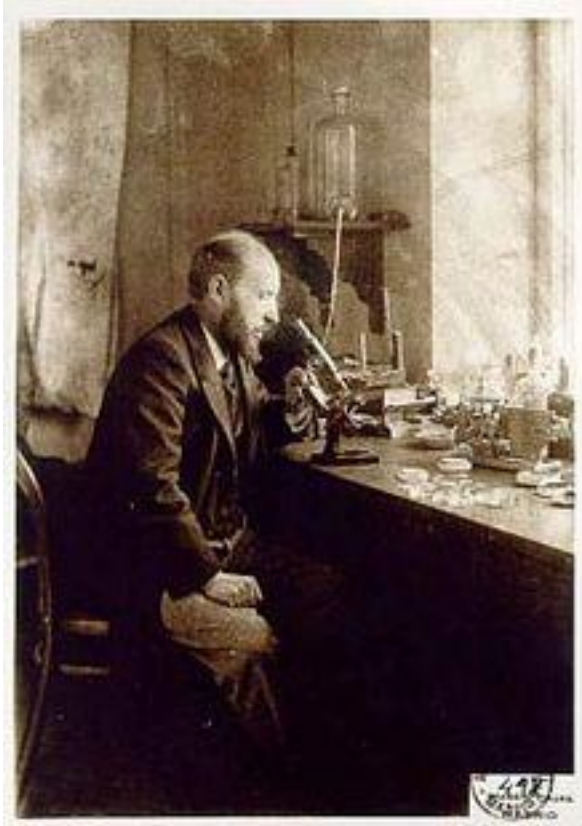


Mikroskop
Carl Zeiss 1879



Koch's drawing of tuberculosis bacilli in 1882
(from Die Ätiologie der Tuberkulose)

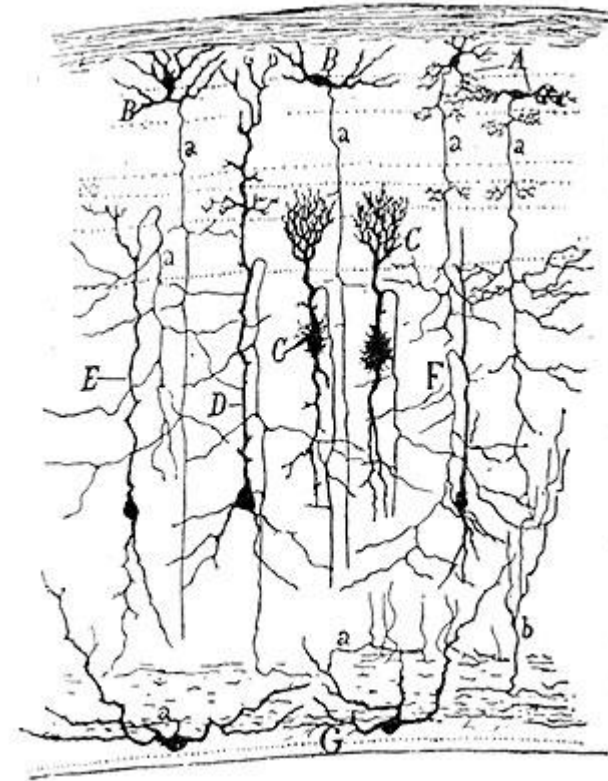
Microscopy meets Biology



Santiago Ramón y Cajal

May, 1st 1852 –October 17th 1934

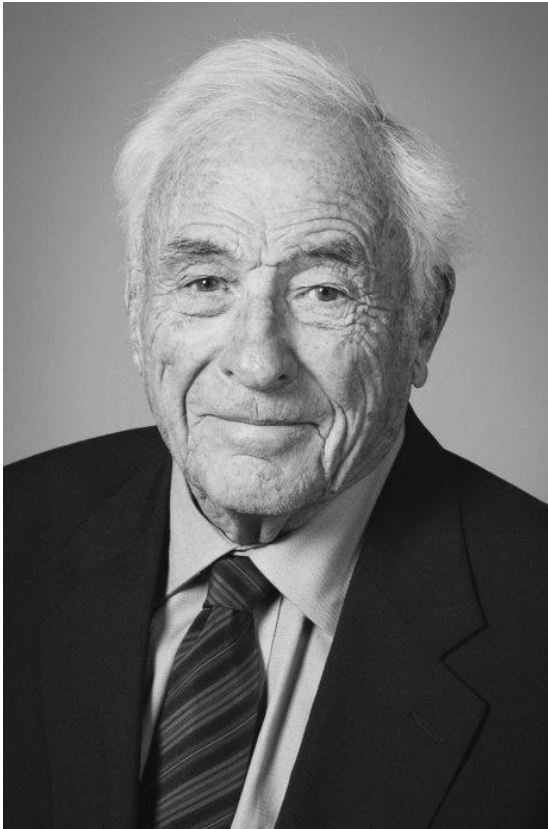
Nobel Prize in Physiology and Medicine 1906



Drawing of a section through the optic tectum of a sparrow, from "Structure of the nervous centres of the birds", by Santiago Ramon y Cajal, 1905.

Microscopy meets Electrical Engineering

Nobel Price in Physics 2009

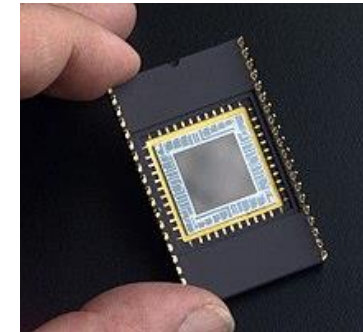


Willard S. Boyle
August 19th 1924 – May 7th 2011



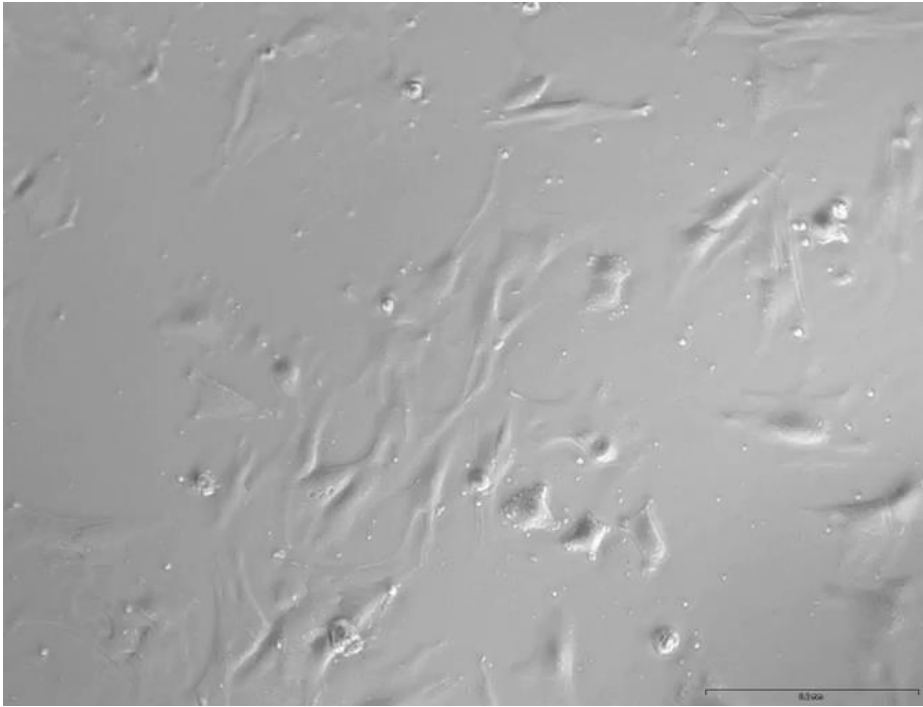
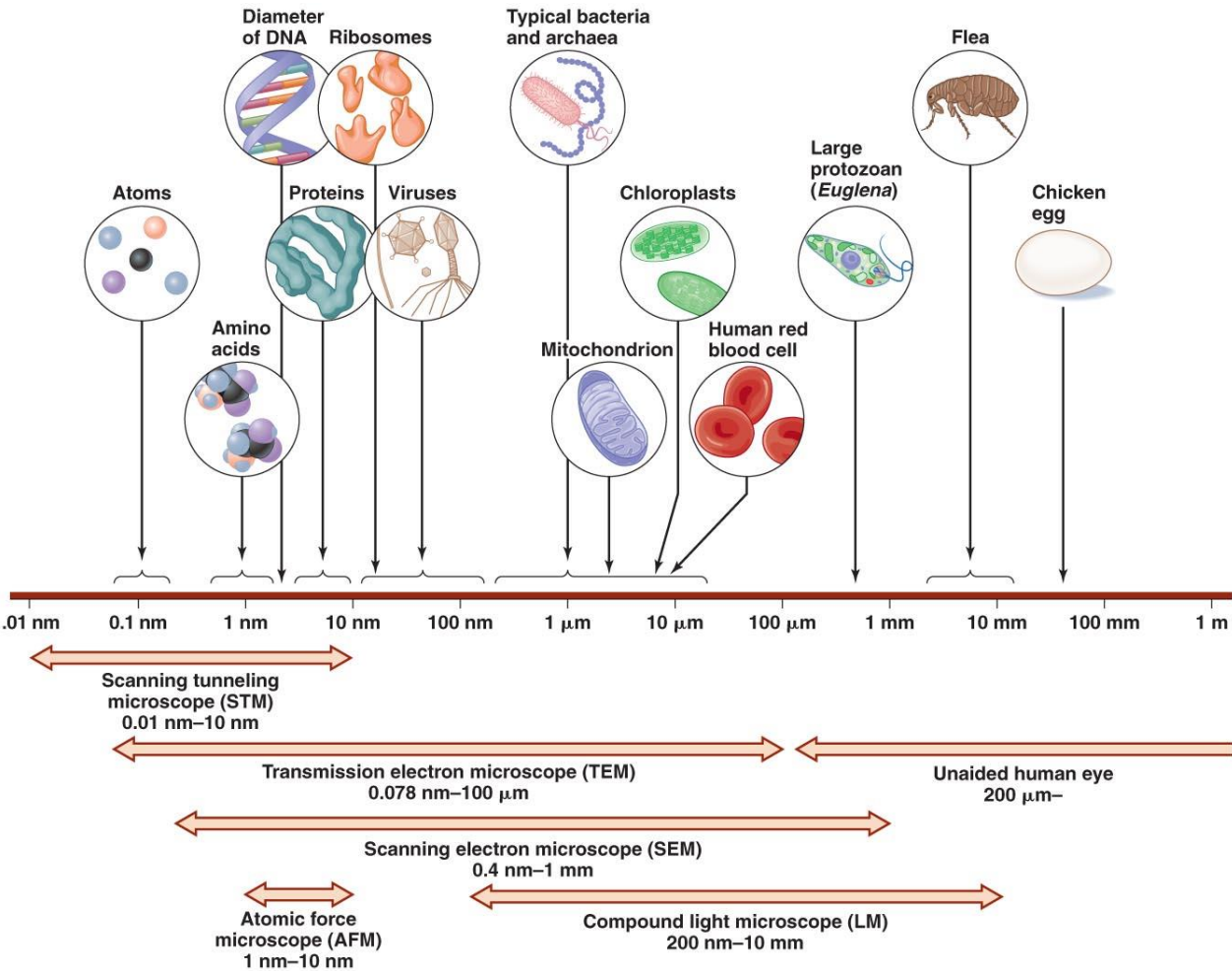
George E. Smith
May 10th 1930 -

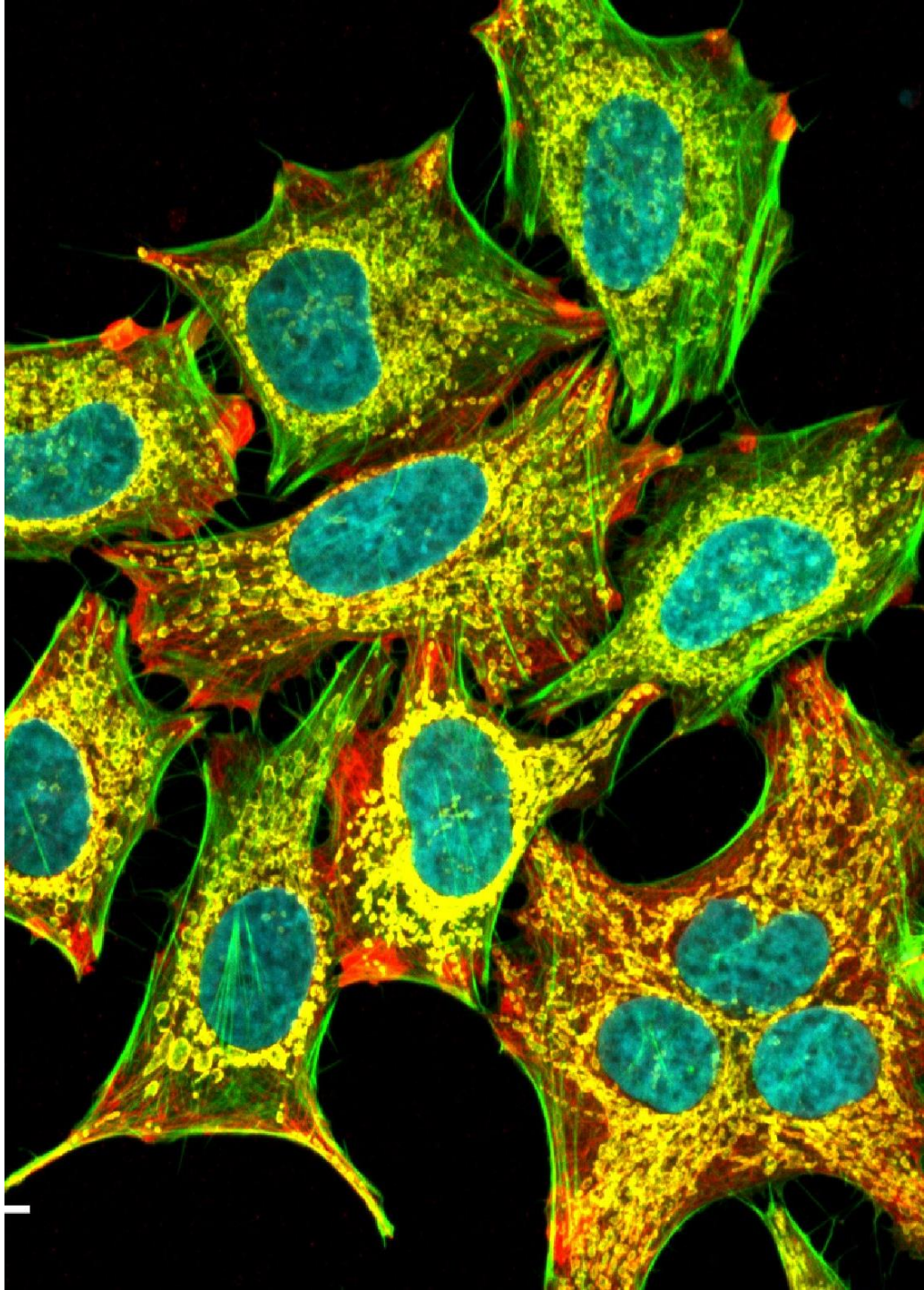
Charge-coupled device (CCD)



The basis for the CCD is the metal–oxide–semiconductor (MOS) structure, with MOS capacitors being the basic building blocks of a CCD, and a depleted MOS structure used as the photodetector in early CCD devices.

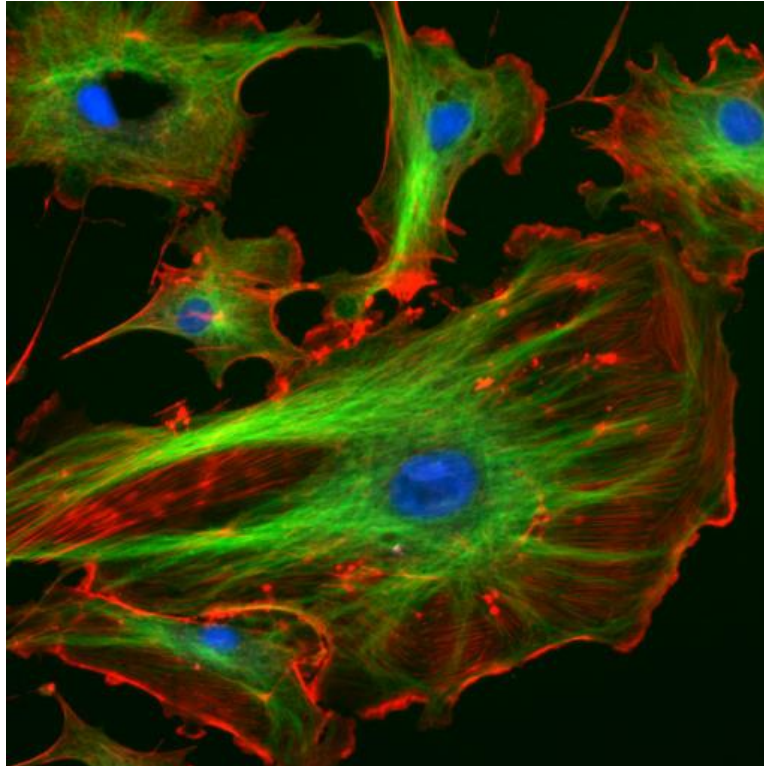
Resolution vs. dynamics



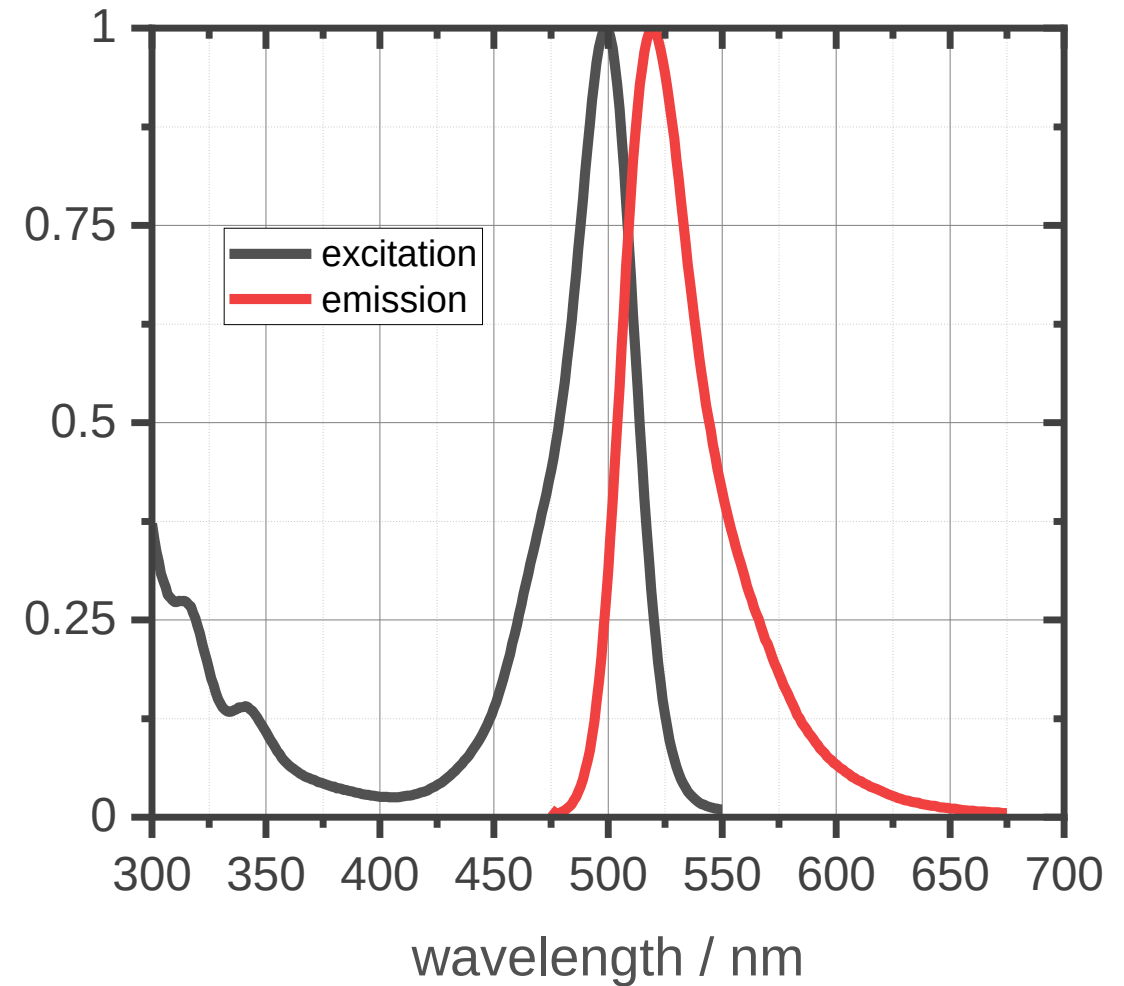


Labelling cellular components

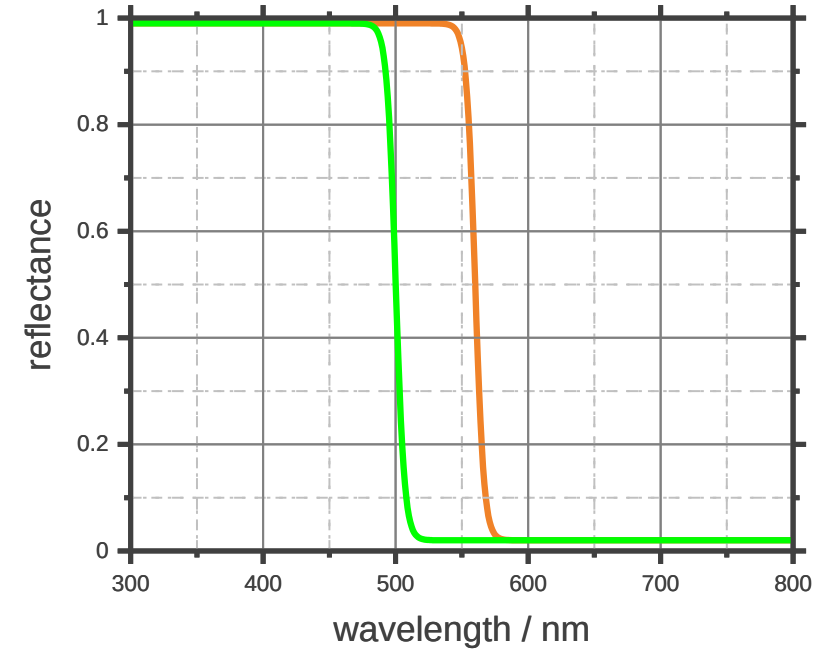
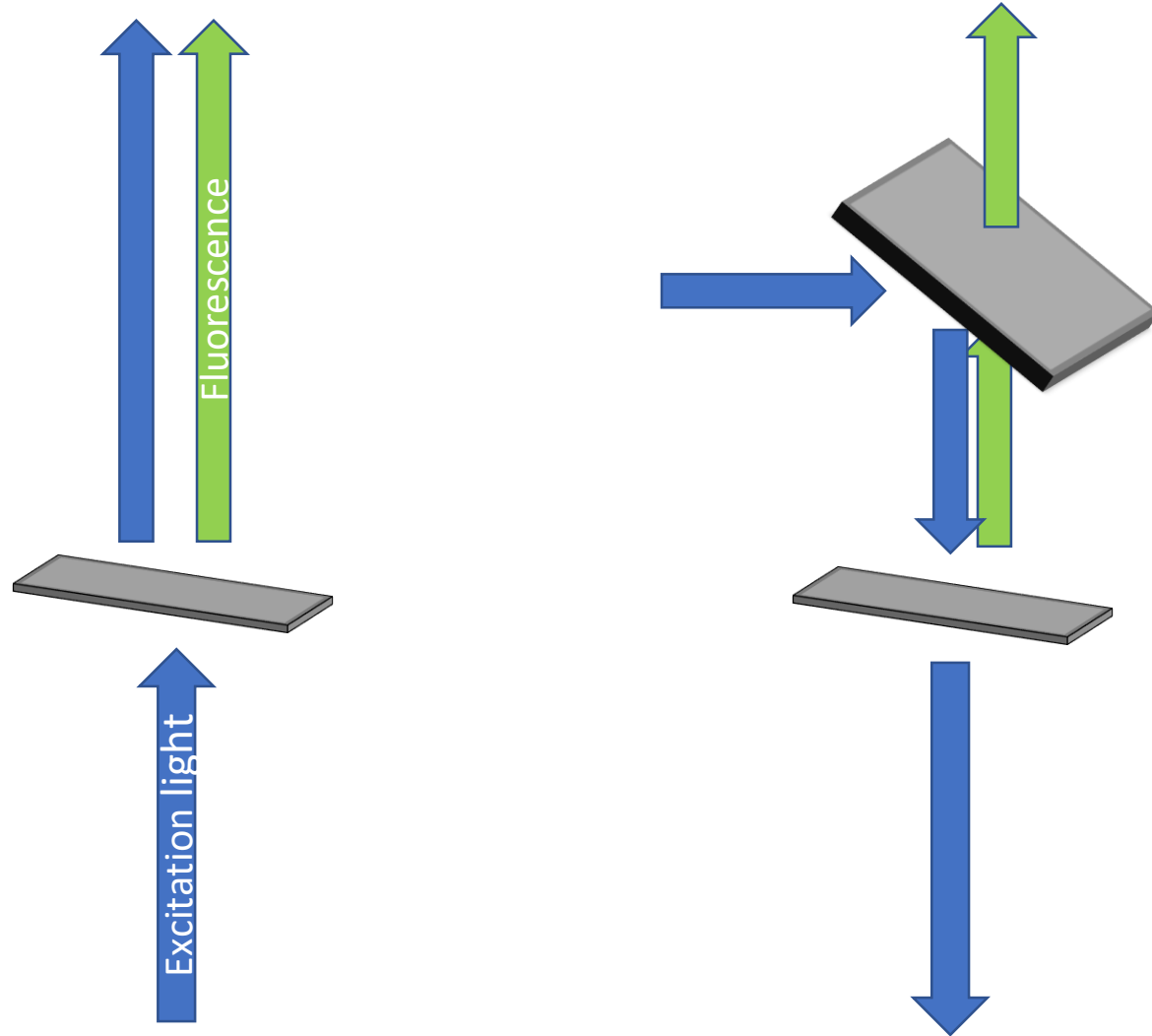
Fluorescence for organelle detection



Fluorescent dyes
subcellular organelles

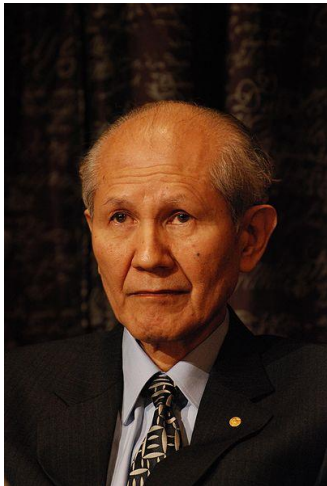


Epi fluorescence microscopy

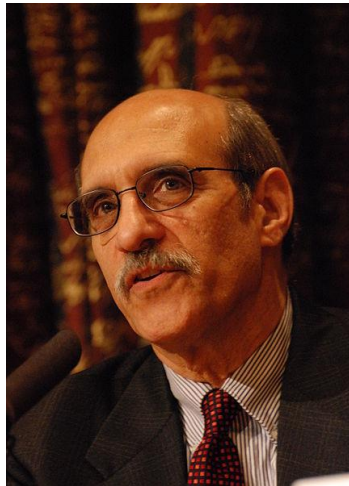


Green Fluorescent Protein

- 1962 GFP discovery/isolation
- 2008 Nobel Prize in Chemistry



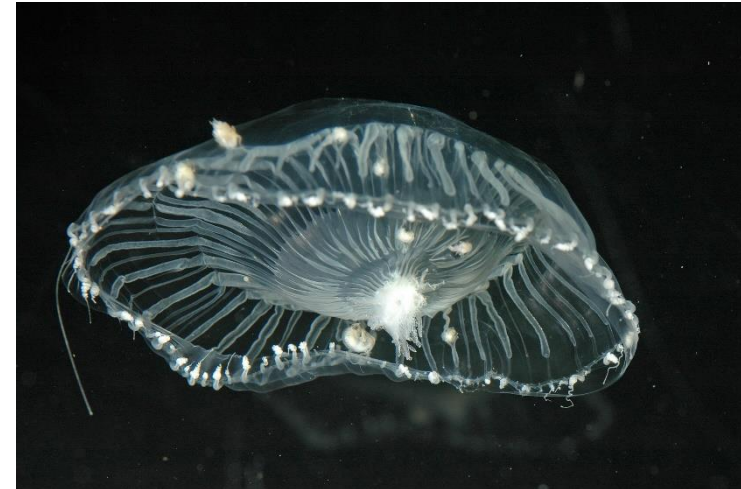
Osamu
Shimomura



Martin
Chalfie

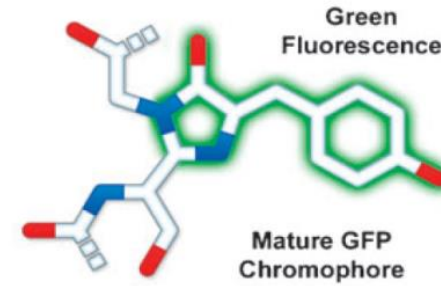
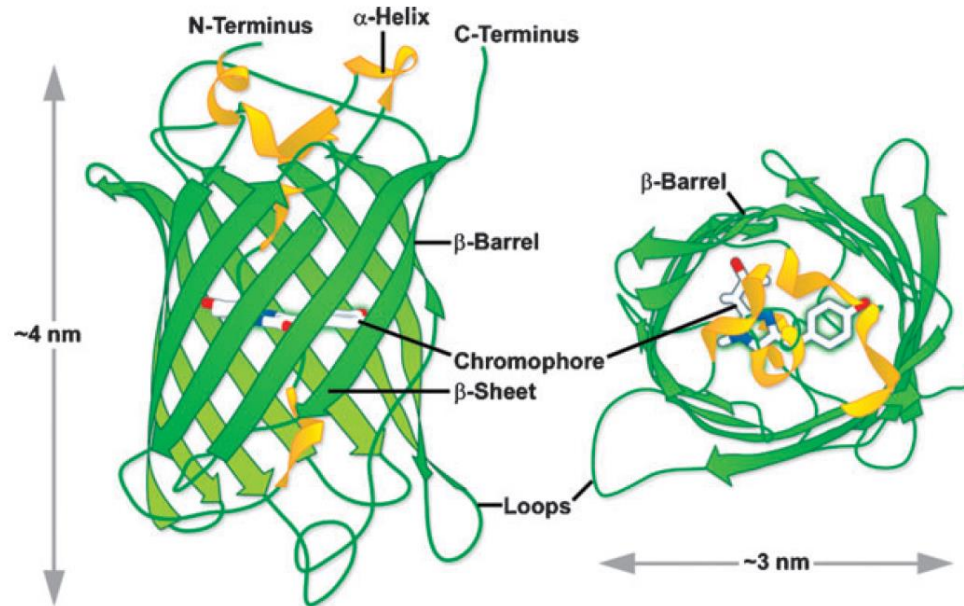


Roger Y.
Tsien



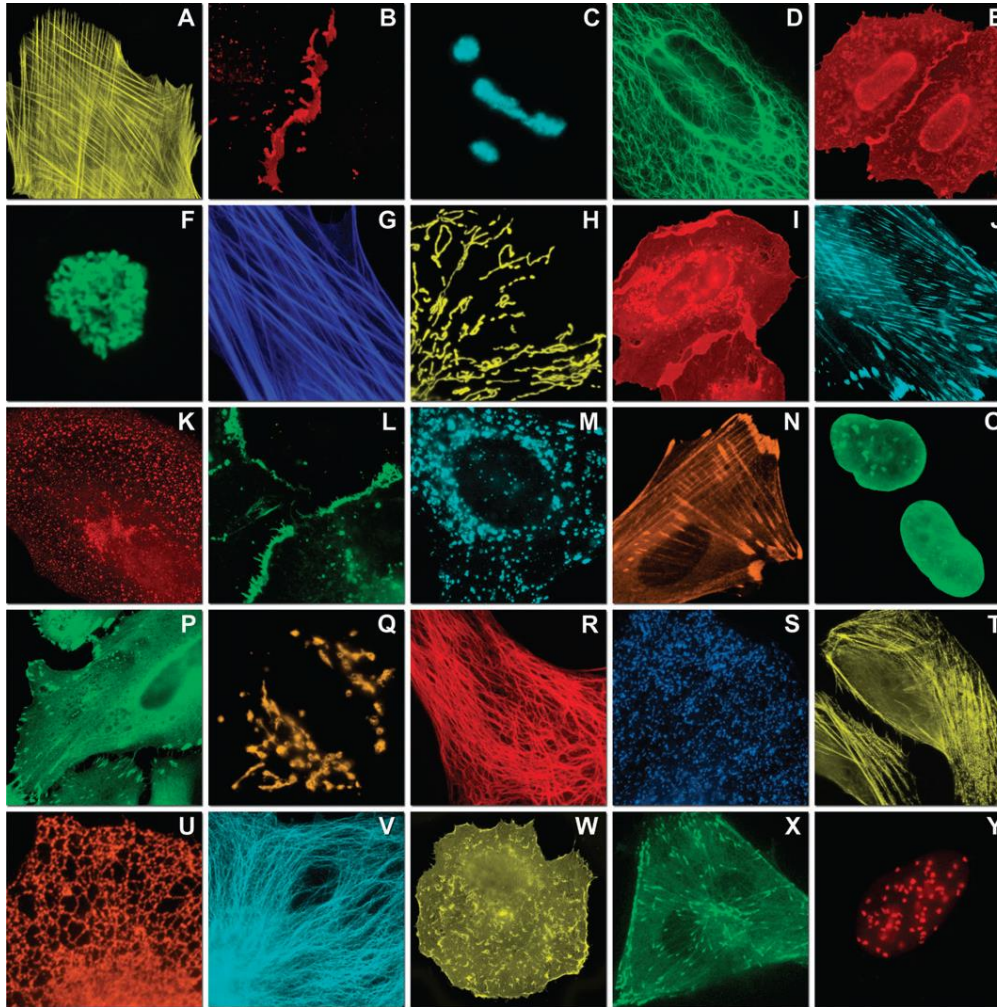
Aequorea victoria

Green Fluorescent Protein



The fluorescent protein palette: tools for cellular imaging.
Richard N. Day and Michael W. Davidson
Chem. Soc. Rev., 2009, 38, 2887–2921.

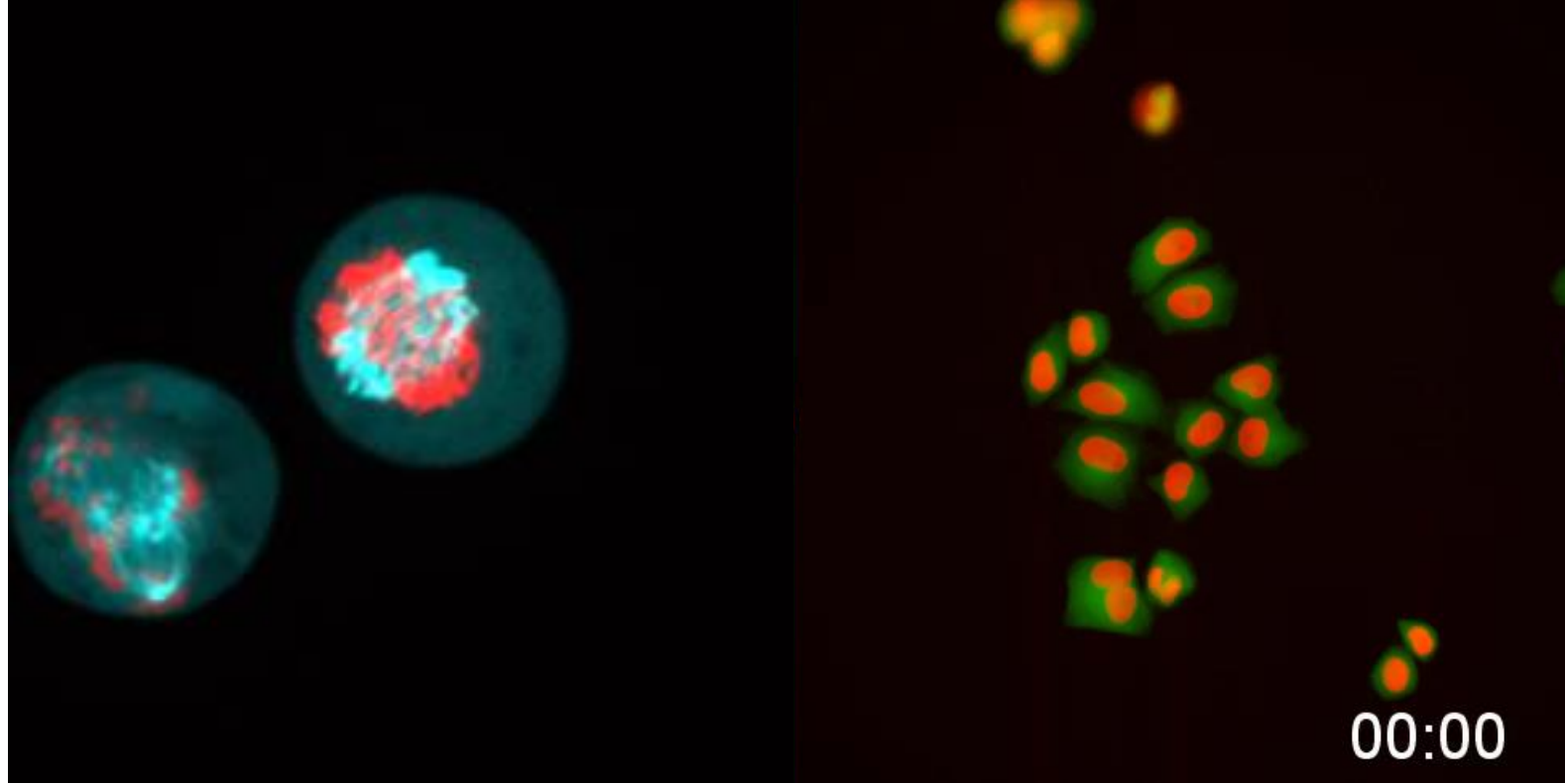
Applications of Fluorescent Proteins



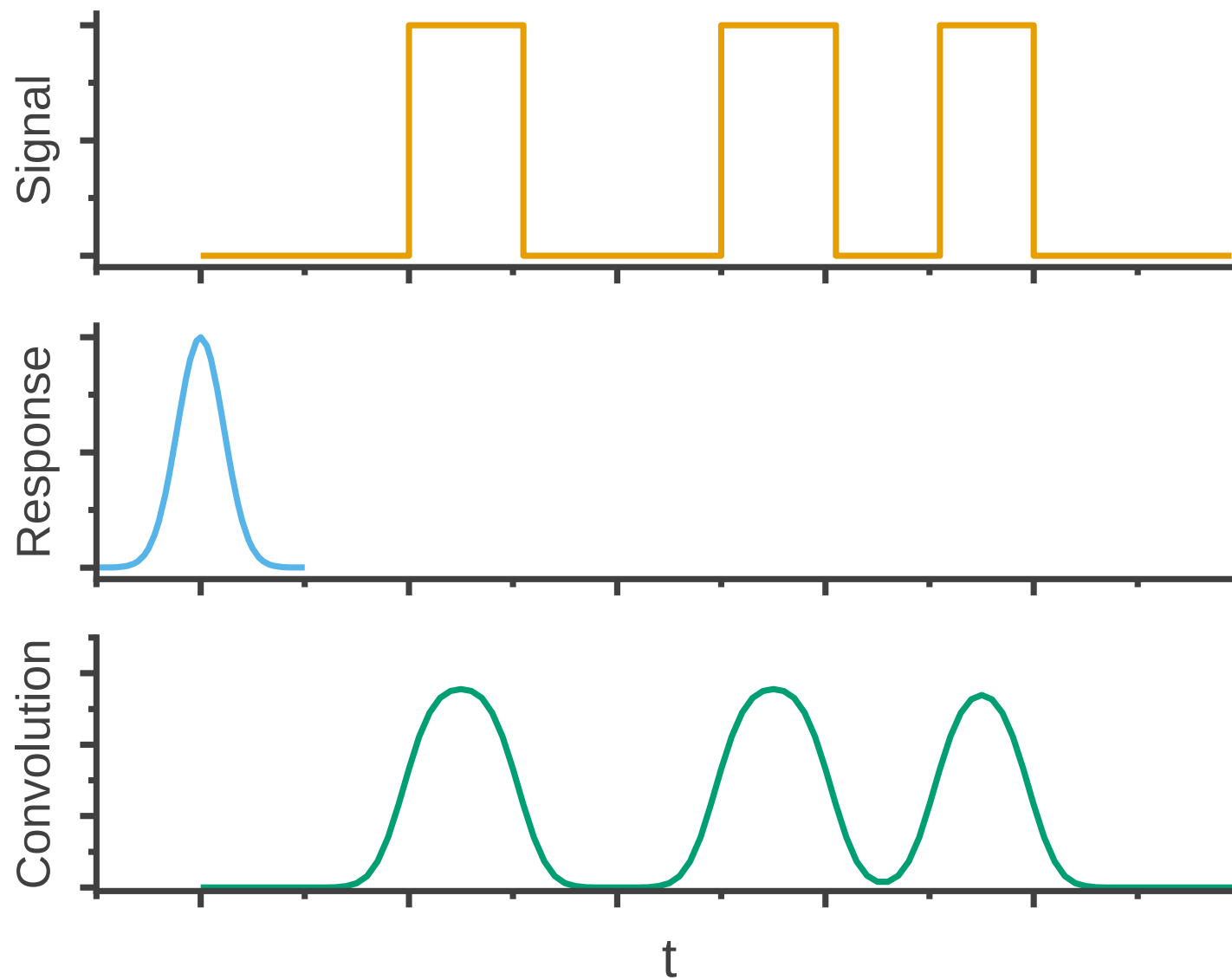
- (A) mOrange2-b-actin-C-7.
- (B) mApple-Cx43-N-7.
- (C) mTFP1-fibrillarin-C-7.
- (D) mWasabi-cytokeratin-N-17.
- (E) mRuby-annexin (A4)-C-12.
- (F) mEGFP-H2B-N-6.
- (G) EBFP2-b-actin-C-7.
- (H) mTagRFP-T-mitochondria-N-7.
- (I) mCherry-C-Src-N-7.
- (J) mCerulean-paxillin-N-22.
- (K) mKate-clathrin (light chain)-C-15.
- (L) mCitrine-VE-cadherin-N-10.
- (M) TagCFPlysosomes-C-20.
- (N) TagRFP-zyxin-N-7.
- (O) superfolderGFP-lamin B1-C-10.
- (P) EGFP-a-v-integrin-N-9.
- (Q) tdTomato-Golgi-N-7.
- (R) mStrawberry-vimentin-N-7.
- (S) TagBFP-Rab-11a-C-7.
- (T) mKO2-LC-myosin-N-7.
- (U) DsRed2-endoplasmic reticulum-N-5.
- (V) ECFP-atubulin-C-6.
- (W) tdTurboRFP-farnesyl-C-5.
- (X) mEmerald-EB3-N-7.
- (Y) mPlum-CENP-B-N-22.

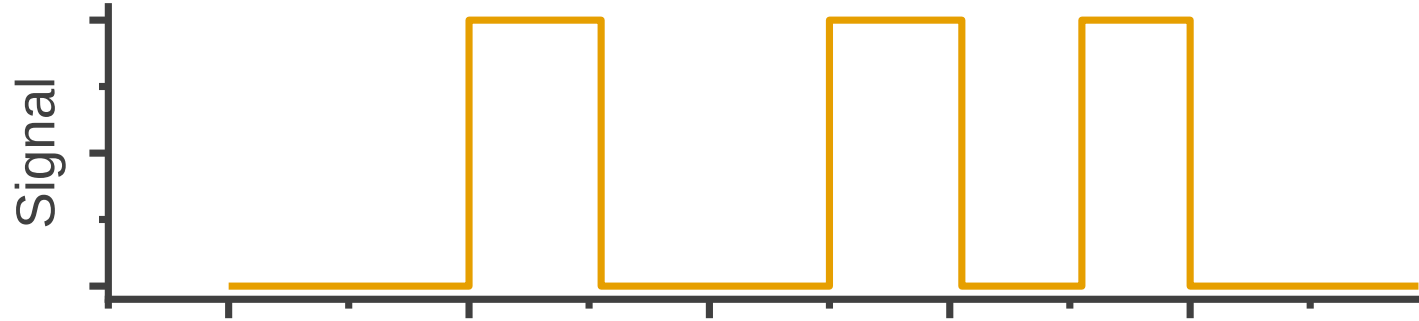
The fluorescent protein palette: tools for cellular imaging.

Richard N. Day and Michael W. Davidson, *Chem. Soc. Rev.*, 2009, 38, 2887–2921.

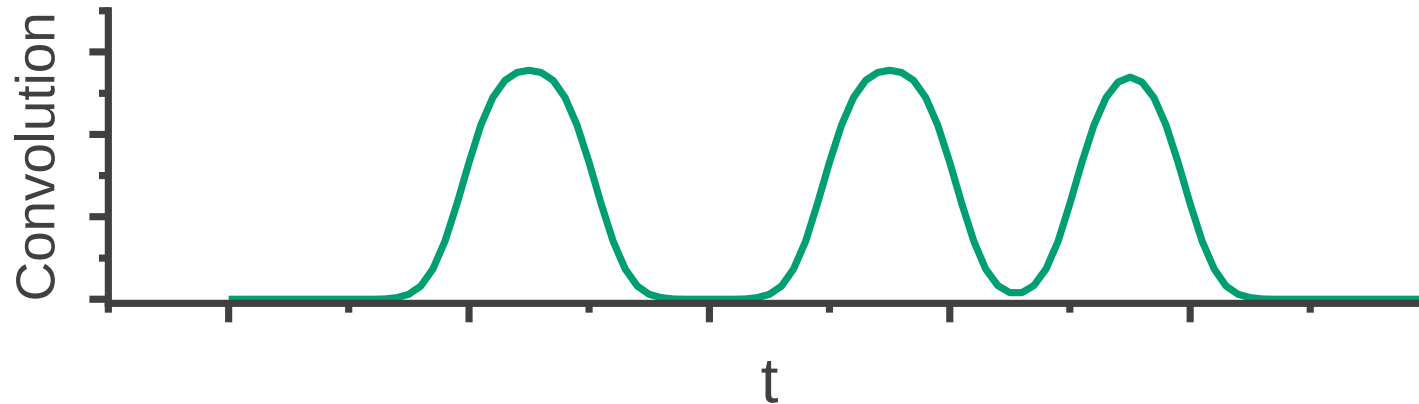


Basics and limitations of image formation

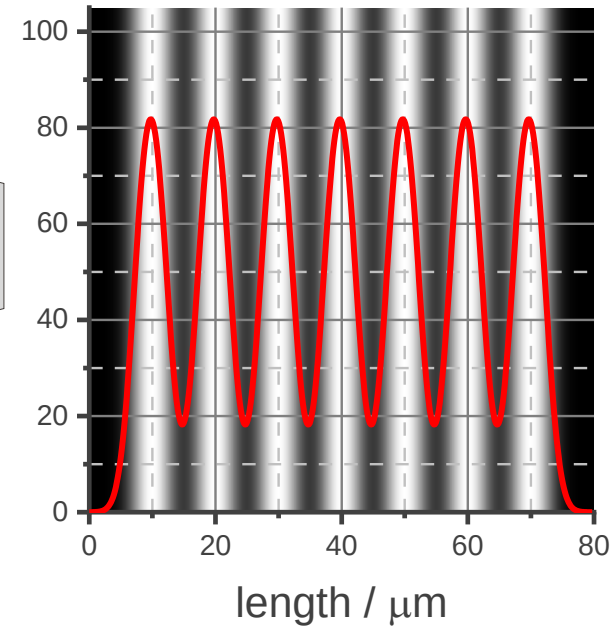
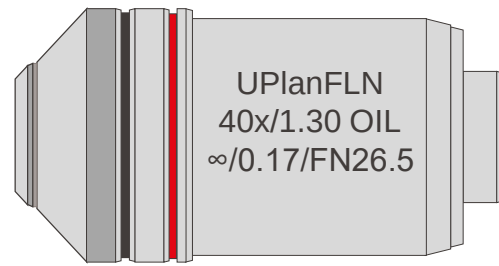
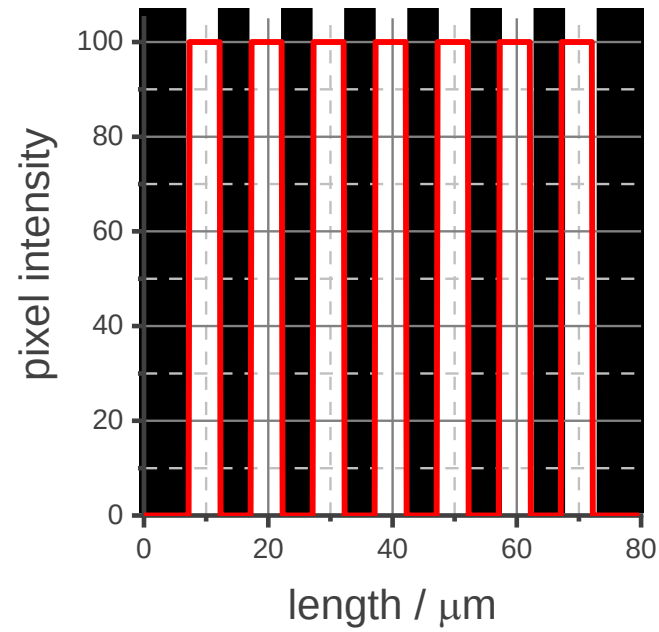


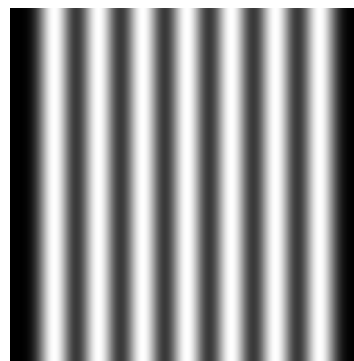
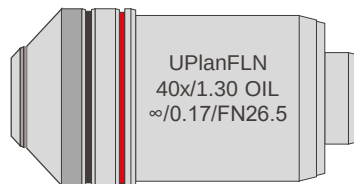
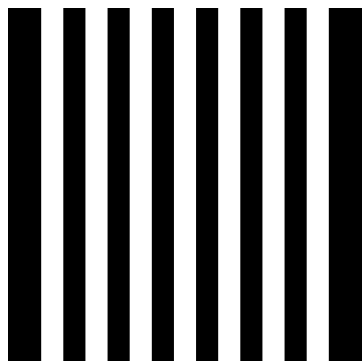


$$f * g = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\tau)g(t - \tau)d\tau$$

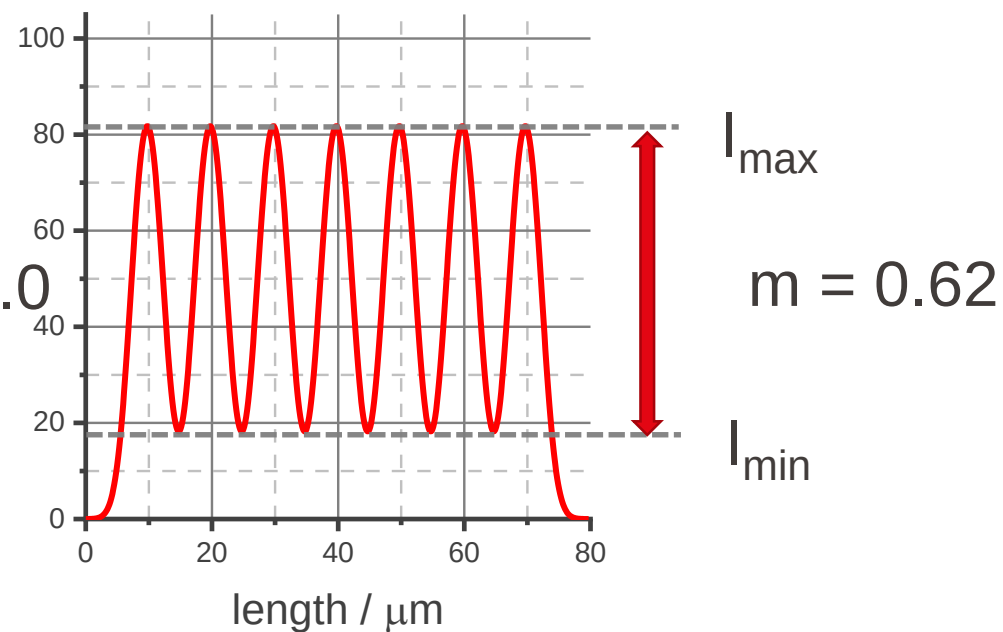
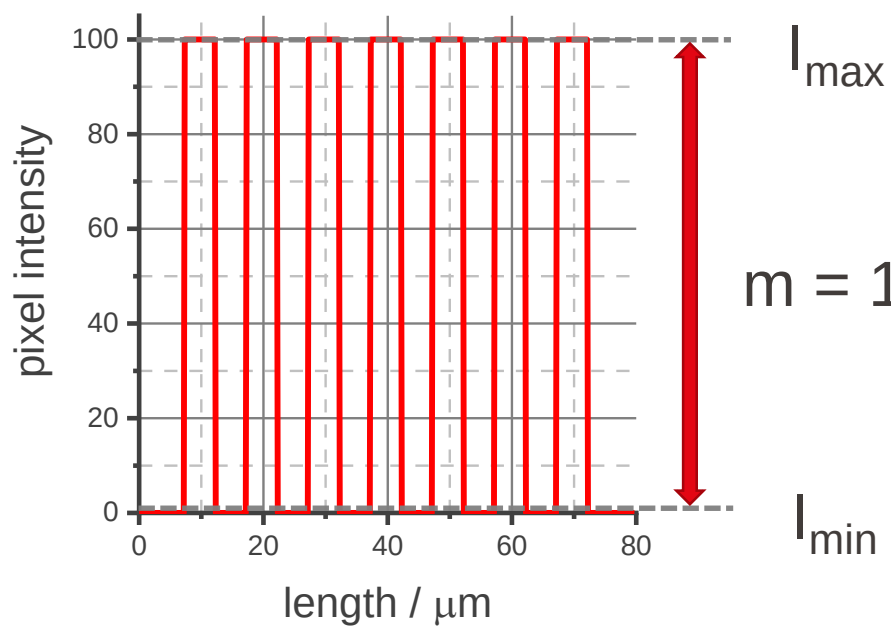


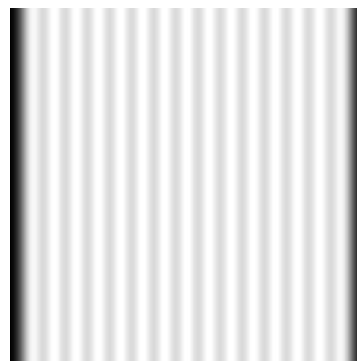
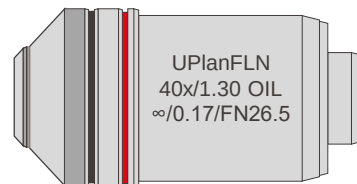
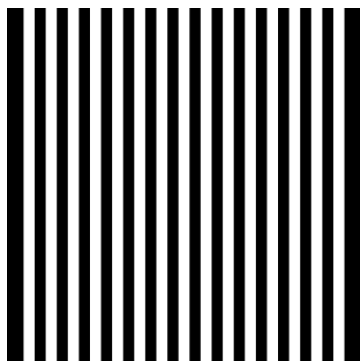
Low pass filtering



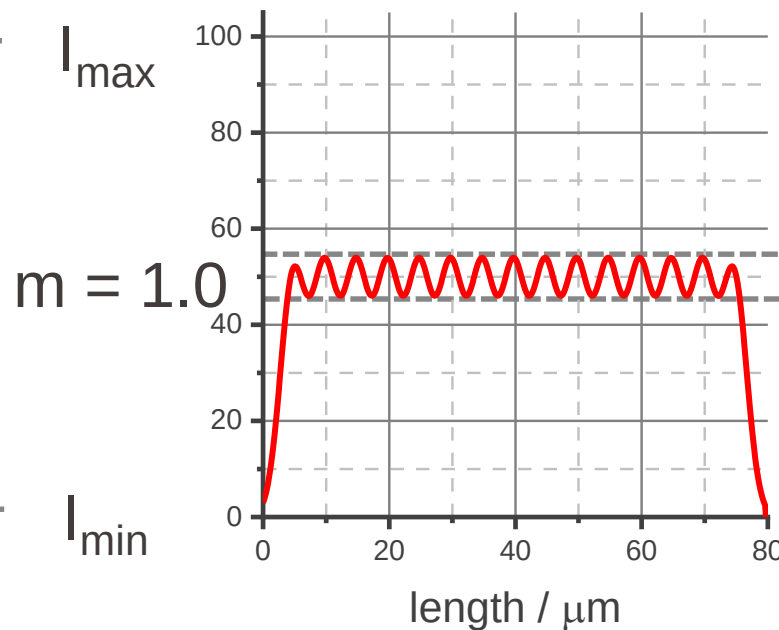
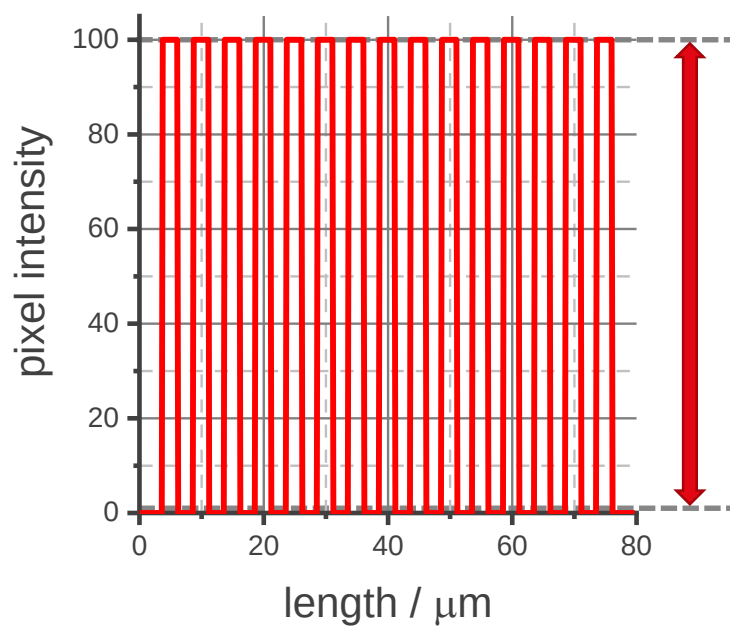


$$\text{modulation} = \frac{I_{\max} - I_{\min}}{I_{\max} + I_{\min}}$$





$$\text{modulation} = \frac{I_{\max} - I_{\min}}{I_{\max} + I_{\min}}$$

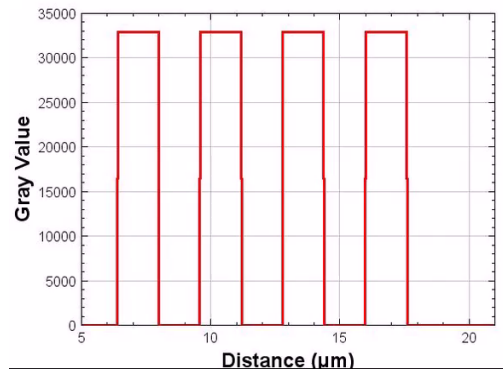
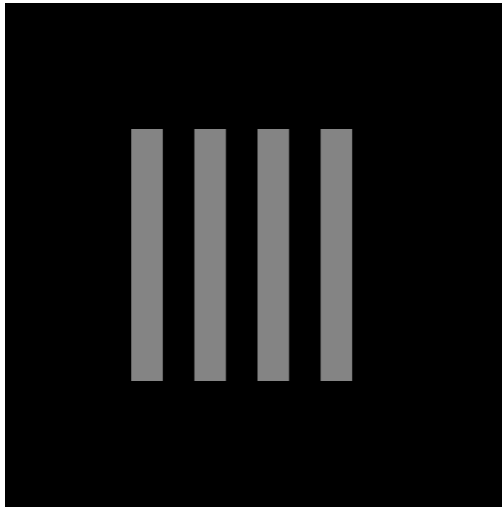


$m = 1.0$

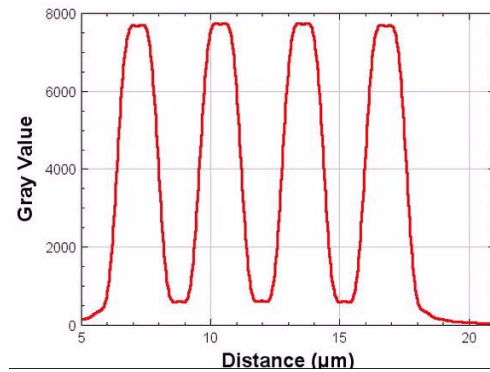
$m = 0.08$

Modulation Transfer Function

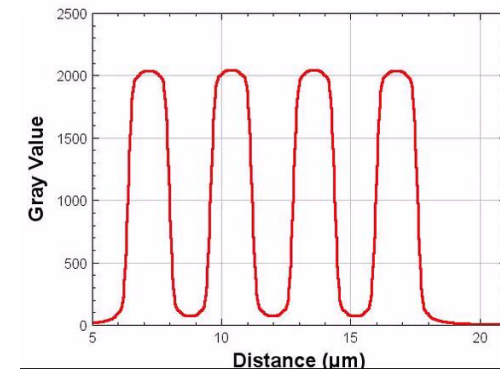
Object



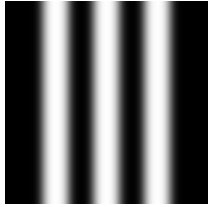
NA 0.4



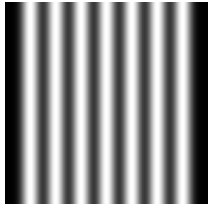
NA 0.8



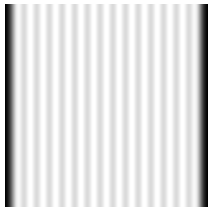
Modulation Transfer Function



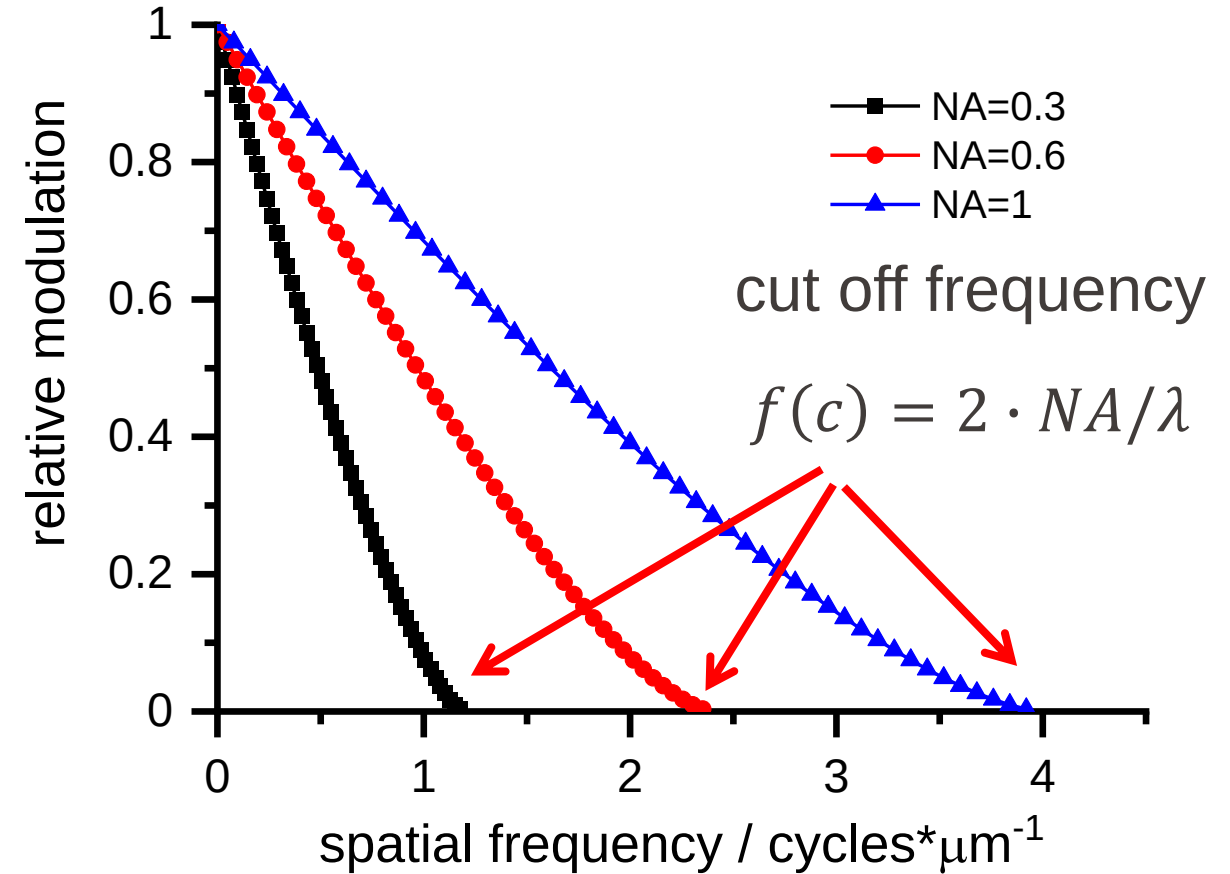
low spatial frequencies
high contrast



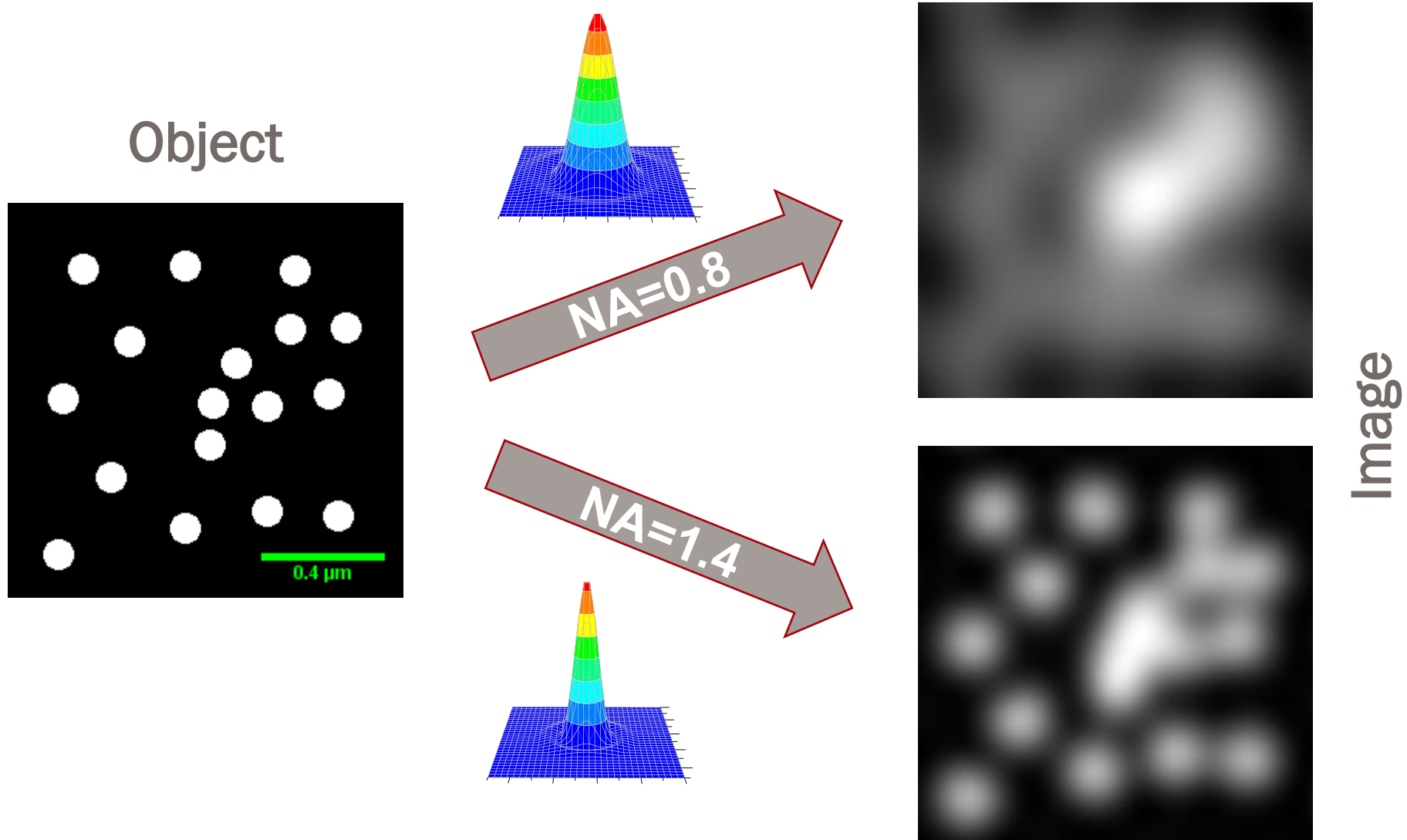
medium spatial frequencies
medium contrast



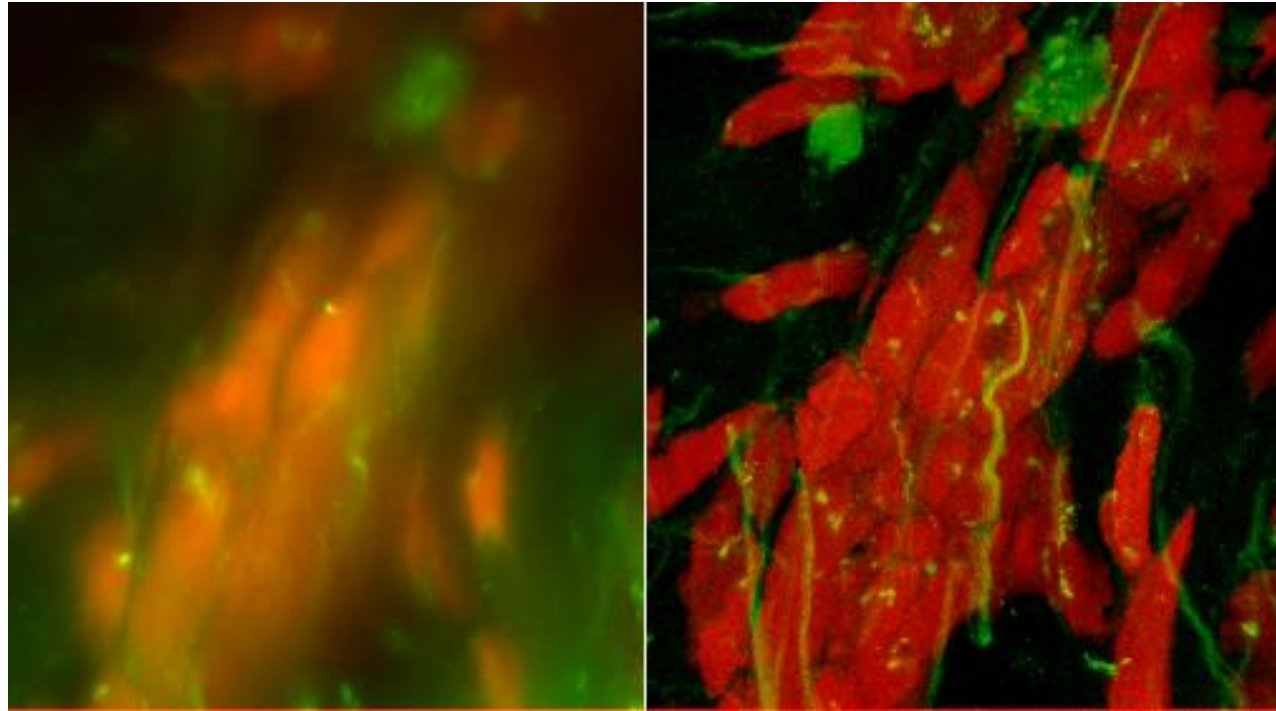
high spatial frequencies
low contrast



Low pass Filtering



Imaging of thick specimen

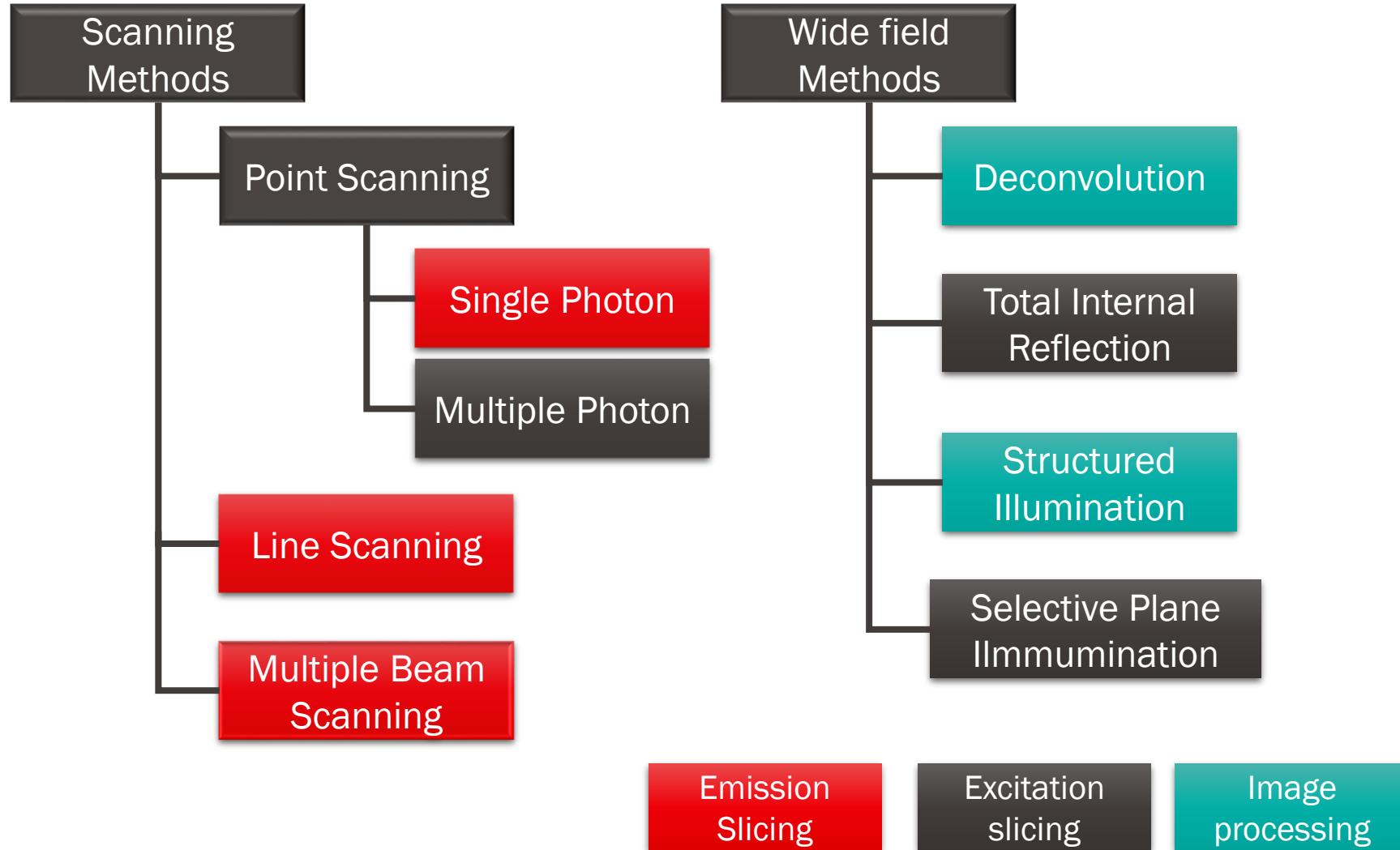


wide-field

confocal

→ „out of focus“ light is blurring the image and thus reducing the contrast/resolution

Optical slicing Methods



Imaging point by point

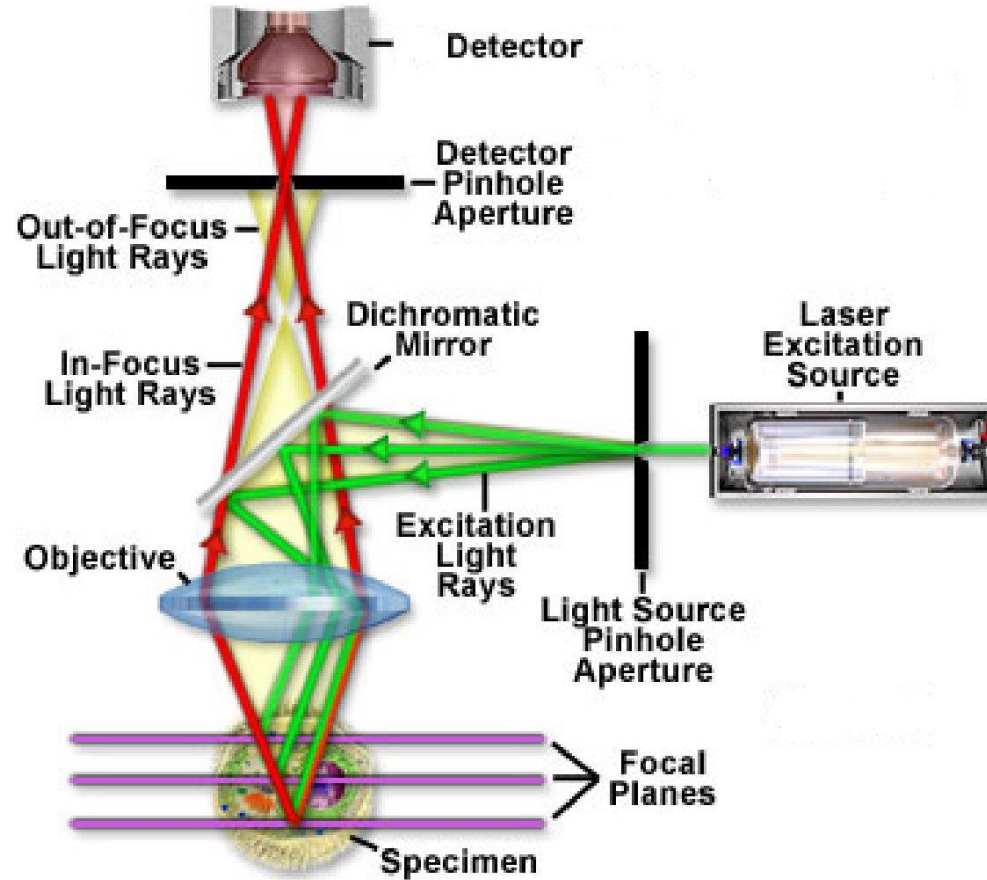
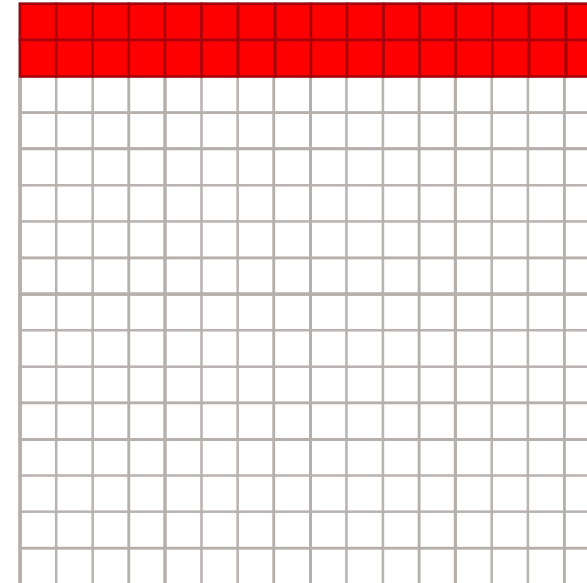
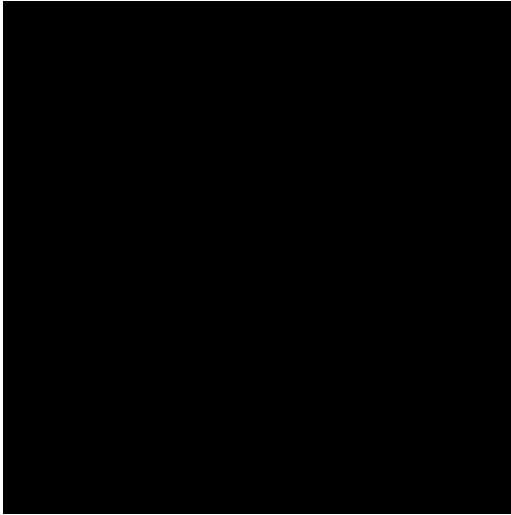


Image formation by
reconstruction

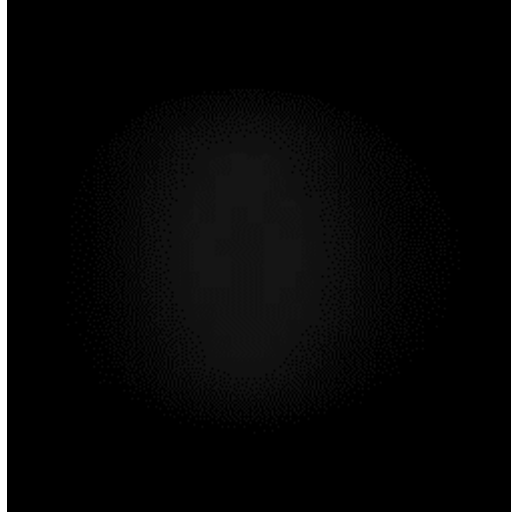


Optical slicing

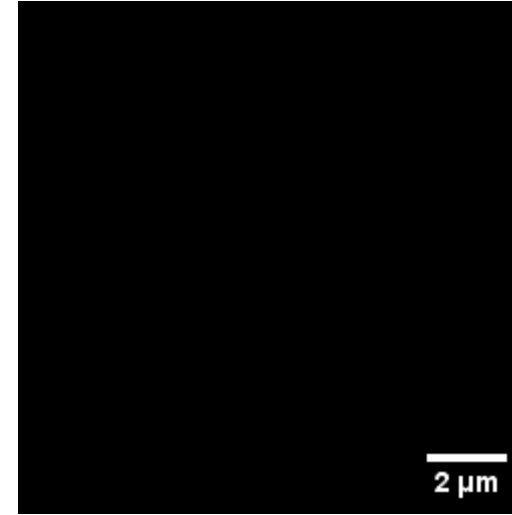
Object



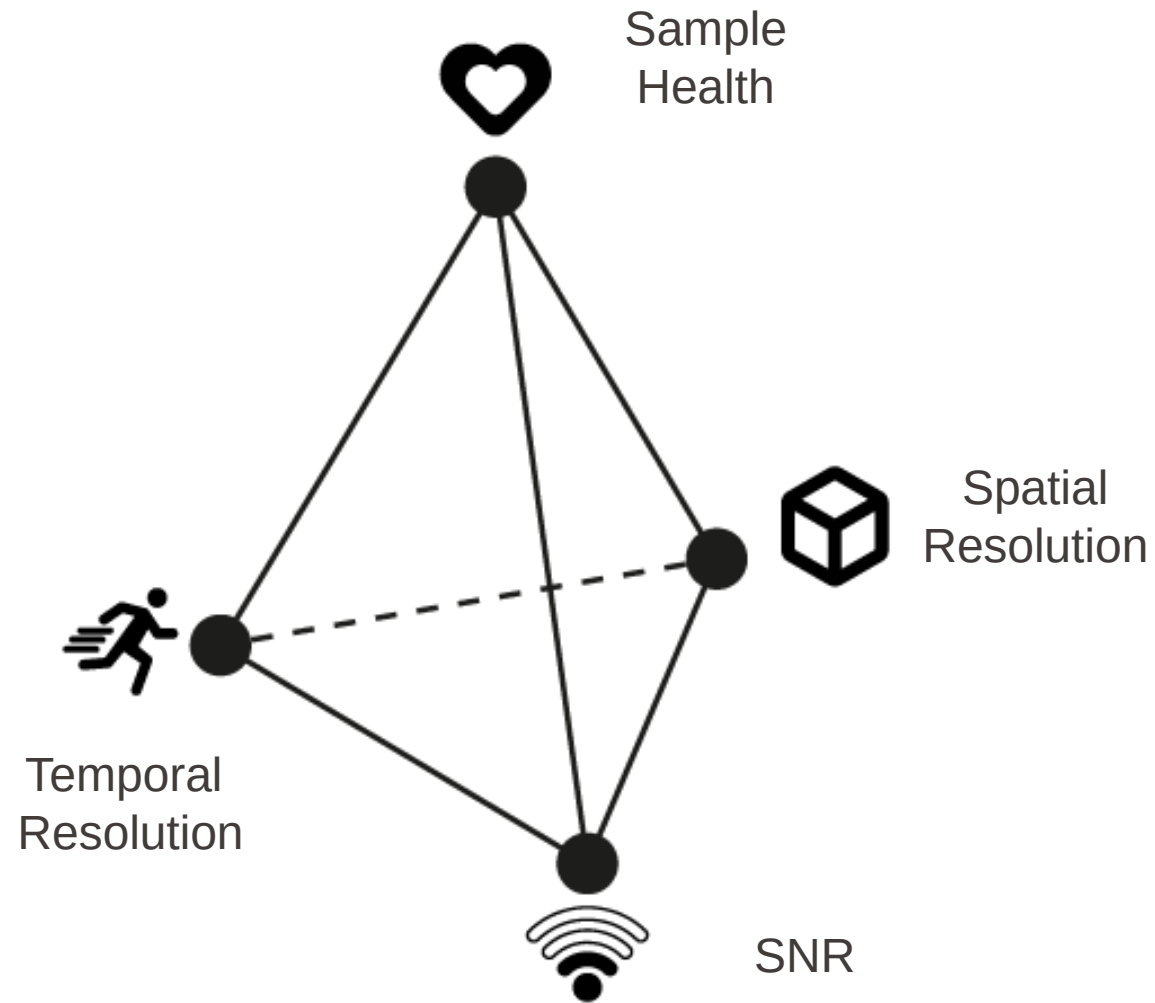
Wide-field



Confocal

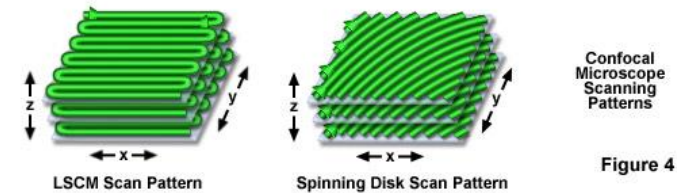
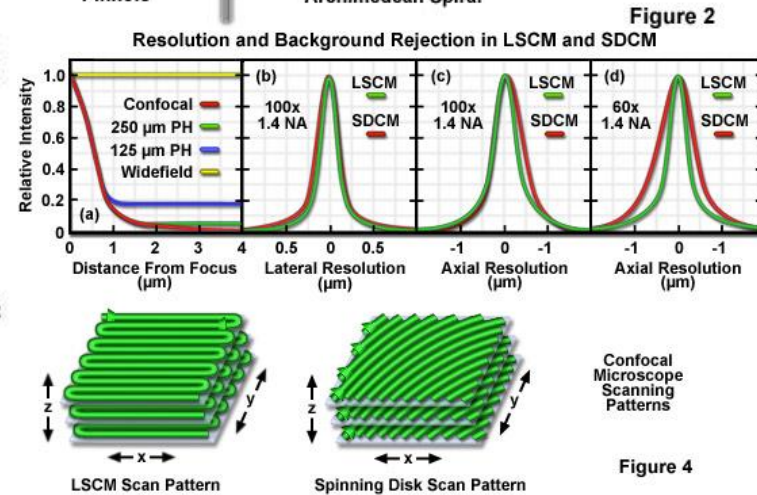
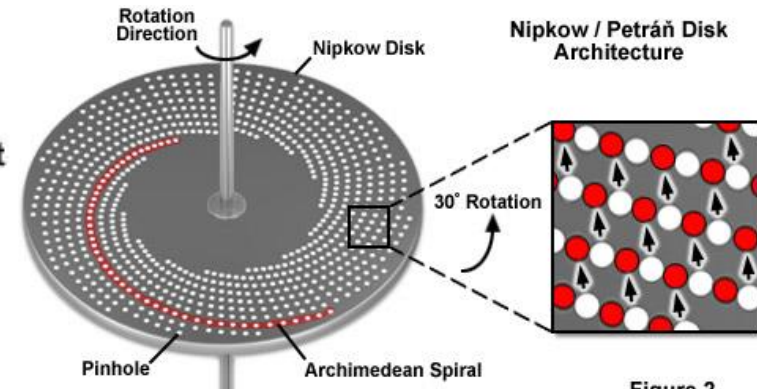
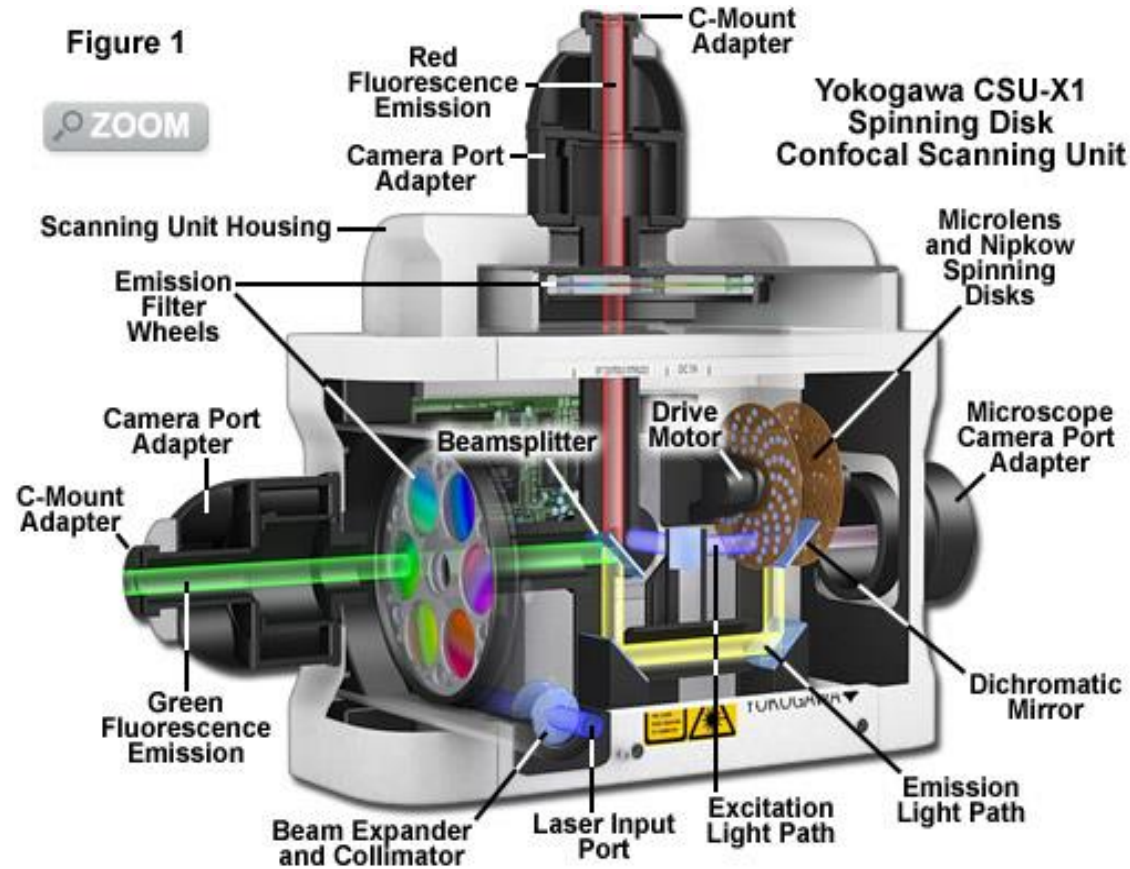


Imaging Frustration Pyramid

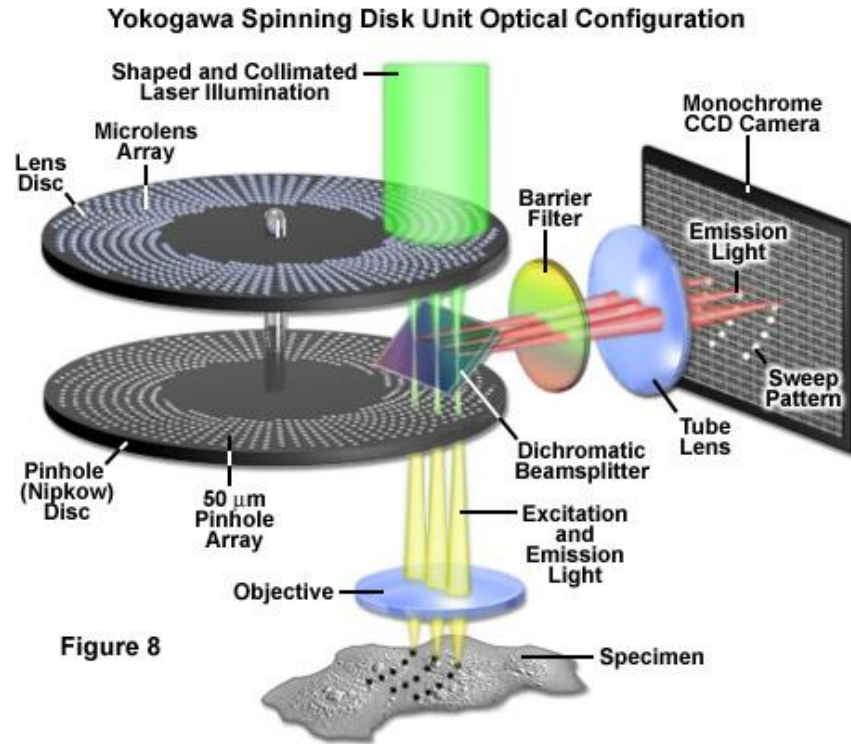


Multiple beam confocal microscopy

Spinning Disk confocal Microscope



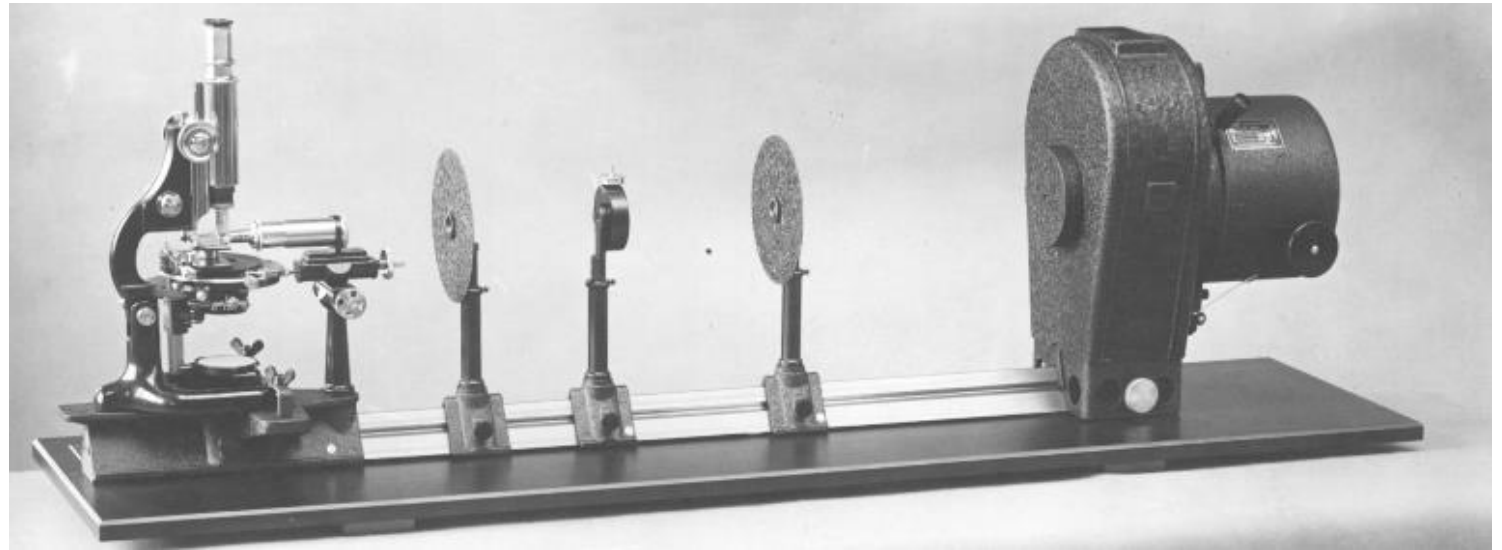
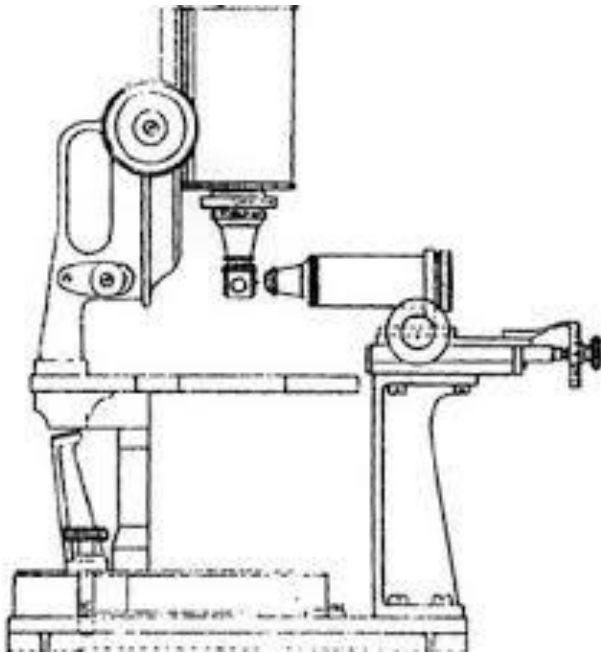
Multibeam Confocal Microscopy



- High quantum yield by CCD camera
- High frame rate possible
- Low photobleaching/ phototoxicity

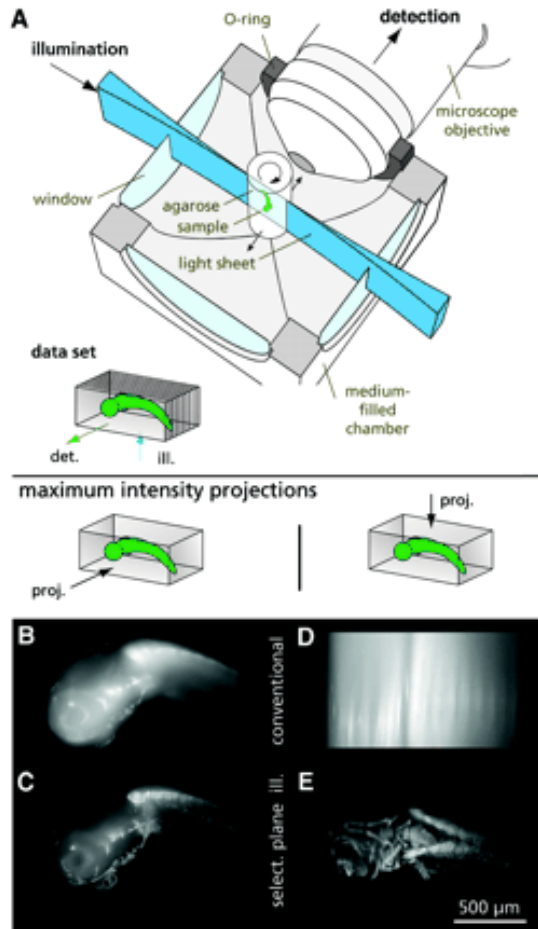
Light sheet microscopy

Optical Slicing methods



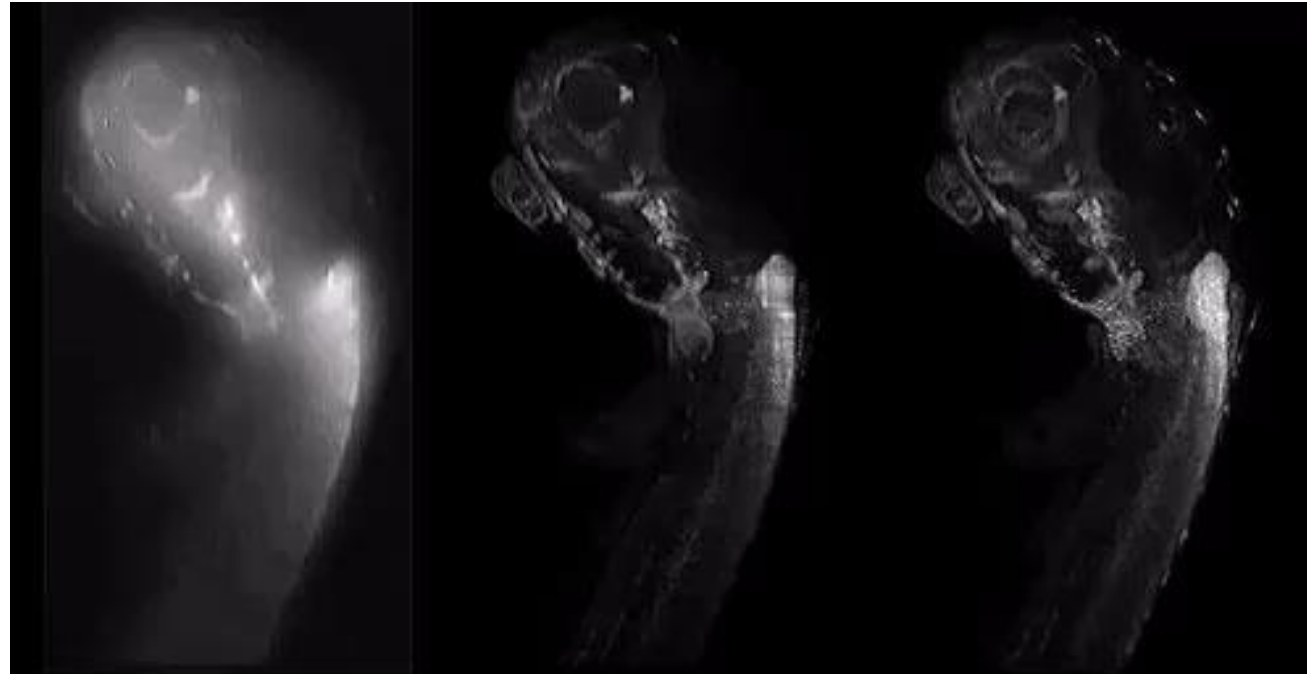
Siedentopf, H. and Zsigmondy, R. (1902). Über Sichtbarmachung und Größenbestimmung ultramikroskopischer Teilchen, mit besonderer Anwendung auf Goldrubingläser. *Ann. Phys.* 10, 1-39.

Selective plane illumination microscopy



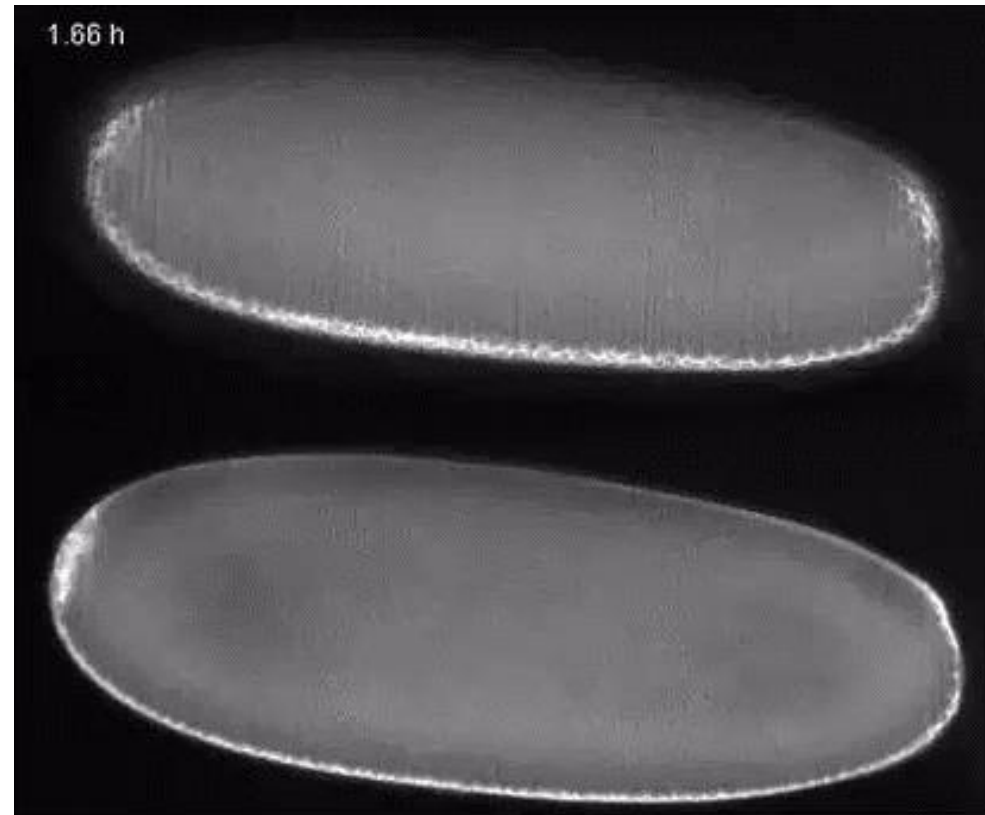
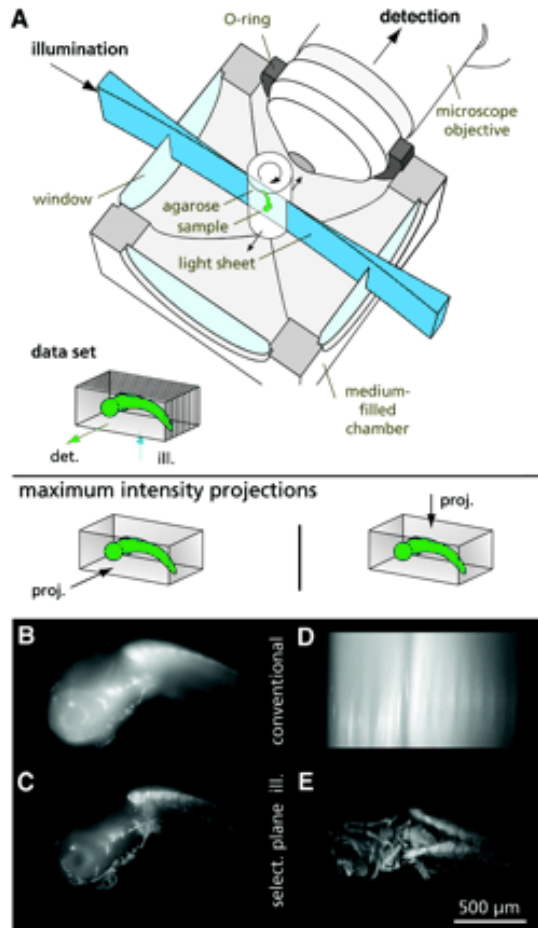
WF

SPIM

Multiview
SPIM

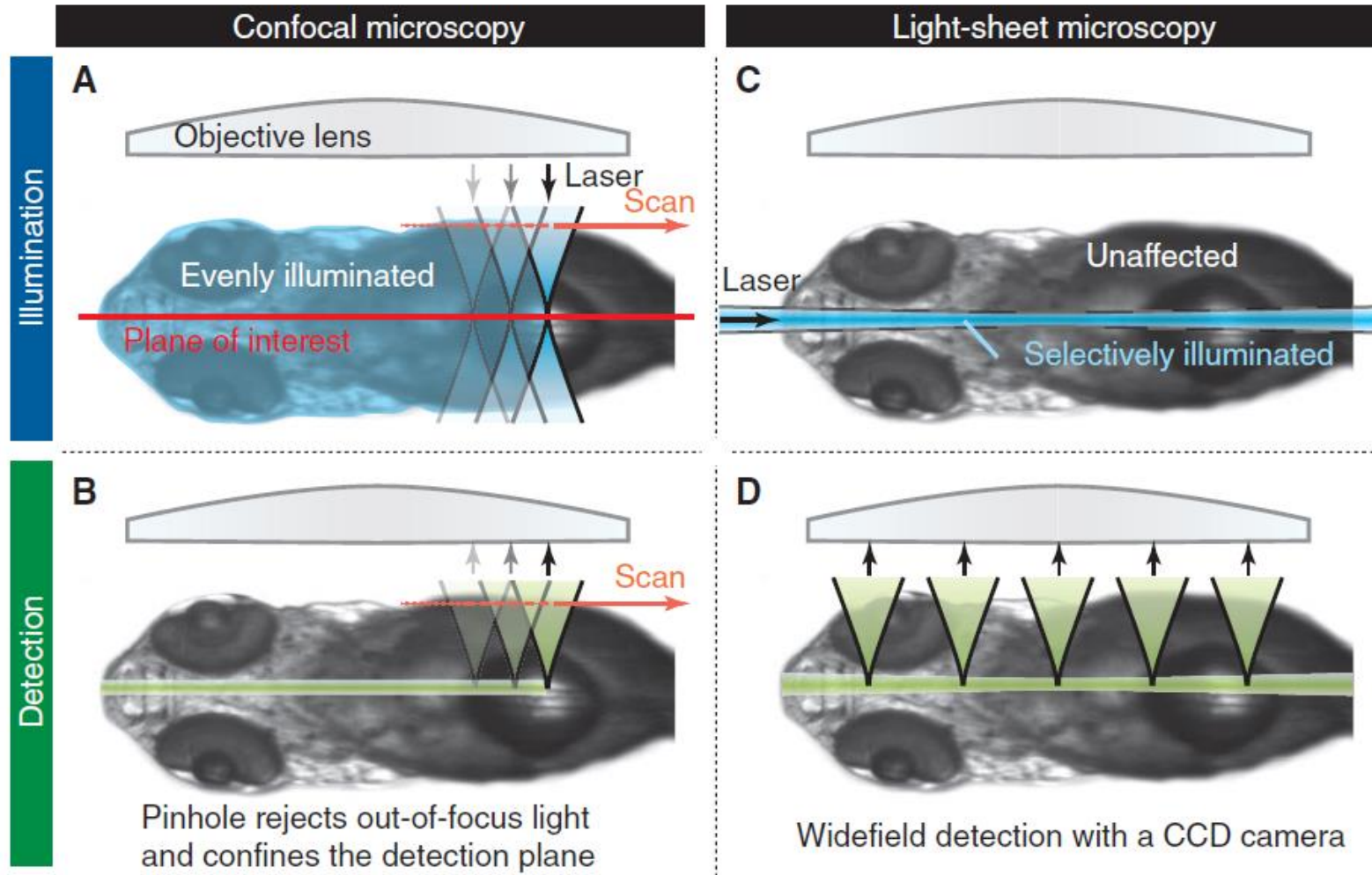
Huisken, J., Swoger, J., Del Bene, F., Wittbrodt, J. and Stelzer, E. H. K. (2004). Optical sectioning deep inside live embryos by selective plane illumination microscopy. *Science* **305**, 1007-1009.

Selective plane illumination microscopy



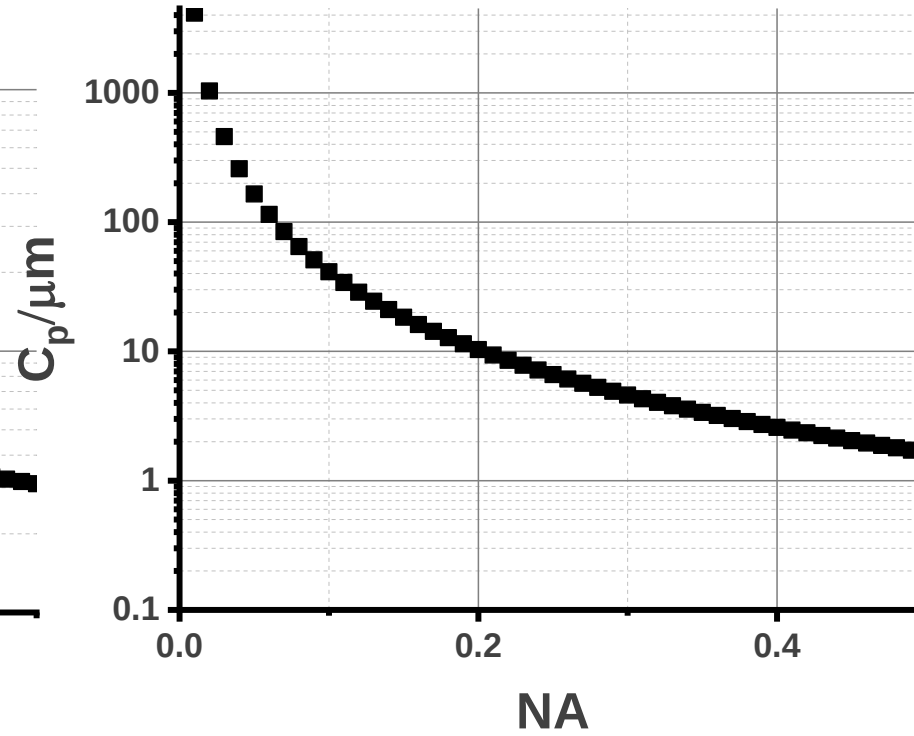
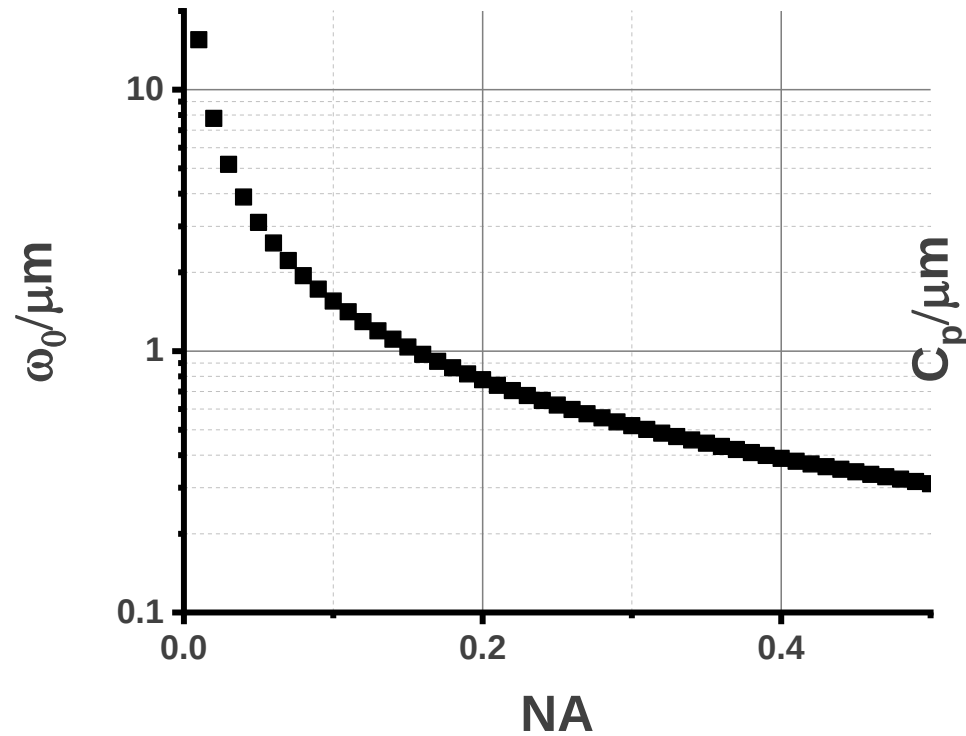
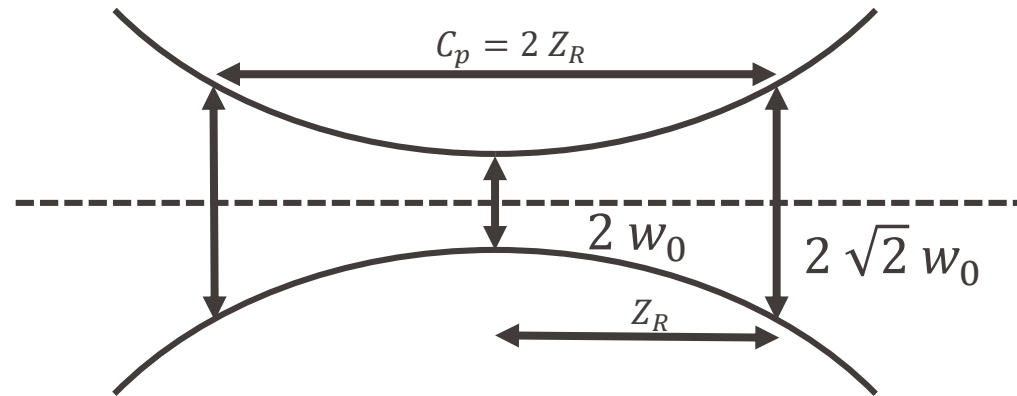
Huisken, J., Swoger, J., Del Bene, F., Wittbrodt, J. and Stelzer, E. H. K. (2004). Optical sectioning deep inside live embryos by selective plane illumination microscopy. *Science* **305**, 1007-1009.

Light Sheet Microscopy



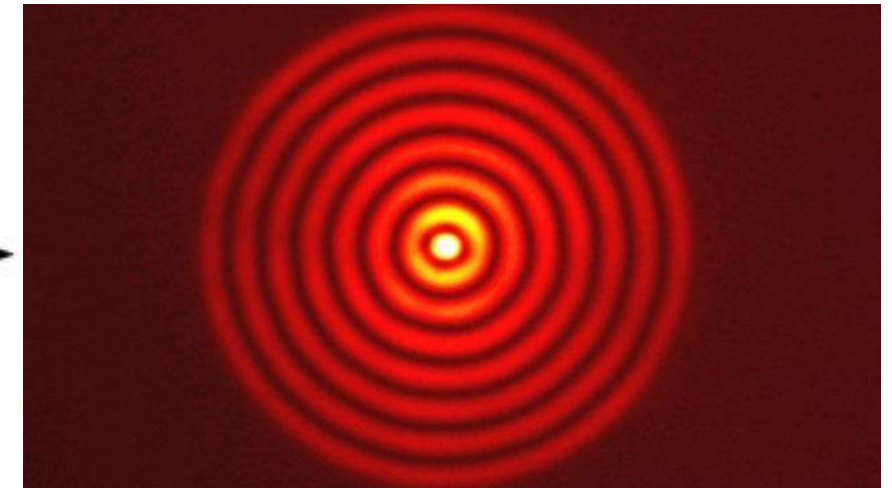
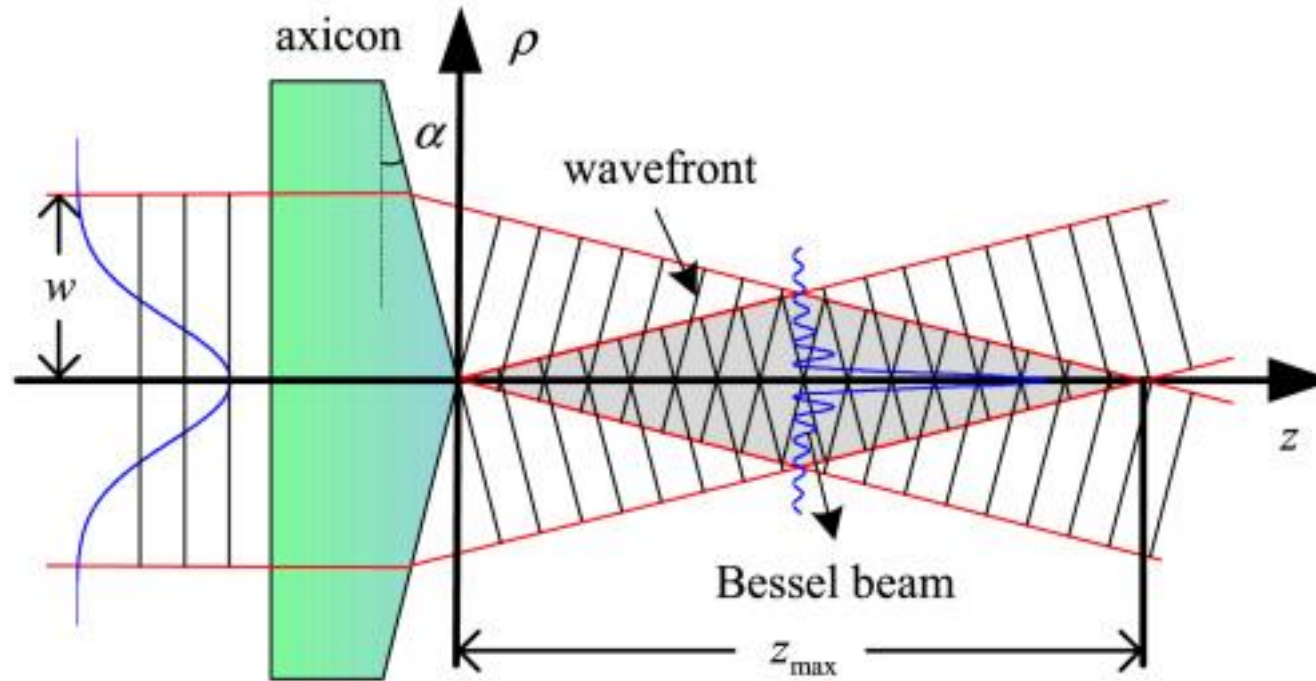
Huisken J, Stainier DY. (2009) Selective plane illumination microscopy techniques in developmental biology. *Development*. **136**(12):1963-75.

Gaussian Beam



Advanced Light Sheet Microscopy

Bessel beam

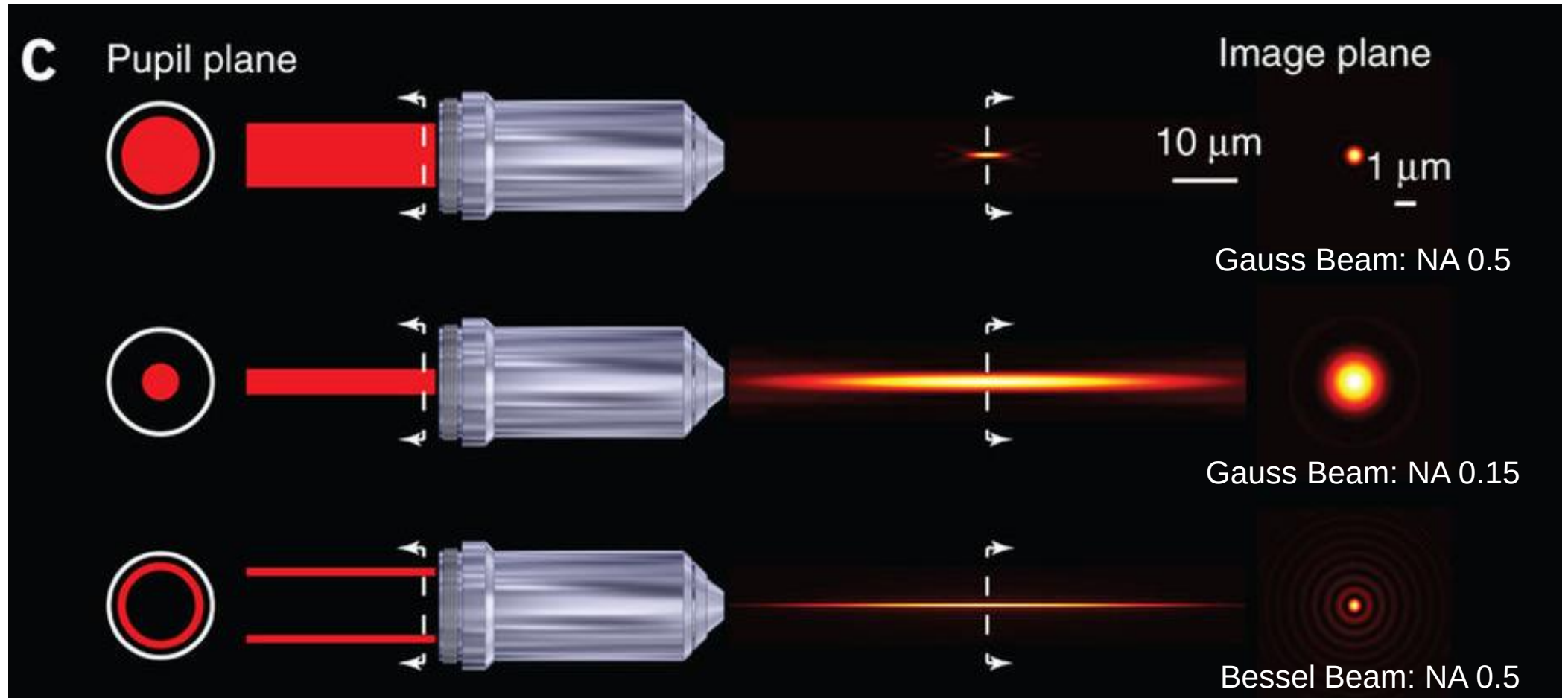


Photonics Research Vol. 2, Issue 3, pp. 82-86 (2014)
<https://doi.org/10.1364/PRJ.2.000082>

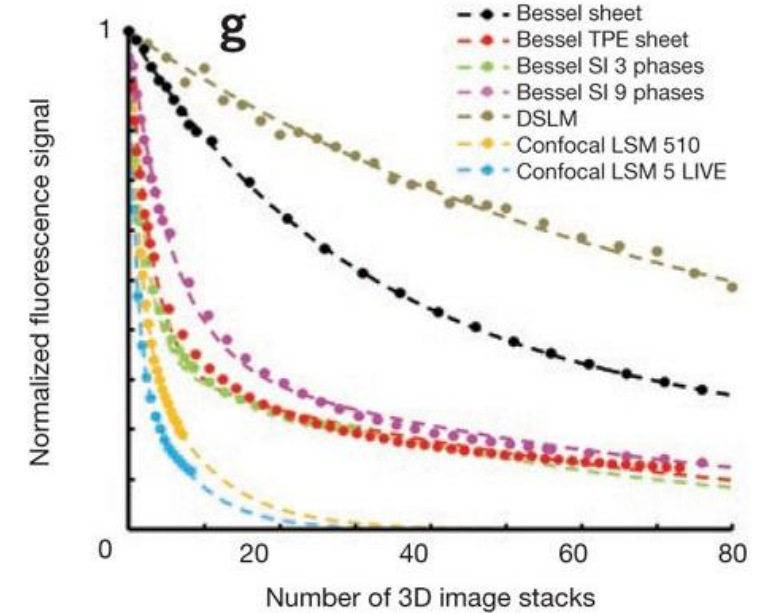
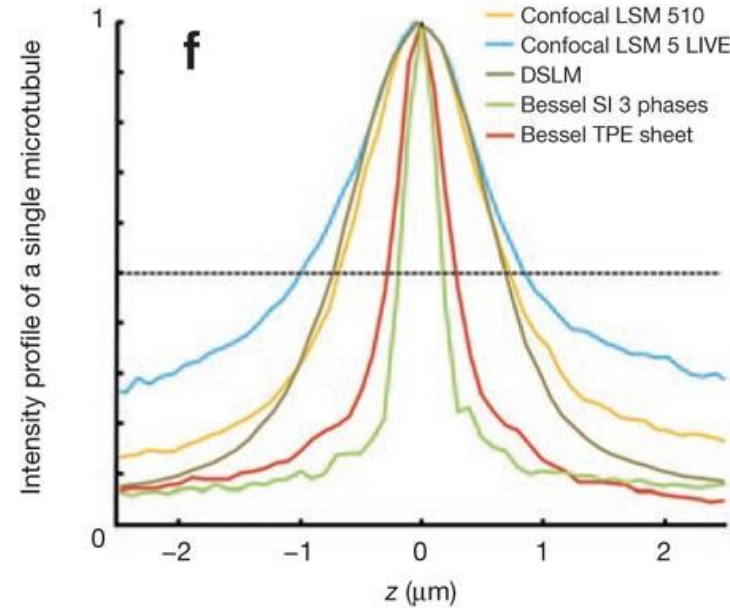
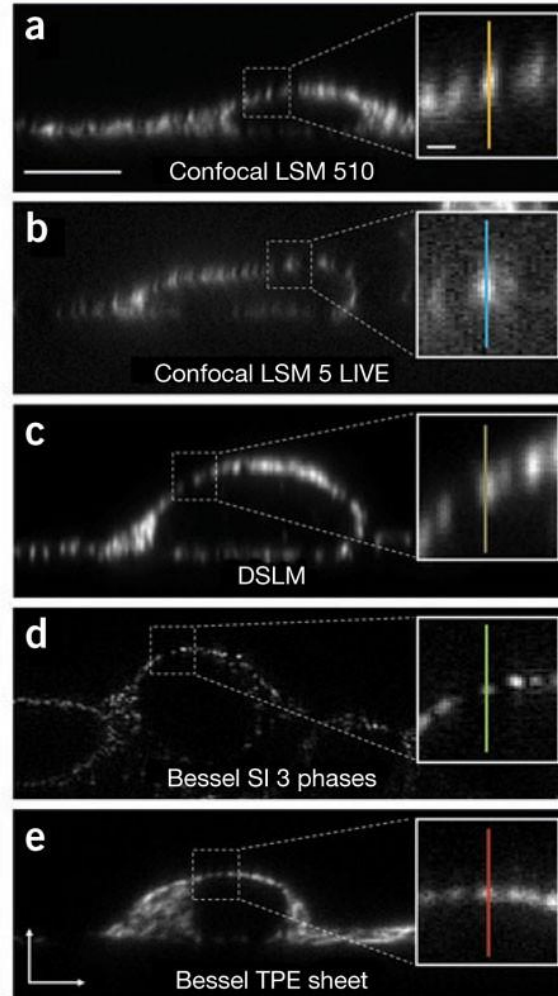
Ideal Bessel beam:

- non-diffractive
- self-healing

Gauss beam vs. Bessel beam

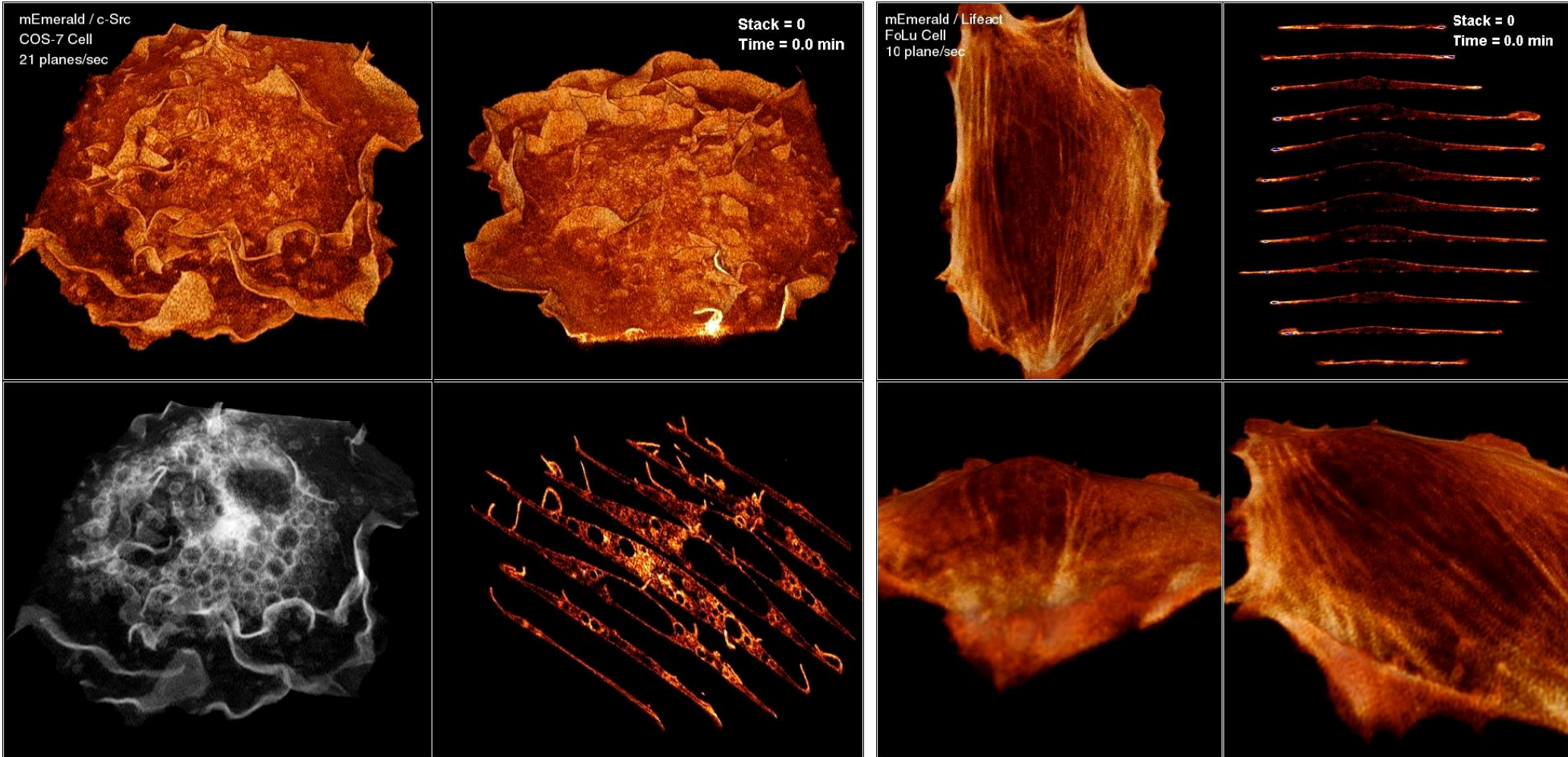


Rapid Isotropic Imaging



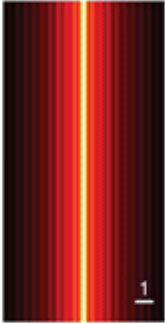
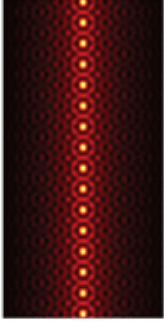
Thomas A Planchon, Liang Gao, Daniel E Milkie, Michael W Davidson, James A Galbraith, Catherine G Galbraith & Eric Betzig (2011) Rapid three-dimensional isotropic imaging of living cells using Bessel beam plane illumination *Nature Methods* (8): 417–423.

Need for Speed



Gao L, Shao L, Higgins CD, Poulton JS, Peifer M, Davidson MW, Wu X, Goldstein B, Betzig E. (2012)
 Noninvasive imaging beyond the diffraction limit of 3D dynamics in thickly fluorescent specimens.
Cell 151(6):1370-85.

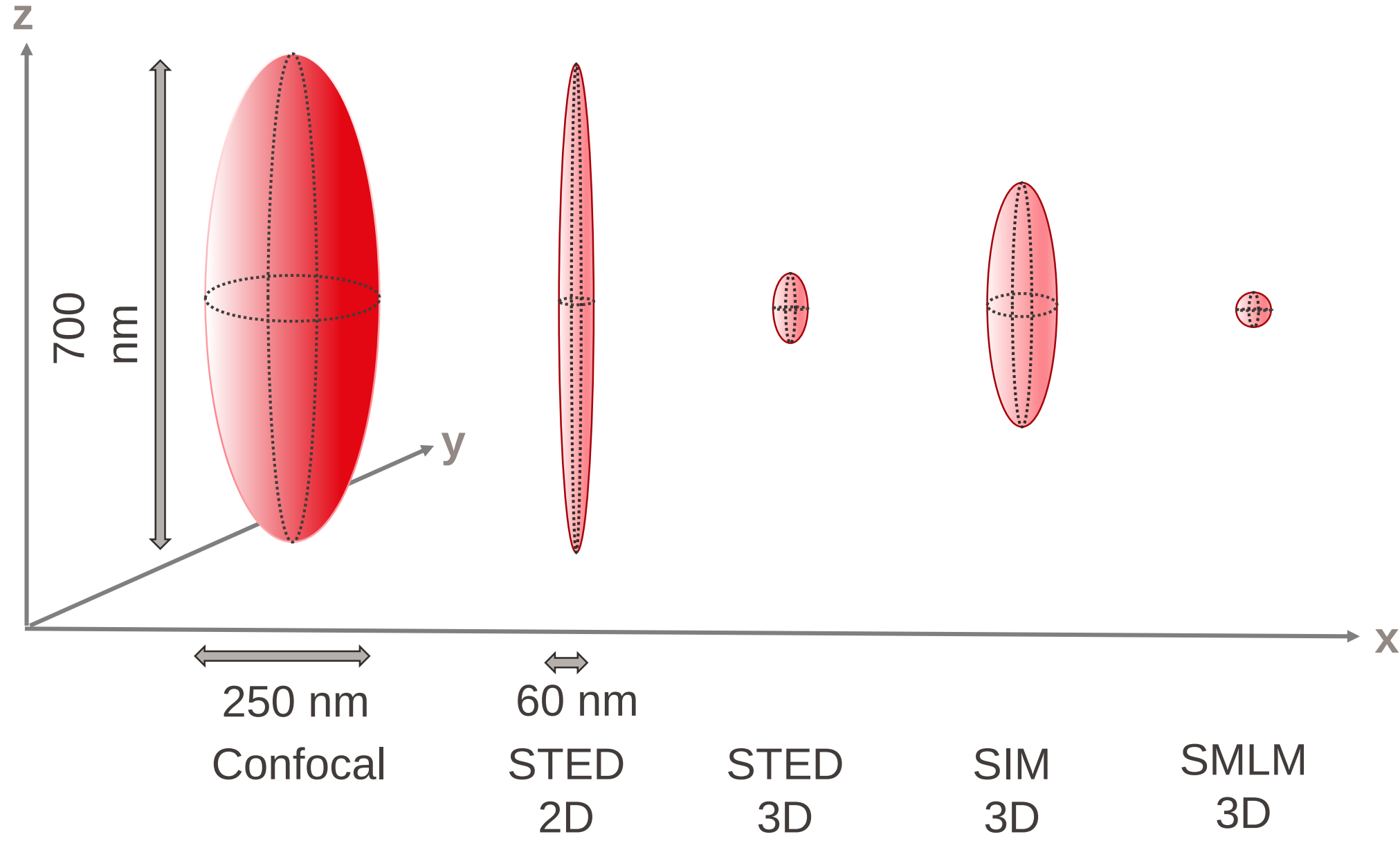
Bessel beam light sheet microscopy

Operation modes	Bessel beam plane illumination	Bessel SIM	TP Bessel beam plane illumination	TP Bessel SIM
Illumination pattern (xz cross-section)				
Typical spatial resolution	$x \sim 230$ nm $y \sim 230$ nm $z \sim 600$ nm	$x \sim 180$ nm $y \sim 230$ nm $z \sim 350$ nm	$x \sim 230$ nm $y \sim 230$ nm $z \sim 450$ nm	$x \sim 180$ nm $y \sim 230$ nm $z \sim 450$ nm
Optical sectioning capability	Fair	Good	Excellent	Excellent
Typical imaging speed	~ 40 planes/s	10–20 planes/s	~ 40 planes/s	10–20 planes/s
Multicolor imaging	Yes	Yes	No	No
Fluorophore brightness requirement	Low	Low	High	High
Photodamage	Low	Fair	Low	High

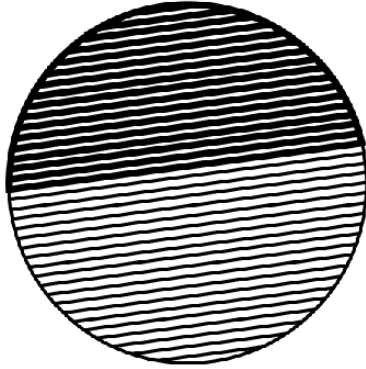
Liang Gao, Lin Shao, Bi-Chang Chen & Eric Betzig (2014) 3D live fluorescence imaging of cellular dynamics using Bessel beam plane illumination microscopy *Nature Protocols* (9): 1083–1101.

Extending the resolution

Resolution in light microscopy

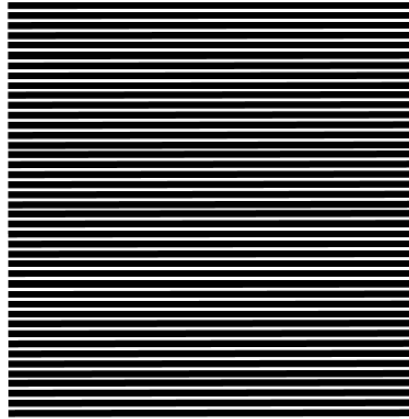


How to overcome the diffraction limit

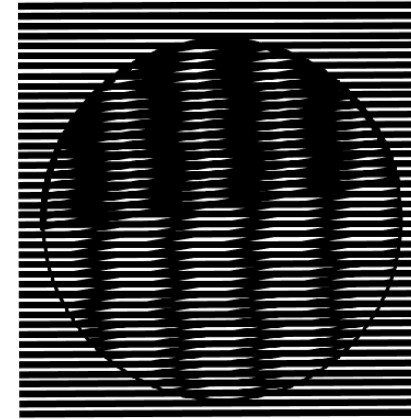


Sample

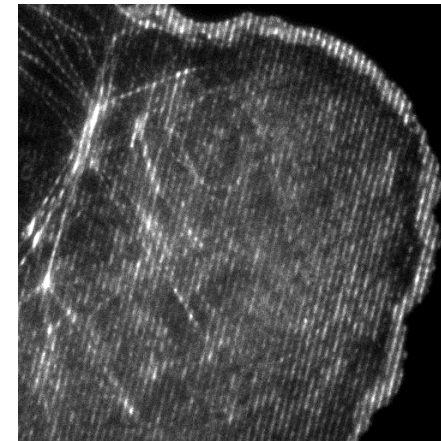
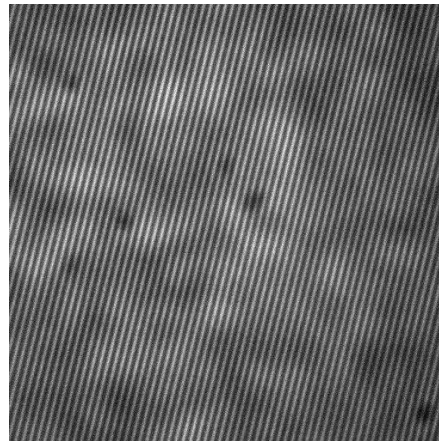
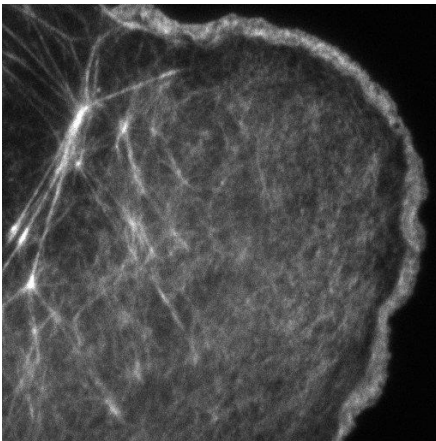
x



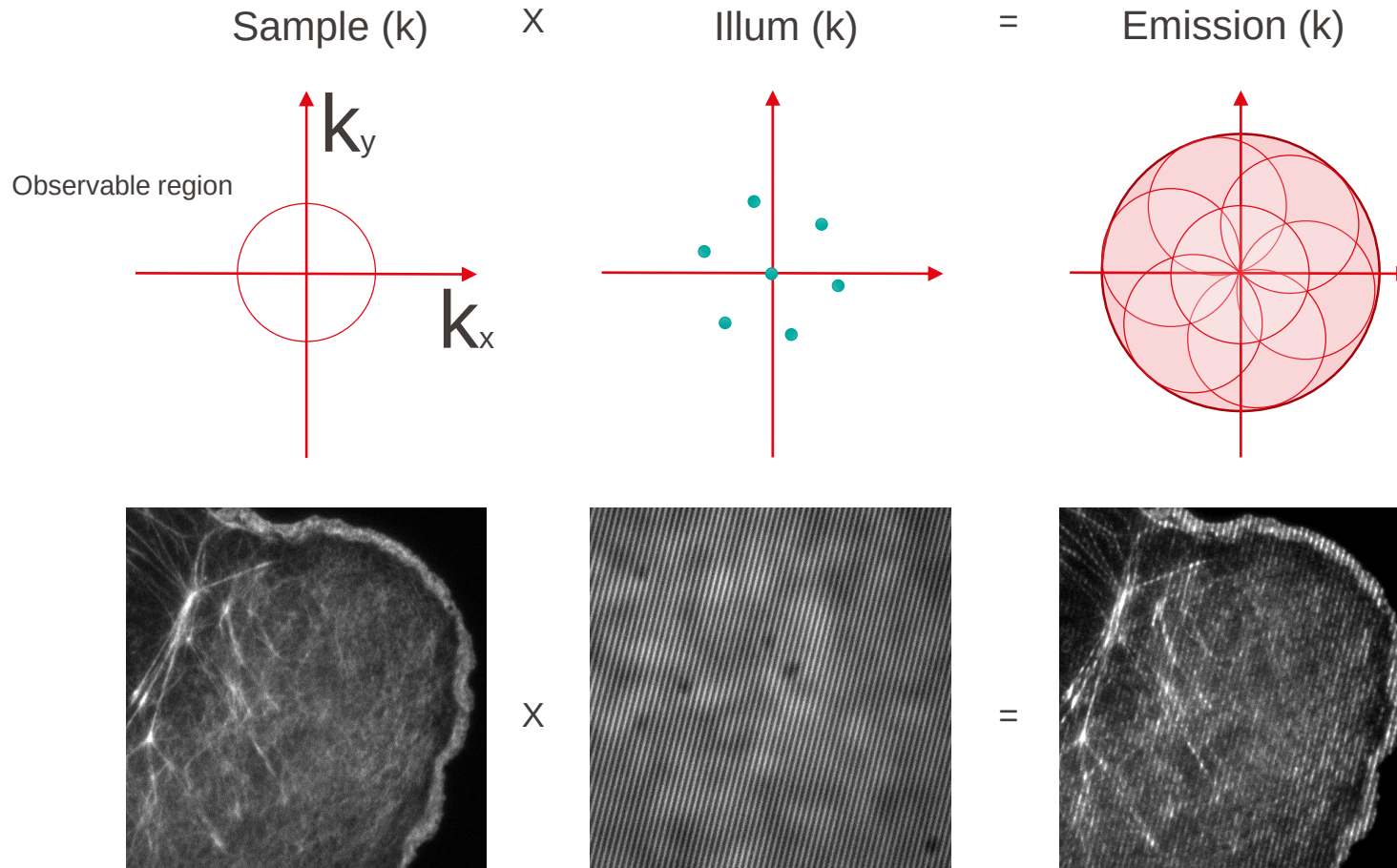
Illumination pattern

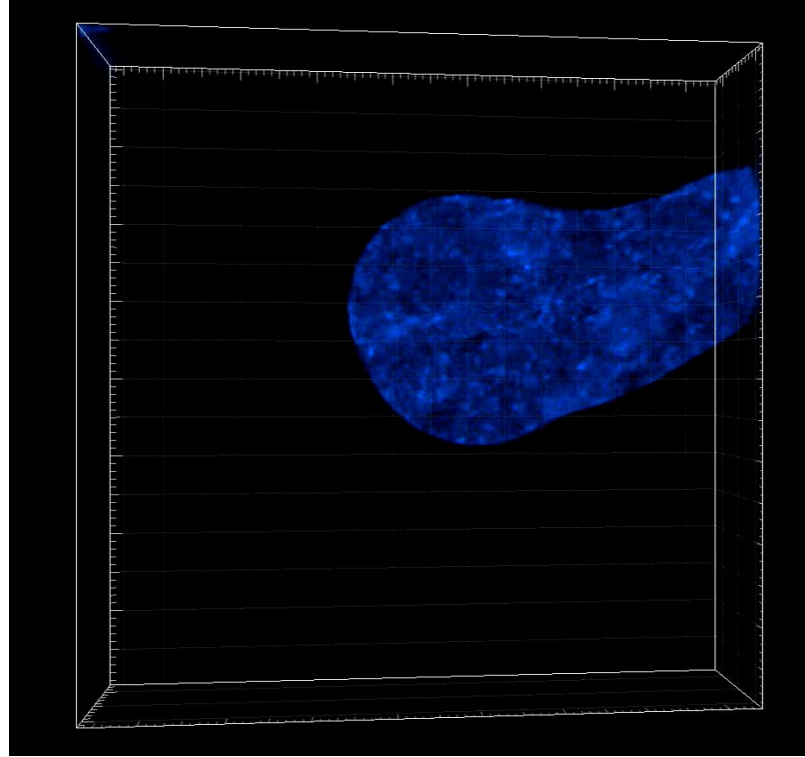
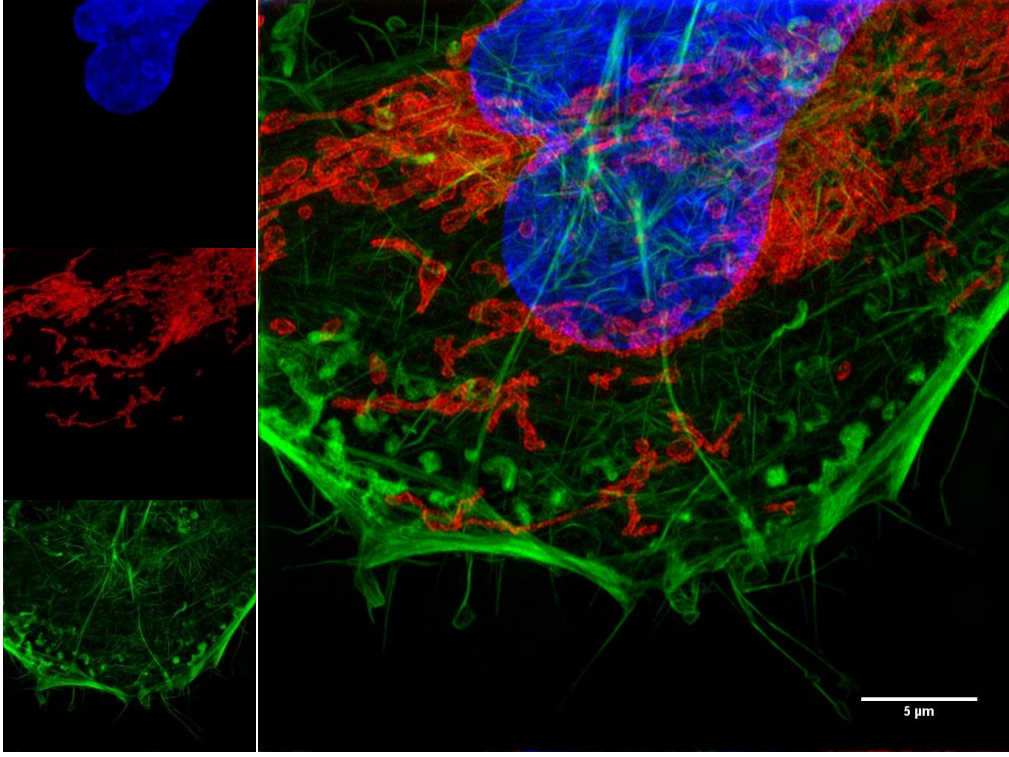


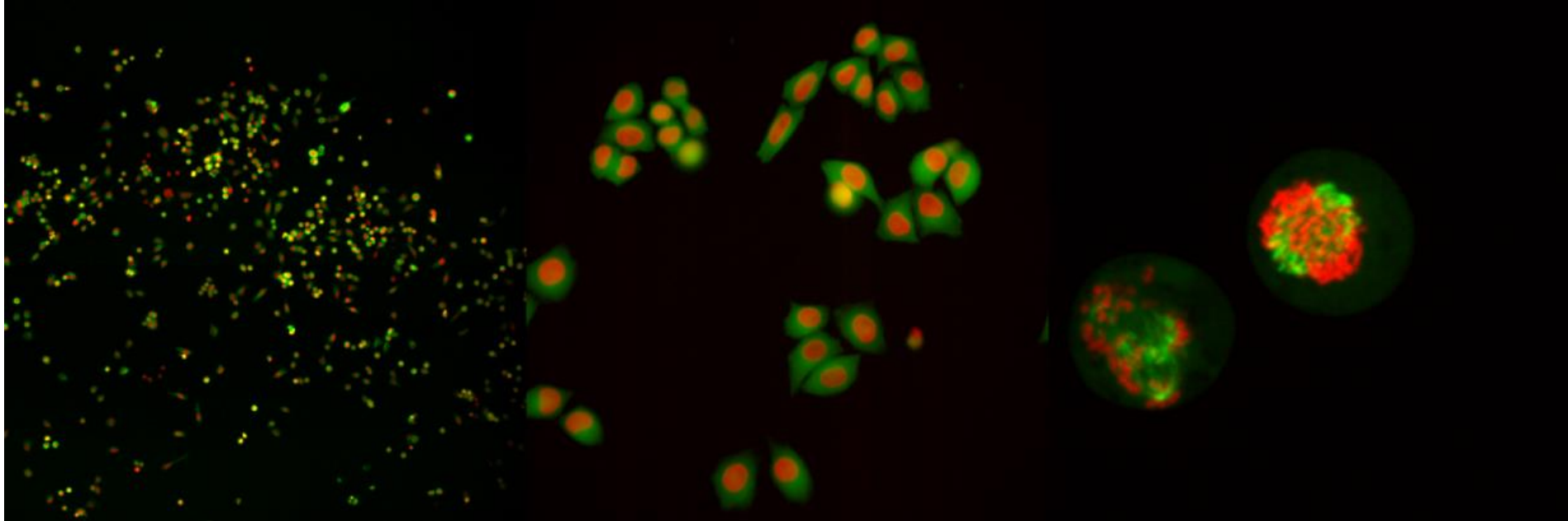
Moiré fringes



The Frequency Domain

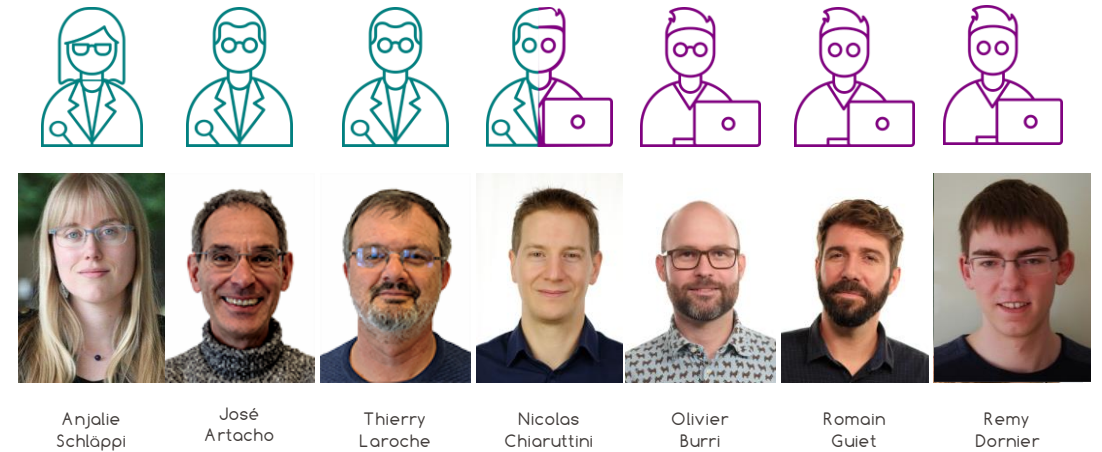
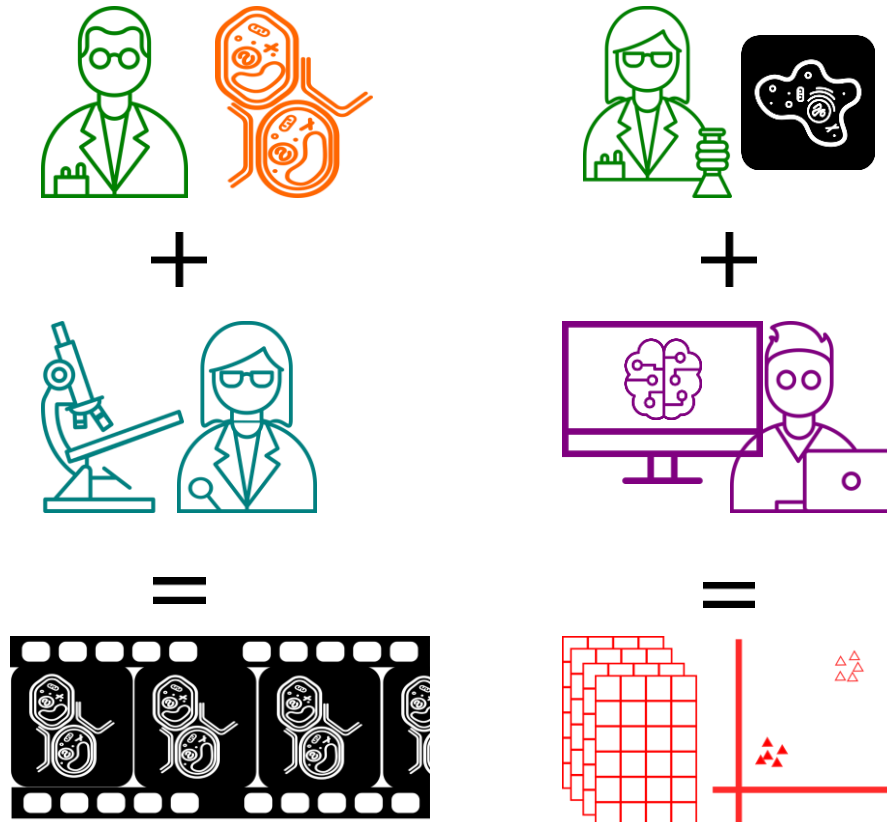






Balancing sample integrity,
resolution, noise, temporal and
spatial resolution.

Biolmaging & Optics Platform (BIOP)



Biolmaging & Optics Platform

a.k.a BIOP

Microscope	Technique	Light Source	Detector	Characteristics	Contrast	Tutorial
Leica DM5500						
Leica SP8 FLIM						
Leica SP8 STED 3X						
Leica SP8 INI						
Leica SP8 UP1						
Leica SP8 UP2						
Leica Stereomicroscope						
Nikon SIM/STORM						
Nikon Stereology						
Olympus Cell xCellece						
Olympus Slide Scanner 1						
Olympus Slide Scanner 2						
PerkinElmer Operetta						
Labview CSU Microdissection						
Nikon CSU W1						
VisiTron CSU-W1						
Zeiss AxioPlan						
Zeiss LSM 700 IN1						
Zeiss LSM 700 IN2						
Zeiss LSM 700 UP2						
Zeiss LSM 710						
Zeiss LSM 980						
Zeiss Lattice Lightsheet 7						
Zeiss Lightsheet Z1						
Zeiss PALM Microbeam						

