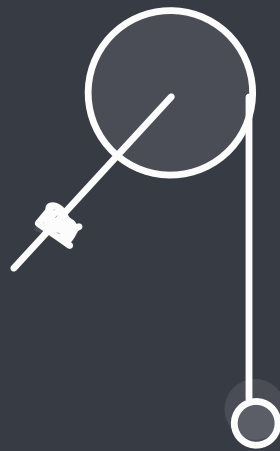
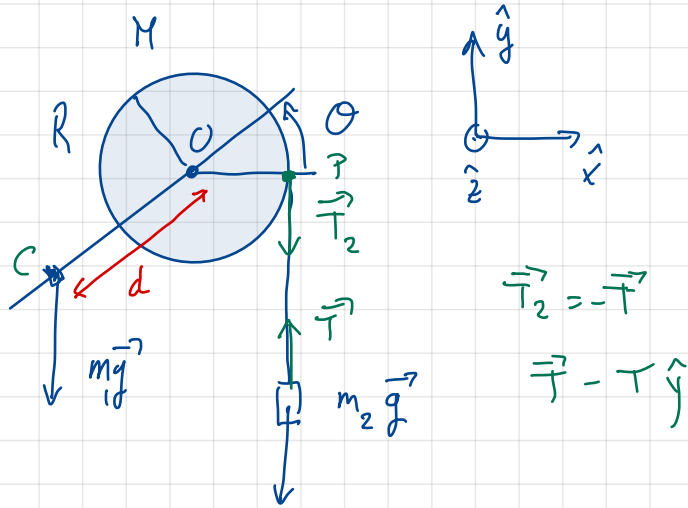


Exercice en classe



Newton & Lagrange

Ph. Meilhaupt



Avec Newton: liaison $y = R\theta - y_0$

$\dot{y} = R\dot{\theta}$

Translation \ddot{y}

$m_2 \ddot{y} = T - m_2 g$

Rotation (\hat{z})

$\frac{d}{dt} L_0 = \vec{\Pi}_0 + \vec{\Pi}_g$

$(\frac{1}{2} MR^2 + md^2) \ddot{\theta} = \sum \vec{\Pi}^{ext} = M_0 + M_g$

$[N.m] = -TR + m_1 g d \cos\theta$

$\vec{M}_g = \vec{OC} \wedge m_1 \vec{g}$
 $\vec{\Pi}_0 = \vec{OP} \wedge \vec{T} = -TR$

△ éliminer T / exercice

y

Lagrange

$E_{cin} = T = \frac{1}{2} m_2 \dot{y}^2$

$+ \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} MR^2 \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_1 d^2 \dot{\theta}^2$

liaison

$\dot{y} = R\dot{\theta}$

1 d° de liberté $\theta = q_1$
 $n=1$

$\frac{1}{2} m_2 \dot{y}^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_2 R^2 \dot{\theta}^2$

$V = m_2 g (R\theta - y_0)$
 $- m_1 g d \sin\theta$

$L = T - V$

$= \frac{1}{2} (m_2 R^2 \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{1}{2} MR^2 \dot{\theta}^2 + m_1 d^2 \dot{\theta}^2)$
 $- m_2 g R \theta - m_2 g y_0 + m_1 g d \sin\theta$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}} = \left(m_2 R^2 + \frac{1}{2} \pi R^2 + m_1 d^2 \right) \dot{\theta}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right) = \left(m_2 R^2 + \frac{1}{2} \pi R^2 + m_1 d^2 \right) \ddot{\theta}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta} = -m_2 g R + m_1 g d \cos \theta$$

$$\left(m_2 R^2 + \frac{1}{2} \pi R^2 + m_1 d^2 \right) \ddot{\theta} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta}$$

$$= -m_2 g R + m_1 g d \cos \theta$$

γ