



Retinal implants

Restore vision to patients
blinded by retinal
degeneration

MICRO-568

Clémence Rey

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Retinal implants

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Market

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Alternative therapies

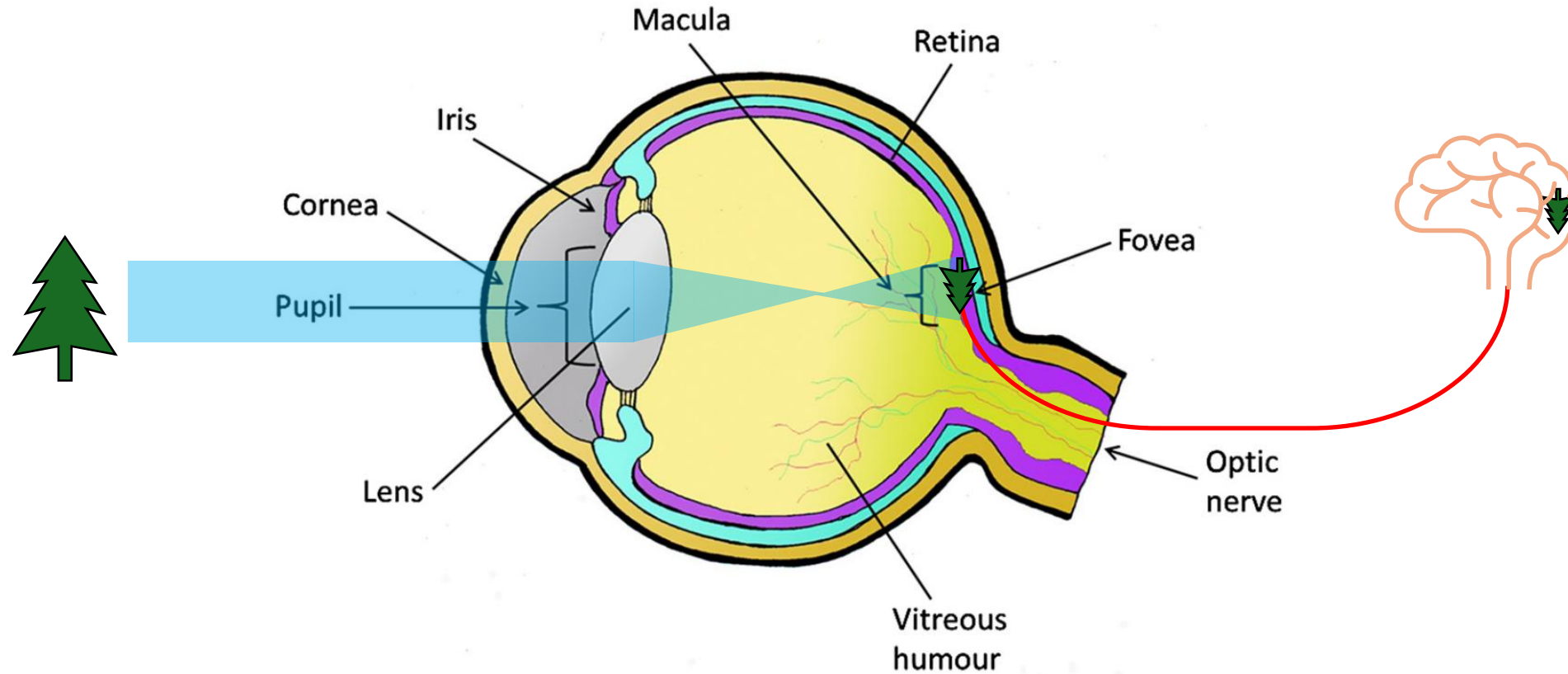
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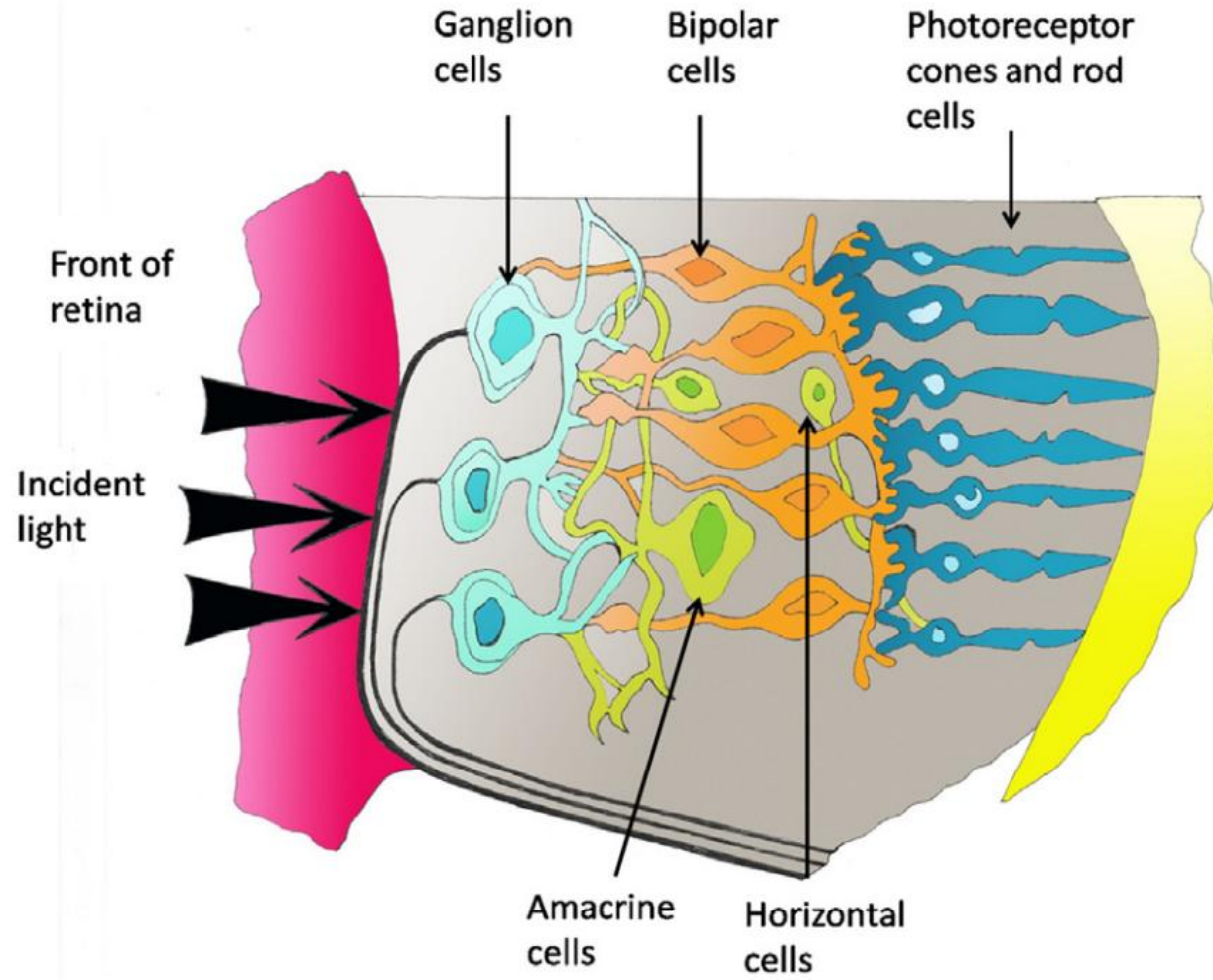
Background : the biology of vision

The human eye's anatomy



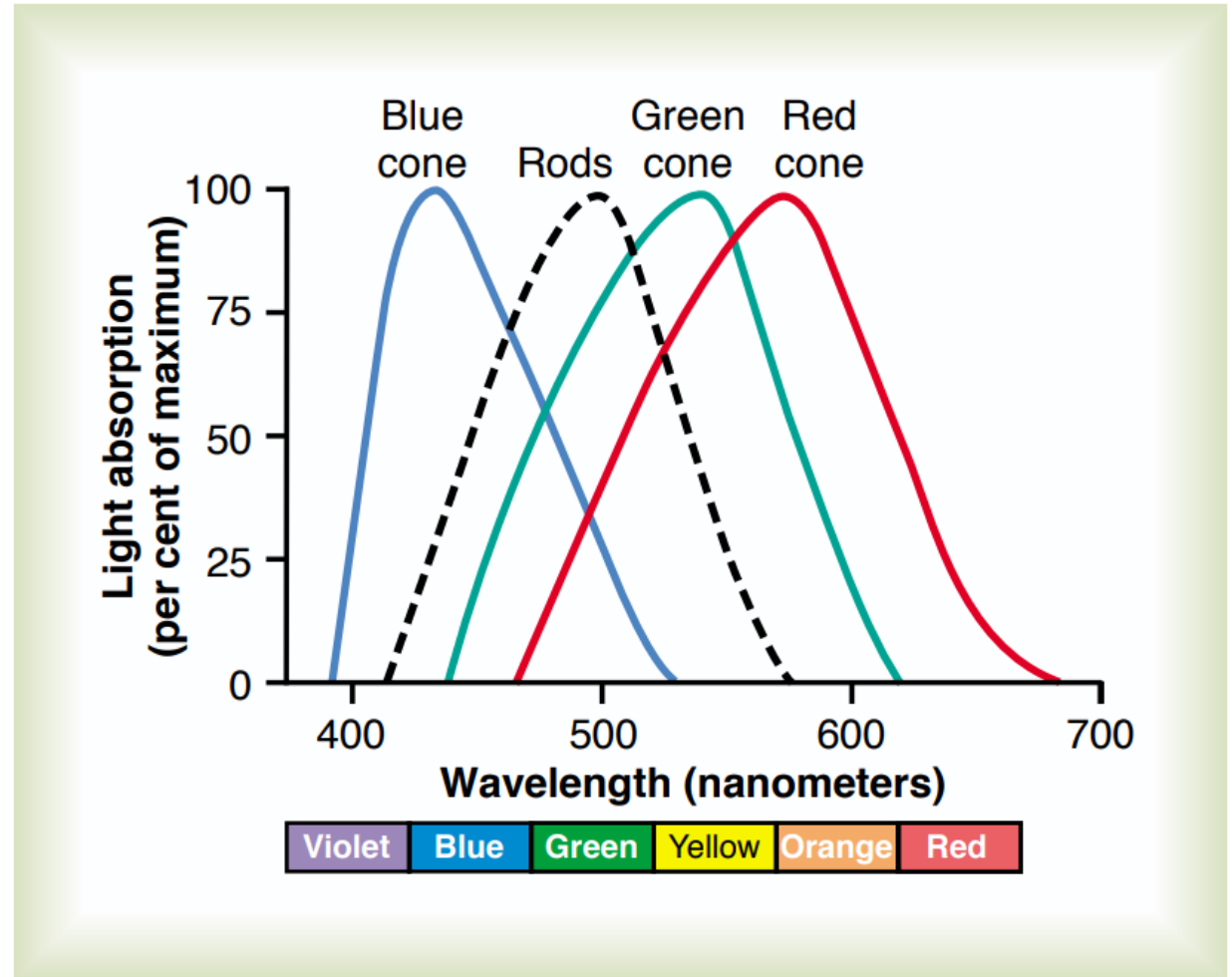
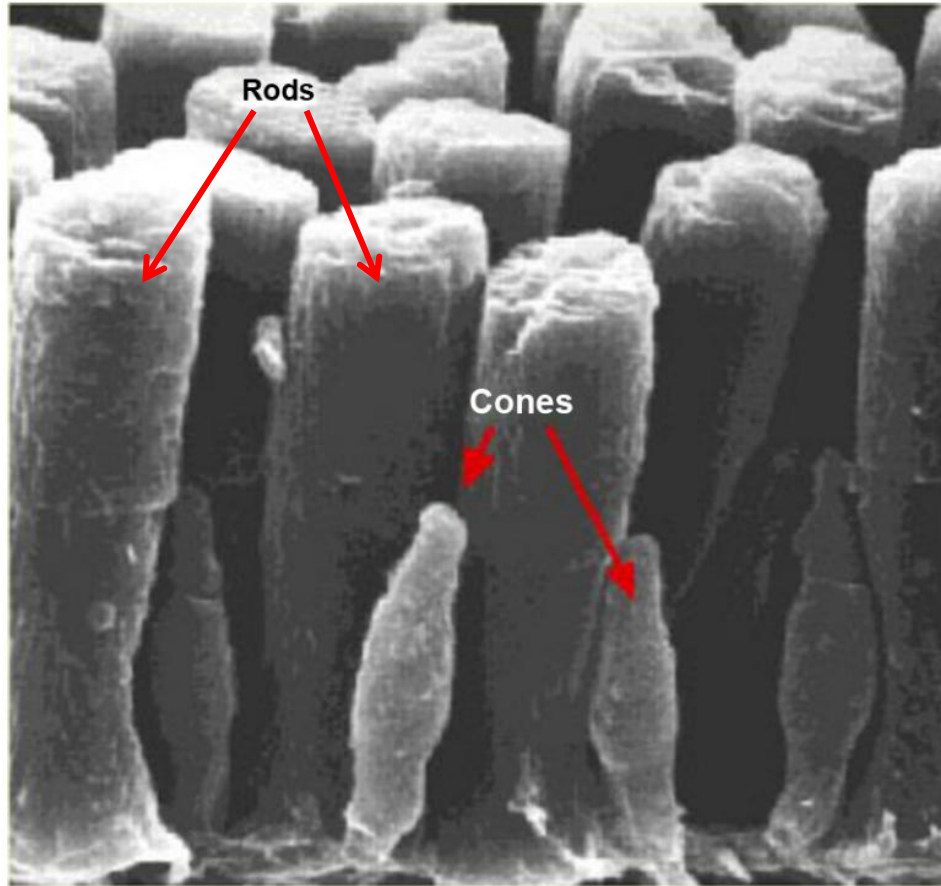
Background : the biology of vision

The retina's anatomy



Background : the biology of vision

The photoreceptors : cones and rods cell



Background : the biology of vision

Retinal degenerative diseases

Retinitis pigmentosa (RP)

- Genetic (> 100 genes)
- Loss of photoreceptors function
- Loss of peripheral vision
- 2 millions

Age-related macular degeneration (AMD)

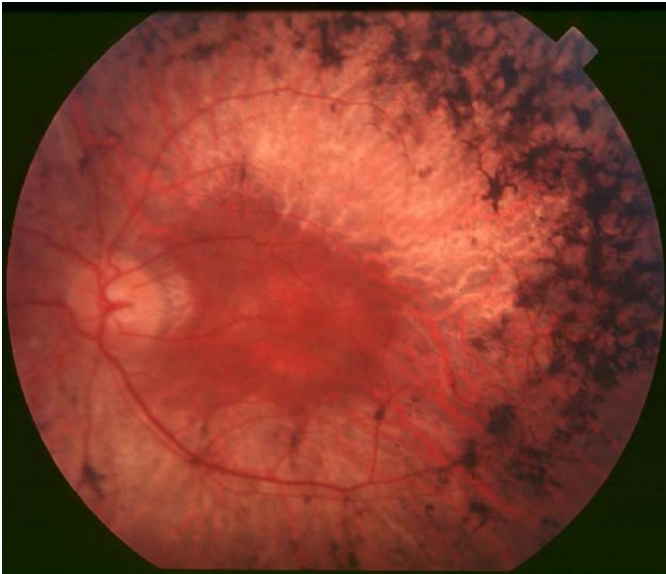
- Damage to the macula
- “Dry” and “wet” types
- Loss of central vision
- 200 millions

- ➡ Dysfunctional photoreceptor cells
- ➡ But intact bipolar and ganglion cells

Background : the biology of vision

Retinal degenerative diseases

Retinitis pigmentosa (RP)



Age-related macular degeneration (AMD)



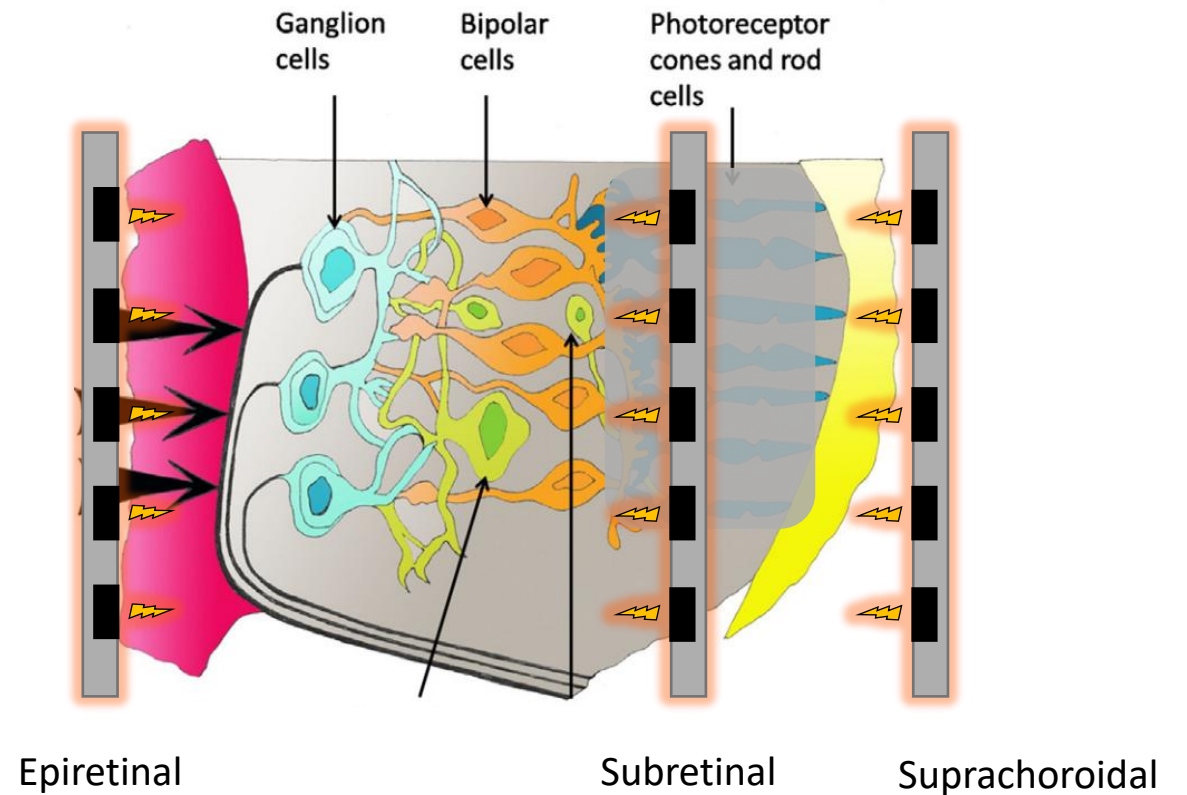
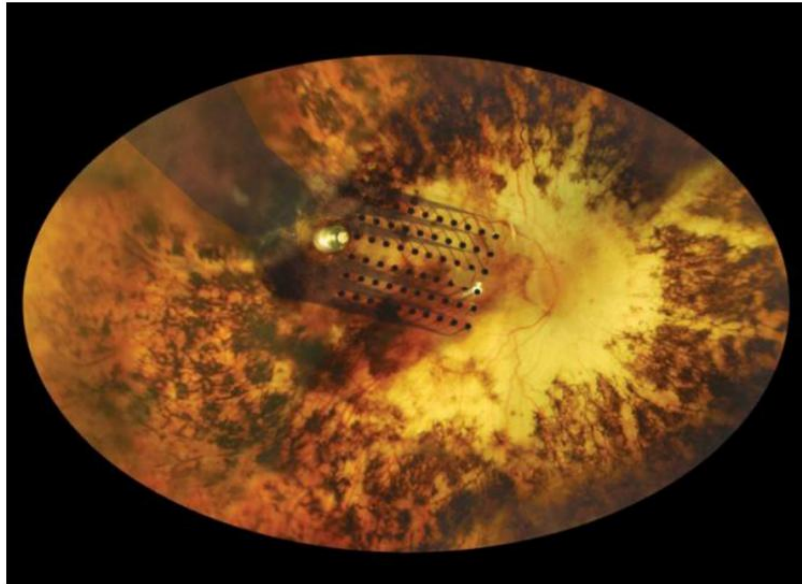
Healthy eye



How retinal implants work

Basic mechanism

➡ Bypass the damaged photoreceptors

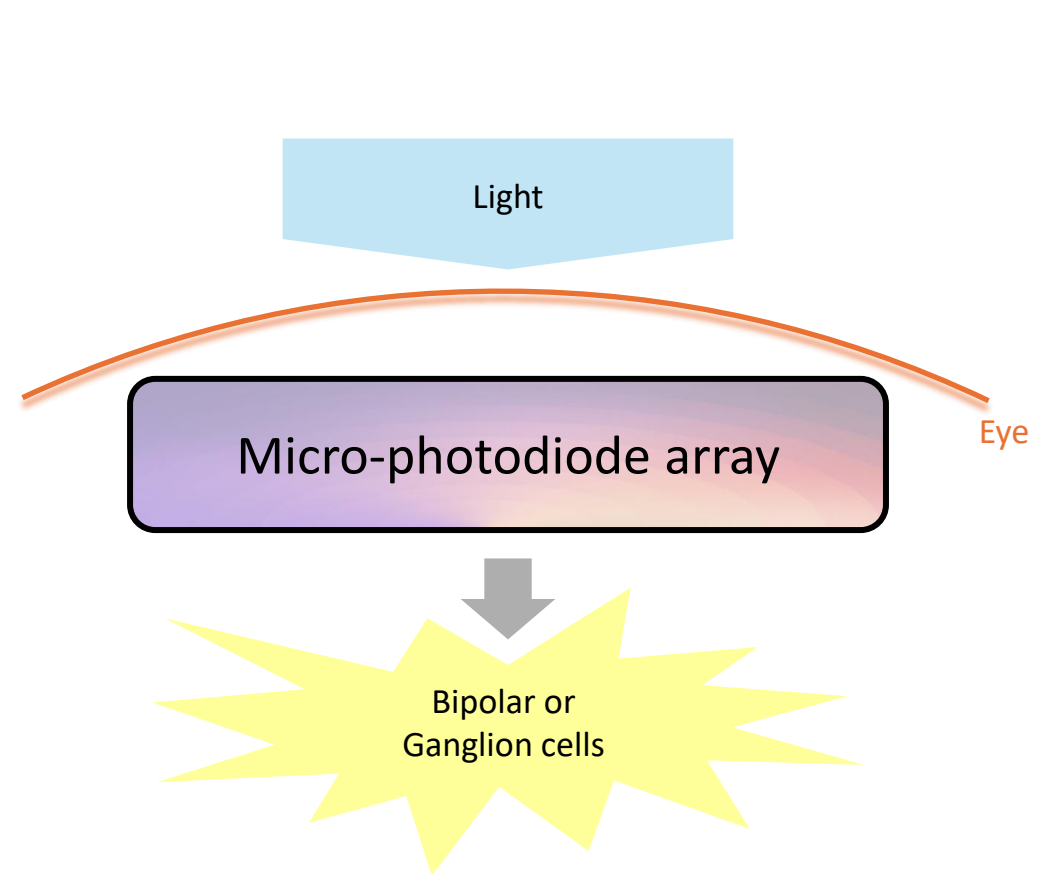
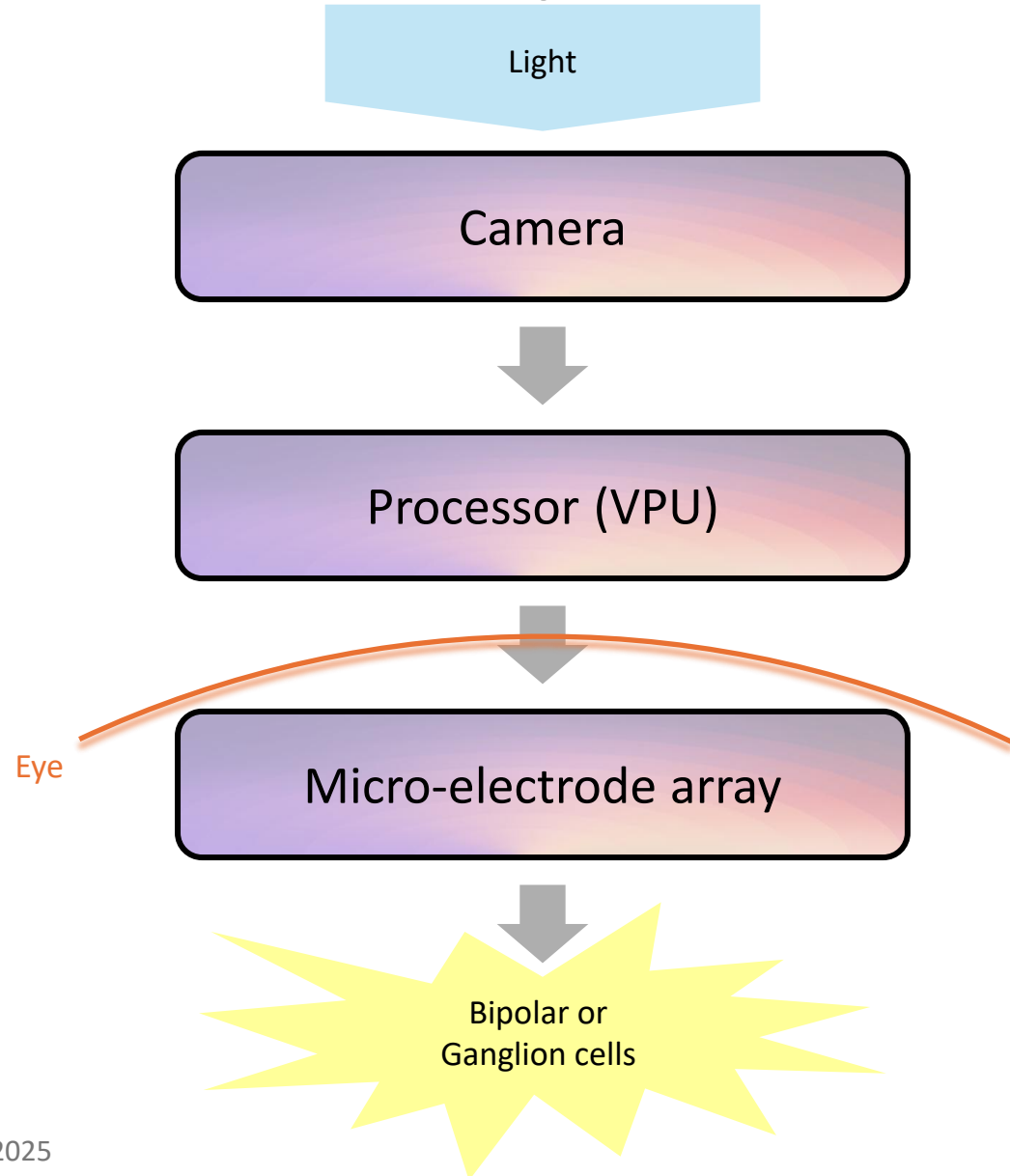


How retinal implants work

Comparison of type of implants

	Epiretinal	Subretinal	Suprachoroidal
Surgical Complexity	Medium	High	Low
Image Resolution	Medium	High	Low
Safety	High risk of retina damage		Minimal risk

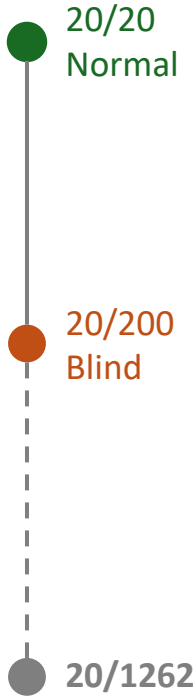
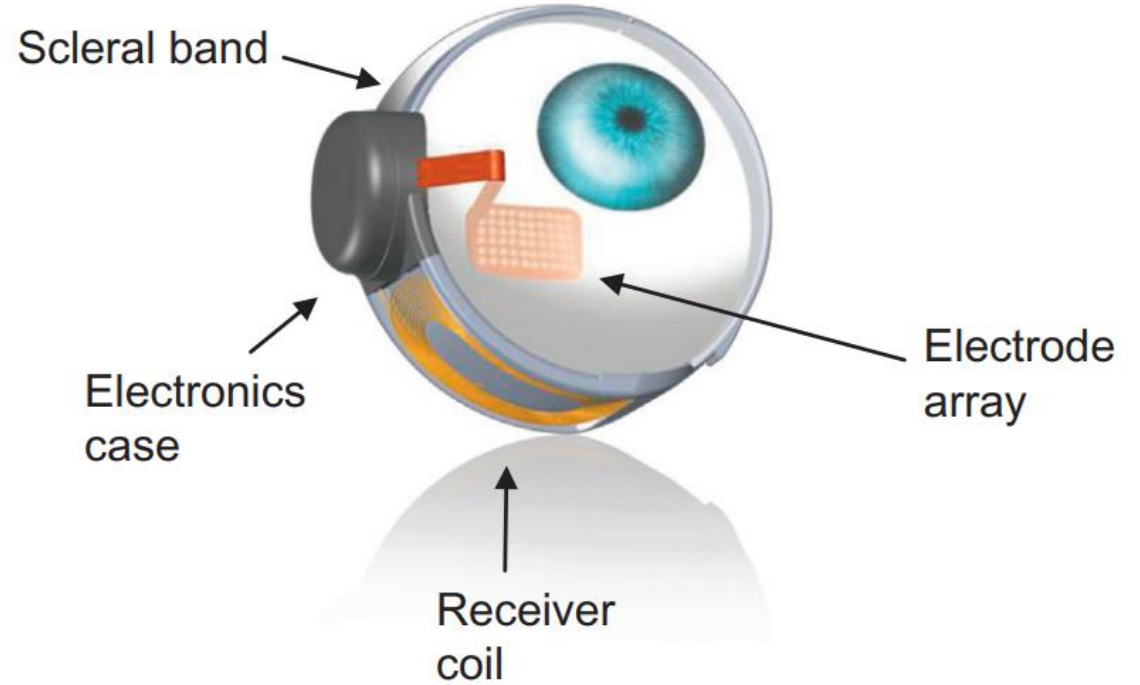
How retinal implants work



Current technologies and clinical trials

Argus II (Second sight, US)

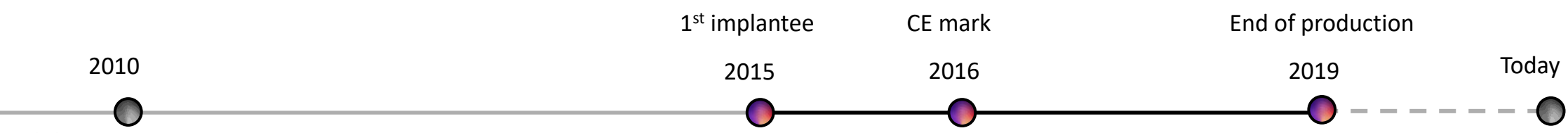
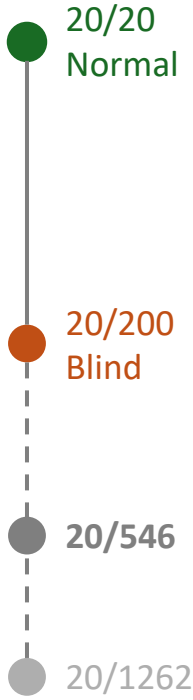
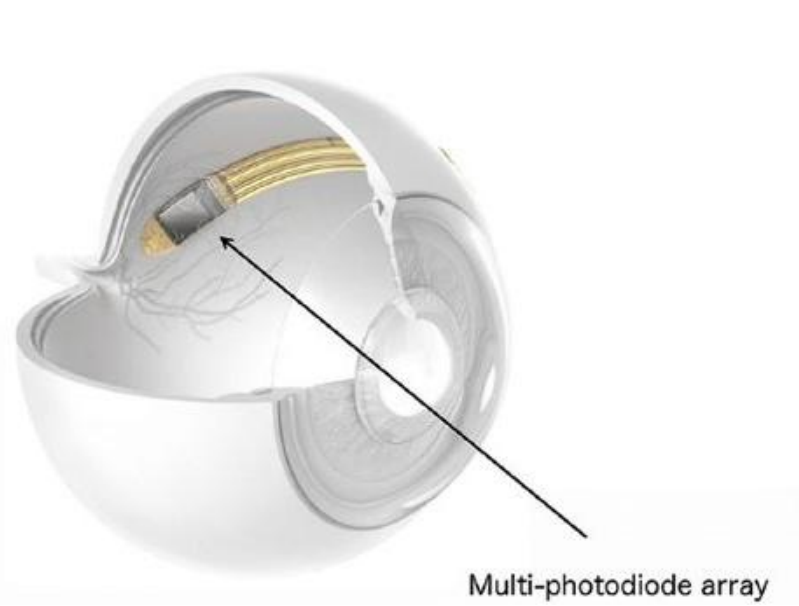
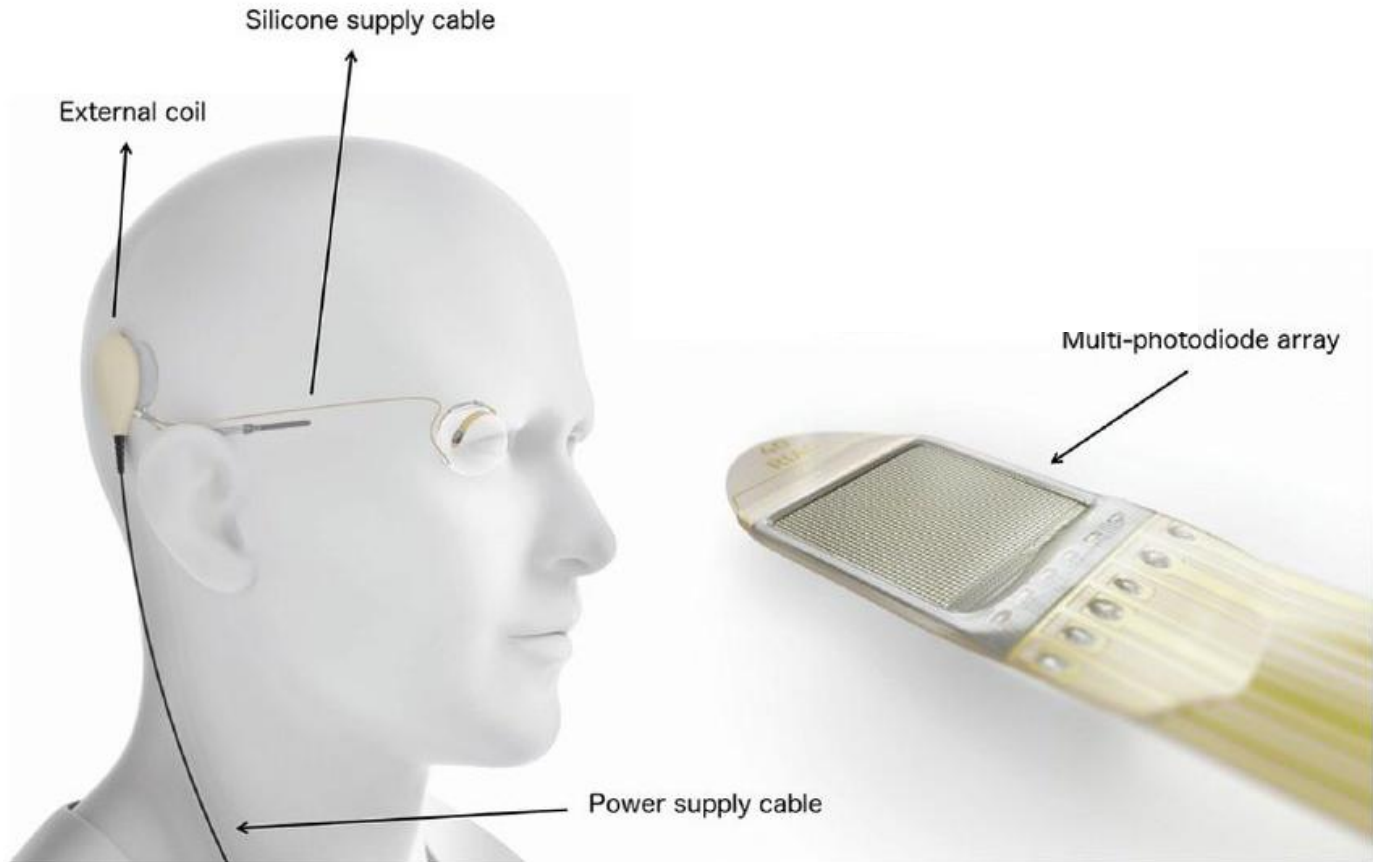
Epiretinal



Current technologies and clinical trials

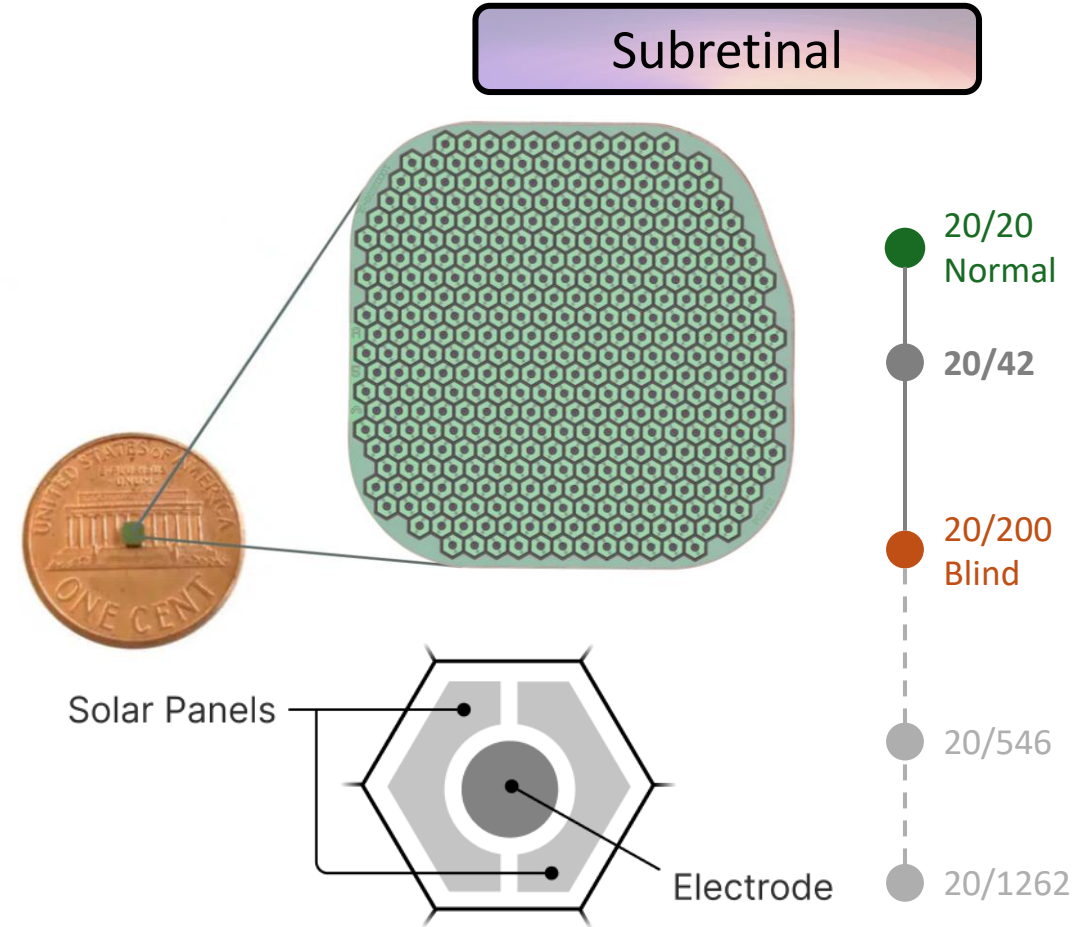
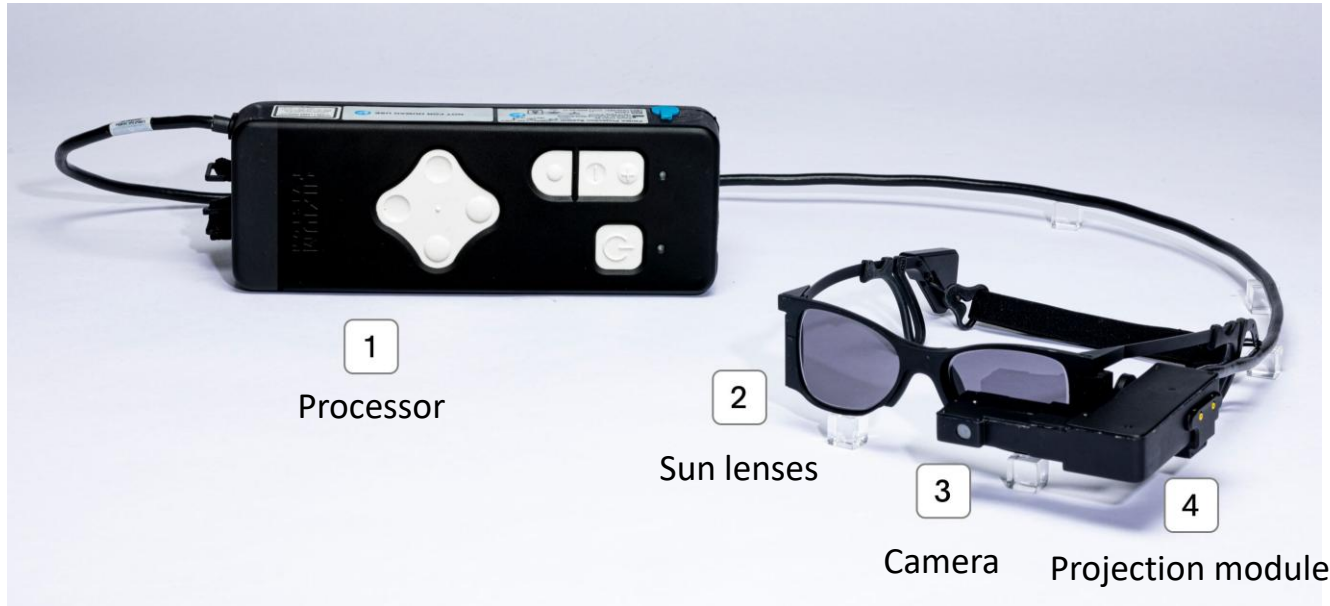
Alpha-AMS (Retina Implant AG, DE)

Subretinal



Current technologies and clinical trials

PRIMA (Pixium Vision, FR)



2010

1st Implantee

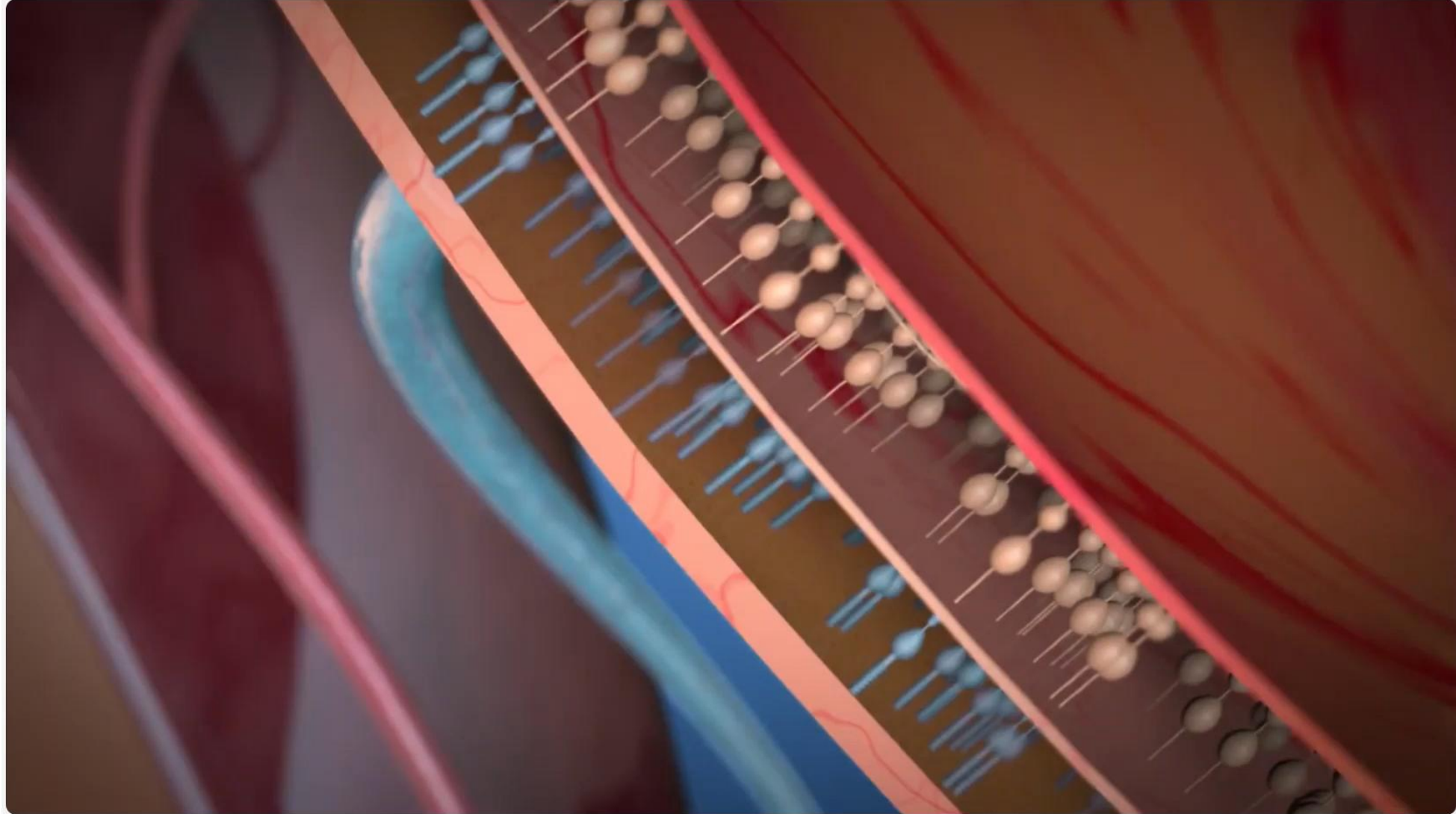
Regulatory review

2018

Today

Current technologies and clinical trials

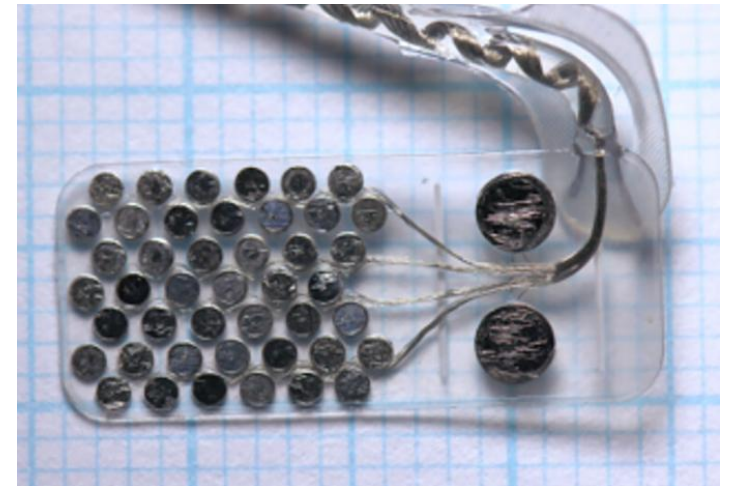
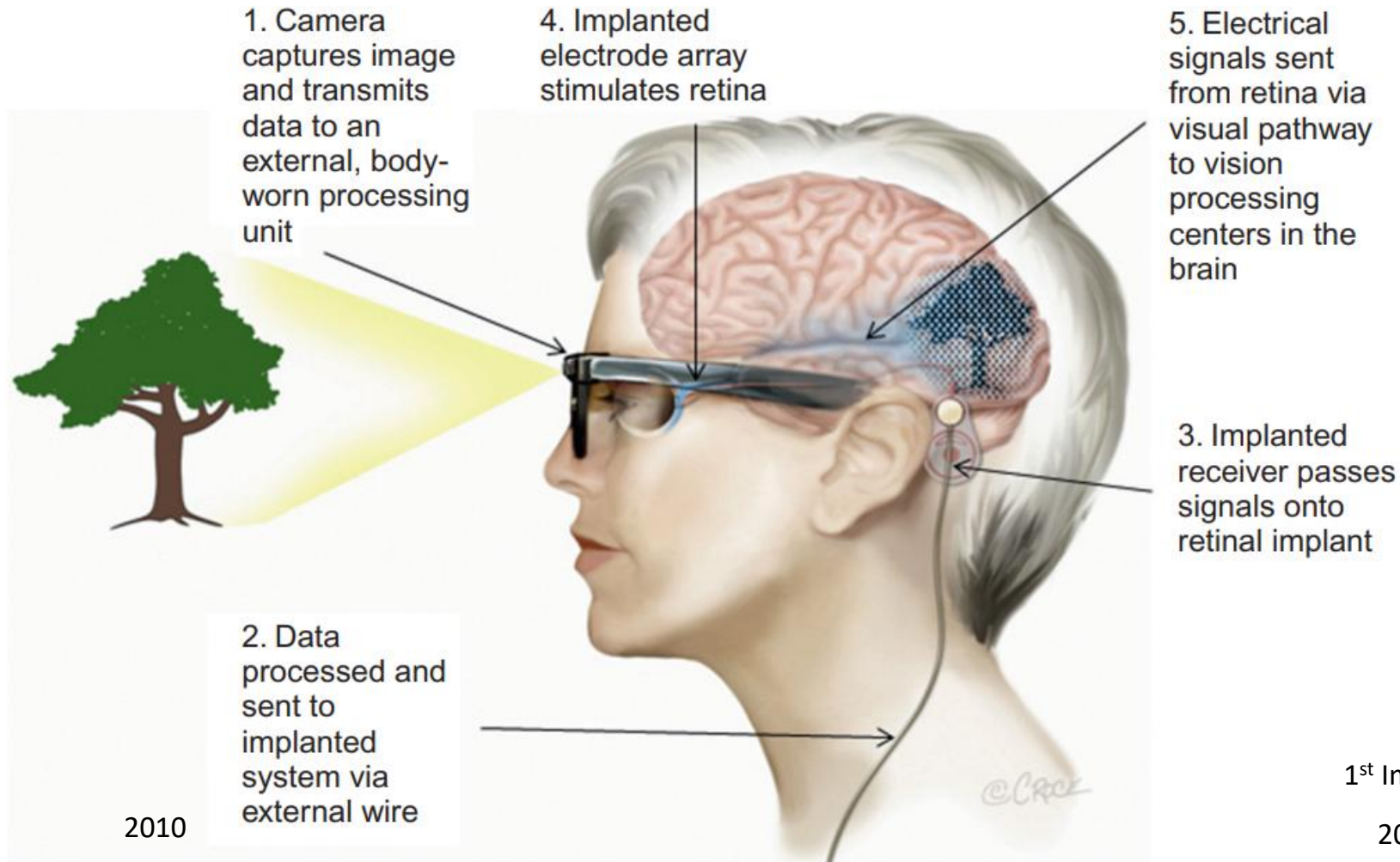
PRIMA (Pixium Vision, FR)



Current technologies and clinical trials

Bionic Eye System (Bionic Vision Technologies)

Suprachoroidal



1st Implantee

2018

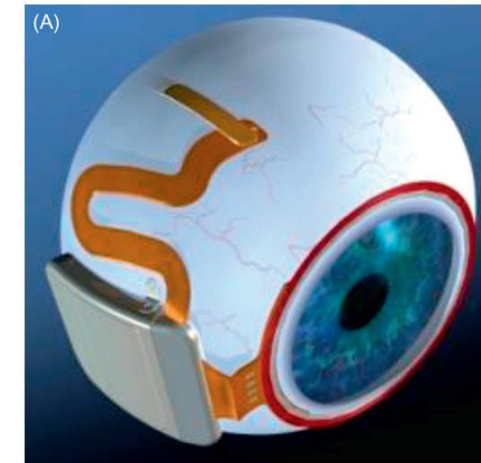
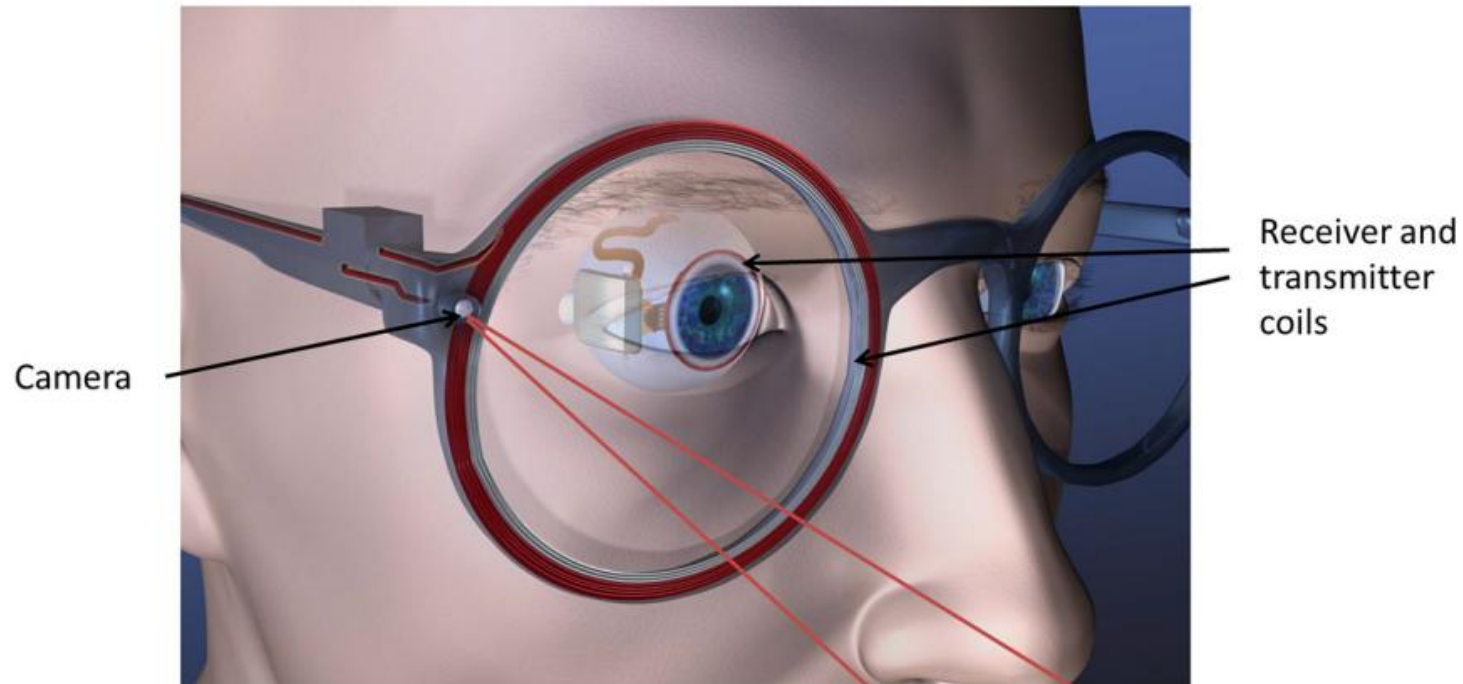
In development

Today

Current technologies and clinical trials

Boston Retinal Implant Project

Subretinal



2010

In development

Today

Future perspectives

Limitation and challenges

- ➡ Incomplete understanding of retinal degeneration
- ➡ Unknown long-term effects of chronic retinal stimulation
- ➡ Miniaturization of electrodes
- ➡ Limited eligible patient population

Future perspectives

Economic impact

AMD prevalence growing

(200 mil. Now → 288 mil. in 2040)

High costs (Argus II ~ 200'000USD)

Disappointing results

Promising emerging therapies

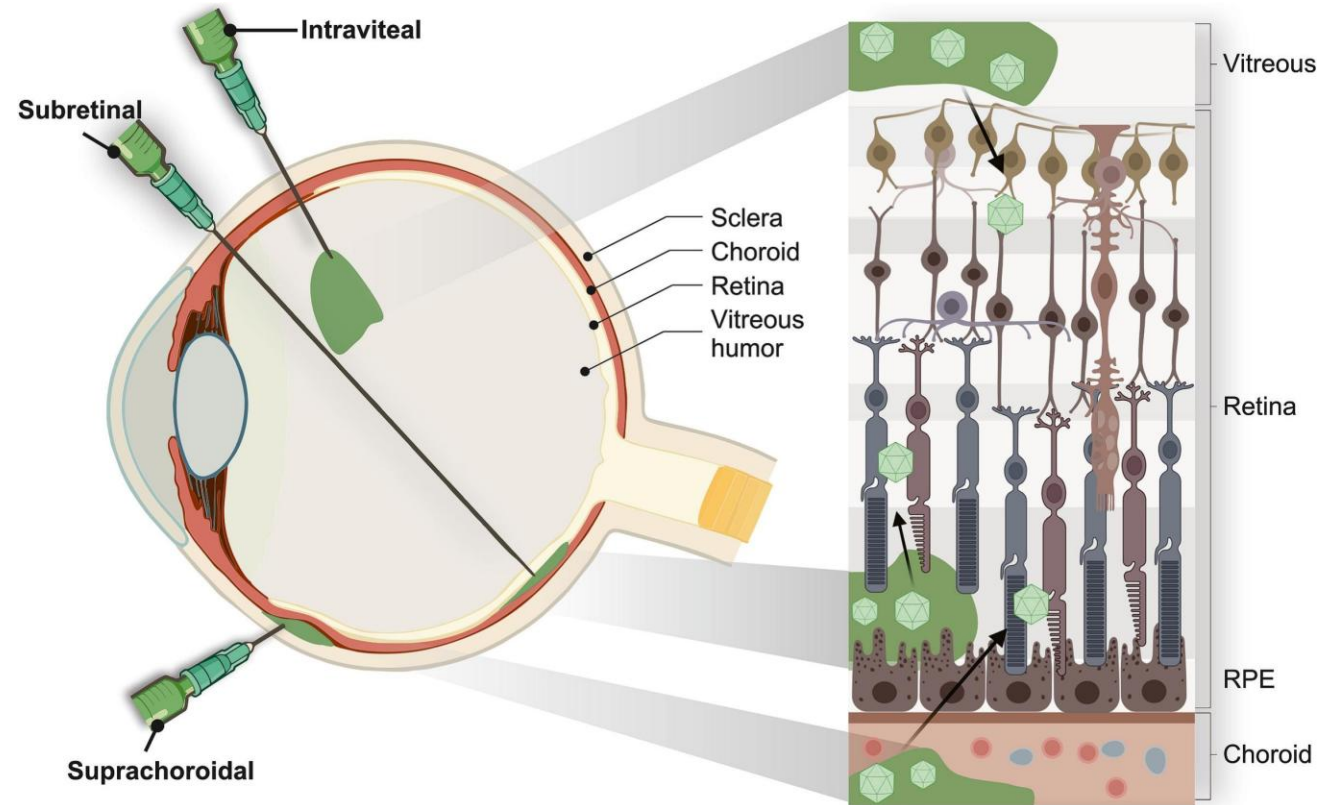
Future perspectives

Alternative emerging therapies

Gene therapy

➡ Using a viral vector to deliver a functional copy of the faulty gene

➡ FDA approved 2017
for RPE65



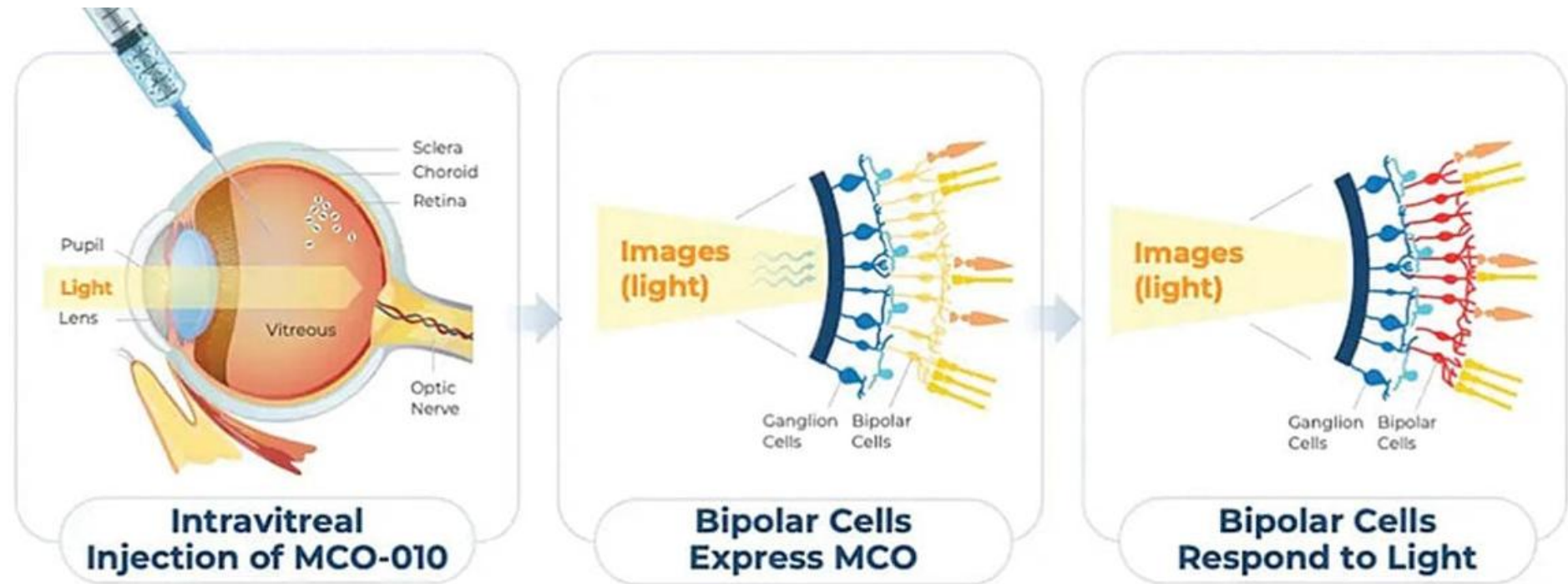
Future perspectives

Alternative emerging therapies

Optogenetics

➡ Turn non-light-sensitive cells into photoreceptors with optic proteins (opsins)

➡ Clinical trial



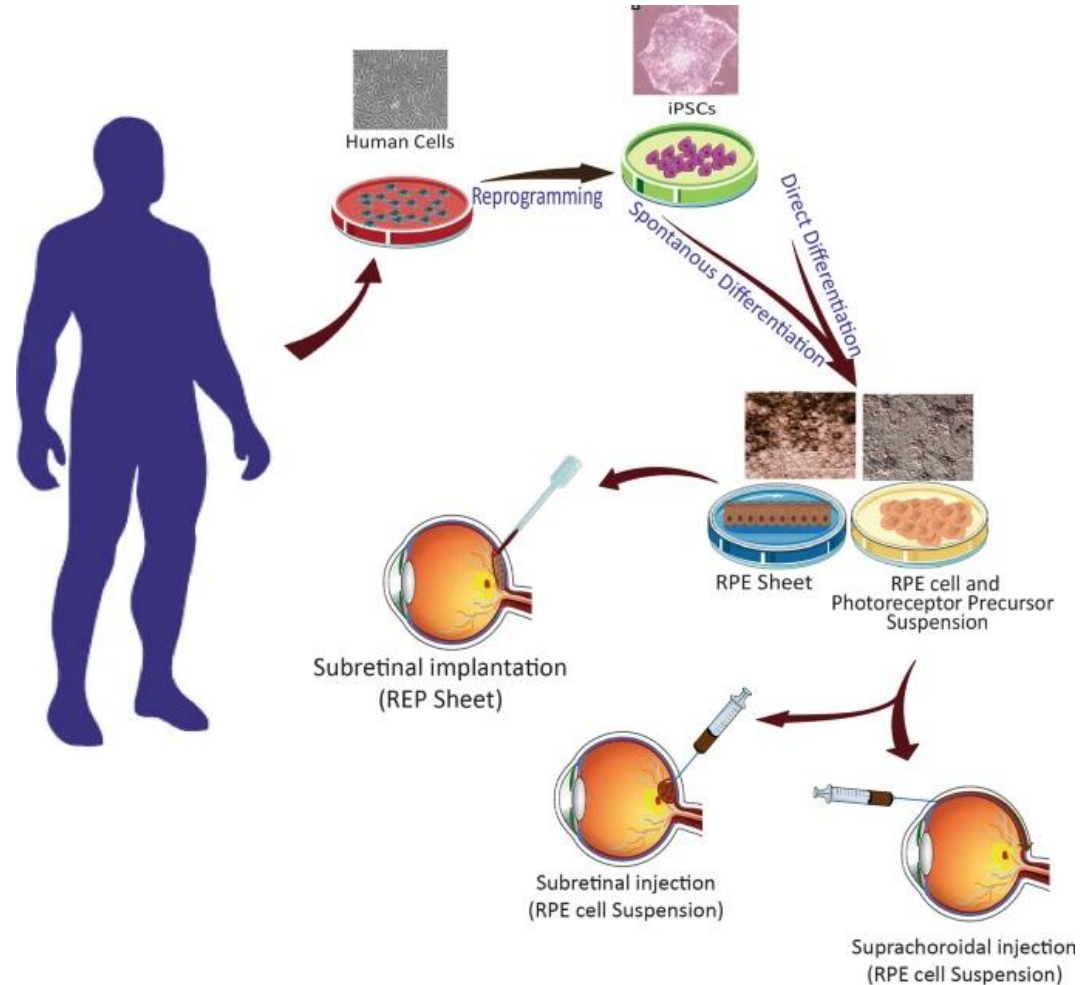
Future perspectives

Alternative emerging therapies

Stem cell therapy

➔ Use stem cells to replace damaged retinal cells

➔ Clinical trial



Conclusion

- Multiple technologies achieved regulatory approval and clinical use
- Technical limitations in electrode density and image resolution
- Economic pressures from emerging alternative therapies



Thank you for your attention