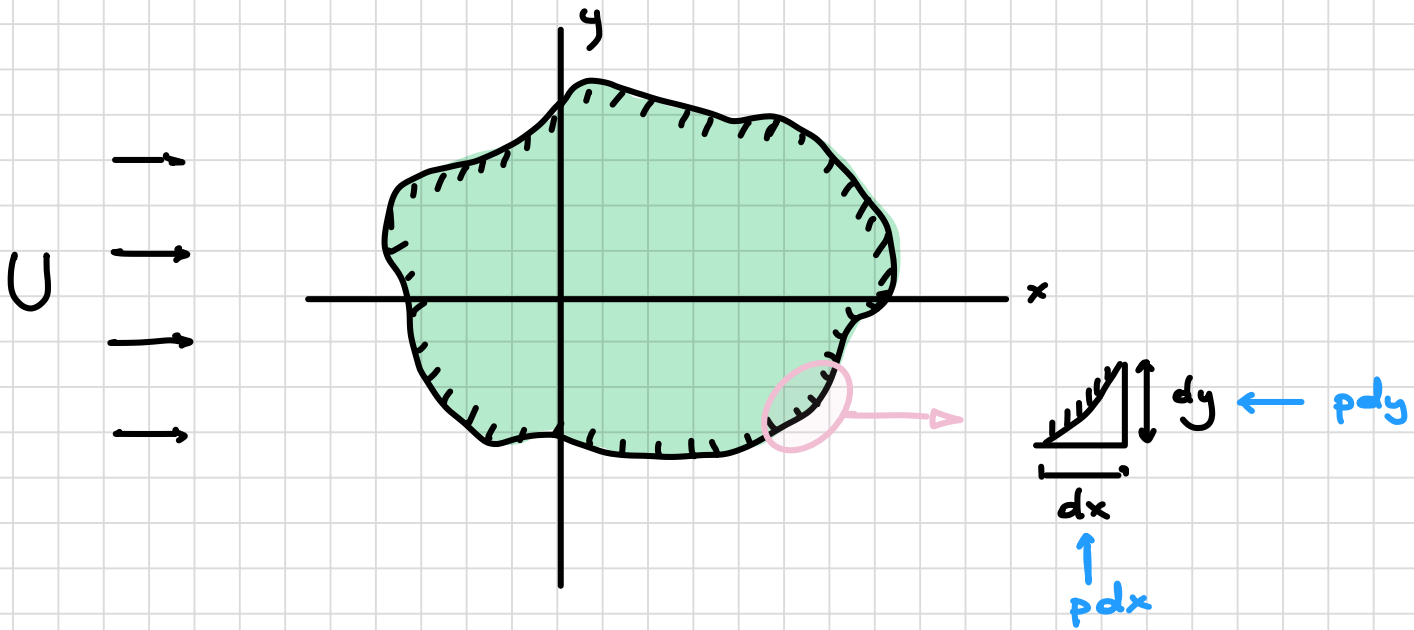


Forces on a 2D body in a potential flow



$$dF_x = -p dy \quad ; \quad dF_y = p dx$$

$$d\Pi = x dF_y - y dF_x = p(x dx + y dy)$$

$$d(F_x - iF_y) = -p dy - ip dx = -ip(dx - idy) = -ip d\bar{z}$$

$$d\Pi = p(x dx + y dy) = \operatorname{Re} \left\{ (x + iy)(dx - idy) p \right\} = \operatorname{Re} \left\{ p z d\bar{z} \right\}$$

$$p + \frac{1}{2} \rho U^2 = \text{cte} \quad \rightarrow \quad p = -\frac{1}{2} \rho U^2 = -\frac{1}{2} \rho \frac{dw}{dz} \frac{d\bar{w}}{d\bar{z}}$$

$$d(F_x - iF_y) = -ip d\bar{z} = i \frac{1}{2} \rho \frac{dw}{dz} \frac{d\bar{w}}{d\bar{z}} d\bar{z} = i \frac{1}{2} \rho \frac{dw}{dz} d\bar{w}$$

$$d\Pi = \operatorname{Re} \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \rho \frac{dw}{dz} \frac{d\bar{w}}{d\bar{z}} d\bar{z} z \right\} = \operatorname{Re} \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \rho z \frac{dw}{dz} d\bar{w} \right\}$$

Integration along body surface ^{pot flow} = streamline
 $d\eta = 0 \Rightarrow d\gamma = 0$

$$dw = d\eta + i d\gamma = d\eta = d\bar{w}$$

$$\frac{dw}{dz} d\bar{w} = \frac{dw}{dz} \frac{d\bar{w}}{dz} dz = \frac{dw}{dz} \frac{dw}{dz} dz = \left(\frac{dw}{dz}\right)^2 dz$$

$$\Rightarrow F_x - i F_y = i \frac{1}{2} \rho \oint \left(\frac{dw}{dz}\right)^2 dz$$

BLASIUS

$$M = \operatorname{Re} \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \rho \oint z \left(\frac{dw}{dz}\right)^2 dz \right\}$$

THEOREMS

Example

Cylinder with circulation:

$$w(z) = \frac{\mu u}{2\pi z} + U z - \frac{i\Gamma}{2\pi} \ln z \rightarrow z = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{2\pi U}}$$

$$= \frac{a^2 u}{z} + U z - \frac{i\Gamma}{2\pi} \ln z$$

$$\frac{dw}{dz} = -\frac{a^2 u}{z^2} + U - \frac{i\Gamma}{2\pi z} = U \left(1 - \frac{a^2}{z^2}\right) - \frac{i\Gamma}{2\pi z}$$

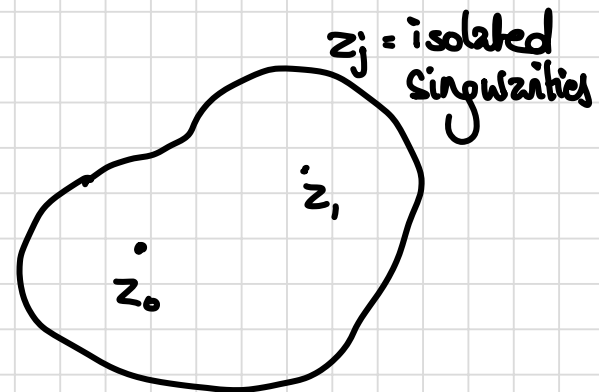
$$\left(\frac{dw}{dz}\right)^2 = U^2 \left(1 - \frac{2a^2}{z^2} + \frac{a^4}{z^4}\right) - \frac{\Gamma^2}{4\pi^2 z^2} - \frac{2i\Gamma U}{2\pi z} \left(1 - \frac{a^2}{z^2}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{dw}{dz}\right)^2 = U^2 \left(1 - \frac{2a^2}{z^2} + \frac{a^4}{z^4} \right) - \frac{\Gamma^2}{4\pi^2 z^2} - i \frac{\Gamma U}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{z} - \frac{a^2}{z^3} \right)$$

↳ Laurent series

$$F_x - iF_y = i \frac{1}{2} \rho \oint \left(\frac{dw}{dz}\right)^2 dz$$

$$\begin{aligned} \oint \left(\frac{dw}{dz}\right)^2 dz &= 2\pi i \sum_{z_j} \text{residues} \\ &= 2\pi i \left(-\frac{i\Gamma U}{\pi} \right) \end{aligned}$$



Cauchy's residue theorem.

$$\rightarrow F_x - iF_y = i \frac{1}{2} \rho \left(2\pi \frac{\Gamma U}{\pi} \right) = i\rho\Gamma U$$

$$\Rightarrow F_x = \text{drag force} = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$F_y = \text{lift force} = -\rho\Gamma U \quad \checkmark$$

$$f(z) = \dots + \frac{a_{-2}}{(z-z_0)^2} + \overset{\text{residue}}{\frac{a_{-1}}{(z-z_0)}} + a_0 + a_1(z-z_0) + a_2(z-z_0)^2 + \dots$$

(Laurent series)

$z_0 = \text{singularity}$

$$\Pi = \text{Re} \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \rho \oint z \left(\frac{dw}{dz}\right)^2 dz \right\}$$

$$= \text{Re} \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \rho \left(2\pi i \left(-2a^2 U^2 - \frac{\Gamma^2}{4\pi^2} \right) \right) \right\} = 0 \quad \checkmark$$