

◆ **Exercice 1. Yoneda product.** Let R be a ring, $n \geq 2$ and consider two R -modules A and B . An n -fold extension ξ is an exact sequence

$$0 \rightarrow B \rightarrow E_n \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow E_1 \rightarrow A \rightarrow 0$$

We define the *Yoneda composition product* of the n -fold extension ξ of A by B , and the m -fold extension ξ' of B by C to be the $(n+m)$ -fold extension of A by C obtained by splicing together ξ and ξ' .

1. Choose a non-trivial (1-fold) extension ξ of \mathbb{F}_2 by \mathbb{F}_2 in the category of $\mathbb{F}_2 C_2$ -modules and show that the iterated composition product with itself determines non-trivial n -fold extensions giving $\text{Ext}_{\mathbb{F}_2 C_2}^*(\mathbb{F}_2, \mathbb{F}_2)$ the structure of a polynomial algebra $\mathbb{F}_2[\xi]$.
2. What happens with $\text{Ext}_{\mathbb{Z} C_2}^*(\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z})$? Do the necessary adjustments to compute the ring structure.
3. Show that the reduction mod 2 functor $-\otimes_{\mathbb{Z} C_2} \mathbb{F}_2 C_2$ is left adjoint to the “restriction” functor $r^*: \mathbb{F}_2 C_2\text{-Mod} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z} C_2\text{-Mod}$ given by considering a $\mathbb{F}_2 C_2$ -module as a $\mathbb{Z} C_2$ -module via the reduction mod 2. See also Exercise 3, Sheet 3, for a more general statement.
4. Compute $\mathbb{Z} \otimes_{\mathbb{Z} C_2} \mathbb{F}_2 C_2$ and conclude that $\text{Ext}_{\mathbb{F}_2 C_2}^*(\mathbb{F}_2, \mathbb{F}_2)$ is isomorphic to $\text{Ext}_{\mathbb{Z} C_2}^*(\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{F}_2) = H^*(C_2; \mathbb{F}_2)$.

◆ **Exercice 2. The cohomology of cyclic groups.** Let p be an odd prime and C_p be a cyclic group of order p .

1. Define a free action of C_p on S^1 and describe a cellular decomposition of the circle that yields an exact sequence $0 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow F_1 \xrightarrow{d_1} F_0 \xrightarrow{\varepsilon} \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow 0$ of $\mathbb{Z}G$ -modules, where F_0 and F_1 are free and both copies of \mathbb{Z} are trivial modules.
2. Compute $H^0(C_p; \mathbb{Z} C_p)$ and prove that $H^n(C_p; \mathbb{Z} C_p) = 0$ for all $n > 0$.
3. Decompose the above exact sequence into two short exact sequences of $\mathbb{Z} C_p$ -modules and construct a composition of two connecting homomorphisms

$$\beta: \mathbb{Z} \cong H^0(C_p; \mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow H^1(C_p; \mathbb{Z} C_p) \cong H^2(C_p; \mathbb{Z})$$

We call $v = \beta(1)$.

4. Likewise, show that such connecting homomorphisms induce isomorphisms $H^k(C_p; M) \cong H^{k+2}(C_p; M)$ for any $k > 0$ and $M = \mathbb{Z}$ and $M = \mathbb{F}_p$.
5. We will see in class that $\beta(x) = v \cup x$. Prove that $H^*(C_p; \mathbb{F}_p)$ is isomorphic to $E(u) \otimes \mathbb{F}_p[\bar{v}]$, where $E(u) = \mathbb{F}_p[u]/(u^2)$ is an exterior algebra and \bar{v} is the mod p reduction of v .

Exercise 3. Periodic resolutions. Let $0 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow F_{2n-1} \xrightarrow{d_{2n-1}} F_{2n-2} \rightarrow \dots \xrightarrow{d_1} F_0 \xrightarrow{\varepsilon} \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow 0$ be an exact sequence of $\mathbb{Z}G$ -modules, where all F_i 's are free and \mathbb{Z} is the trivial module (this could come for example from a free action of G on S^{2n-1}). Let M be a $\mathbb{Z}G$ -module.

1. Prove that tensoring this sequence with M yields an exact sequence.
2. Show that $F_i \otimes M$ with the diagonal action is isomorphic to $F_i \otimes U(M)$ where U forgets the G -action on M . In particular $F_i \otimes M$ is free over $\mathbb{Z}G$ if $U(M)$ is a free \mathbb{Z} -module.
3. Decompose the exact sequence from part 1 into $2n$ short exact sequences and show that there is an iterated connecting homomorphism $\beta: H^i(G; M) \rightarrow H^{i+2n}(G; M)$ which is an isomorphism for any $i > 0$ and a surjection for $i = 0$.

Extra information. Over a finite group induced and coinduced modules coincide, so $H^n(G; -)$ vanishes in fact for $n > 0$ on any induced module such as $F_i \otimes U(M)$.

4. Let $v = \beta(1)$ be the image of $1 \in H^0(G; \mathbb{Z})$. Show that β is given by the cup product $v \cup -$.
5. Illustrate this with the example of Q_8 from Week 6.

◆ indicates the two oral presentations for 3 November 2025, to be presented by two pairs. Each presentation will last 25 minutes, followed by questions from students and staff.