

Problem 1 If $T \sim t_{n-p}$, find the distribution of T^2 .

Problem 2 If X_1, X_2 are independent with density $\lambda \exp(-\lambda x)$ for $x > 0$ and $\lambda > 0$, use moment-generating functions to show that $\varepsilon = X_1 - X_2$ has density $(\lambda/2) \exp(-\lambda|\varepsilon|)$ for $\varepsilon \in \mathbb{R}$, and find the moments of ε . Hence say what value of λ ensures that $\text{var}(\varepsilon) = \sigma^2$. Under what circumstances do you think this might be a useful density for the errors in a regression model?

Problem 3 The straight-line regression model has uncorrelated observations $y_j \sim (\beta_0 + \beta_1 x_j, \sigma^2)$, where $j = 1, \dots, n$ and the x_j are real scalars.

(a) What problem arises if x_1, \dots, x_n are all equal? If this is not the case, show that

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = \frac{\sum(x_j - \bar{x})y_j}{\sum(x_j - \bar{x})^2}, \quad \hat{\beta}_0 = \bar{y} - \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x}, \quad h_{jj} = \frac{1}{n} + \frac{(x_j - \bar{x})^2}{\sum_i(x_i - \bar{x})^2}, \quad j = 1, \dots, n,$$

where $\bar{x} = n^{-1} \sum x_j$ and $\bar{y} = n^{-1} \sum y_j$.

(b) If the design points are equally-spaced, i.e., $x_j = cj$ for some non-zero c , show that $\bar{x} = c(n+1)/2$ and $\sum(x_j - \bar{x})^2 = c^2 n(n+1)(n-1)/12$, and deduce that

$$\max_j h_{jj} = h_{nn} = \frac{1}{n} + \frac{3(n-1)}{n(n+1)}.$$

(c) If $x_j = c2^j$ for some non-zero c , show that

$$\bar{x} = c2(2^n - 1)/n, \quad \sum(x_j - \bar{x})^2 = c^2 \left\{ \frac{4}{3}(4^n - 1) - \frac{4^{n+1} + 4 - 2^{n+3}}{n} \right\},$$

and deduce that $\max_j h_{jj} = h_{nn} \rightarrow 3/4$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$.

(d) Sketch the designs in (b) and (c), and discuss the limiting distribution of $\hat{\beta}$ in each case.