

# HEIF

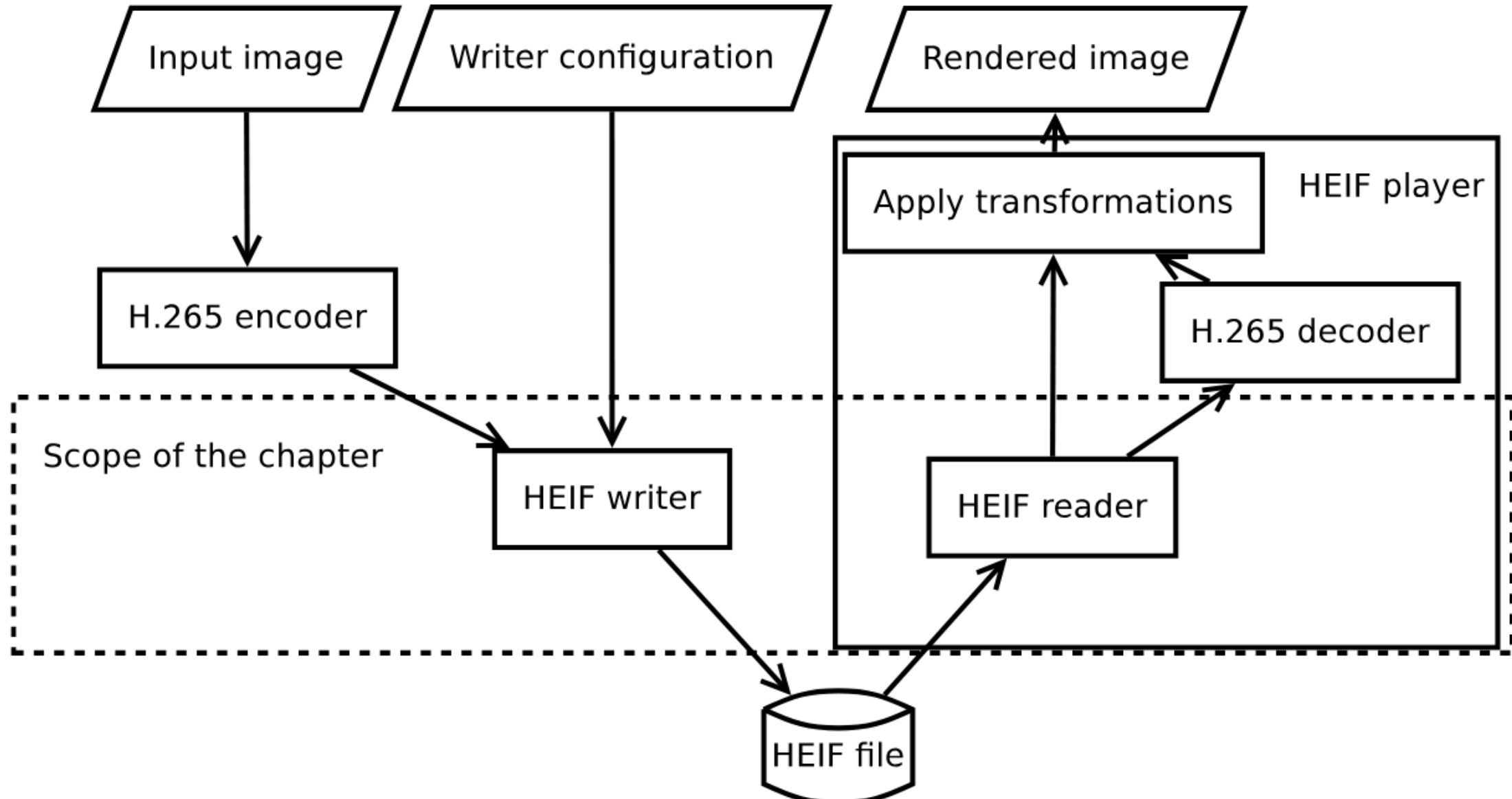
High Efficiency Image File Format

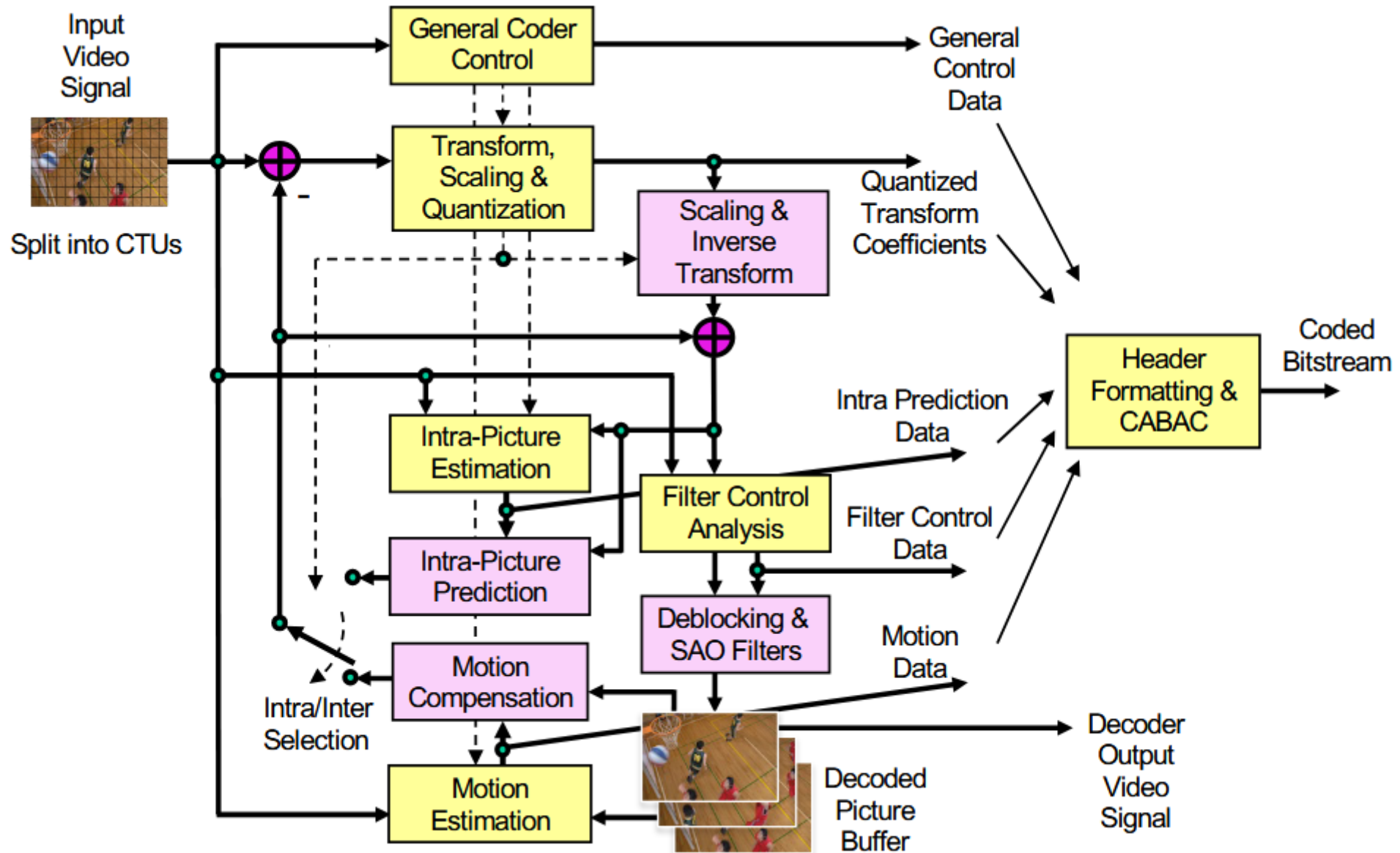
# MPEG-H



- Part-2: HEVC (H.265) published in 2013
- Part-12: Image file format (HEIF) published in 2015
- Both developed by ITU-T Video Coding Experts Group and ISO/IEC Moving Picture Experts Group (MPEG)

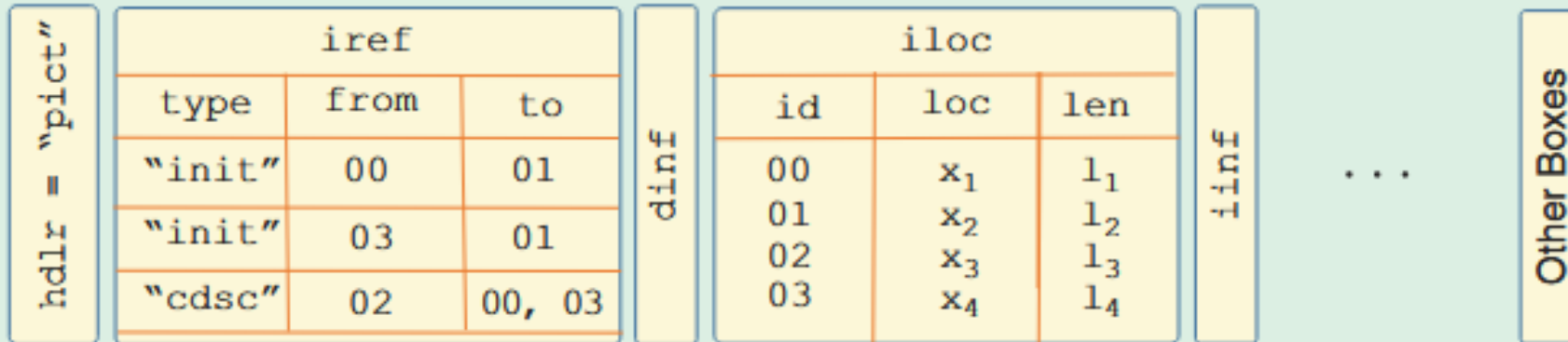
# Block Diagram





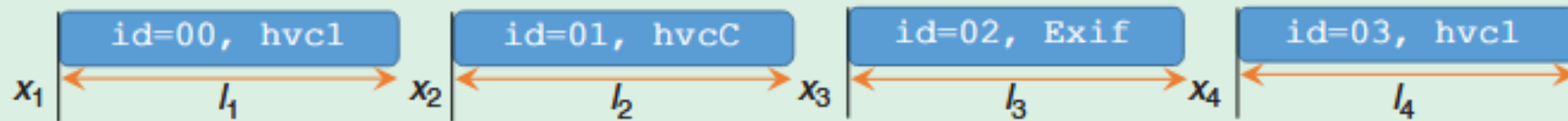
"ftyp": Declares the Brands Included in the File

"meta": A Container for Boxes that Provide Information About Items



- hdlr: Declare the Format of the Contents of the "meta" Box
- iref: Typed References that Link Items Stored in the File
- dinf: Declares the Location of Items (in the File or External to the File)
- iloc: Locating Items, Their Offsets and Length
- iinf: Provide Additional Information About Stored Items

"mdat"/"idat": A Container for Coded Data Bytes



**[TABLE 3] A MAPPING OF BRANDS SPECIFIED IN THE HEIF STANDARD TO THE CODING FORMAT, THE TYPE OF THE BRAND (A STILL IMAGE BRAND OR AN IMAGE SEQUENCE BRAND), THE RESPECTIVE MIME SUBTYPE, AND THE RECOMMENDED FILE NAME EXTENSION.**

<b>BRAND</b>	<b>CODING FORMAT</b>	<b>TYPE</b>	<b>MIME SUBTYPE</b>	<b>FILE EXTENSION</b>
mif1	ANY	IMAGE	heif	.heif
msf1	ANY	SEQUENCE	heif-sequence	.heif
heic	HEVC (MAIN OR MAIN STILL PICTURE PROFILE)	IMAGE	heic	.heic
heix	HEVC (MAIN 10 OR FORMAT RANGE EXTENSIONS PROFILE)	IMAGE	heic	.heic
hevc	HEVC (MAIN OR MAIN STILL PICTURE PROFILE)	SEQUENCE	heic-sequence	.heic
hevx	HEVC (MAIN 10 OR FORMAT RANGE EXTENSIONS PROFILE)	SEQUENCE	heic-sequence	.heic

# Libheif



x265

- Version 1.20.2
- Only support 23008-12:2017 and partially 23008-12:2022
- Developed by Struktur AG and Dirk Farin
- Use libde265 1.0.16 for decoding
- Use x256 for encoding 4.1+1 by MulticoreWare
  
- Can generate lossless and lossy images

# PSNR

## Peak signal-to-noise ratio

$$MSE = \frac{1}{mn} \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} [I(i,j) - K(i,j)]^2$$

$$PSNR = 10 \log_{10} \left( \frac{MAX_I^2}{MSE} \right) = 20 \log_{10}(MAX_I) - 10 \log_{10}(MSE)$$

```
# Constant for numerical stability
EPS = 1e-8

x = x / float(data_range)
y = y / float(data_range)

if (x.size(1) == 3) and convert_to_grayscale:
    # Convert RGB image to YIQ and take Luminance: Y = 0.299 R + 0.587 G + 0.114 B
    rgb_to_grey = torch.tensor([0.299, 0.587, 0.114], device=x.device, dtype=x.dtype).
    view(1, -1, 1, 1)
    x = torch.sum(x * rgb_to_grey, dim=1, keepdim=True)
    y = torch.sum(y * rgb_to_grey, dim=1, keepdim=True)

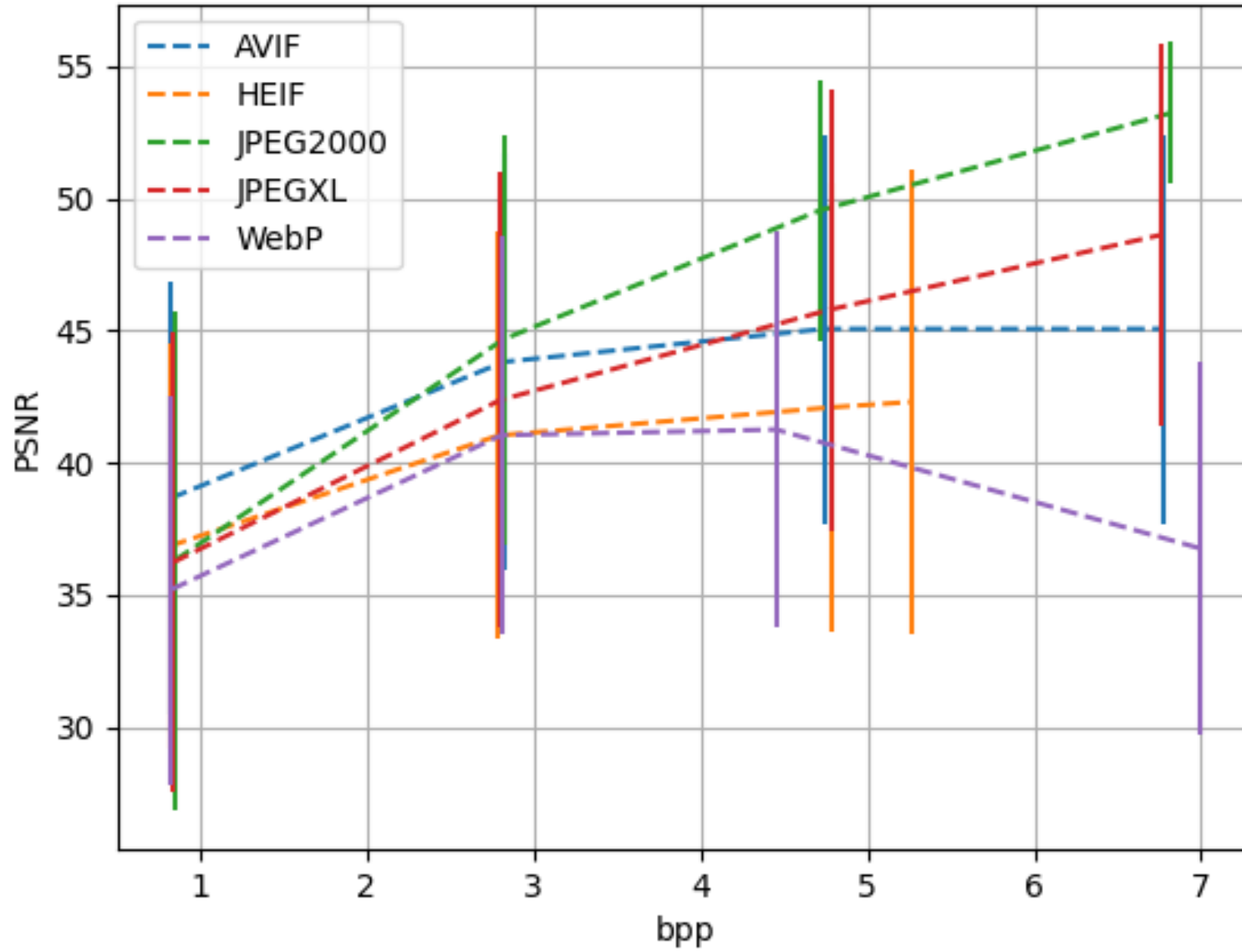
mse = torch.mean((x - y) ** 2, dim=[1, 2, 3])
score: torch.Tensor = - 10 * torch.log10(mse + EPS)

return _reduce(score, reduction)
```

```
mse1 = np.mean((conv/255-lossless/255)**2)
psnr1 = -10*np.log10(mse1)

mse2 = np.mean((conv-lossless)**2)
psnr2 = 20*np.log10(255)-10*np.log10(mse2)
```

# PSNR





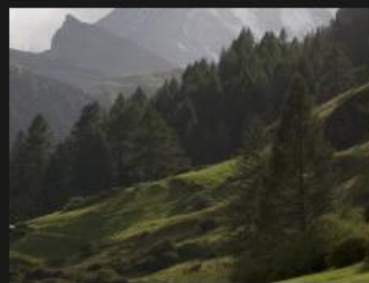
00002\_853x945.png



00003\_945x840.png



00007\_1600x1200.png



00009\_2048x1536.png



00010\_2592x1946.png



apple\_tree\_1365\_2048.png



bridge\_1848\_1224.png



celebration\_2048\_1365.png



crosswalk\_backlight\_2048\_1360.png



neon\_2048\_1365.png



night\_event\_1463\_2048.png



portrait\_veil\_1391\_2048.png



rapeseed\_field\_2048\_1365.png

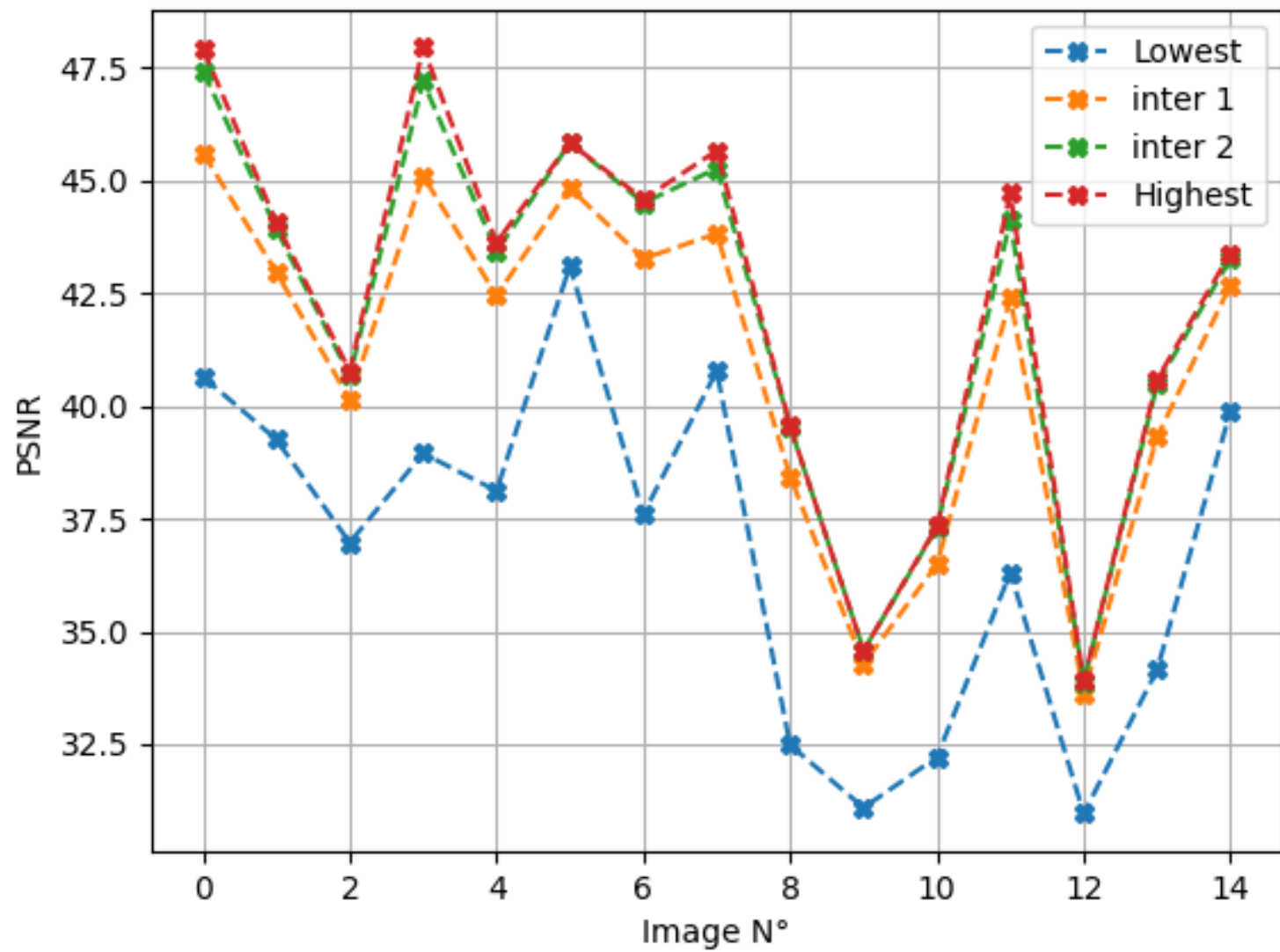


street\_dusk\_2048\_1135.png

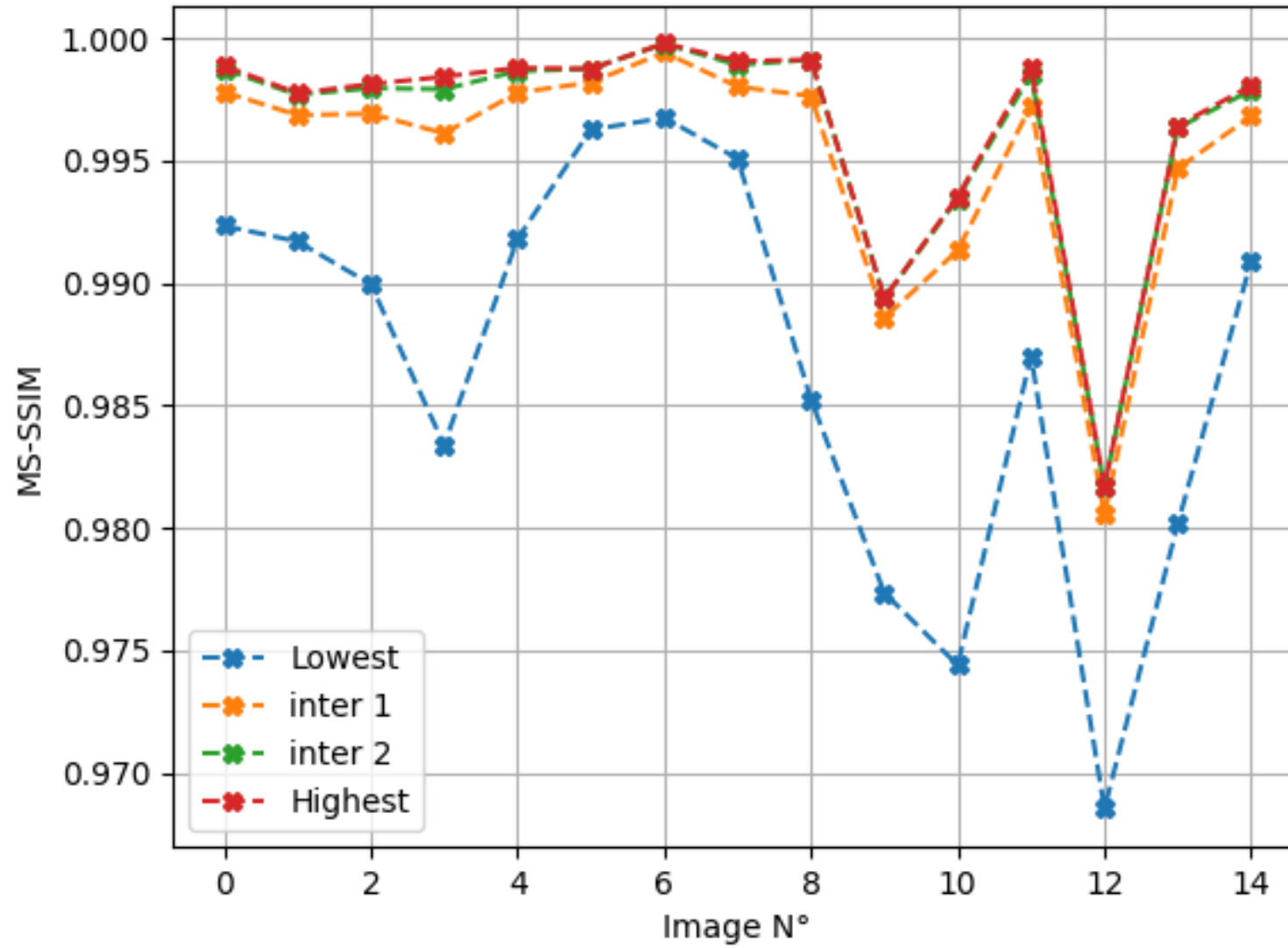


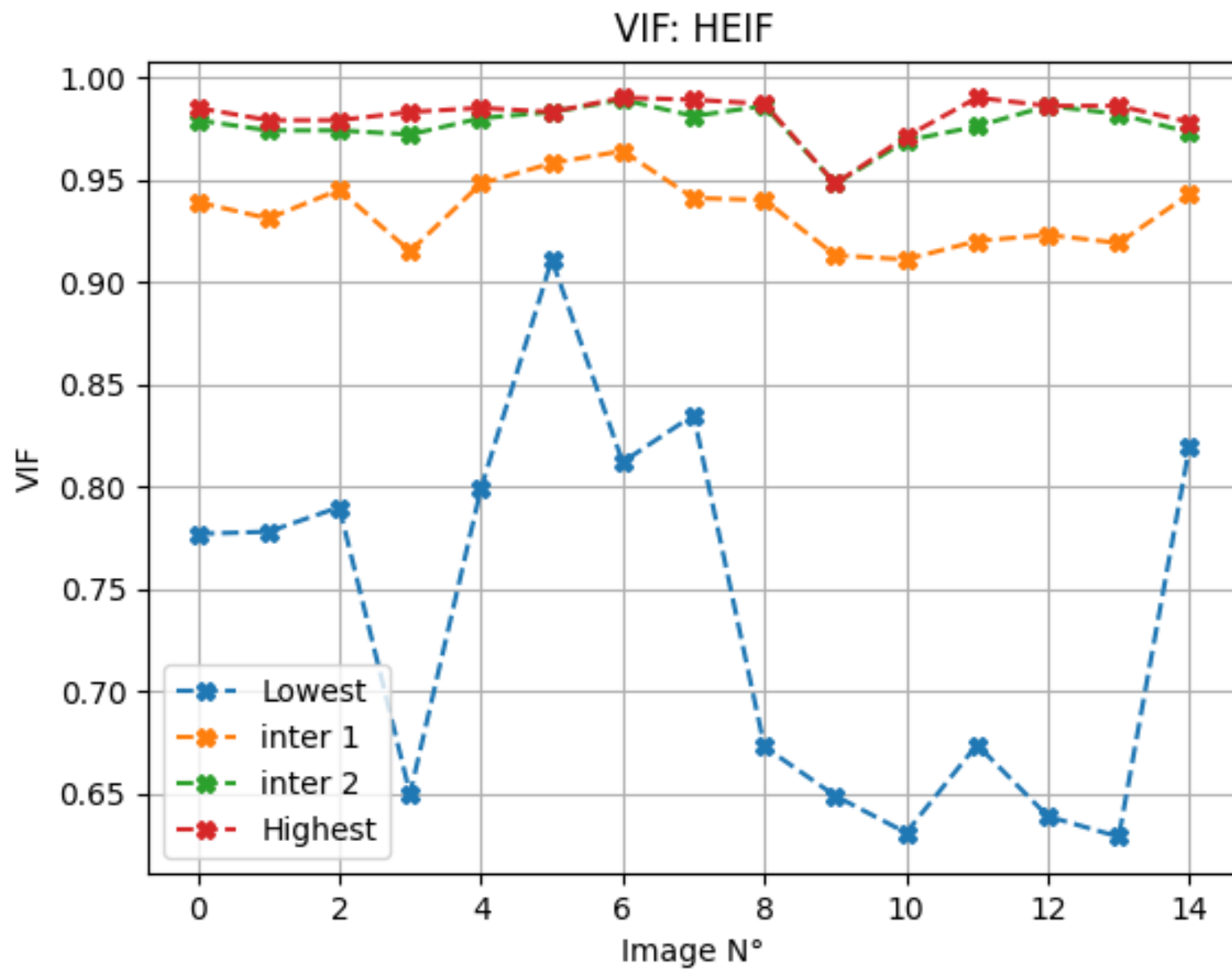
video\_game\_2048\_1152.png

PSNR: HEIF

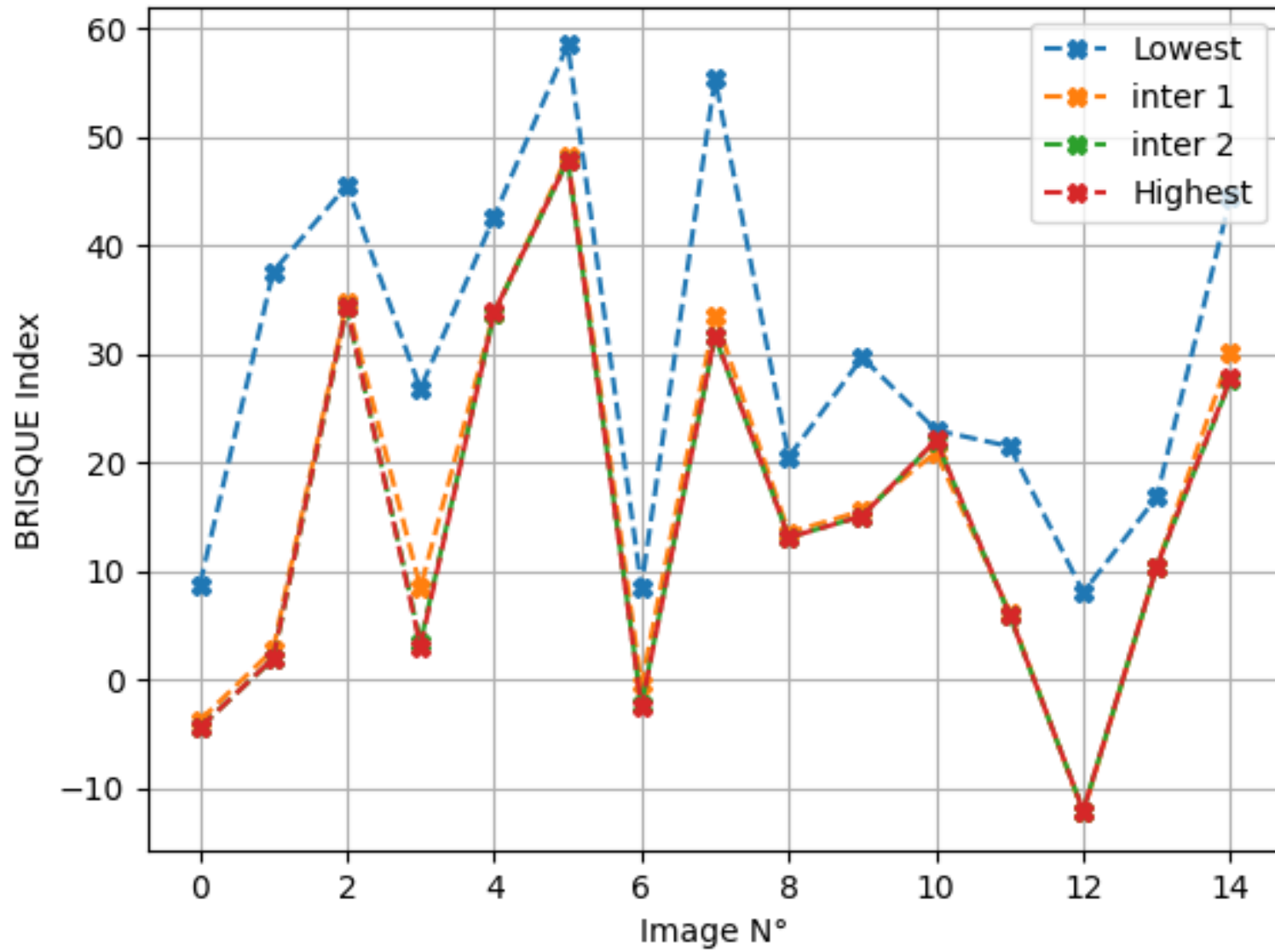


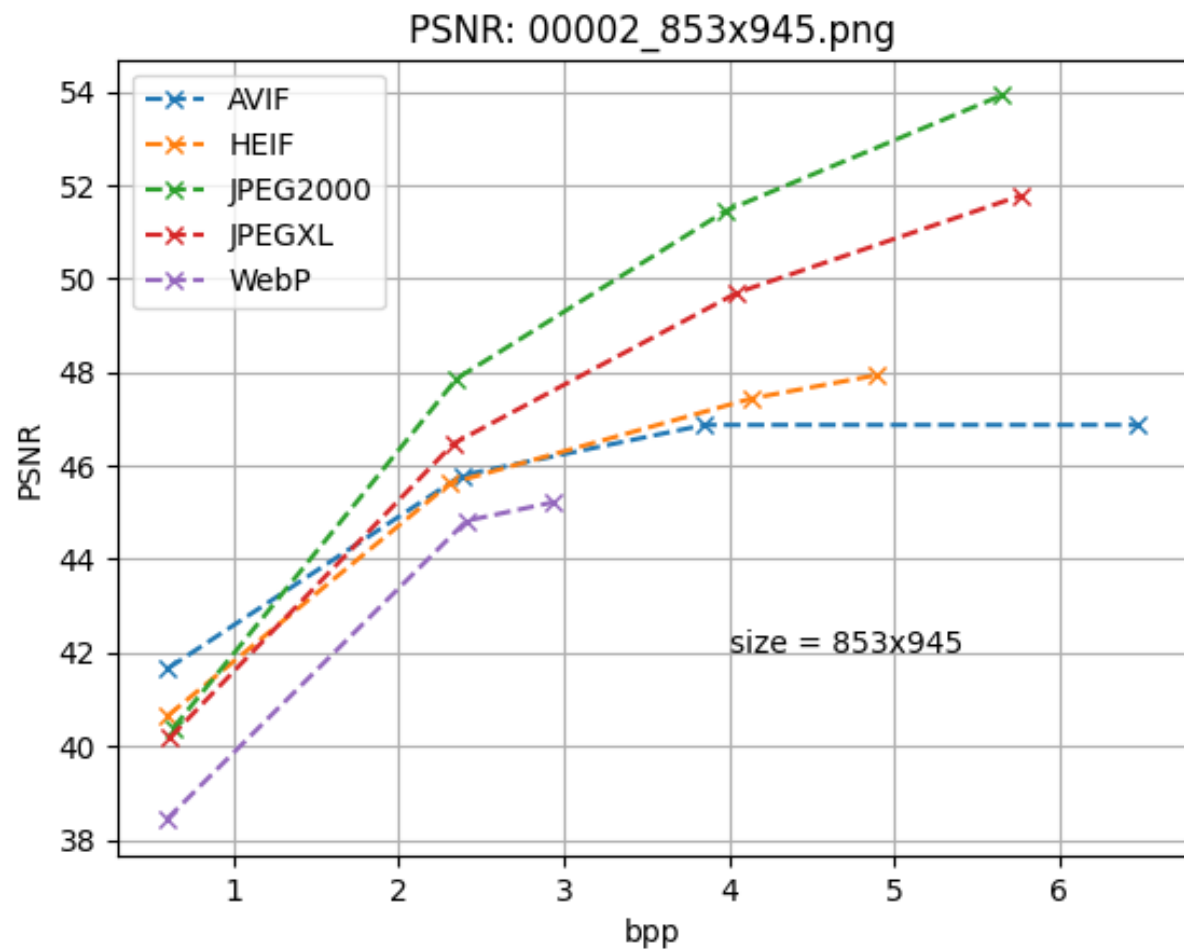
MS-SSIM: HEIF



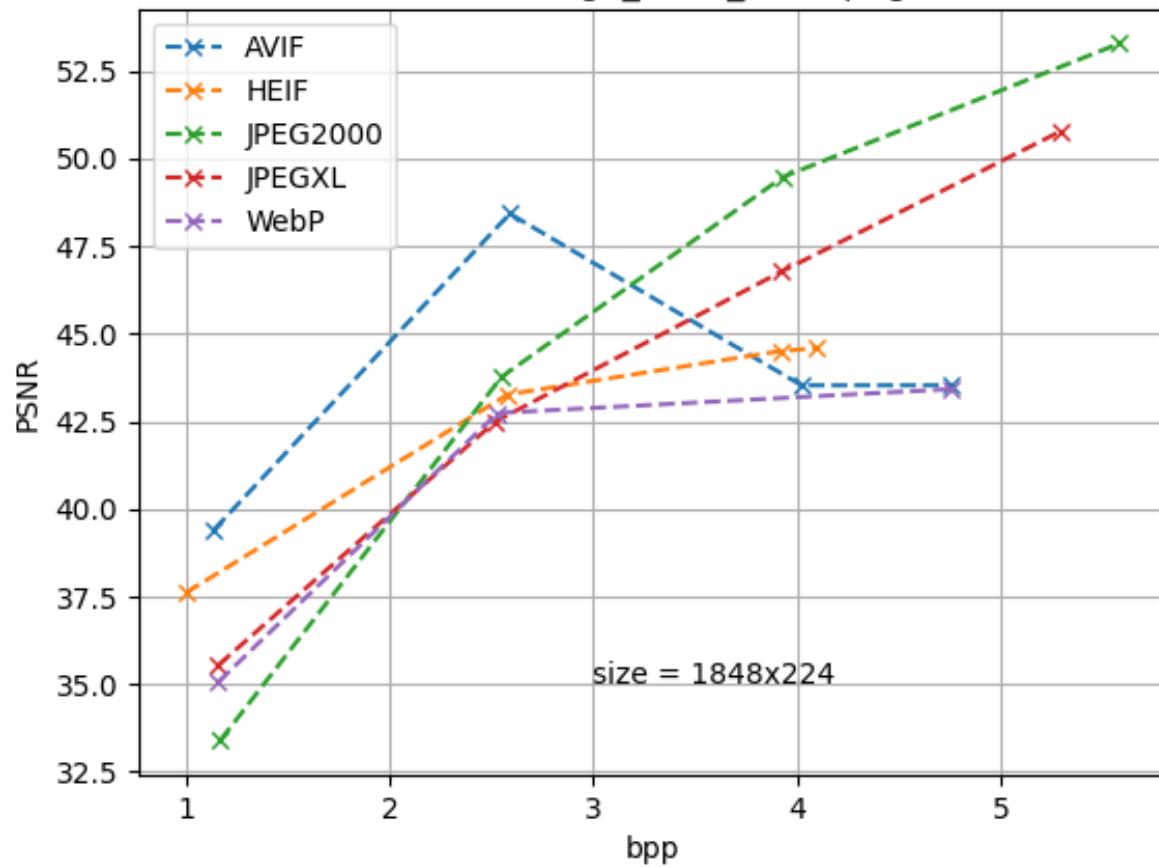


BRISQUE: HEIF

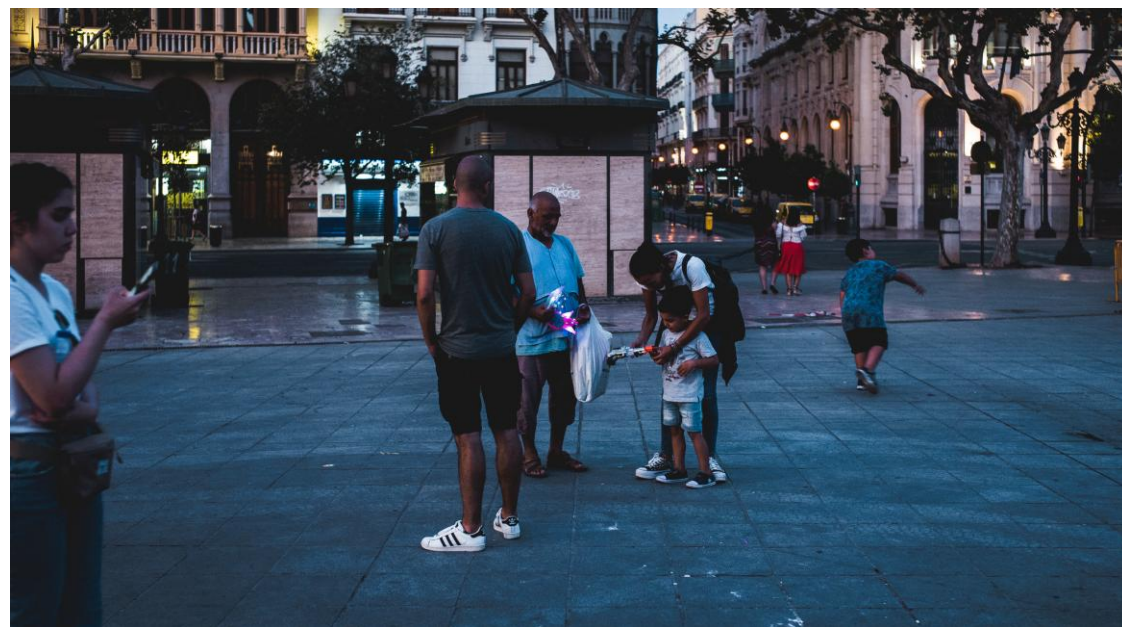
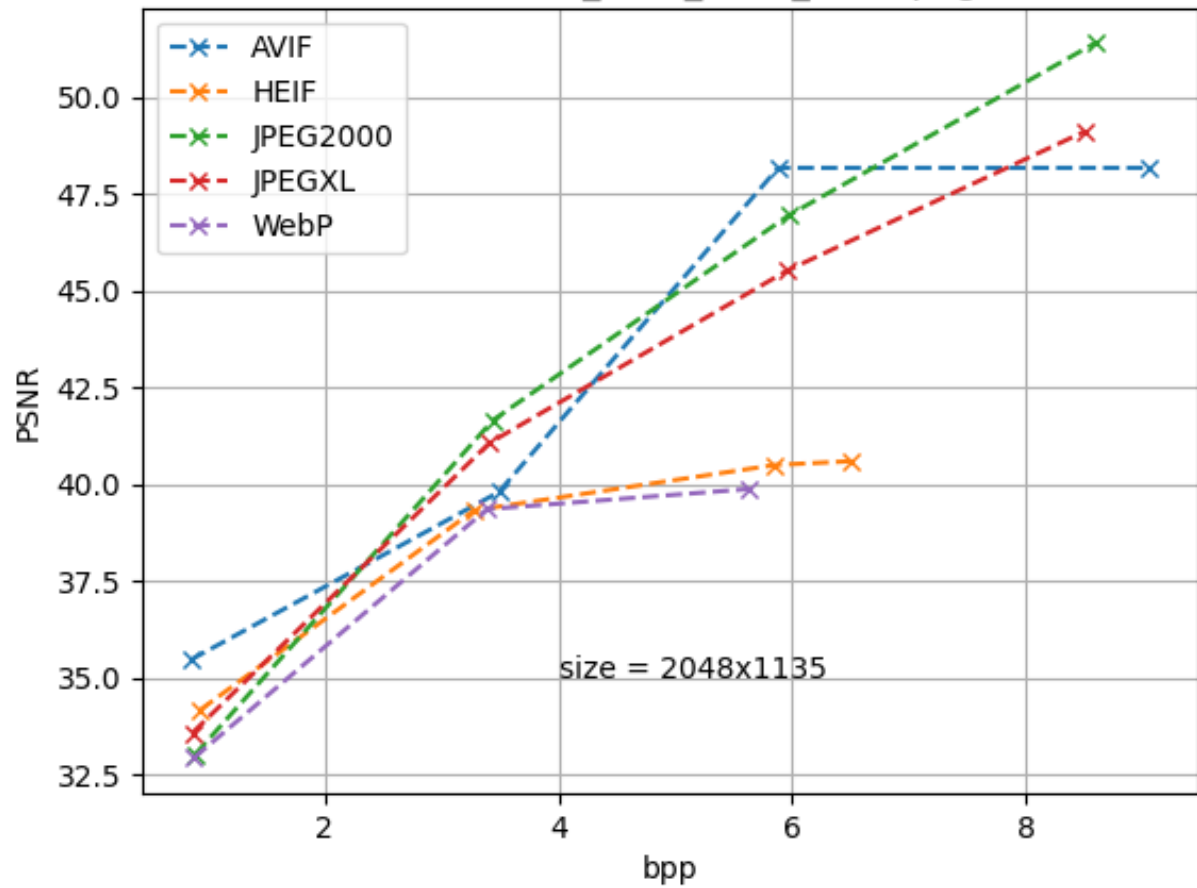


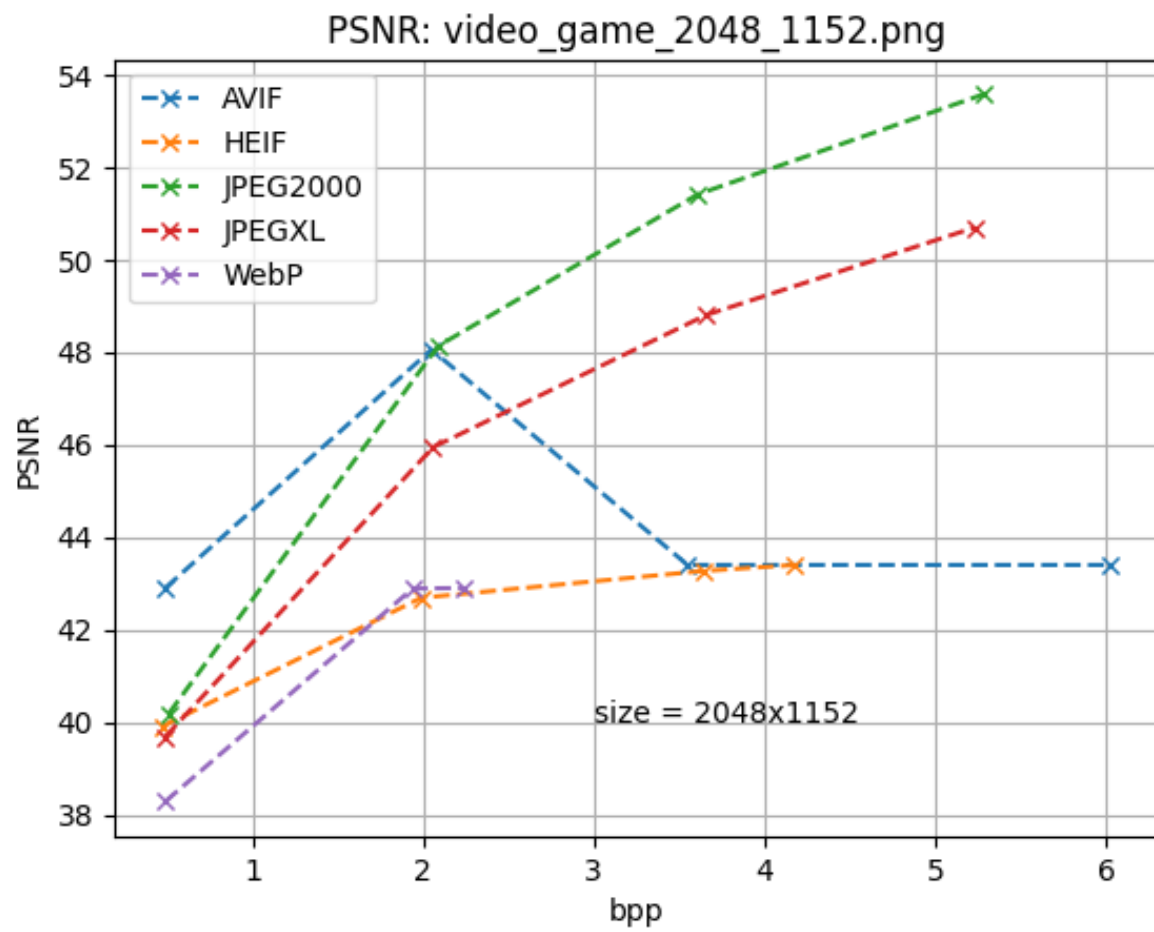


PSNR: bridge\_1848\_1224.png



PSNR: street\_dusk\_2048\_1135.png





# Conclusion

- Smaller than JPEG
- Worse than JPEG2000 and JPEG XL
- 1s for encoding
- 0.75s for decoding in png