

Survey n° 5-a

Cryptography and Security 2025

Full Name: _____

SCIPER: _____

1. Which of the following is a standard property for cryptographic hash functions
 - Unforgeability; One-wayness; Integrity; Robustness.

2. To achieve 128-bit security, we would need a hash function with digest size at least:
 - 128-bits for preimage attacks, and 64 bits for collision attacks.
 - 256-bits for preimage attacks, and 256 bits for collision attacks.
 - 128-bits for preimage attacks, and 256 bits for collision attacks.
 - 128-bits for preimage attacks, and 128 bits for collision attacks.

3. Which of the following best describes Figure 1?
 - Decryption of Encrypt-then-Mac. Decryption of Encrypt-and-Mac.
 - Decryption of Mac-then-Encrypt. Decryption of Encrypt-or-Mac.

4. Which of the following describes the (computationally) binding property for a commitment scheme com ?
 - For a known m , and unknown r , $\text{com}(m; r)$ is indistinguishable from random;
 - For any m and c $\Pr_r[\text{com}(m; r) = c]$ is negligible;
 - Given $\text{com}(m; r)$ it is computationally infeasible to recover m ;
 - It is computationally infeasible to find m_1, m_2, r_1, r_2 , with $m_1 \neq m_2$ such that $\text{com}(m_1; r_1) = \text{com}(m_2; r_2)$.

5. Which one of those hash functions is not considered secure in 2025 ?
 - SHA1 SHA256 SHA3 Poly1305

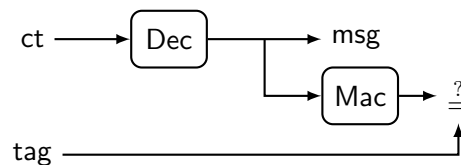


Figure 1