

FORMULAE – LECTURE 5
 

---

**Hardening Elasto-Plasticity**


---

Basic ingredients:

1. Strain decomposition  $\delta \varepsilon_{ij} = \delta \varepsilon_{ij}^e + \delta \varepsilon_{ij}^p$

2. Elastic relationship  $\sigma'_{ij} = D_{ijhkh}^e \varepsilon_{hk}^e$

3. Yield function  $F = F(\sigma_{ij}, p_k)$   
 $p_k = p_k(\varepsilon_{ij}^p) \longrightarrow F = F(\sigma_{ij}, \varepsilon_{ij}^p)$

4. Plastic potential function  $g(\sigma_{ij}, r_k) \quad \delta \varepsilon_{ij}^p = \mu \frac{\partial g}{\partial \sigma_{ij}}$

---

Consistency condition  $dF = \frac{\partial F}{\partial \sigma_i} \Big|_{p_k} \delta \sigma_i + \frac{\partial F}{\partial p_k} \Big|_{\sigma_i} \frac{\partial p_k}{\partial \varepsilon_j^p} \delta \varepsilon_j^p =$   
 $= \frac{\partial F}{\partial \sigma_i} \Big|_{p_k} \delta \sigma_i + \mu \frac{\partial F}{\partial p_k} \Big|_{\sigma_i} \frac{\partial p_k}{\partial \varepsilon_j^p} \frac{\partial g}{\partial \sigma_j} = 0$

Plastic multiplier  $\mu = - \frac{1}{\frac{\delta F}{\delta p_k} \frac{\delta p_k}{\delta \varepsilon_j^p} \frac{\delta g}{\delta \sigma_j}} \frac{\partial F}{\partial \sigma_i} \delta \sigma_i = \frac{1}{H} \frac{\partial F}{\partial \sigma_i} \delta \sigma_i$

Hardening modulus  $H = - \frac{\delta F}{\delta p_k} \frac{\delta p_k}{\delta \varepsilon_j^p} \frac{\delta g}{\delta \sigma_j}$

General incremental stress-strain relationship for plastic strain isotropic hardening elasto-plasticity  $\delta \sigma_i = \underbrace{\left( D_{ij}^e - \frac{D_{ik}^e \frac{\partial g}{\partial \sigma_l} \frac{\partial F}{\partial \sigma_k} D_{kl}^e}{H + \frac{\partial F}{\partial \sigma_i} D_{ij}^e \frac{\partial g}{\partial \sigma_j}} \right)}_{D_{ij}^{ep}} \delta \varepsilon_j$

---

## Extended Mohr-Coulomb model

---

Elastic component

$$\begin{bmatrix} \delta \varepsilon_v^e \\ \delta \varepsilon_d^e \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/K & 0 \\ 0 & 1/3G \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \delta p' \\ \delta q \end{bmatrix}$$

Yield function

$$F = F(\sigma_{ij}, p_k) = q - \eta_y p'$$

Plastic potential

$$g = q - M p' \ln \frac{p_r'}{p'} = 0$$

Volumetric plastic strain

$$\delta \varepsilon_v^p = \mu \frac{\partial g}{\partial p'} = \mu (M - \eta_y)$$

Deviatoric plastic strain

$$\delta \varepsilon_d^p = \mu \frac{\partial g}{\partial q} = \mu$$

Flow rule

$$\frac{\delta \varepsilon_v^p}{\delta \varepsilon_d^p} = M - \frac{q}{p'} = M - \eta_y$$

Hardening rule

$$\frac{\eta_y}{\eta_p} = \frac{\varepsilon_d^p}{a + \varepsilon_d^p}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \partial \eta_y / \partial \varepsilon_v^p \\ \partial \eta_y / \partial \varepsilon_d^p \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ (\eta_p - \eta_y)^2 / a \eta_p \end{pmatrix}$$