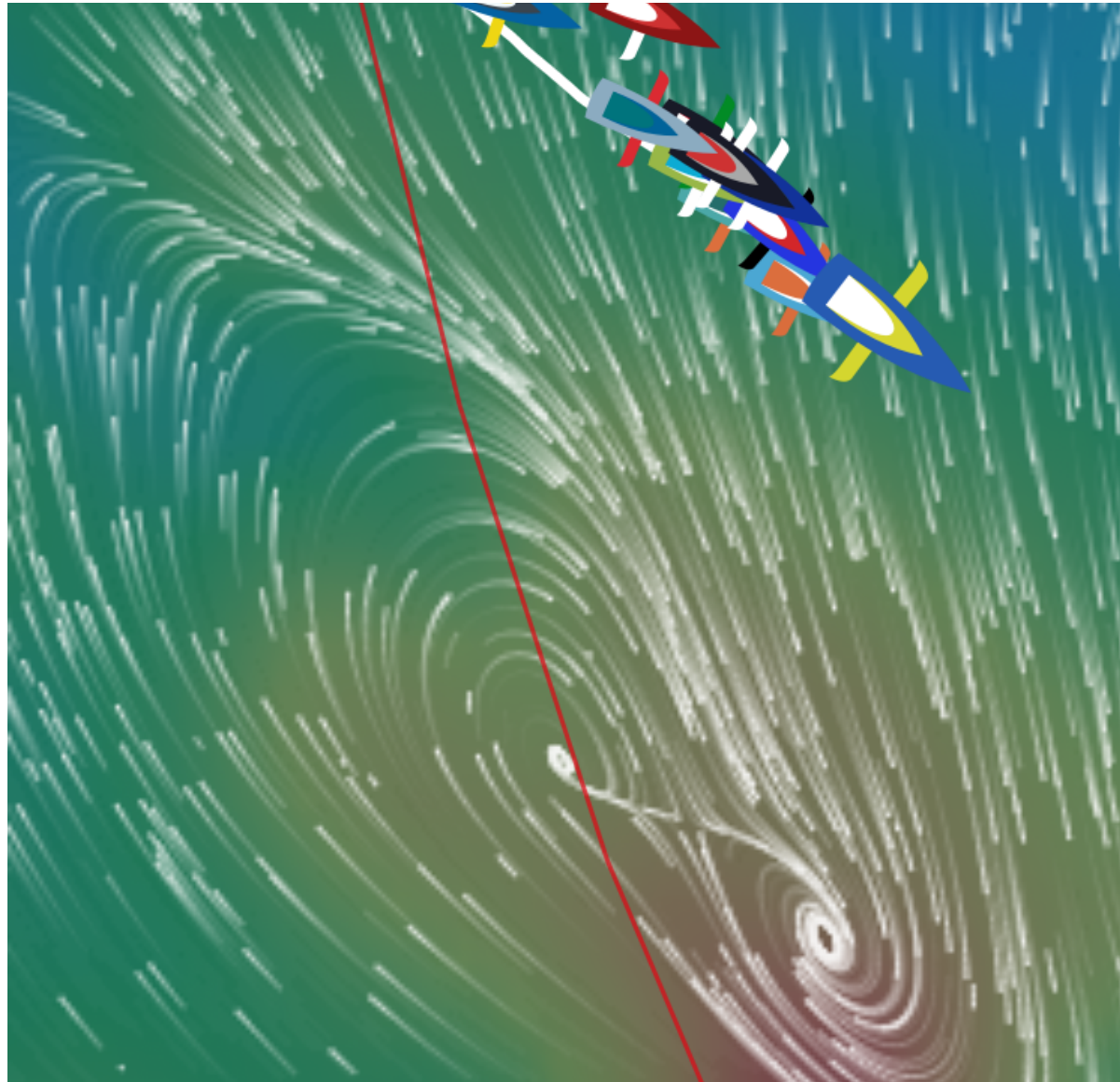


Chap 6. Entrainment and synchronization of phase oscillators



What do you see ?

CHAPTER 6

Entrainment & synchronisation of oscillators

Entrainment of phase oscillators

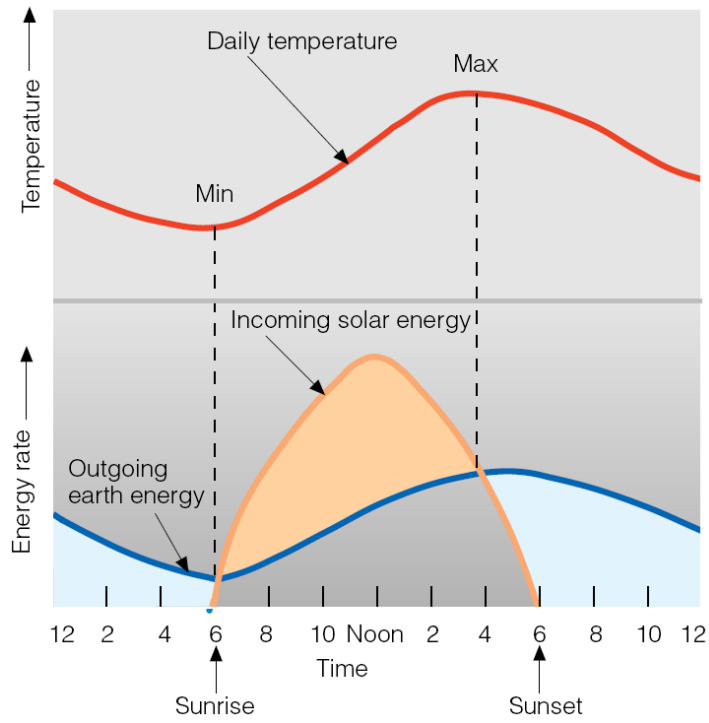
- Continuous sine coupling
- Pulsed sine coupling (sine map)

Kuramoto model

- Collective synchronization in a population of oscillators

Let's talk about entrainment

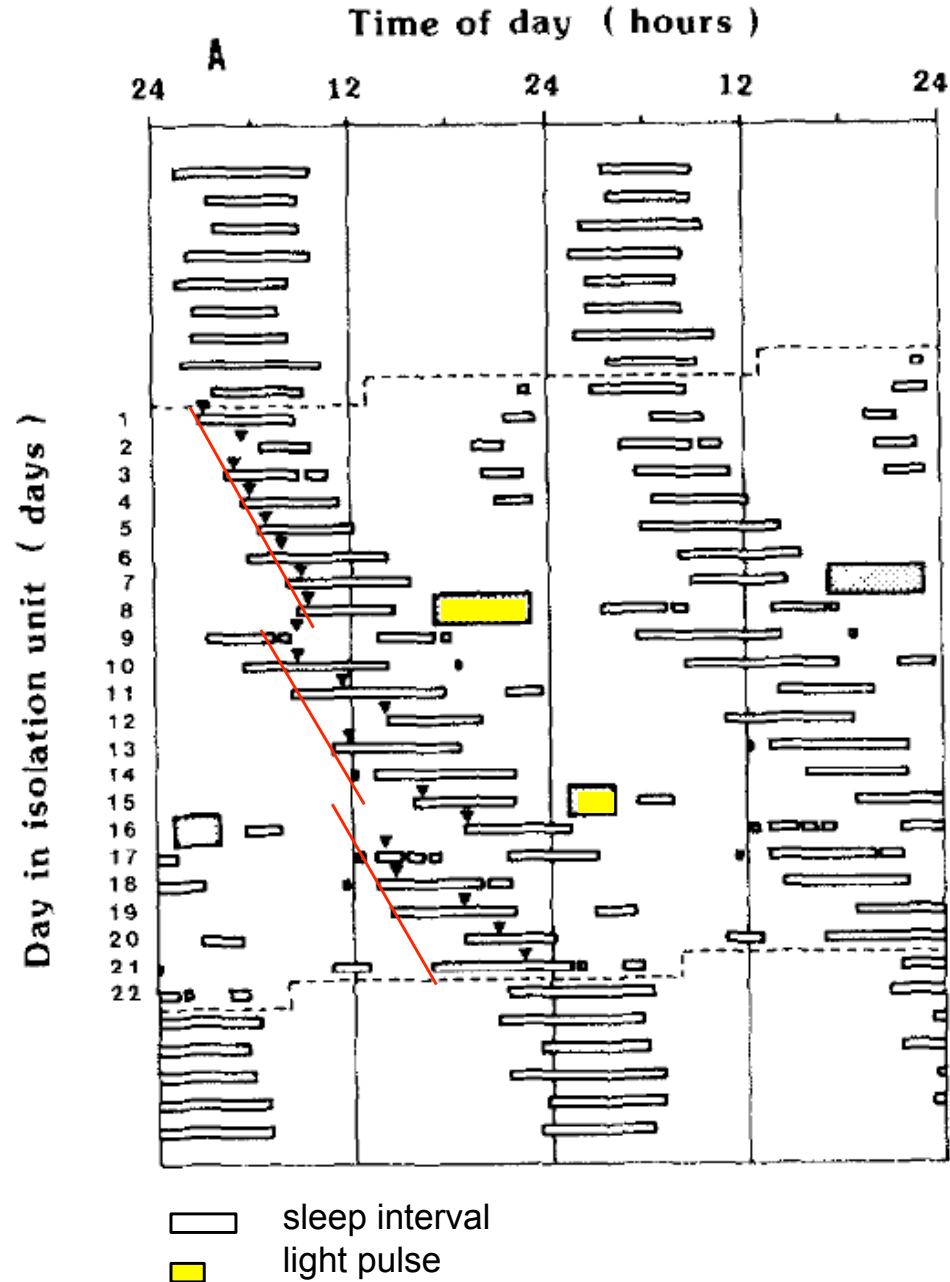
Humans are resonating too



Humans resonate to the light-dark cycle

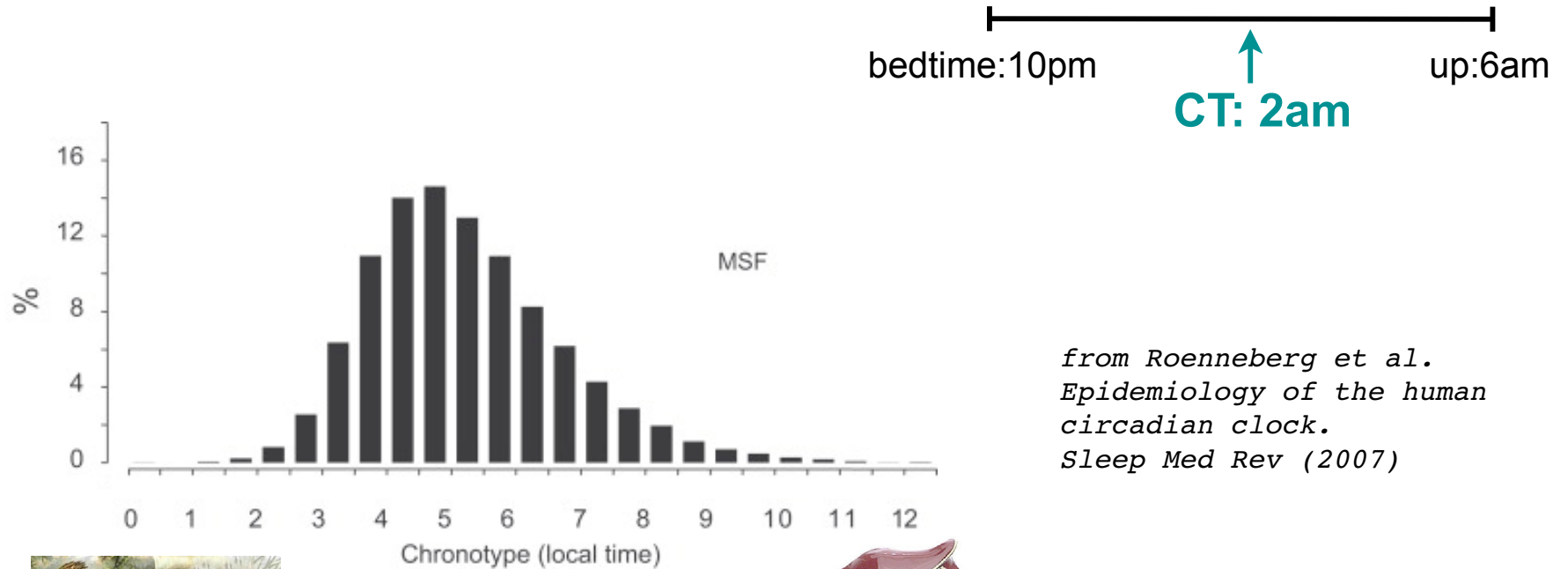
Phase-dependent shift of free-running human circadian rhythms in response to a single bright light pulse

K. Honma, S. Honma and T. Wada* *Experientia* 43 (1987), Birkhäuser Verlag, CH-4010 Basel/Switzerland



Chronobiology, larks and owls

ChronoType (CT): time corresponding to mid-point in sleep



from Roenneberg et al.
Epidemiology of the human circadian clock.
Sleep Med Rev (2007)

larks



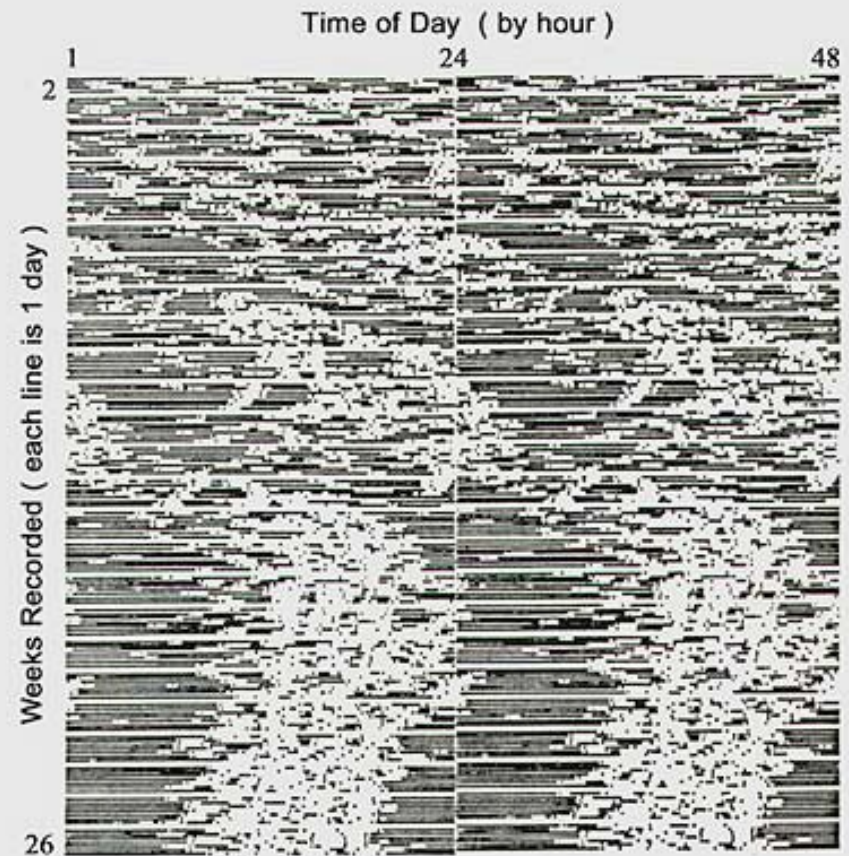
owls

Interpretation: Chronotype as a fixed point φ^* (see 6.1)

Circadian disruption: loss of sync with the environment

- Jetlag
- Shift work
- Intensive care unit (ICU)
- Early life

sleep rhythms in newborns

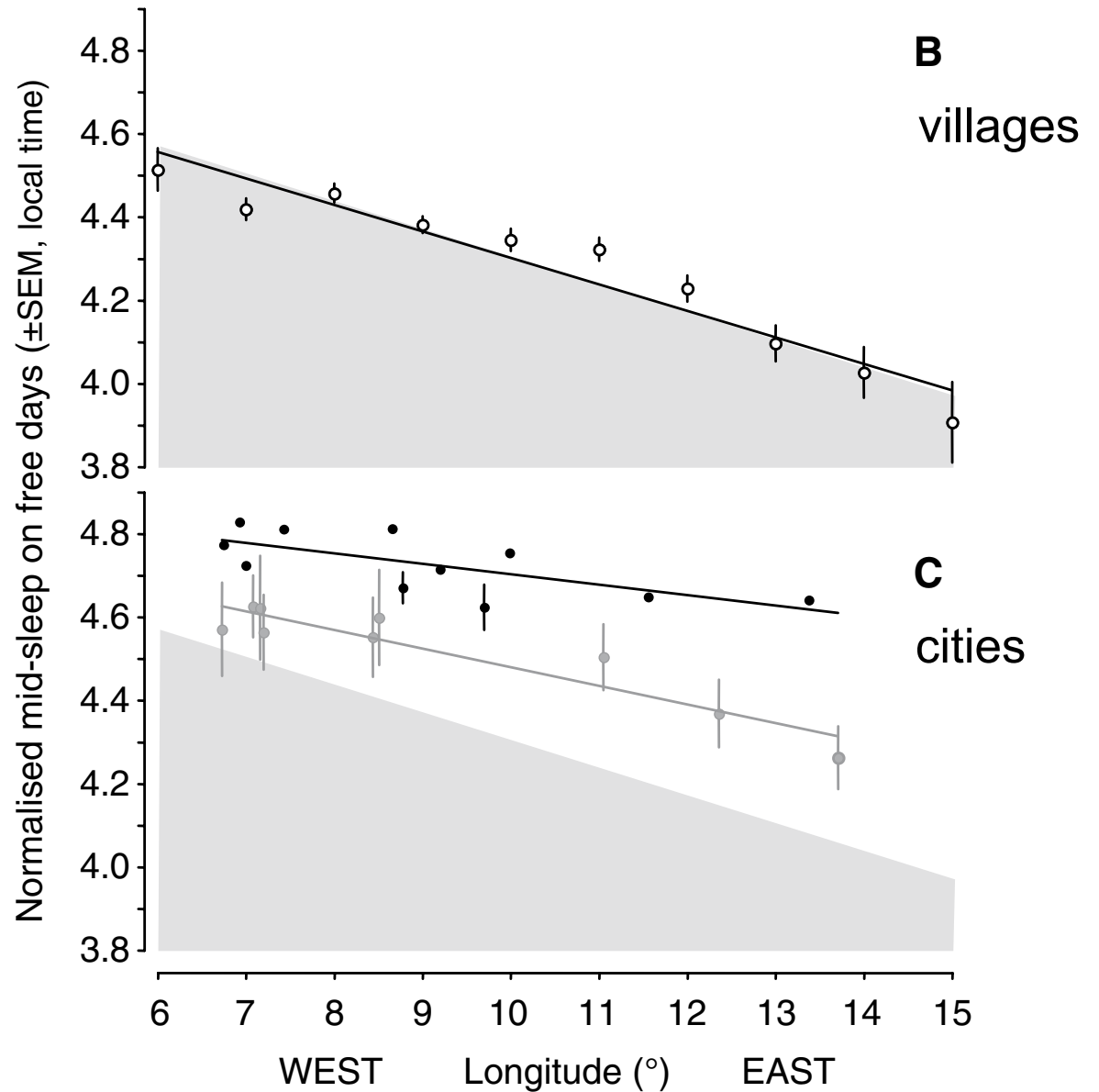
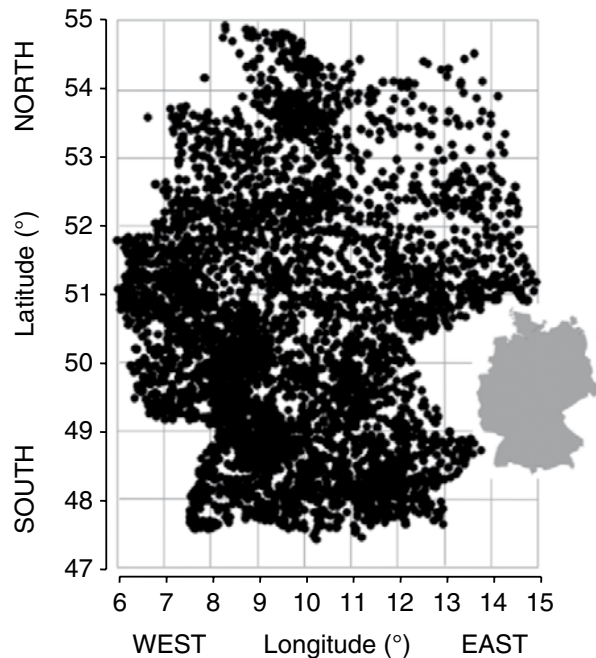


The sleep-wake record of a human baby. The record is double plotted so that the horizontal axis is 48th; the record extends from the second to the 26th week after birth.

Humans (mostly) resonate with solar time, not social time

The human circadian clock entrains to sun time

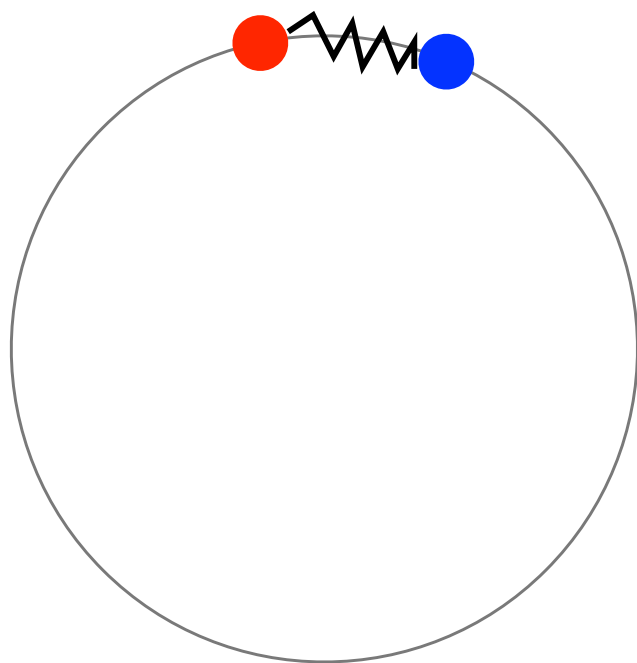
Till Roenneberg¹,
C. Jairaj Kumar² and
Martha Merrow³



Two model of coupling: continuous and pulsed

Model I (6.1)

- $\dot{\alpha} = \Omega$
- $\dot{\theta} = \omega + K \sin(\alpha - \theta)$



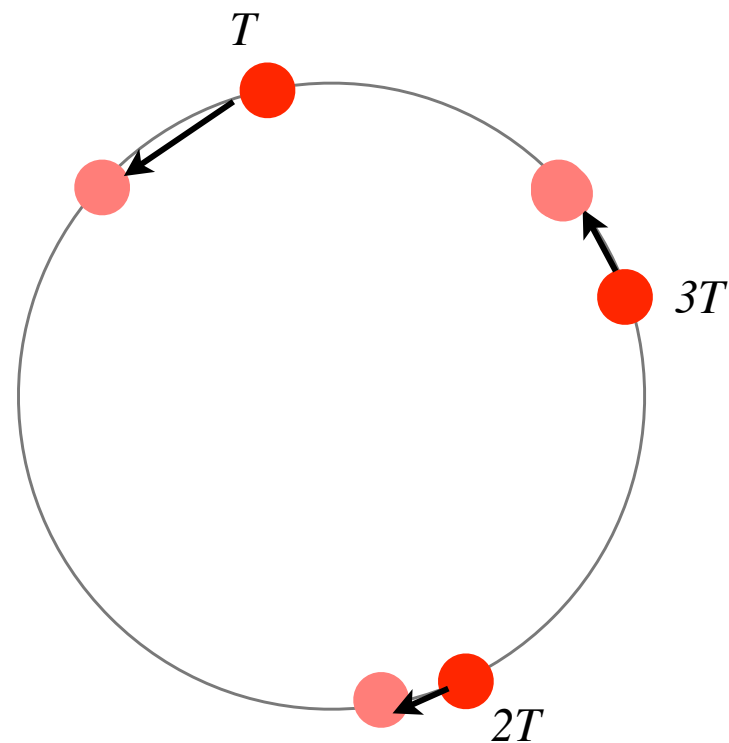
'Like a spring'

Model II (6.2)

- $\dot{\theta} = \omega + \sum_n \delta(t - nT)g(\theta(t))$

$$\theta_n = \theta_{n-1} + \omega T + g(\theta_{n-1})$$

$$g(\theta) = e \sin(\theta)$$



instantaneous kicks