

Serie OpenMP

Exercise 1. OpenMP: hello world

- In the `pi.cc` add a function call to get the number of threads.
- Compile using the proper options for OpenMP
- Test that it works by varying the number of threads `export OMP_NUM_THREADS`
- To vary the number of threads in a **sbatch** job you can set the number of threads to the number of cpus per task.

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH -c <nthreads>

export OMP_NUM_THREADS=$SLURM_CPUS_PER_TASK
<my_openmp_executable>
```

Exercise 2. Parallelize the loop

- Add a **parallel for** work sharing construct around the integral computation
- Run the code
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- What can you observe on the value of pi ?

Exercise 3. Naive reduction

- To solve the race condition from the previous exercise we can protect the computation of the sum.
- Add a **critical** directive to protect the sum
- Run the code
- What can you observe on the execution time while varying the number of threads

Exercise 4. Naive reduction ++

- Create a local variable per thread
- Make each thread compute its own sum
- After the computation of the integral use a **critical** directive to sum the local sum to a **shared** sum

Exercise 5. Reduction

- Use the **reduction** clause
- Compare the timings to the previous versions

Exercise 6. Poisson

- Now you can apply what you learn to the **poisson** code.
- Remember that 90% of the time is spend in the dumpers. So make sure you dump only once at the end of the simulation to get a validation image.