AQFT - Exercise Set 7

Dimensional regularization

- 1. To familiarize yourself with the subject, read about dimensional regularization:
 - [1] (Chapter 4) and
 - [2] (in Chapter 7.5; you may also find helpful some parts in Chapter 10.2). In this homework we will be dealing only with scalar field theories.
- 2. Using dimensional regularization compute the diagram (1) in $d = 4 \varepsilon$ dimensions



3. The same for the diagram (2)



4. Using dimensional regularization compute the divergent part of the integral corresponding to the following Feynman diagram in $d = 6 - \varepsilon$ dimensions



5. In dimensional regularization the integral

$$\int \frac{d^d k}{(k^2)^r} = 0 \tag{4}$$

vanishes for arbitrary $r \in \mathbb{R}$. Using this property and the definition

$$I_2 = \int d^d k \frac{1}{k^2 (k+p)^2},\tag{5}$$

show that

$$\int d^d k \frac{k_\mu}{k^2 (k+p)^2} = -\frac{p_\mu}{2} I_2,\tag{6}$$

$$\int d^d k \frac{k_{\mu} k_{\nu}}{k^2 (k+p)^2} = \frac{d}{4(d-1)} \left(p_{\mu} p_{\nu} - \frac{1}{d} \delta_{\mu\nu} p^2 \right) I_2 \tag{7}$$

Pauli-Villars

There is yet another regularization, which is called Pauli-Villars. It corresponds to modifying the propagator by adding higher order derivatives to the Lagrangian

$$\phi\Box\phi \to \phi \left(\Box + a_0 \frac{m^2\Box}{\Lambda^2} + a_1 \frac{\Box^2}{\Lambda^2} + a_2 \frac{\Box^3}{\Lambda^4}\right) \phi \underset{\Lambda \to \infty}{\to} \phi\Box\phi. \tag{8}$$

For this homework we focus on the following modification

$$\frac{1}{p^2 + m^2} \to \frac{1}{p^2 + m^2} + \frac{c_1}{p^2 + M_1^2} + \frac{c_2}{p^2 + M_2^2},\tag{9}$$

with

$$c_1 = \frac{M_2^2 - m^2}{M_1^2 - M_2^2}, \quad c_2 = \frac{M_1^2 - m^2}{M_2^2 - M_1^2}, \quad M_{1,2} \propto \Lambda.$$
 (10)

Convince yourself that this is equivalent to (8) and compute the integral corresponding to the diagram in (2).

Suggested reading

- [1] J. C. Collins, Renormalization: An Introduction to Renormalization, the Renormalization Group and the Operator-Product Expansion. Cambridge Monographs on Mathematical Physics. Cambridge University Press, 1984.
- [2] M. E. Peskin and D. V. Schroeder, An Introduction to quantum field theory. Addison-Wesley, Reading, USA, 1995.