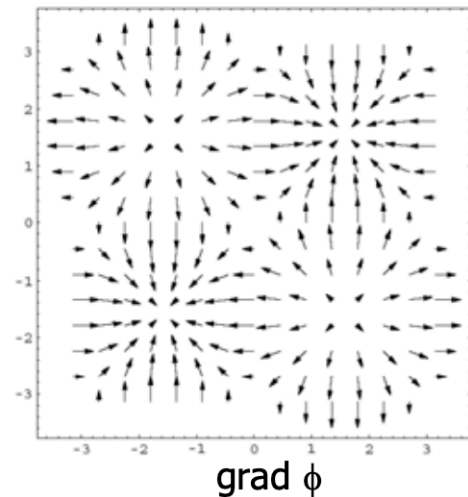
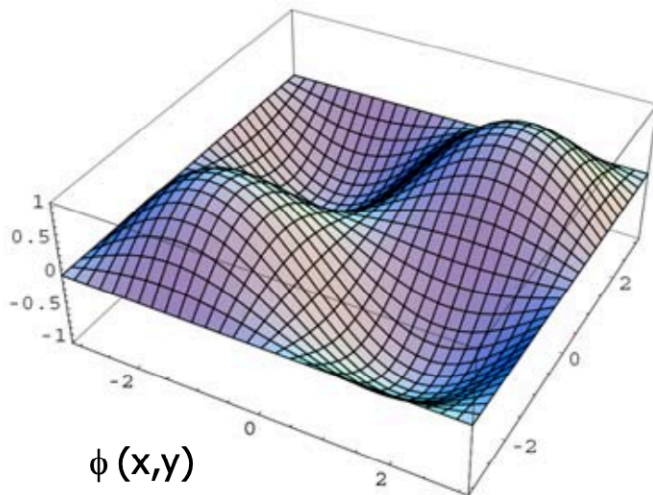


Visualization of gradients

Given the potential $\phi(x,y)=\sin(x)\sin(y)$, calculate its gradient.

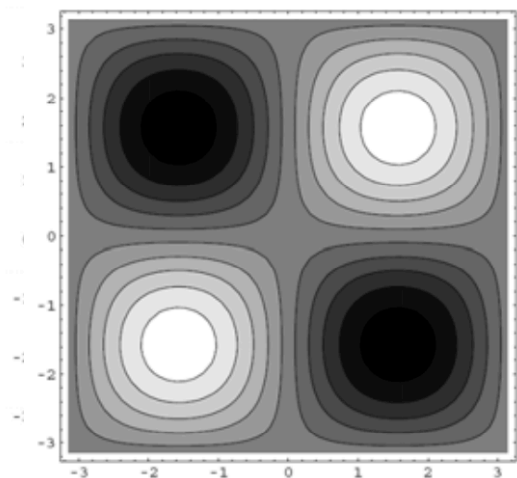
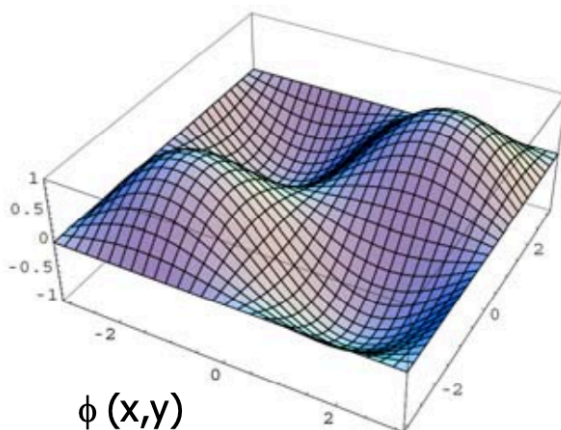
$$\nabla \phi(x, y) = \cos(x) \sin(y) \hat{x} + \sin x \cos y \hat{y}$$



The gradient always points uphill $\rightarrow E = -\text{grad}\phi$ points downhill

Visualization of gradients: equipotential surfaces

Same potential $\phi(x,y)=\sin(x)\sin(y)$



NB: since equipotential lines are perpendicular to the gradient
 $\rightarrow$ equipotential lines are always perpendicular to E