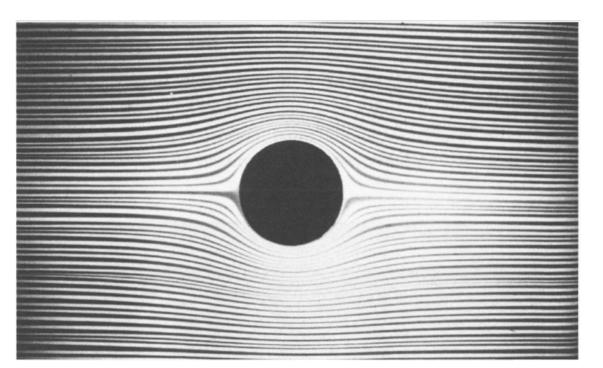
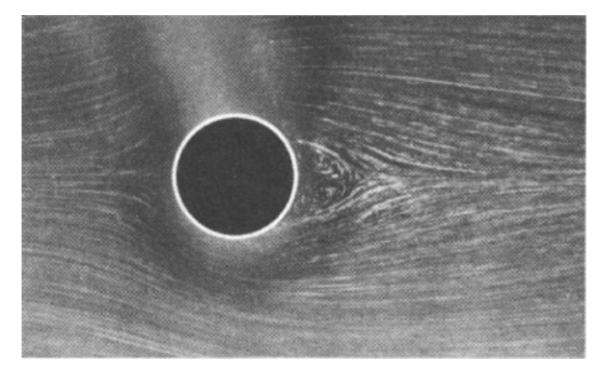


Fig. 41–4. The drag coefficient  ${\cal C}_{\cal D}$  of a circular cylinder as a function of the Reynolds number.

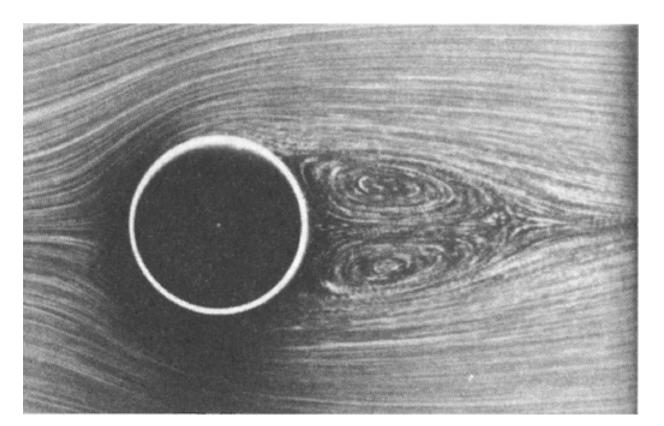


Re = 0 symétrie  $O_x$ ,  $O_y$ 

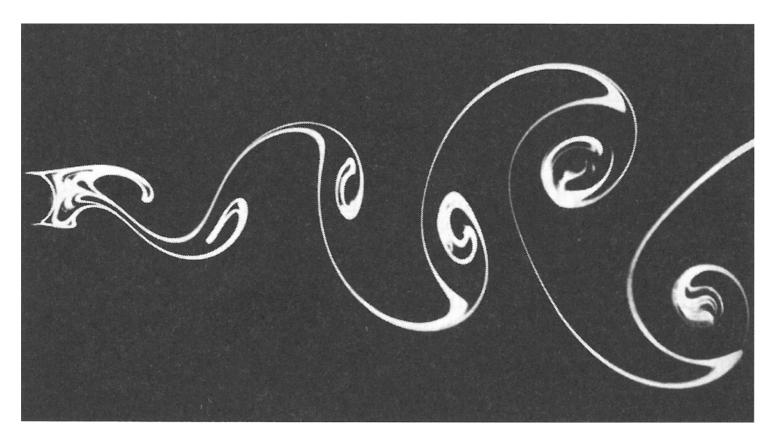
zones  $\sim \sqrt{Re}$ 



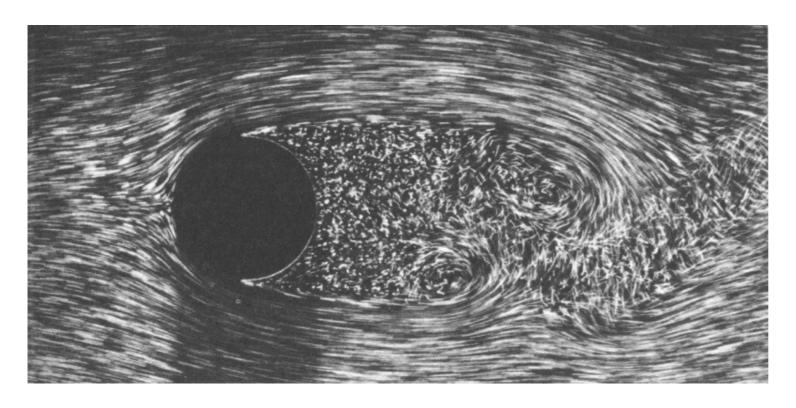
Re = 13.1symétrie  $O_x$ ; stationnaire; deux zones de recirculation contra-rotative à l'arrière du cylindre; longueur de ces zones  $\sim Re$ ; distance entre centres de ces



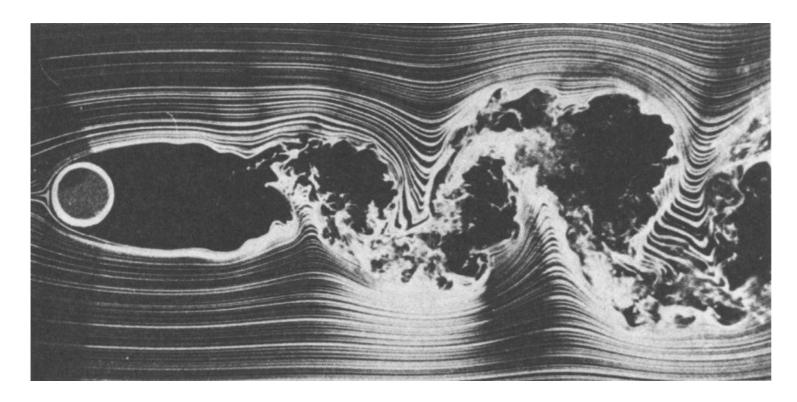
Re = 26 symétrie  $O_x$ ; stationnaire; mêmes commentaires que pour Re = 13.1



Re = 140 allée de von Kármán



Re = 2000 turbulence faible



 $Re = 10^4$