# **Exercise Sheet 7**

Discussion 30.10.2024

#### Discussion 1 - Gauss's law

- a) You have a charge Q placed in the middle of a regular tetrahedron. What is the flux of the electric field over each face of the regular tetrahedron?
- b) You have a charge Q placed at the corner of a cube. What is the flux over each face of the cube?

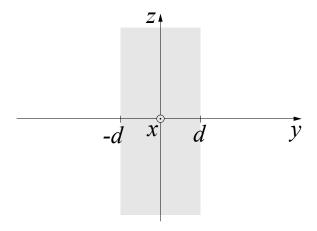
### Exercise 1 - Electron Beam

We assume an electron beam is a stationary uniform charge distribution in cylindric form with radius a and infinite length.

Distinguish the electric field at a distance r from the beam centre for r > a and r < a. Assume a line charge density of  $\lambda$  of the electron beam.

# Exercise 2 - Charged slab

A infinite plane slab, of thickness 2d and parallel to the xz plane, carries a uniform volume charge density  $\rho$ . Find the electric field as a function of y, with y=0 at the center of the slab. Plot E versus y, defining E positive when it points in the +y direction and negative when it points in the -y direction.



### Discussion 2 - Cavities in a conductor

Two spherical cavities, of radii  $r_a$  and  $r_b$ , are hollowed out from the interior of a neutral, conducting sphere of radius R. A point charge is placed at the centre of each cavity,  $q_a$  and  $q_b$  respectively.

- a) Find the surface charges  $\sigma_a$ ,  $\sigma_b$ , and  $\sigma_R$ .
- b) What is the electric field outside the conductor? Does it depend on the shape, size, and position of the cavities, and why?
- c) What is the force on  $q_a$  and  $q_b$ ?

## Exercise 3 - Corona Discharge

- a) Air ionizes at a potential gradient of 30 kV cm<sup>-1</sup>. What is the maximal charge that can be carried by a sphere with a diameter of d = 18 cm without the occurrence of corona discharge?
- b) For an apparatus operating at 90 kV, what is the smallest external curvature radius you should use to avoid corona discharge?

#### Exercise 4 - Atmosphere charge density

Because of the free charges in the Earth, an electric field  $E_1$  is measured at sea level oriented perpendicular to the surface. An electric field  $E_2$  is measured at the edge of the ionosphere along the same direction of  $E_1$ . Knowing the radius of the Earth  $R_1$  and the radius of the ionosphere  $R_2$  measured from the center of the Earth, evaluate the volume charge density  $\rho$  of all the atmosphere assuming that it is homogeneous.