

From Bioinspired to Bioinformed Design of Sustainable Materials

Engineered Living Materials



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Matteo, 30-year-old Postdoc from Florence (IT)

B. Sc. in Biomedical Engineering at Polytechnic of Turin (IT)

- Biomechanics, Biomaterials, Medical Devices

M. Sc. in Nanotechnologies at Polytechnic of Turin (IT), Grenoble (FR), and EPFL (CH)

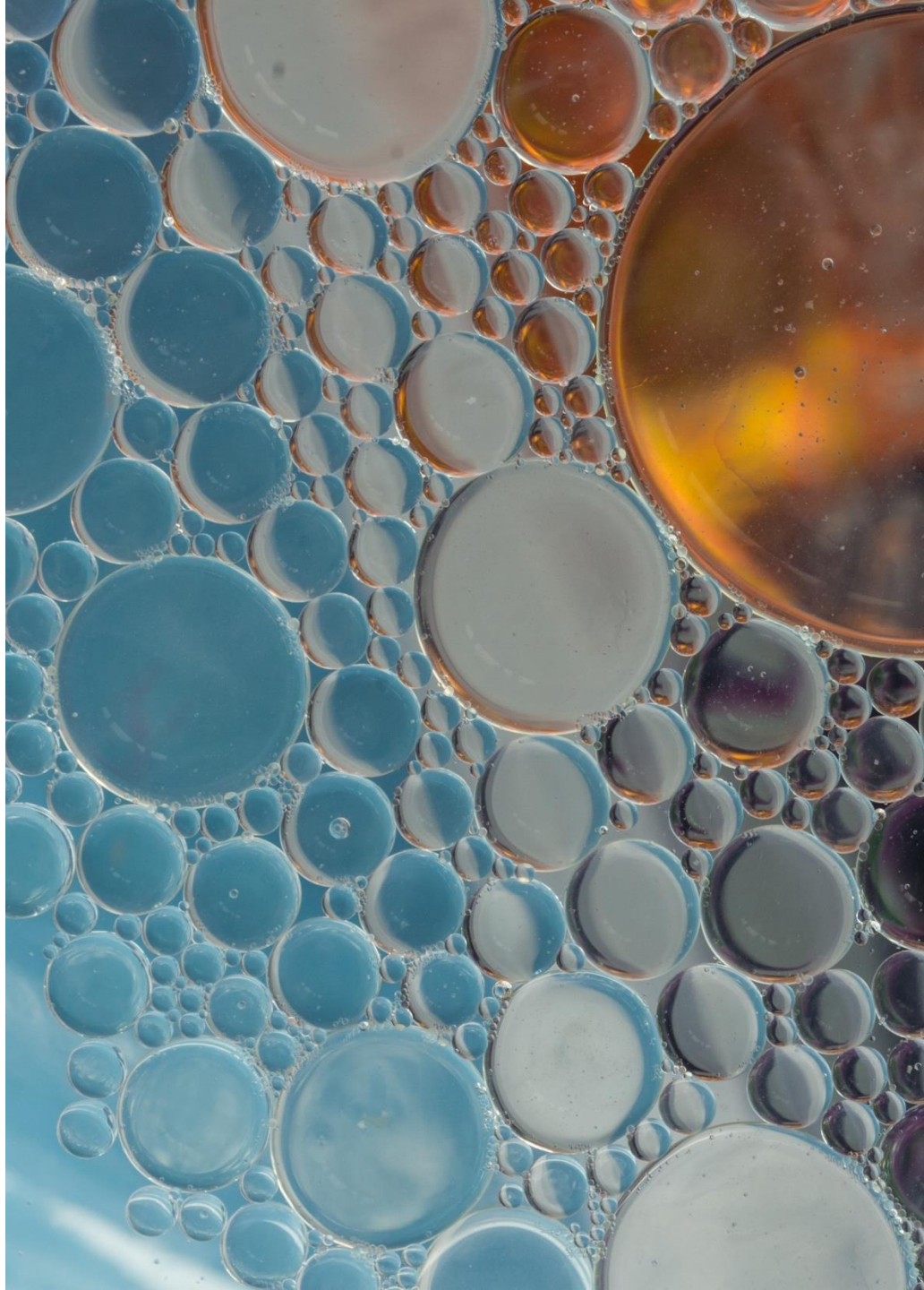
- Electronics, Nanomaterials, Nanomedicine

Research Experience

- LMU München (Germany)
- Houston Methodist Research Institute (Houston, TX)

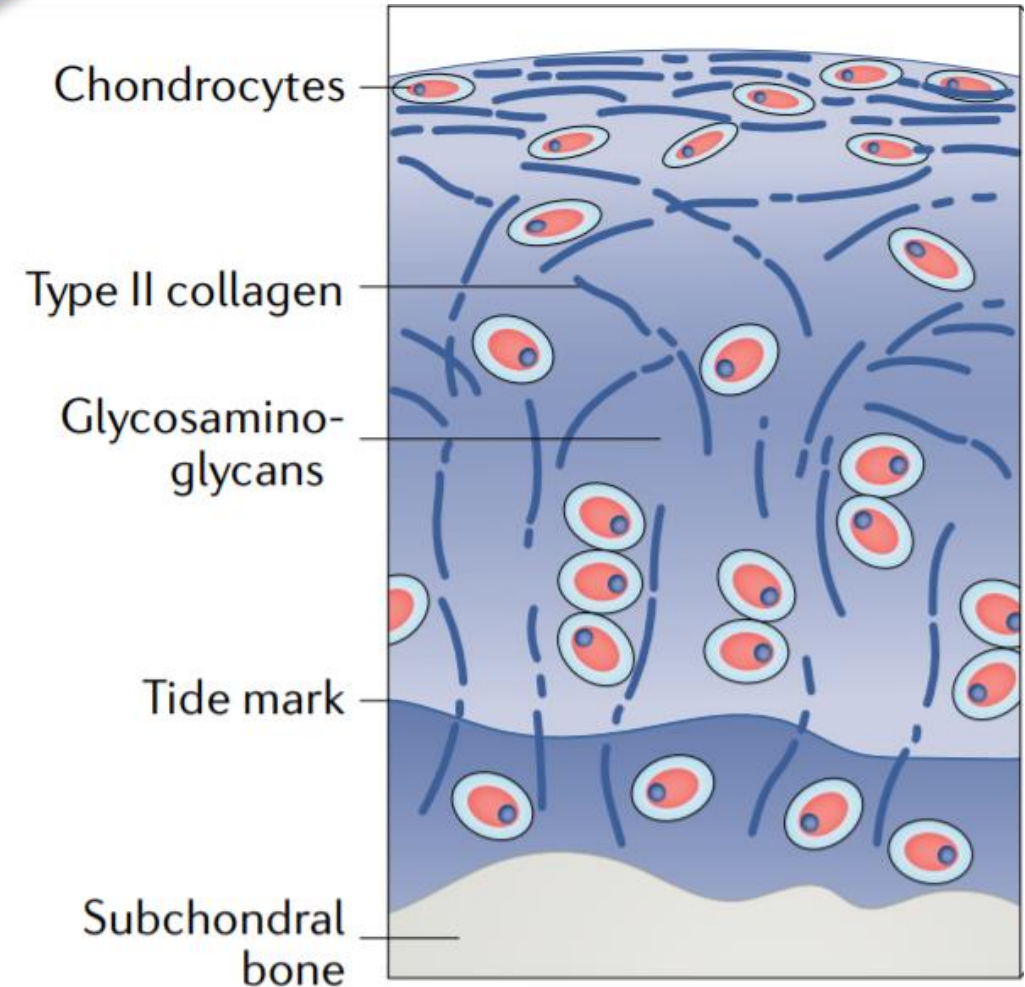
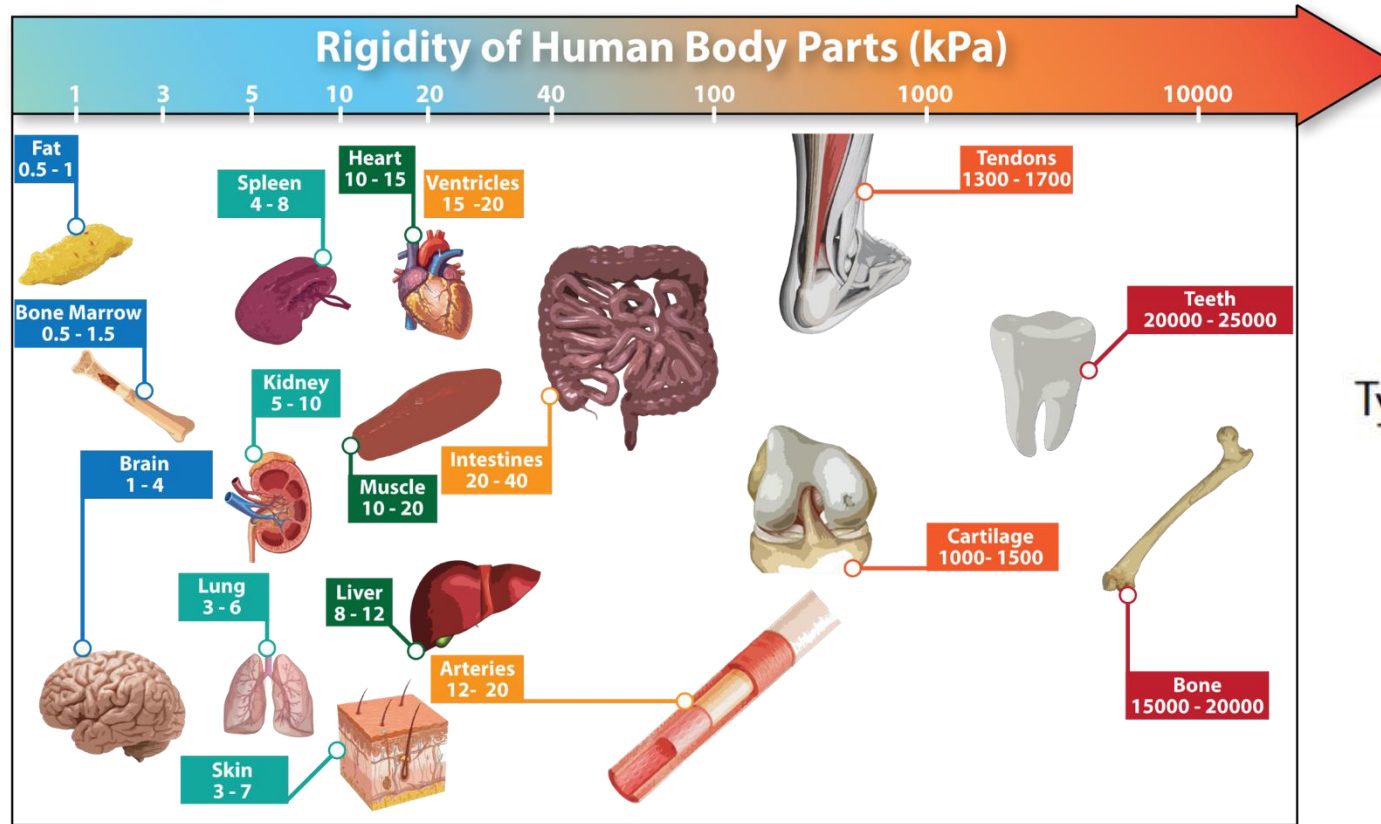
PhD and Postdoc in Materials Science at EPFL

- Soft Materials, 3D Printing, Sustainable Materials, Engineered Living Materials



Introduction

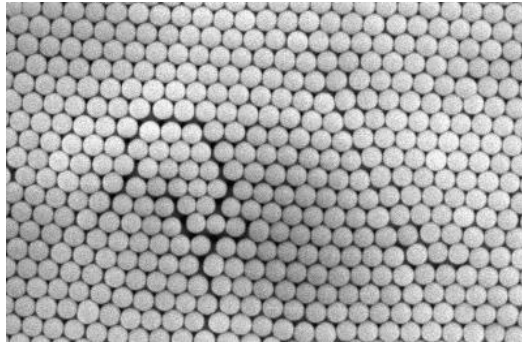
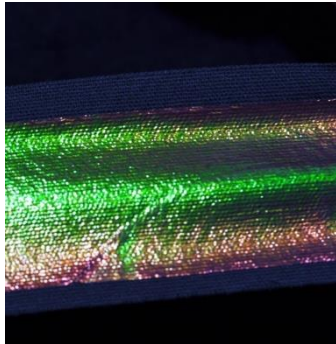
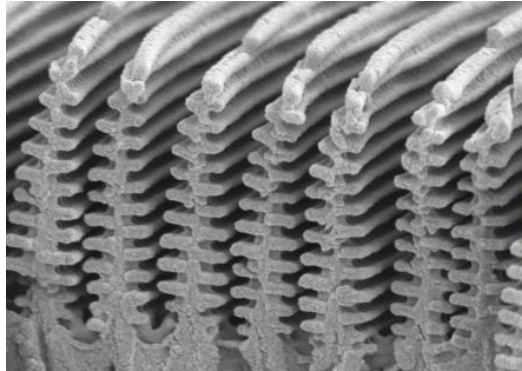
The Ideal Material in Tissue Engineering



The material design should account for both mechanical and structural requirements

Bioinspiration vs Bioinformation

Bioinspiration



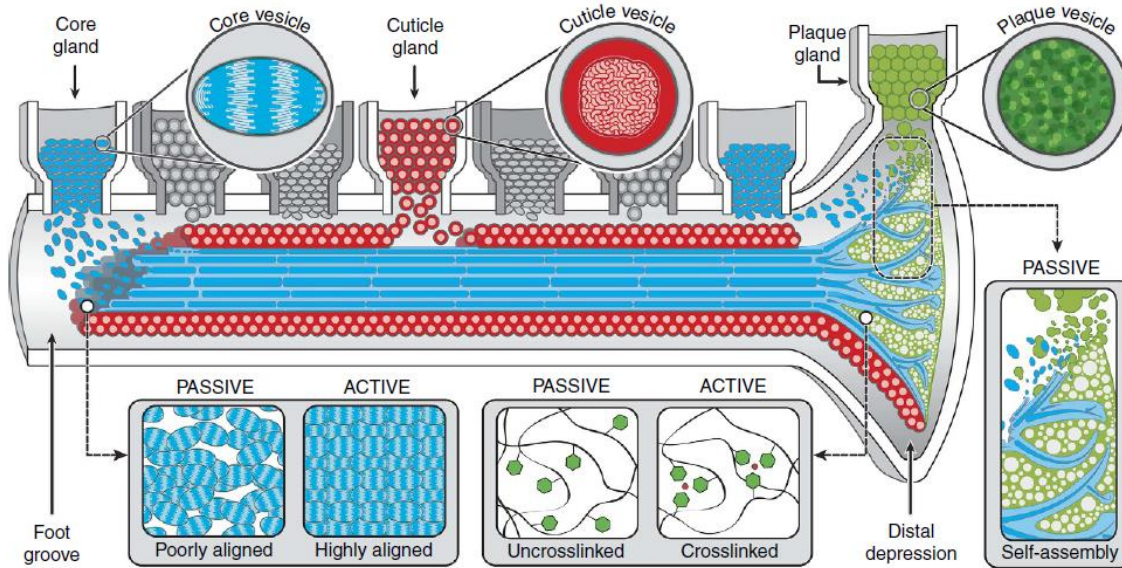
- Higher degree of complexity
- Technology-limited

Bioinformation

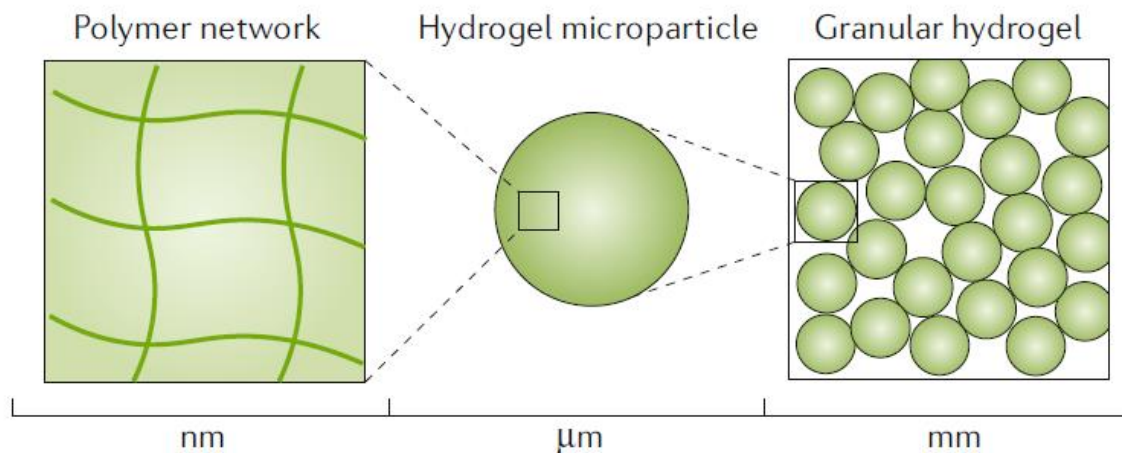


- Easier implementation
- Versatile

A Lesson from Nature

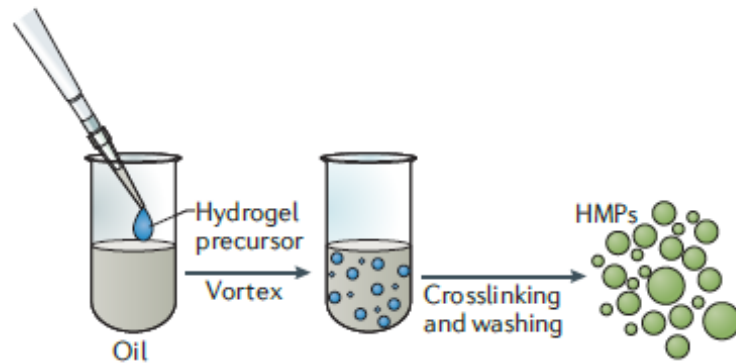
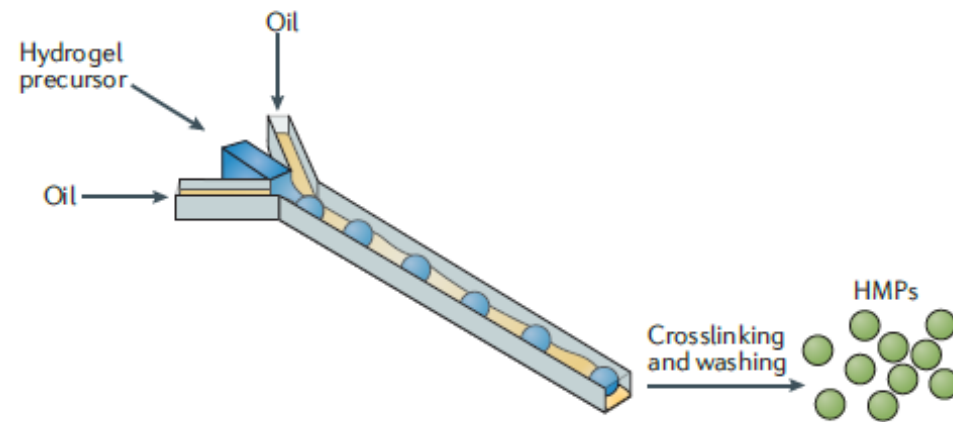
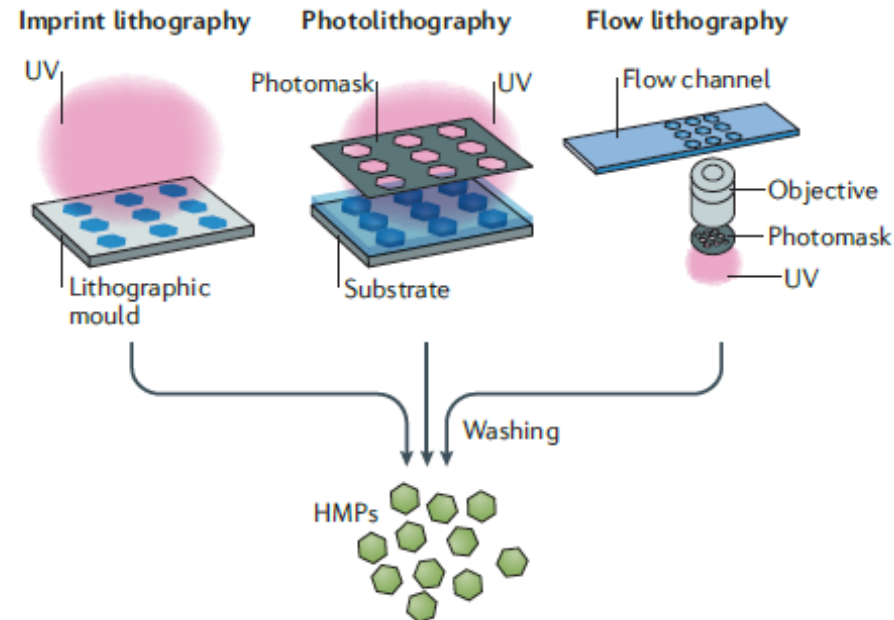
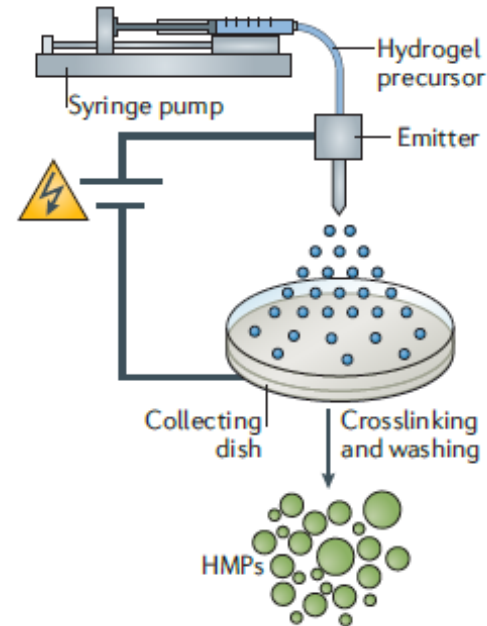
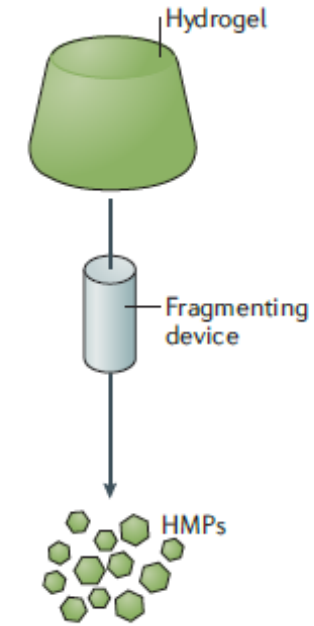


- Precursor-containing vesicles
- Transport and fast assembly
- Spatial heterogeneity



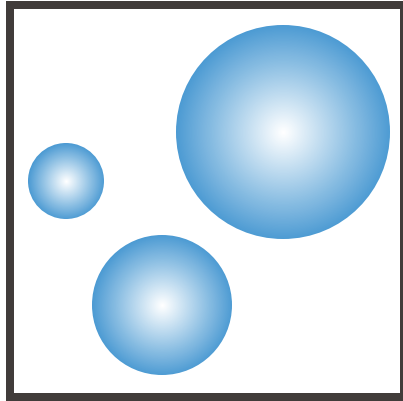
- Monomer-loaded drops
- Injectability and 3D printing
- Local varying composition

Hydrogel Microparticle Formation

a Batch emulsions**b Microfluidic emulsions****c Lithography****d Electrohydrodynamic spraying****e Mechanical fragmentation**

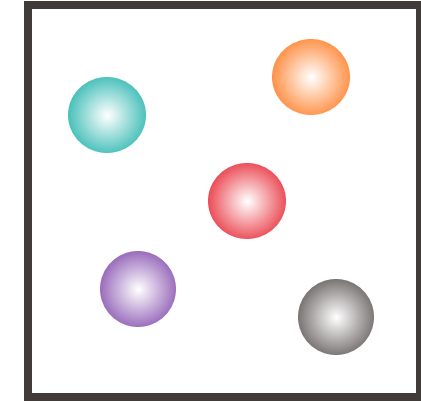
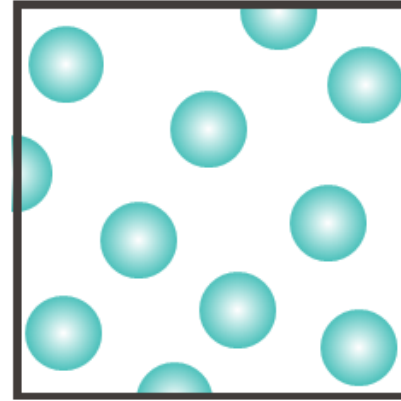
Daly, A. C. et al.. *Nature Reviews Materials*, (2019)

The Microgel Toolbox



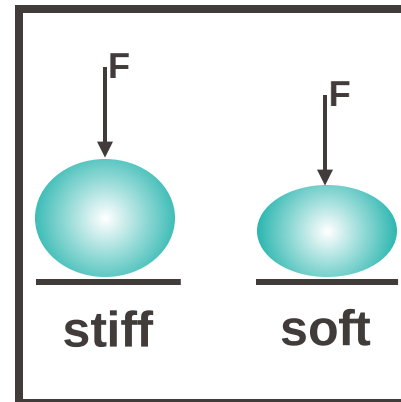
Size

- ✓ Polydispersity
- ✓ Shape



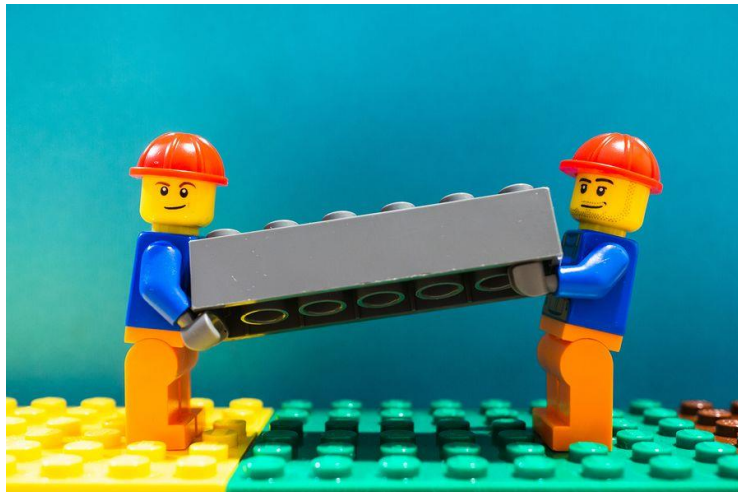
Composition

- ✓ Charge
- ✓ Responsiveness
- ✓ Swelling

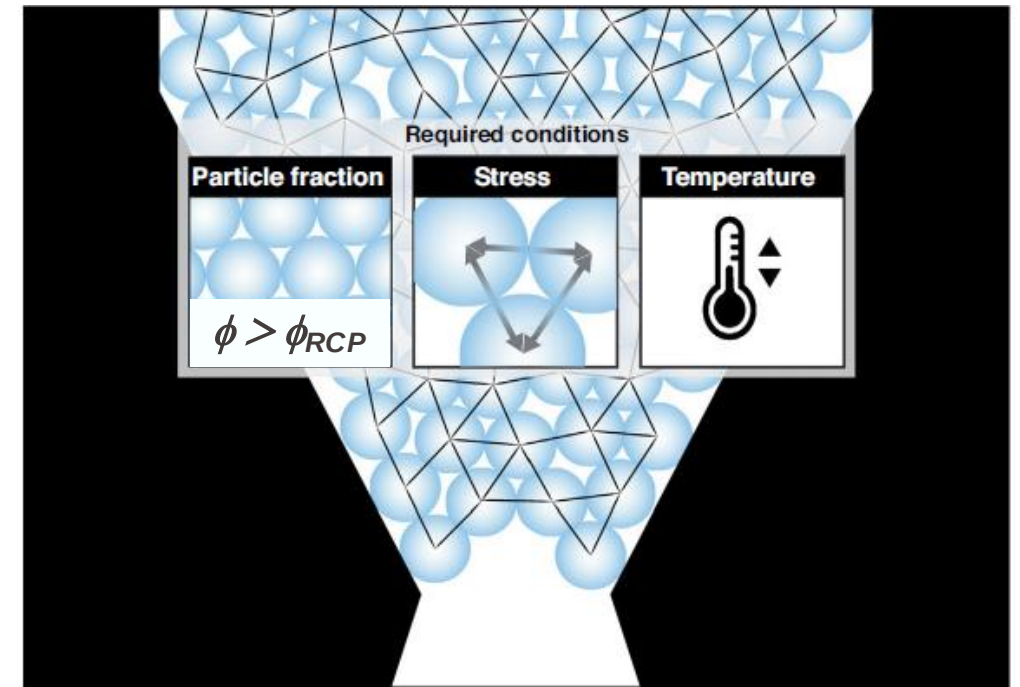
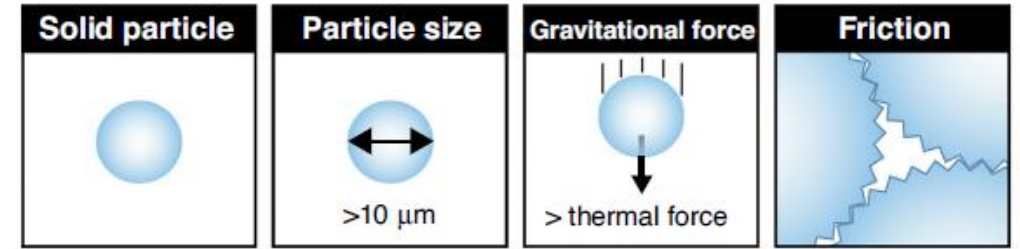


Stiffness

- ✓ Mechanics
- ✓ Packing



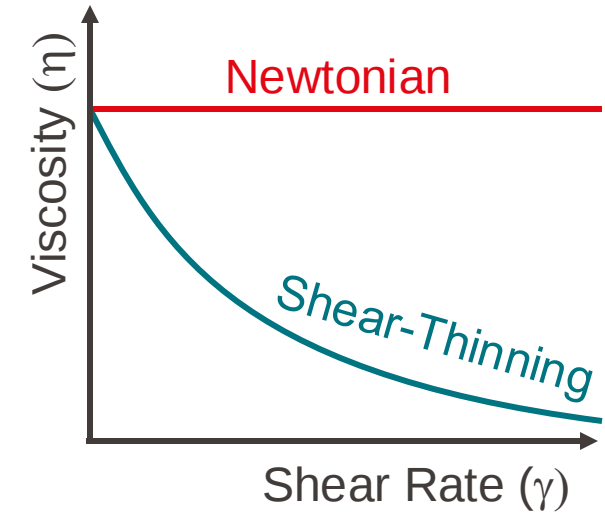
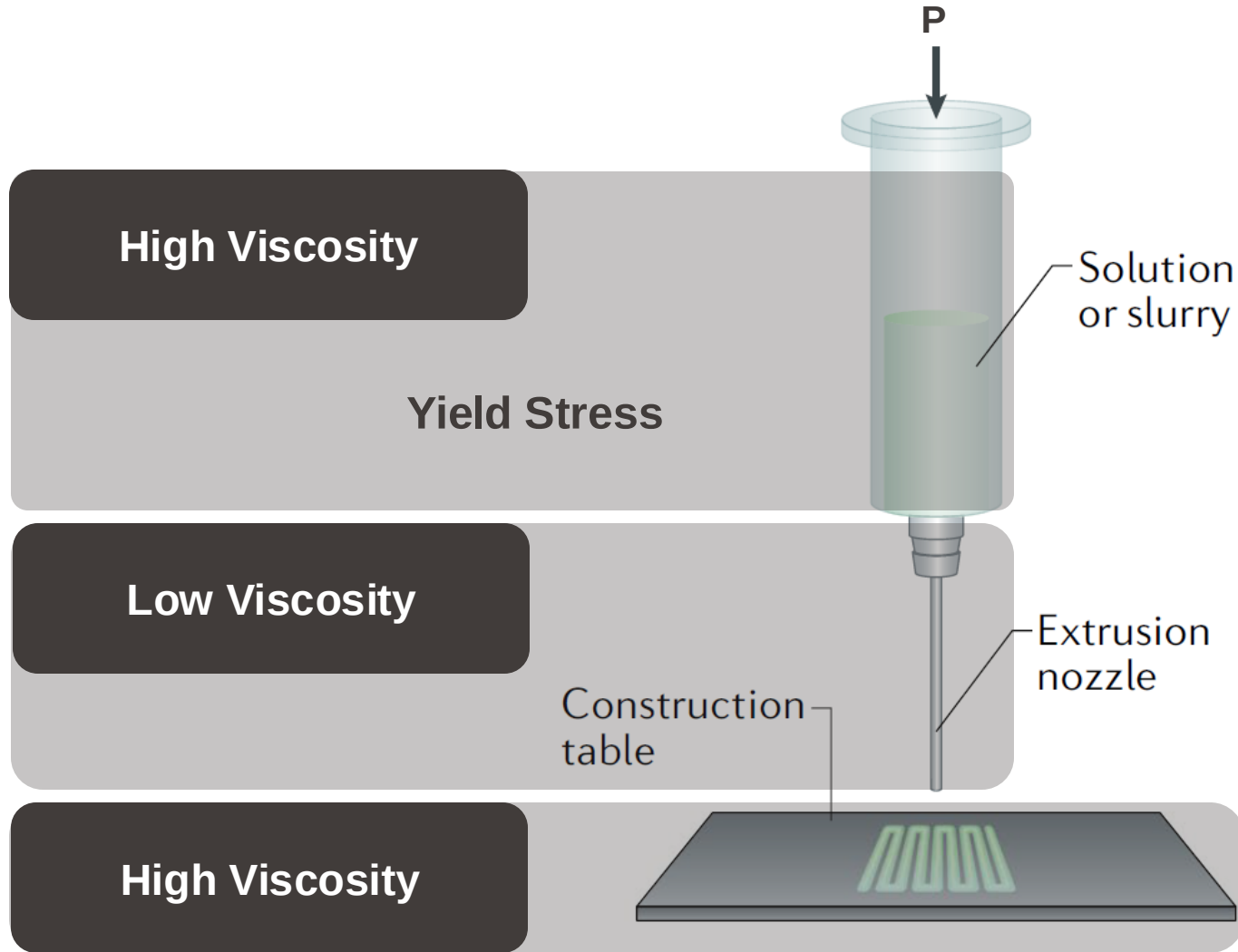
Jammed Microgels



Jammed State – under specific temperature, stress, and density conditions the jammed material shows a transition from a liquid-like to a solid-like amorphous state

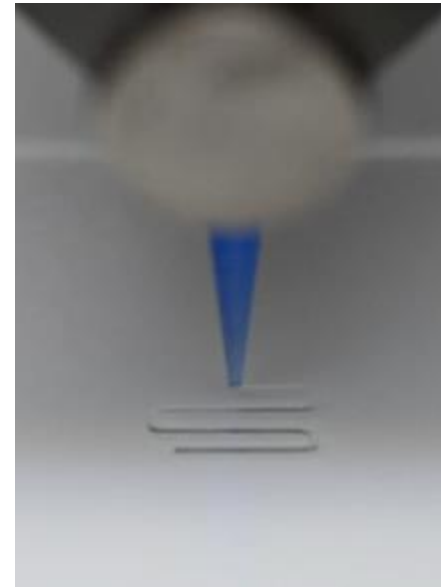
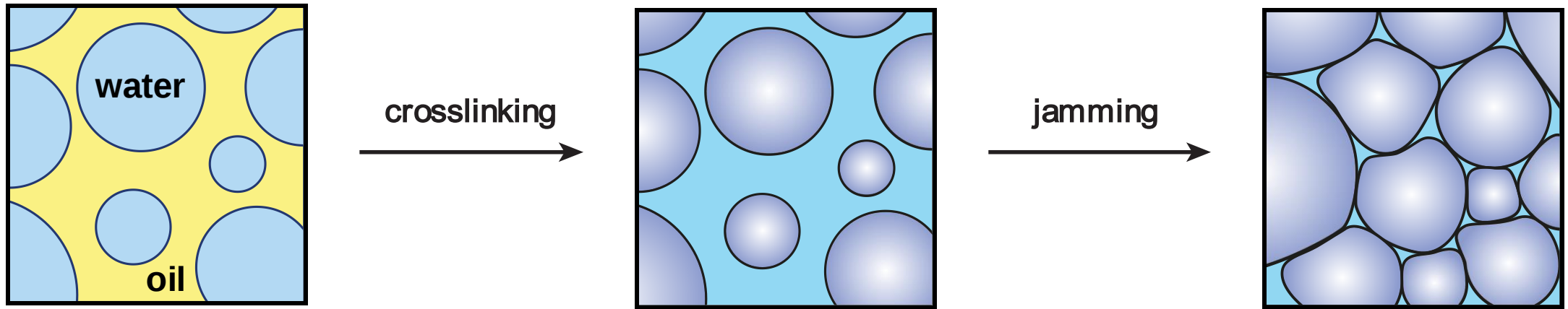
Adapted from: Riley, L. et al.. *Current Opinion in Biotechnology*, 60, 1-8 (2019)

3D Extrusion Printing

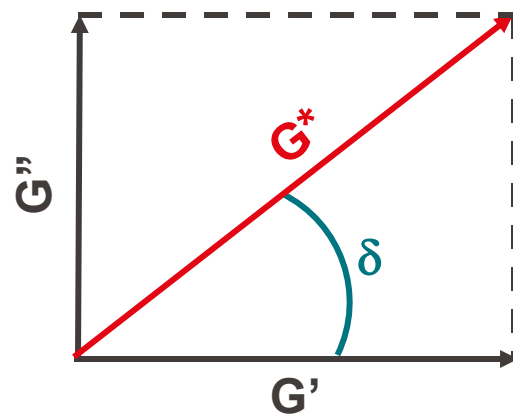
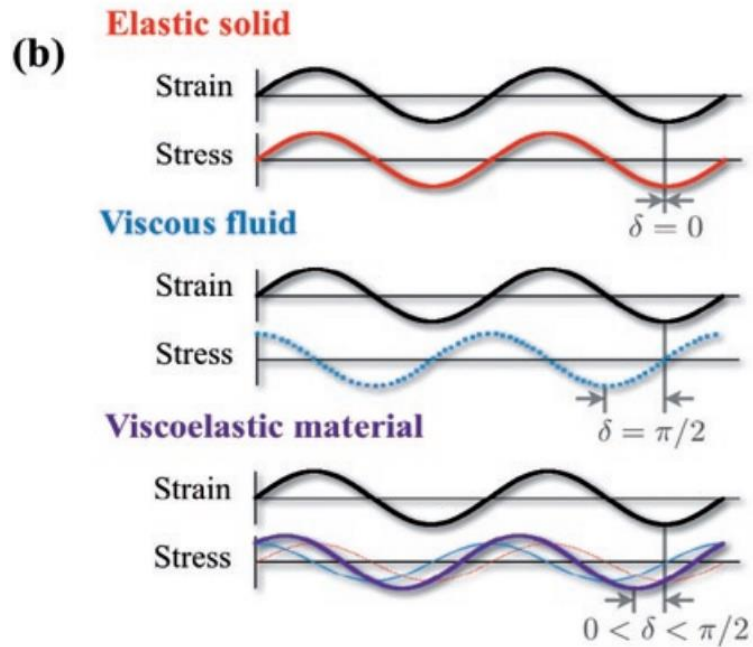


- Printability
- Shear recovery
- Print fidelity

Jammed Microgel Synthesis



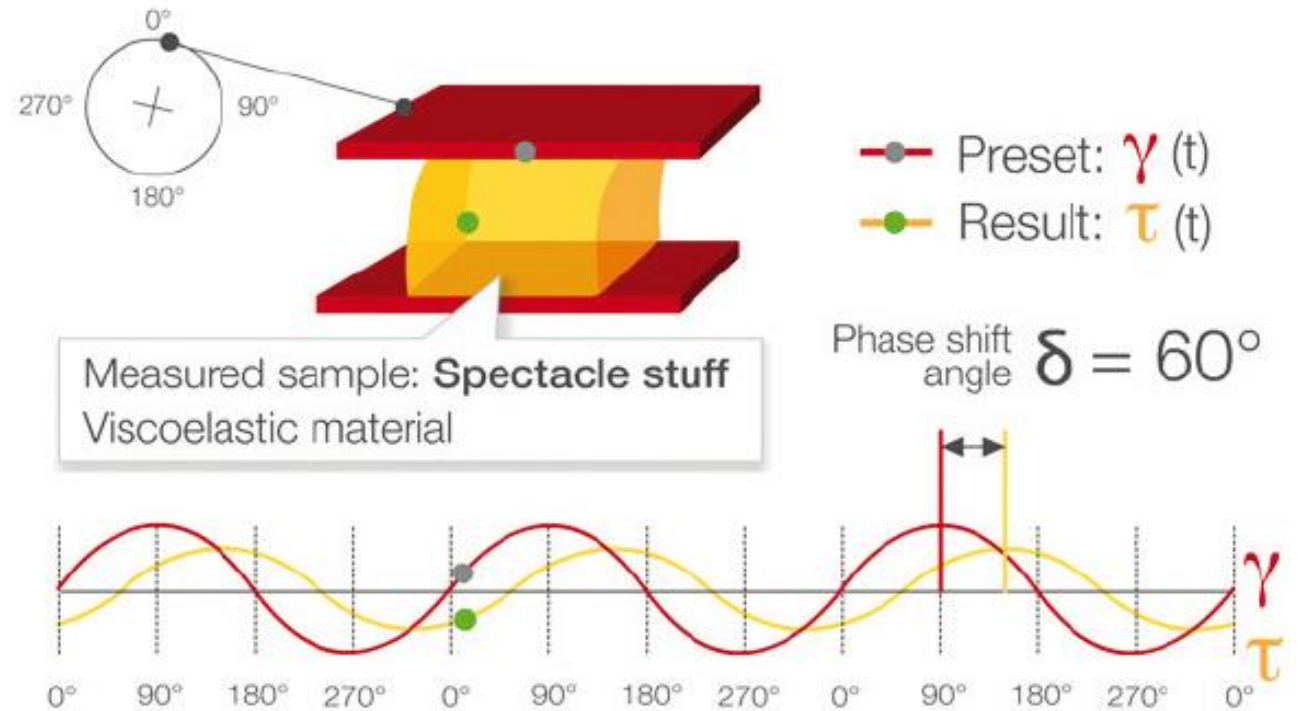
- ✓ Good printability
- ✓ High shape fidelity
- ✗ Lack of mechanical integrity



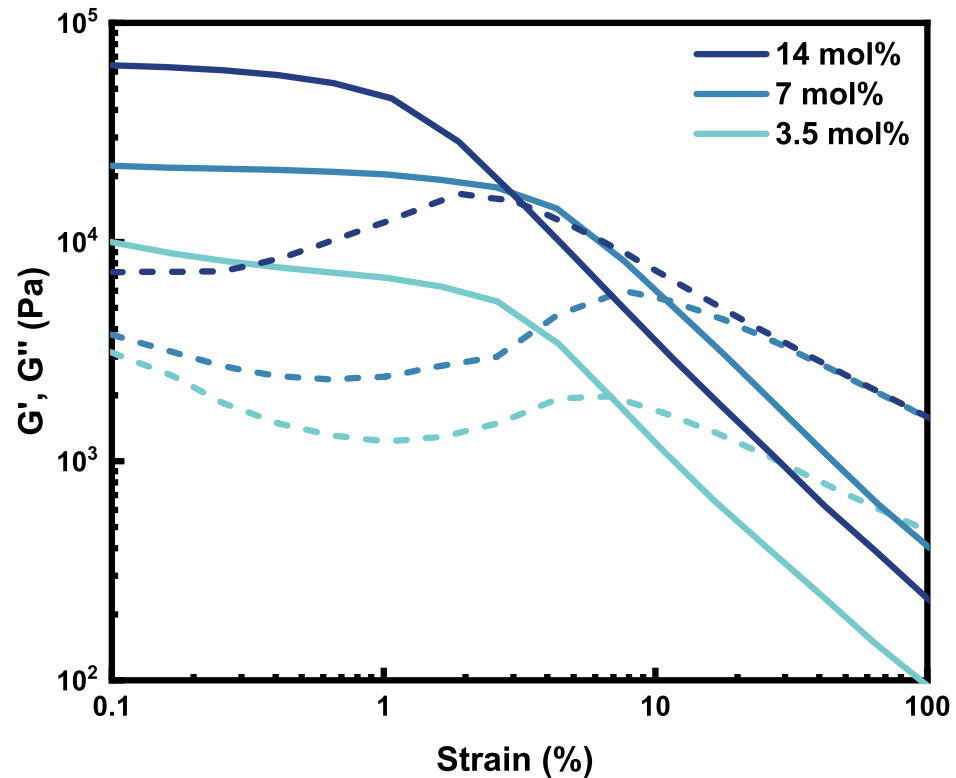
$$\gamma(t) = \gamma_0 \sin(\omega t)$$

$$\sigma(t) = \sigma_0(\omega) \sin[\omega t + \delta(\omega)] = \gamma_0 [G'(\omega) \sin(\omega t) + G''(\omega) \cos(\omega t)]$$

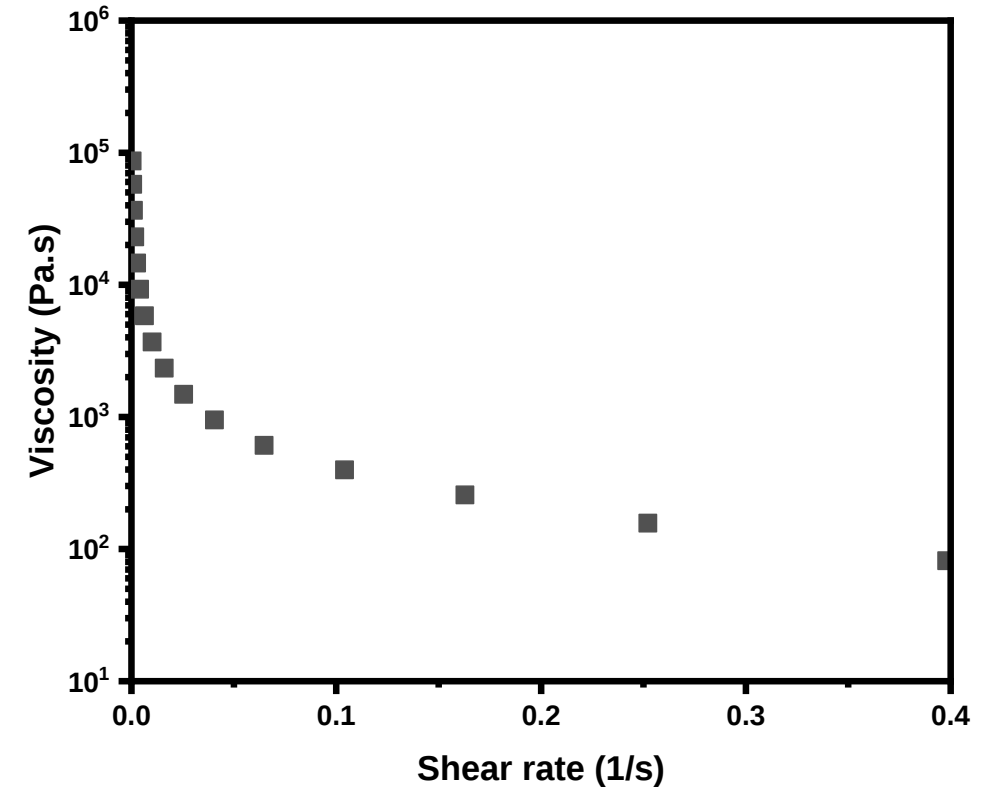
$$\tan \delta = G''/G' \text{ or } G^* = G' + iG''$$



Yield Stress

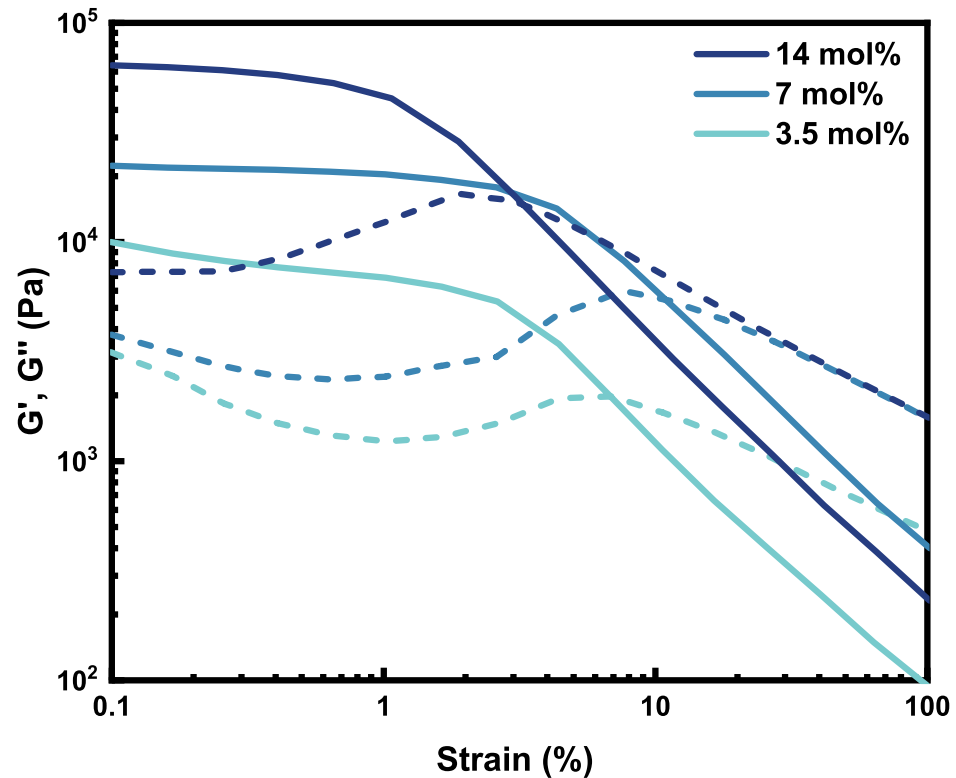


Shear-thinning

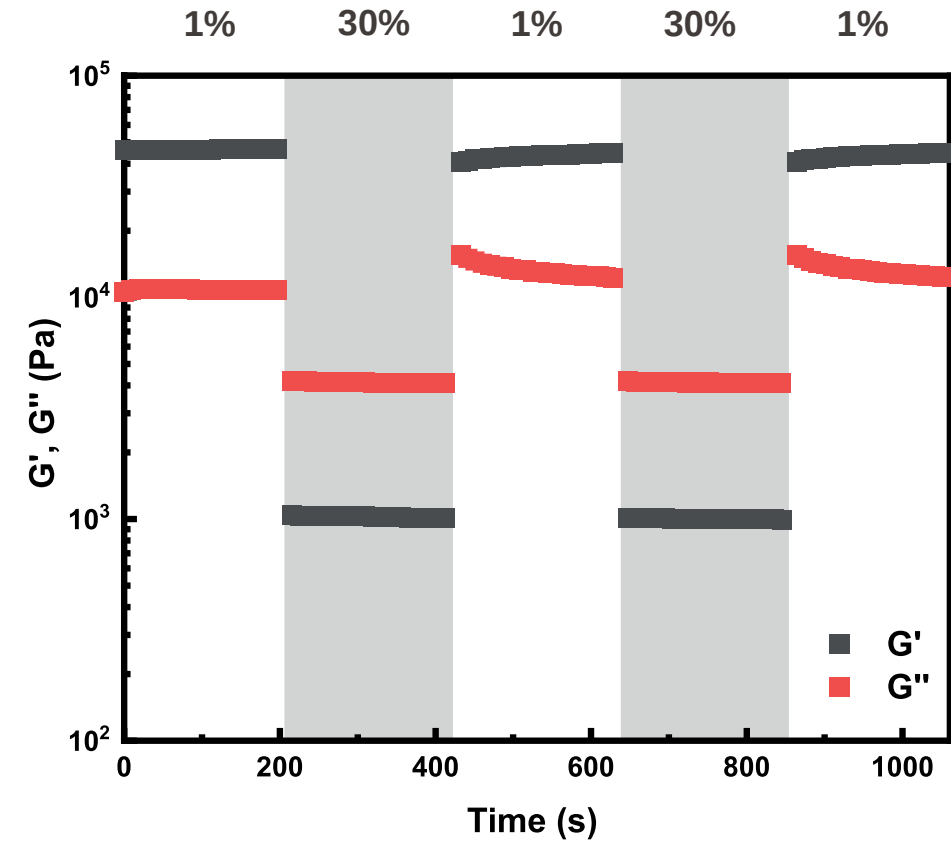


$G' > G''$ solid-like – $G'' > G'$ liquid-like

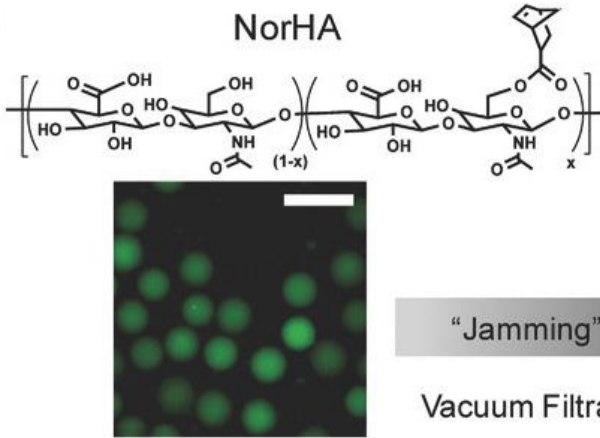
Yield Stress



Self-healing



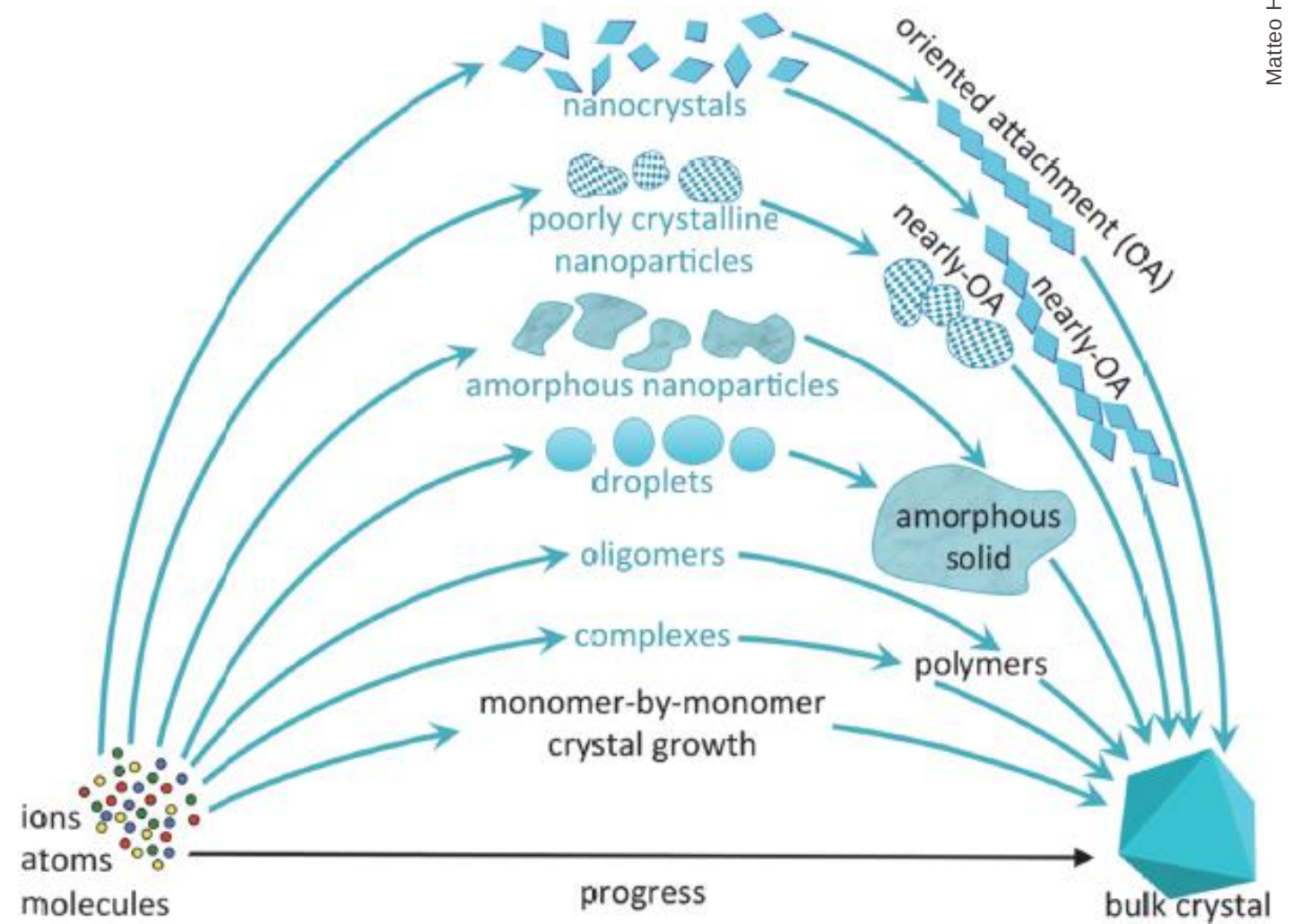
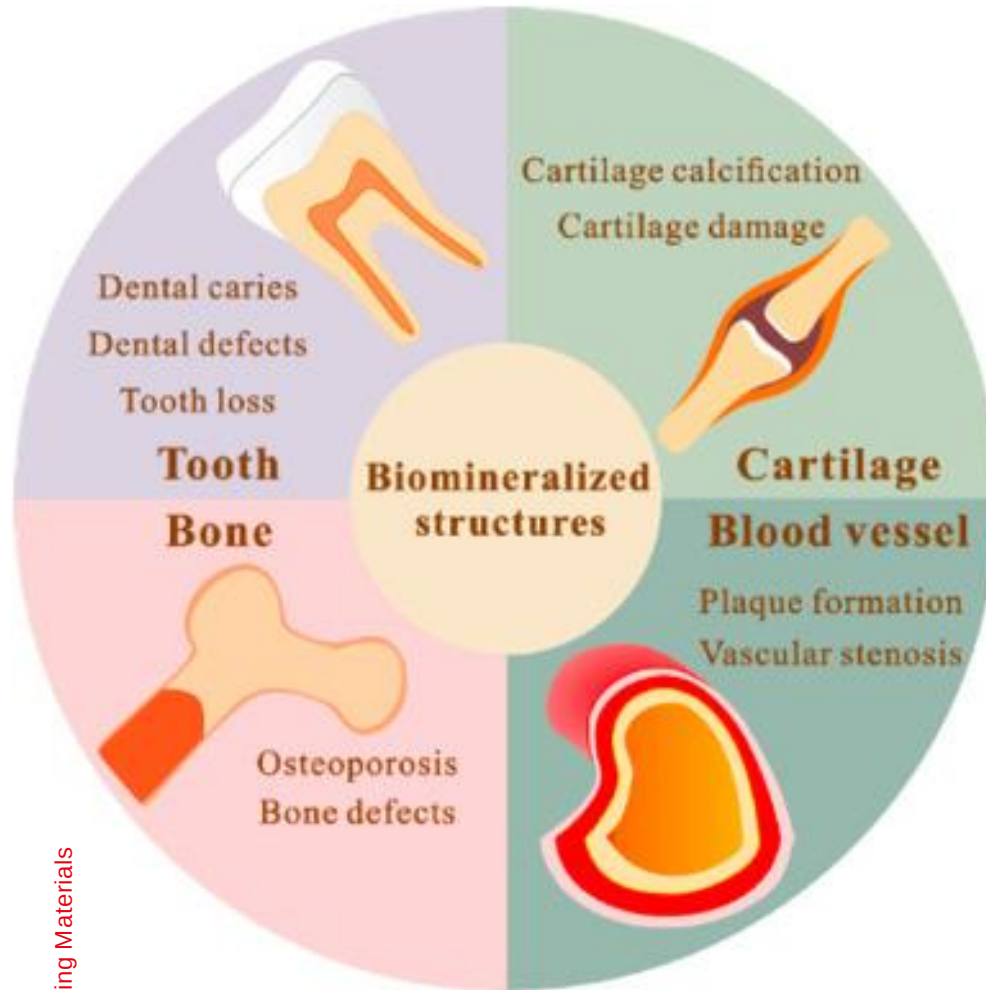
$G' > G''$ solid-like – $G'' > G'$ liquid-like



■ Engineered Living Materials



How can we get 3D printed granular structures with better mechanics?



Biomaterialization – is the process by which mineral crystals are deposited in the matrix of living organisms

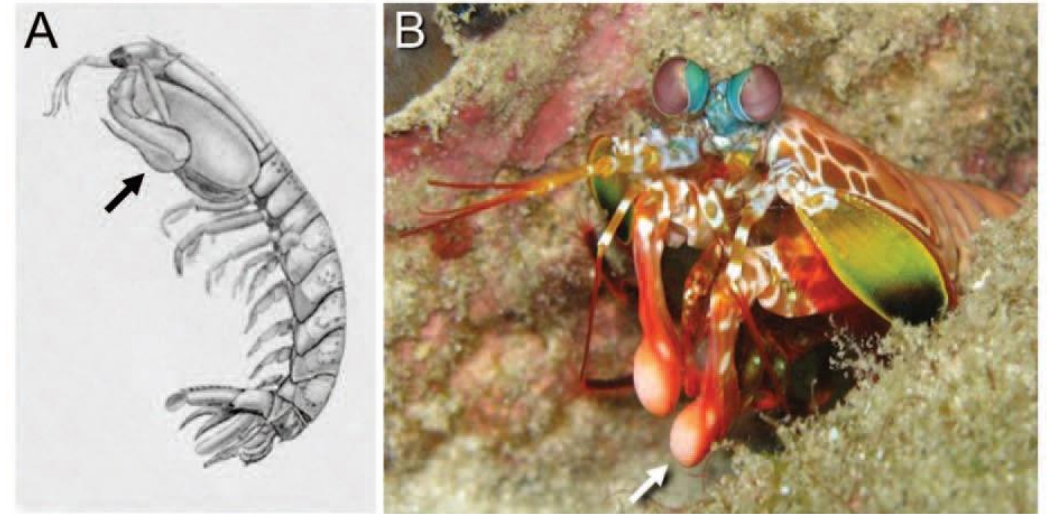


The Mantis Shrimp

<https://youtube.com/clip/UgkxA-KYNpfQPluwulei10RoFGXSQ3GLE1V1?si=-oF0EPUOQIH8Rs1x>

The mechanical properties of the dactyl clubs

- Instantaneous forces ≥ 600 N
- high-velocity offensive strikes 80km/h
- strike completion time 1/50 s

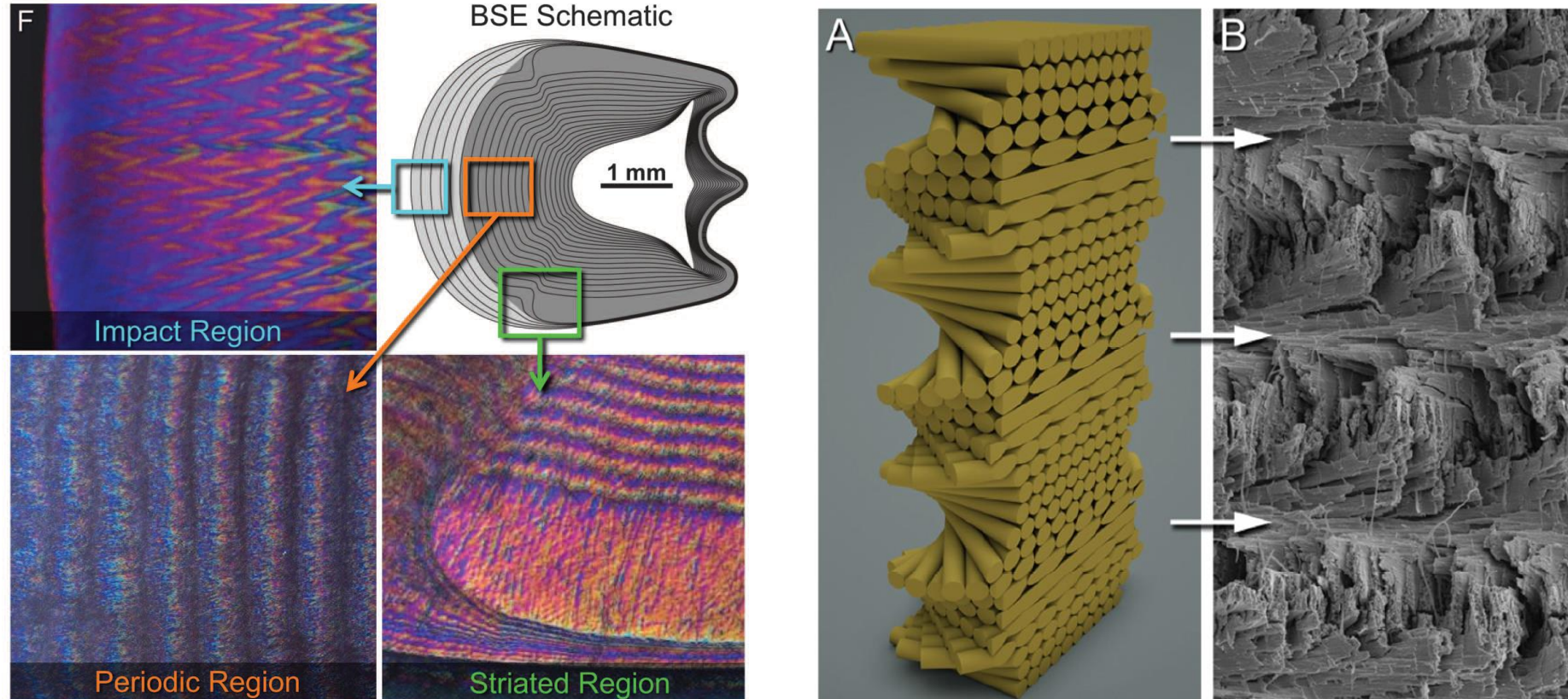


A Formidable Damage-Tolerant Biological Hammer

The structural complexity of the dactyl clubs

Three distinct structural domains:

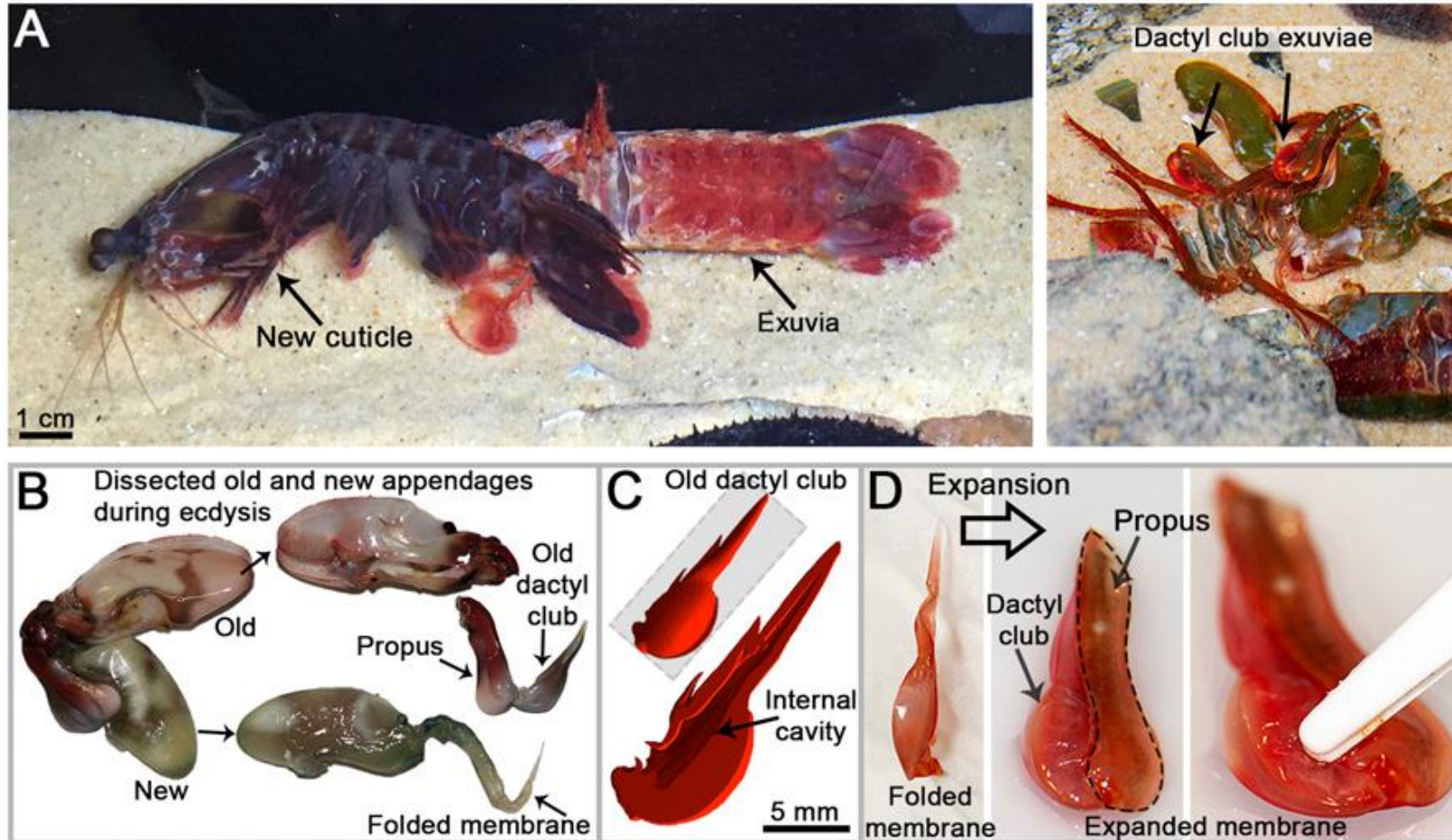
- (i) The impact region (with orientated attached HAP/FAP nanoparticles),
- (ii) The periodic region (with mineralized chitin fibril helicoidal structural motif),
- (iii) The striated region (with the thickened circumferential band with parallel chitin fibers).



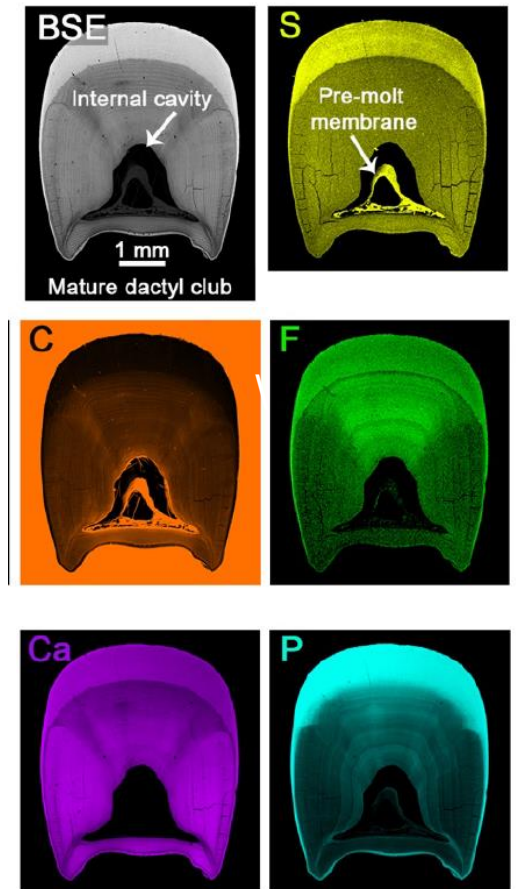
Science, 2012, 336(6086): 1275-1280.

Molting process

A flexible membrane initially folded within the club cavity expands to form the new club's envelope.

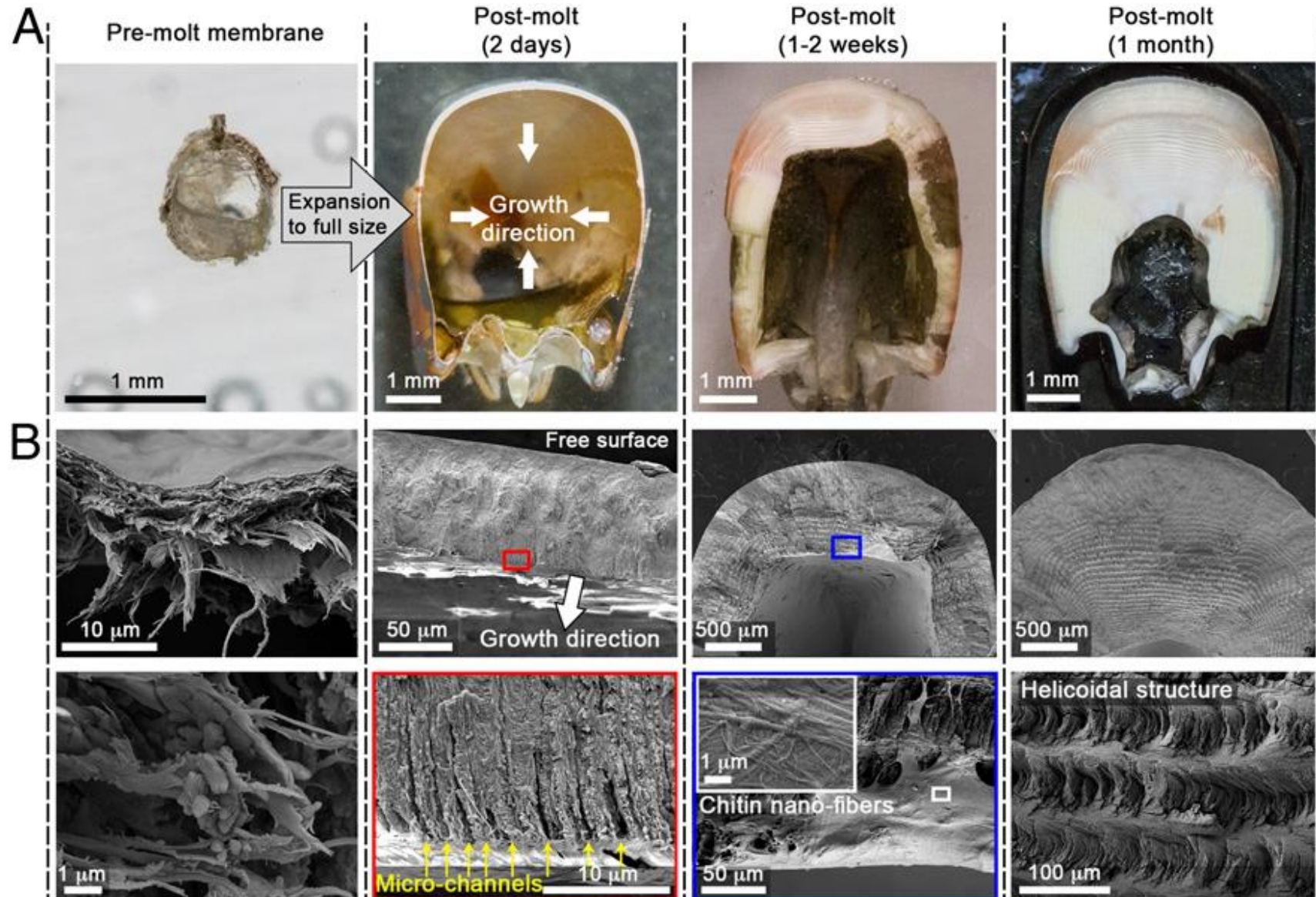


In the premolt membrane



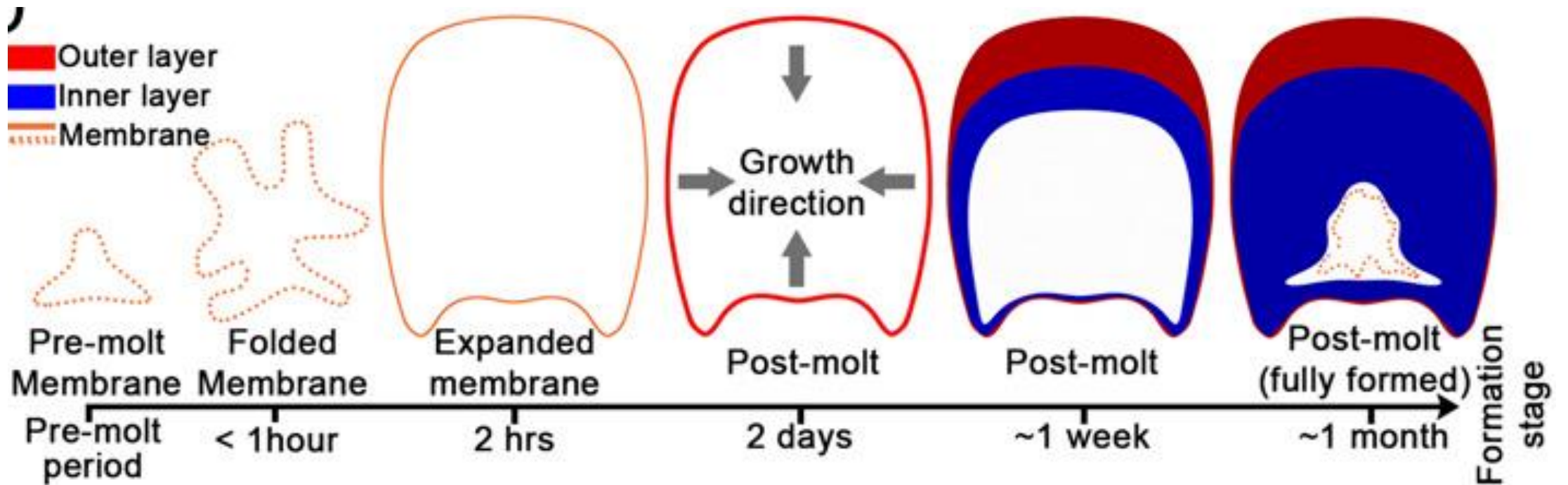
Diecast mineralization process

Structure of the dactyl club at various time points of the molting and formation process

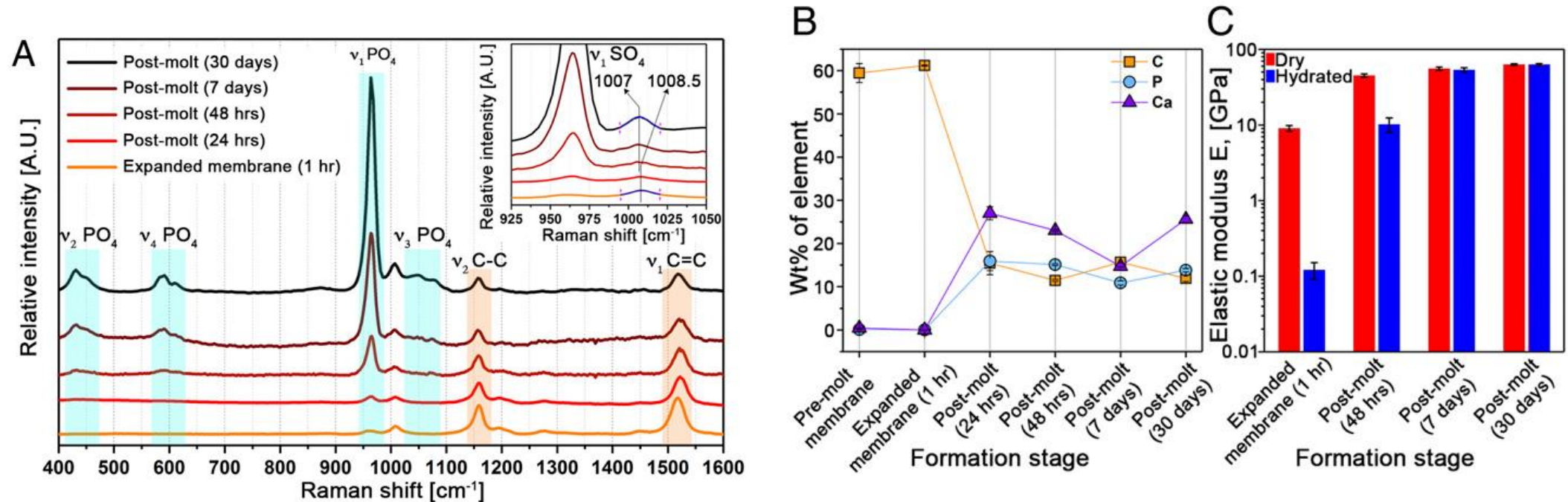


Diecast mineralization process

Schematic of the formation process of the dactyl club during the first month after ecdysis

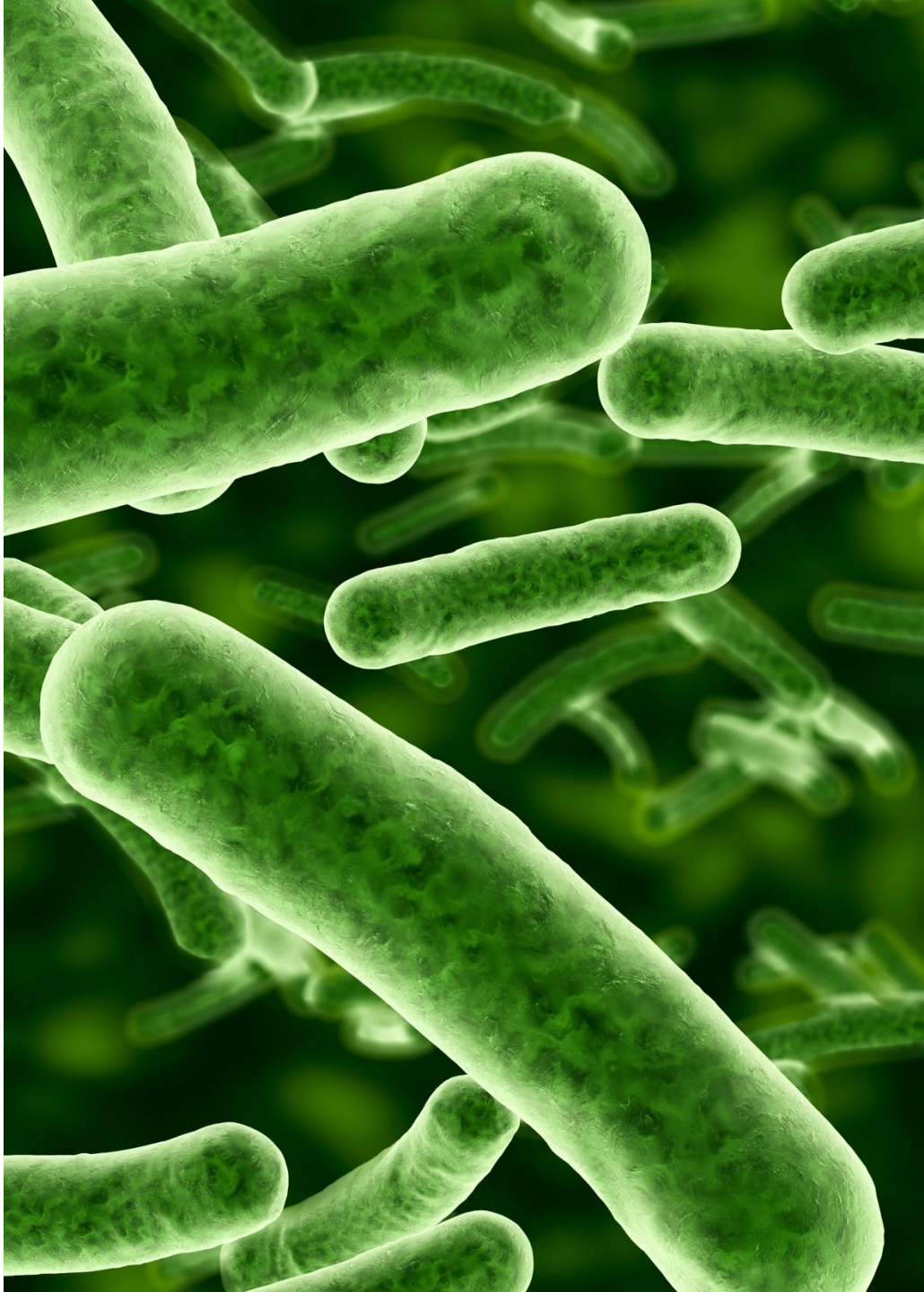


Raman spectroscopy, EDS analysis, and nanomechanical measurements



Fluorapatite (ν_1 vibration mode at 965 cm⁻¹)
 Proteins and chitin $\sim 1,160$ cm⁻¹ and $1,520$ cm⁻¹
 Calcium sulfate (ν_1 peak at 1,007 cm⁻¹)

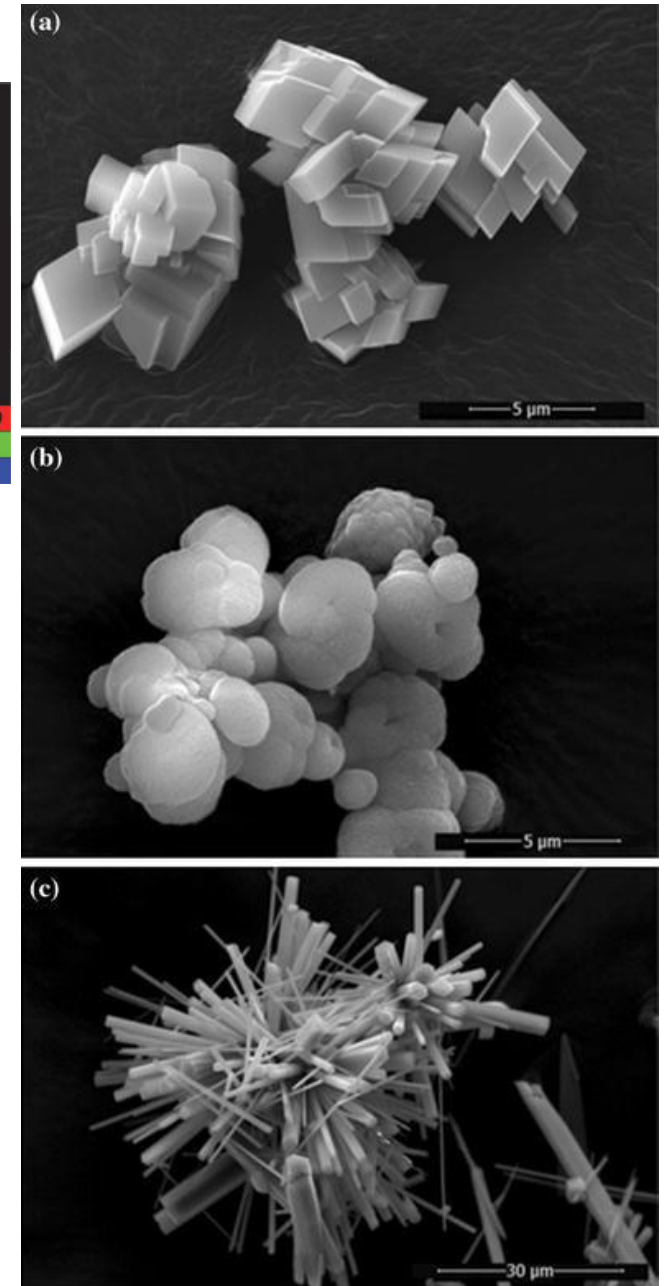
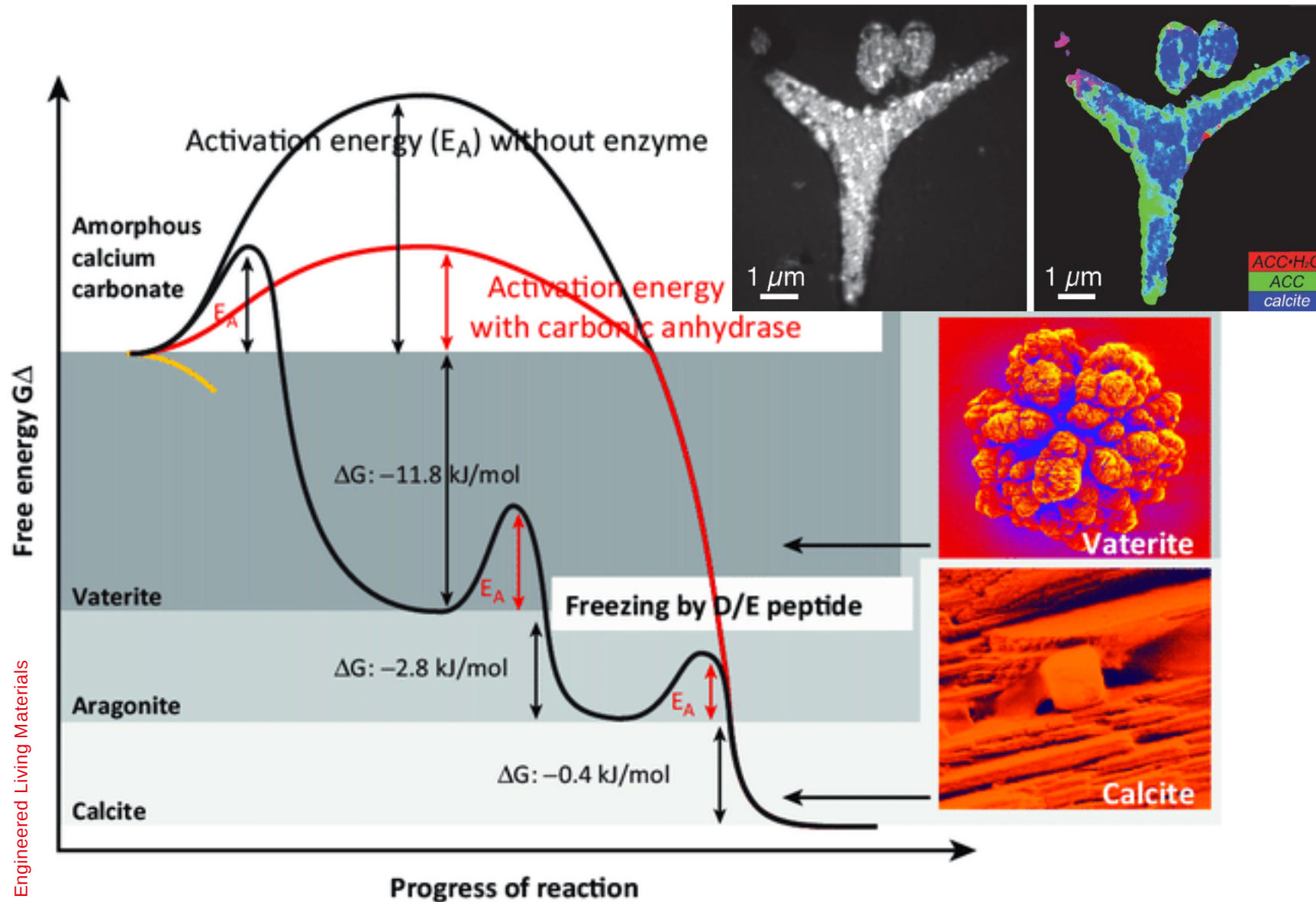
$E_{1hr} = 0.12 \pm 0.03$ GPa
 $E_{48hr} = 10.2 \pm 2.2$ GPa
 $E_{1week} = 53.5 \pm 3.6$ GPa
 $E_{mature} = 62.8 \pm 1.9$ GPa



3D Printing of Living Structural Biocomposites

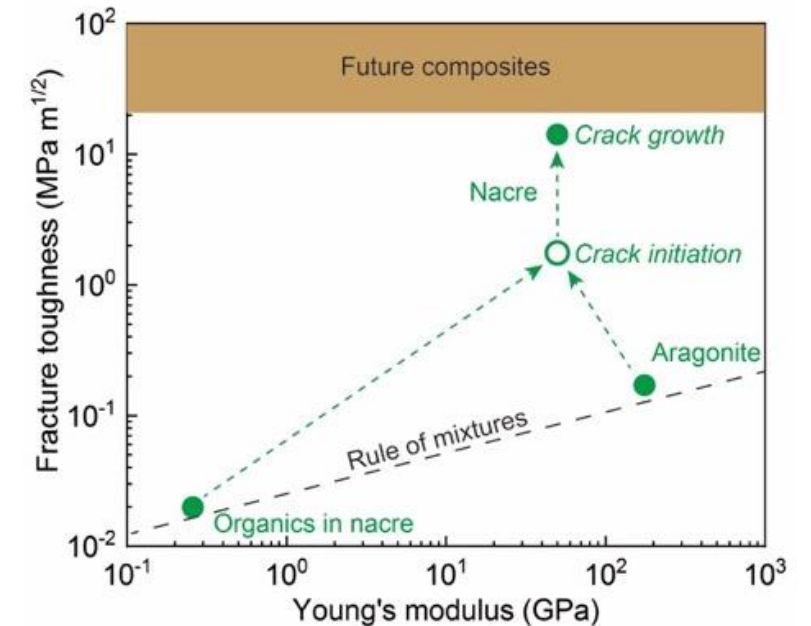
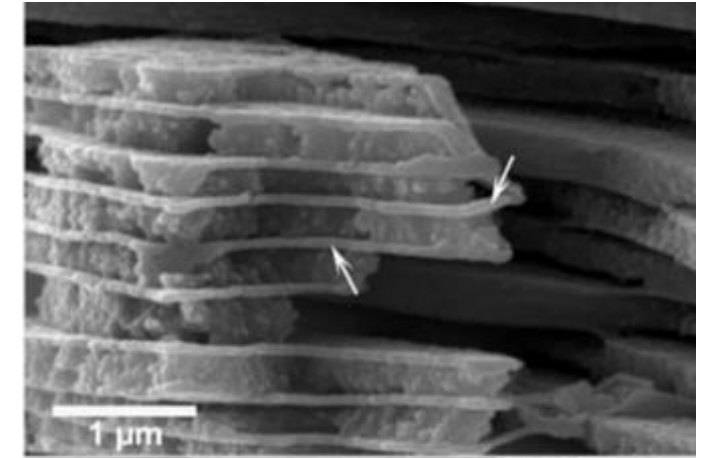
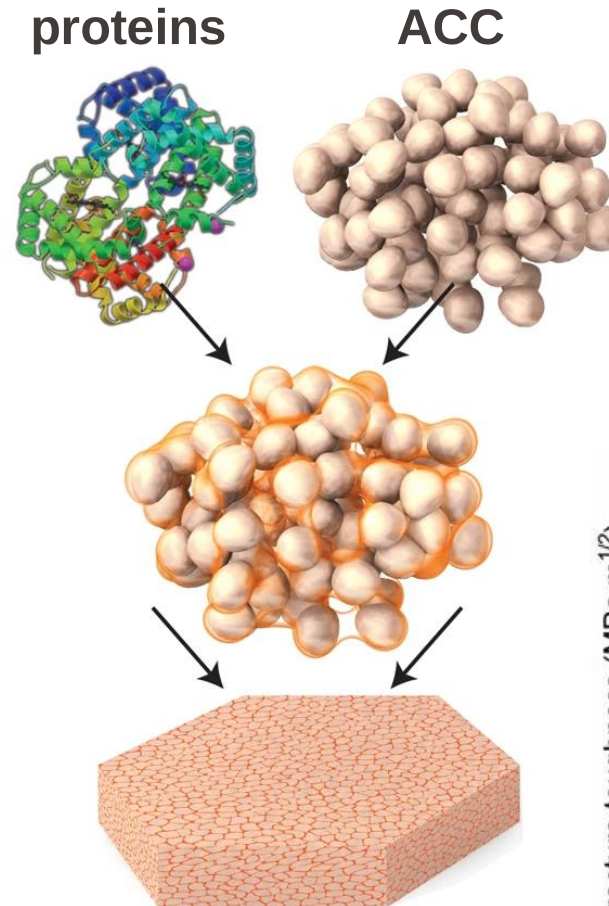
<https://www.news.uzh.ch/en/articles/2019/forensik-bakterien.html>

Calcium Carbonate Polymorphs

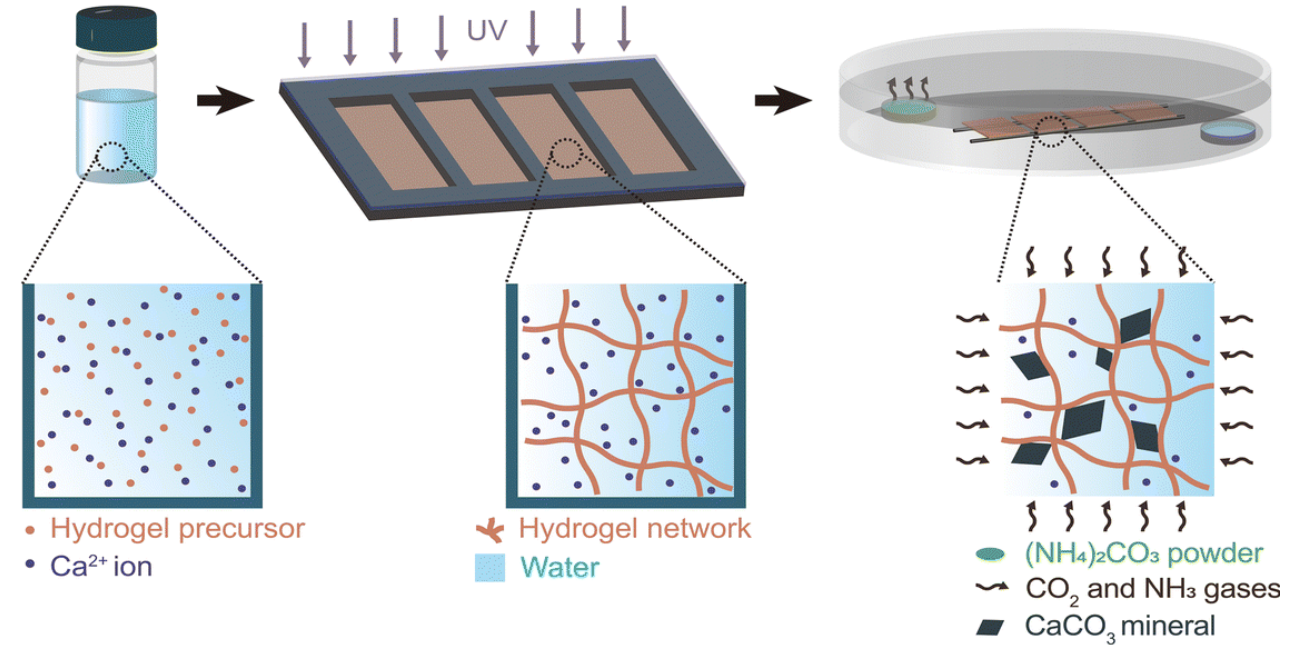
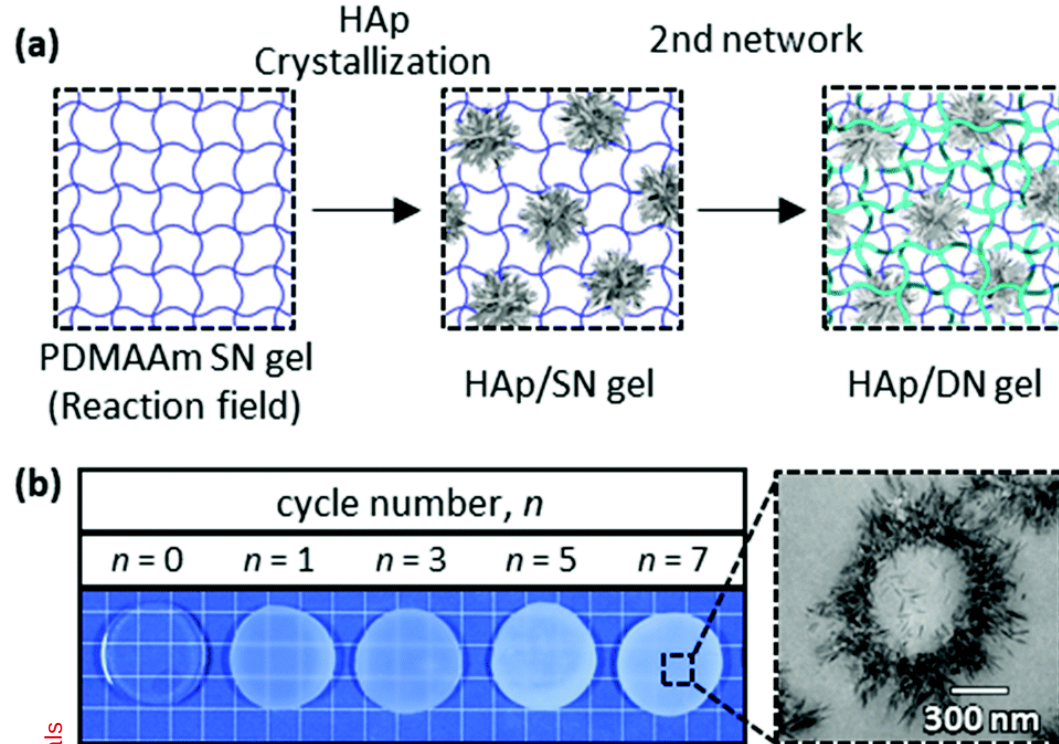




The fascinating mechanical properties of nacre are a result of the unique combination of well-defined hierarchical structure and local varying composition

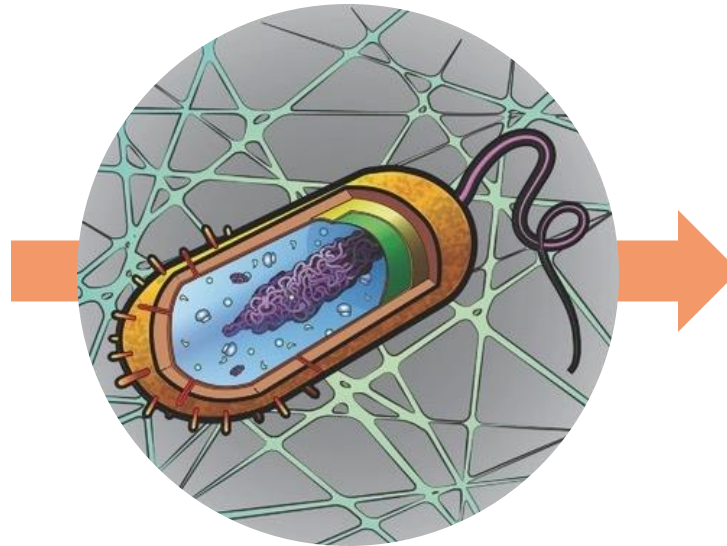
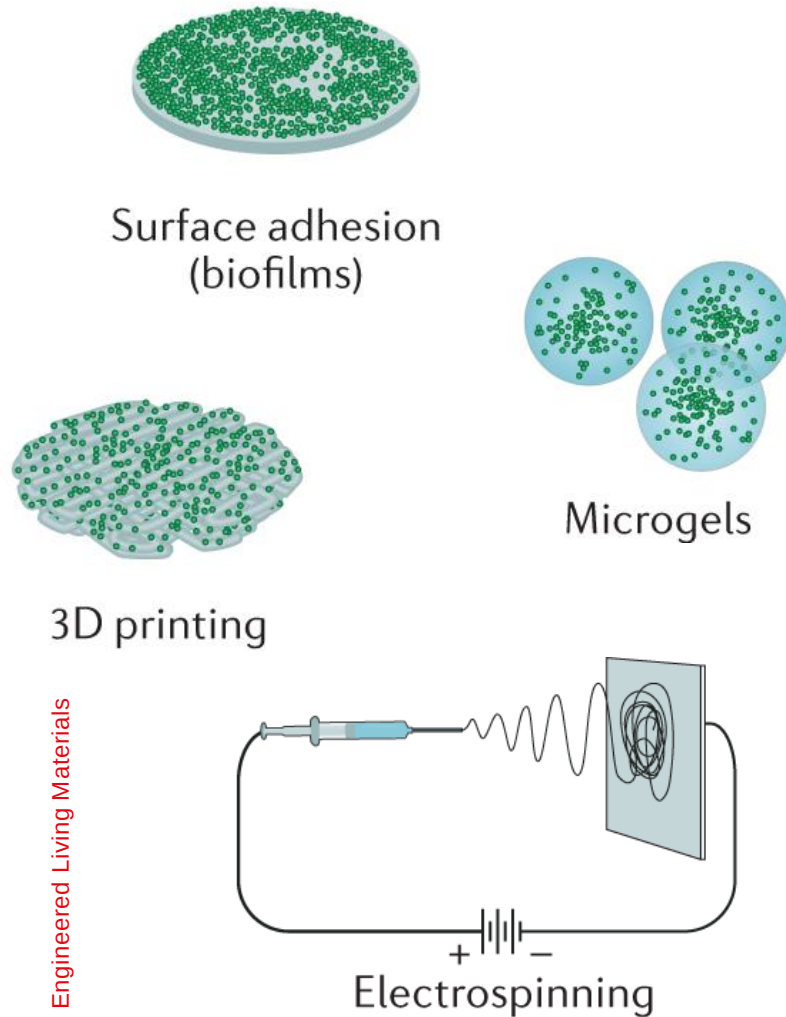


Adapted from: Wegst, U. G. K. et al. *Nature Materials*, 14, 1 (2015) – Du, H. et al. *CHIMIA*, 173, 1/2 (2019)

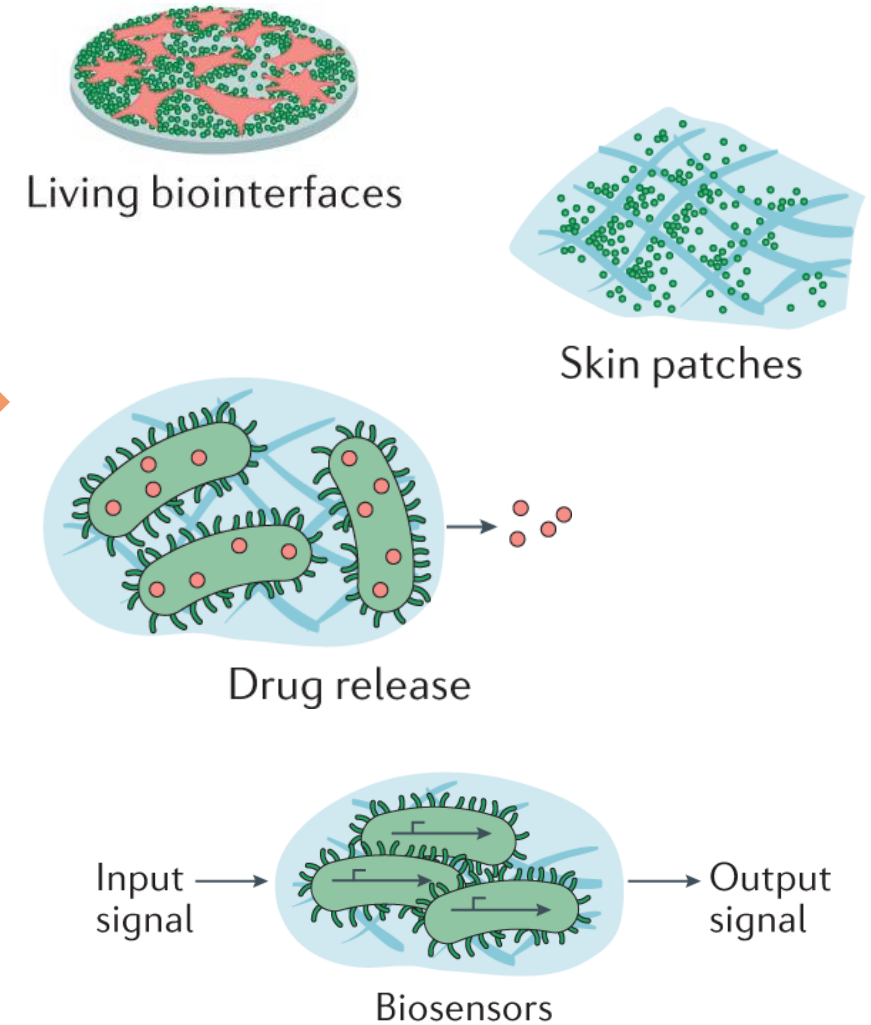


Final biomineral content is limited by the diffusion of reactants through the hydrogel network

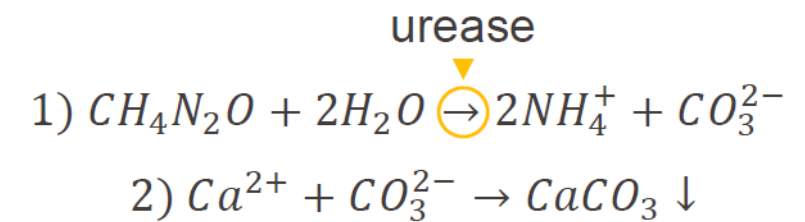
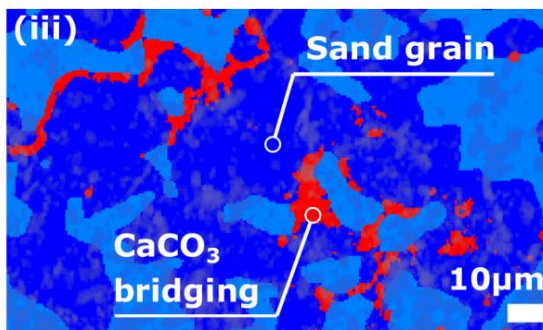
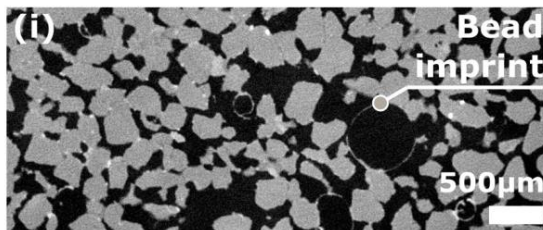
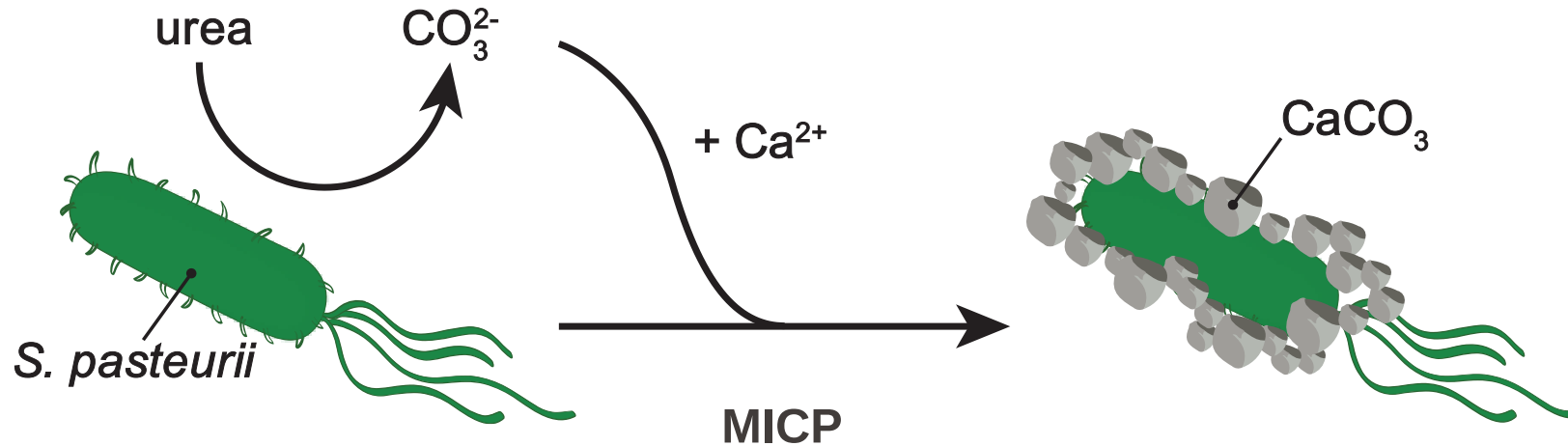
Processing



Applications

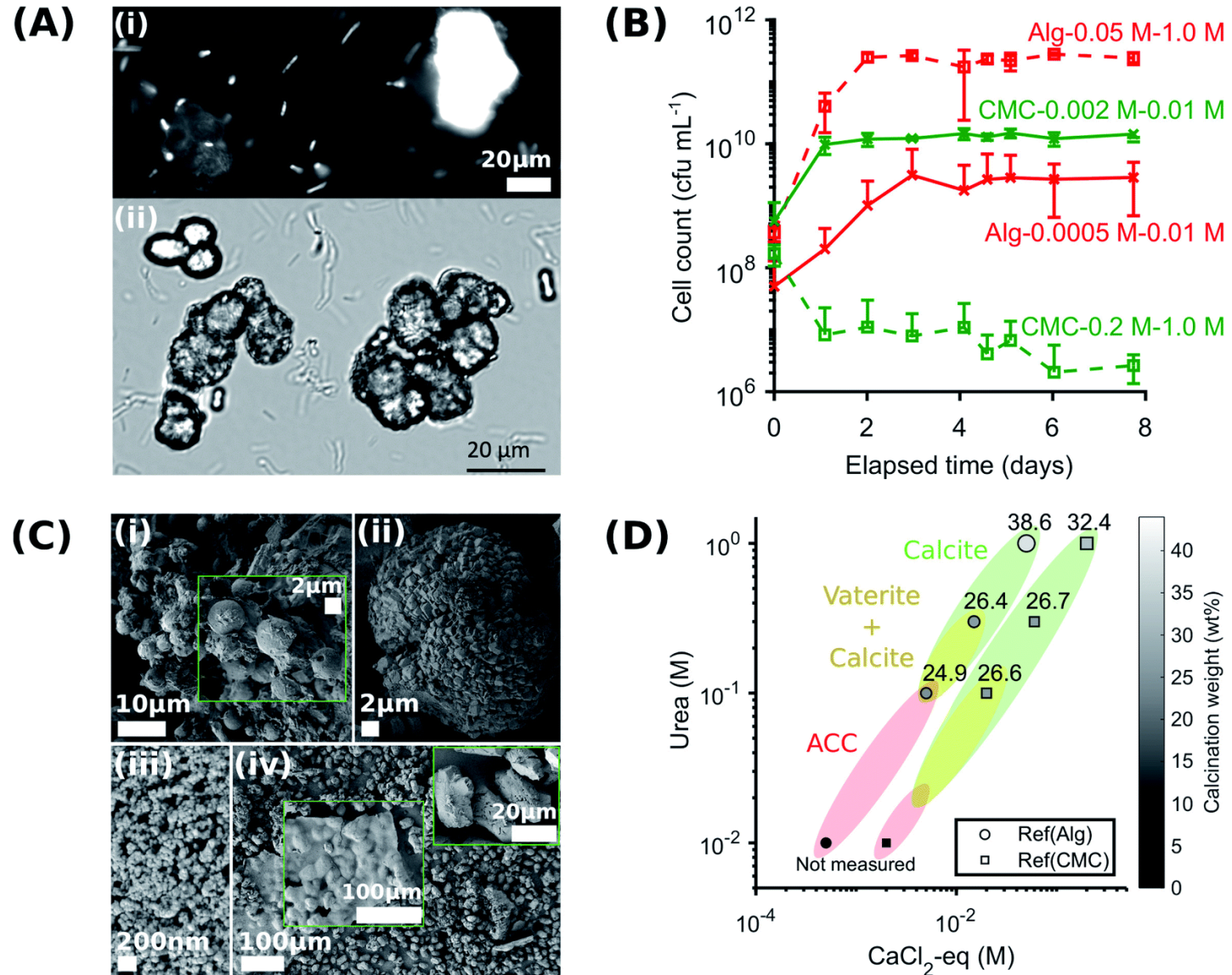


Microbiologically Induced Calcite Precipitation



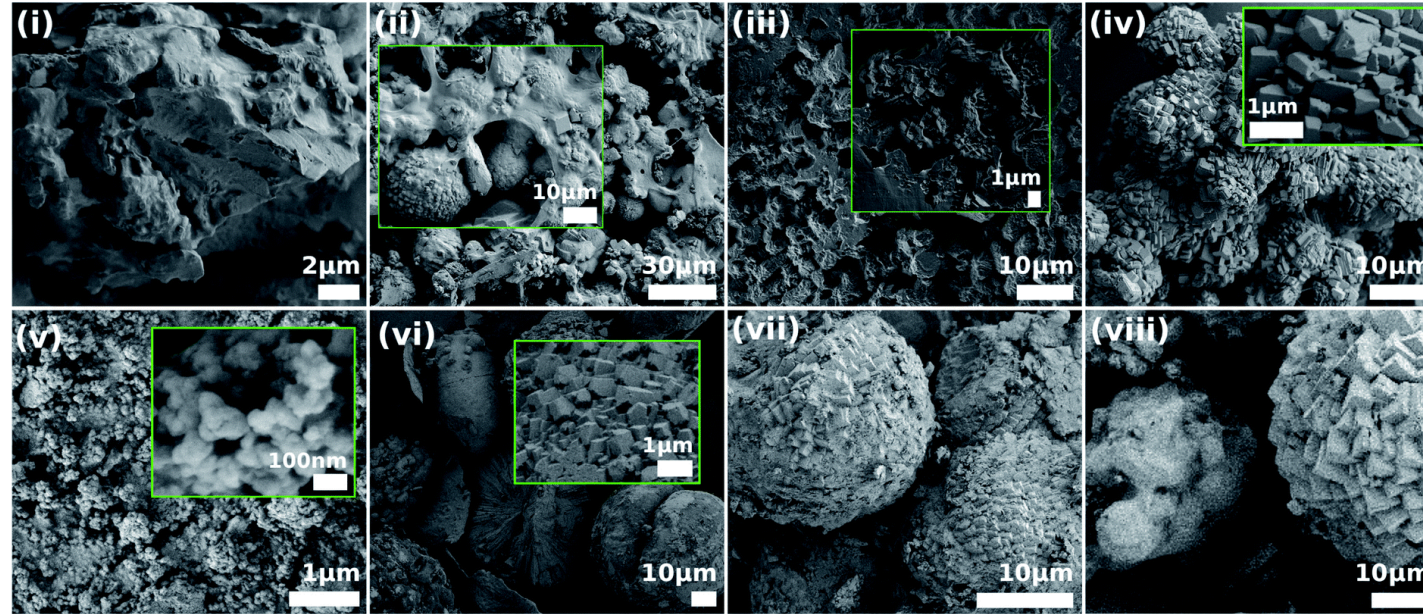
- Class I bacteria, gram positive
- High urease activity
- Widely adopted in Geotech

Microbiologically Induced Calcite Precipitation



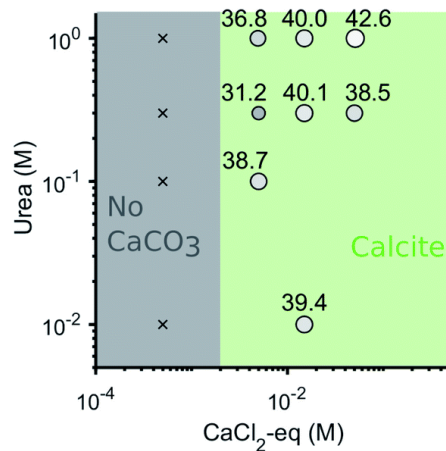
Microbiologically Induced Calcite Precipitation

(A)

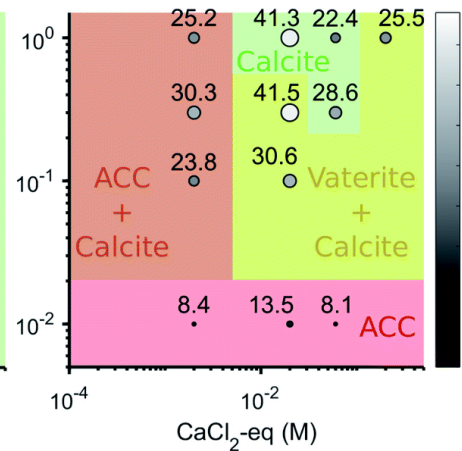


(B)

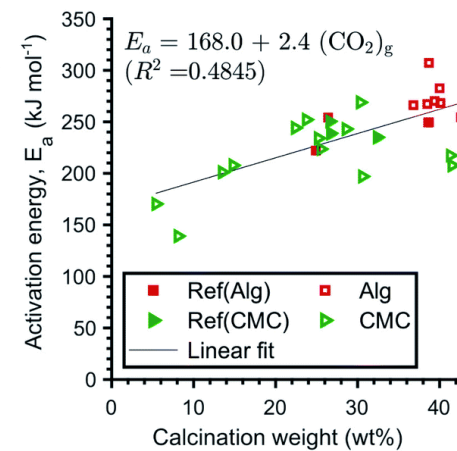
(i) Alginate



(ii) CMC

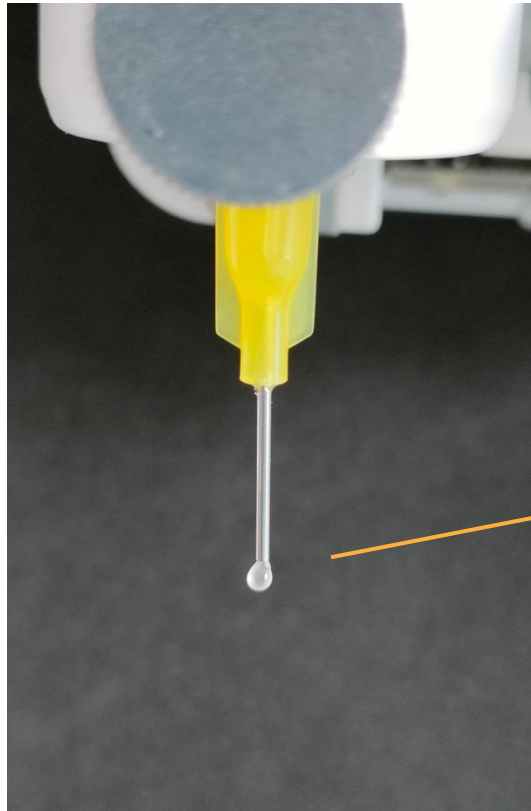


(C)

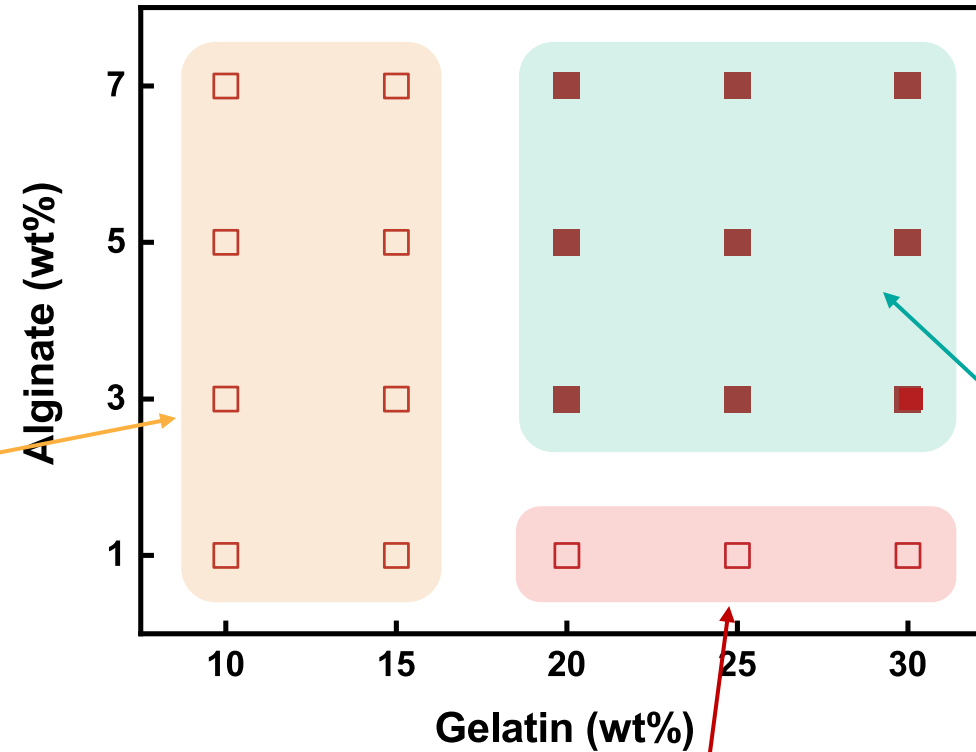


Bacteria-Loaded Microgel Printing

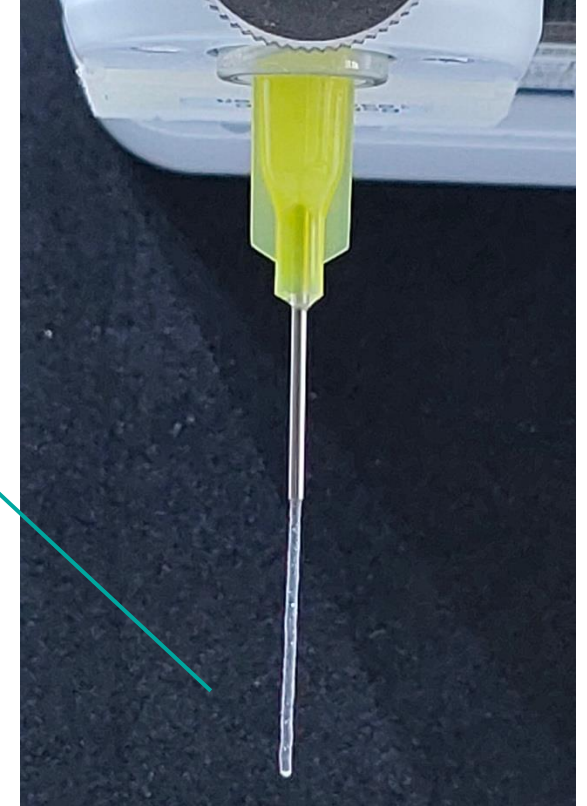




Dripping

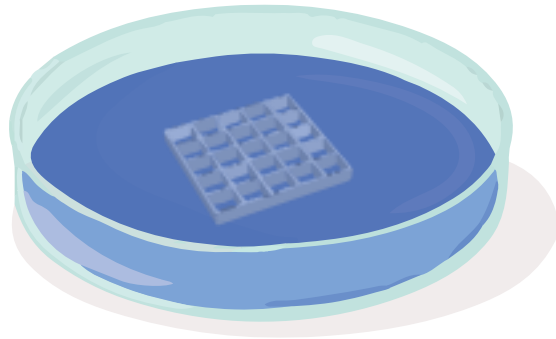


Not stable



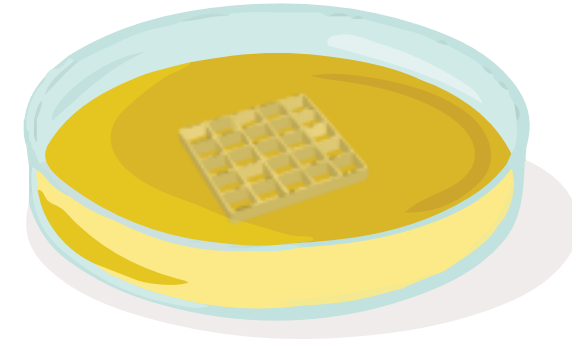
Extrusion

Biom mineralization of 3D Printed Scaffolds

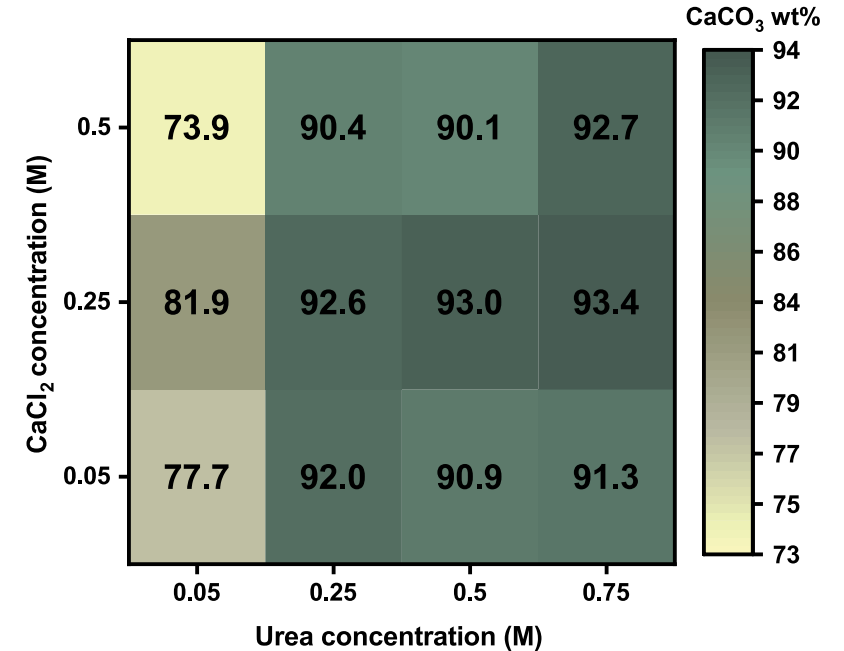
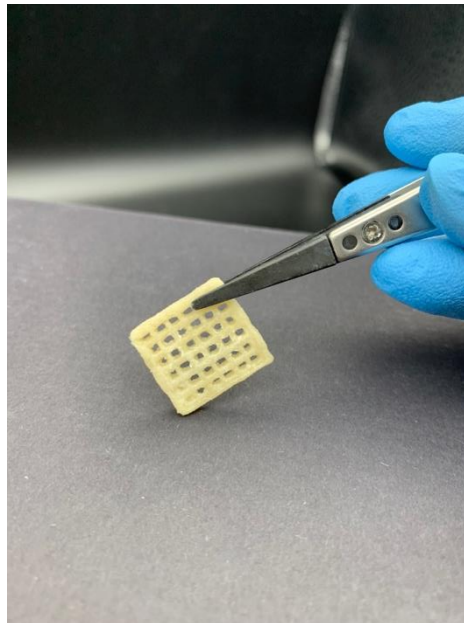


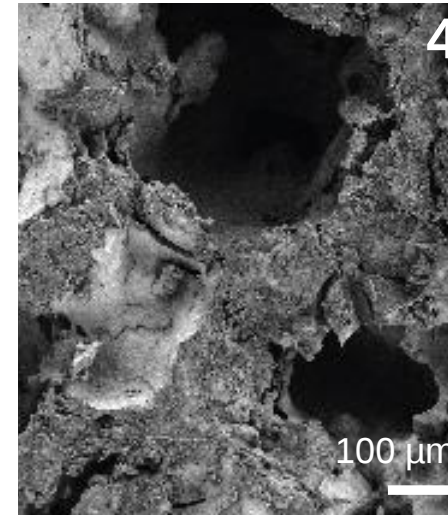
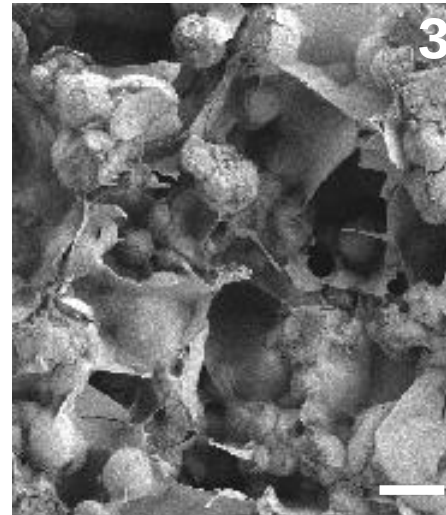
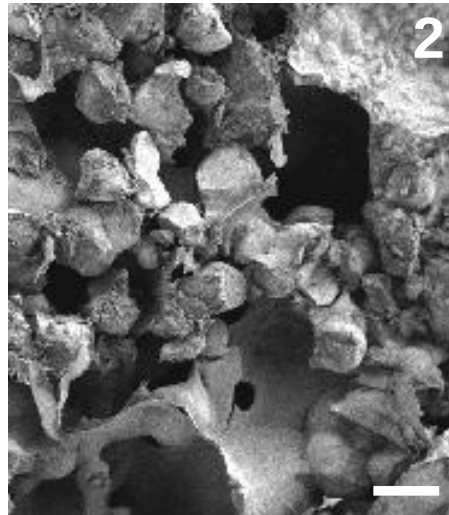
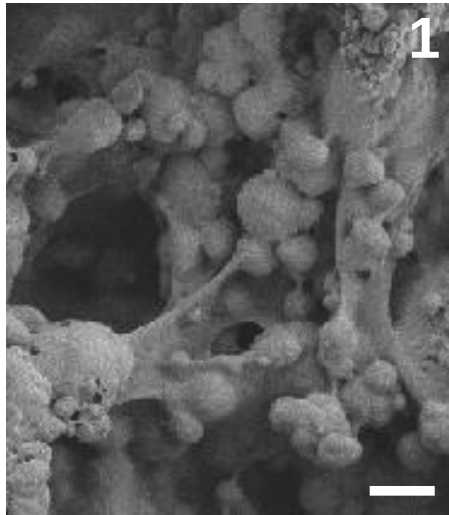
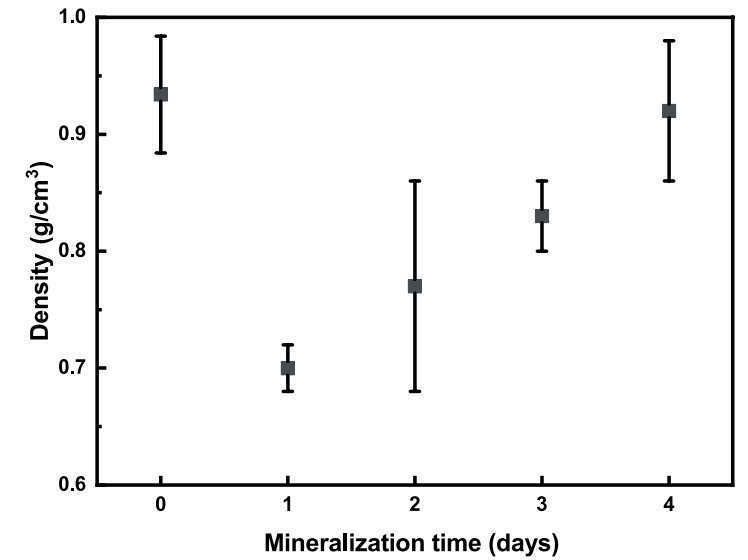
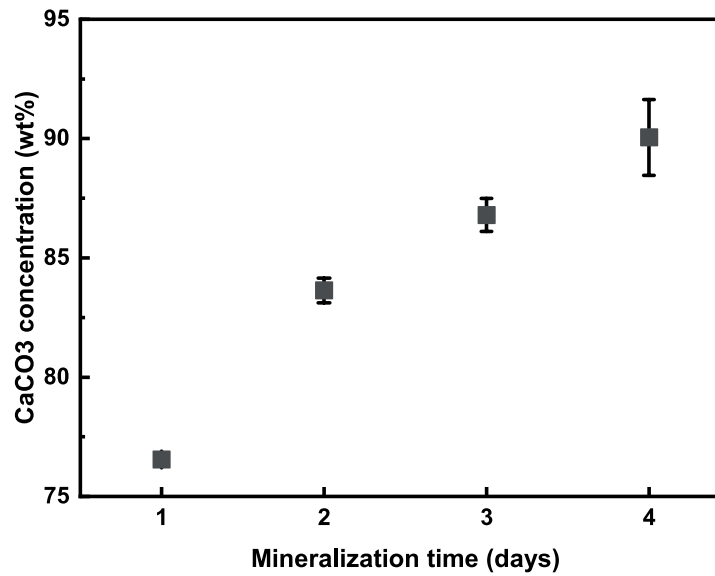
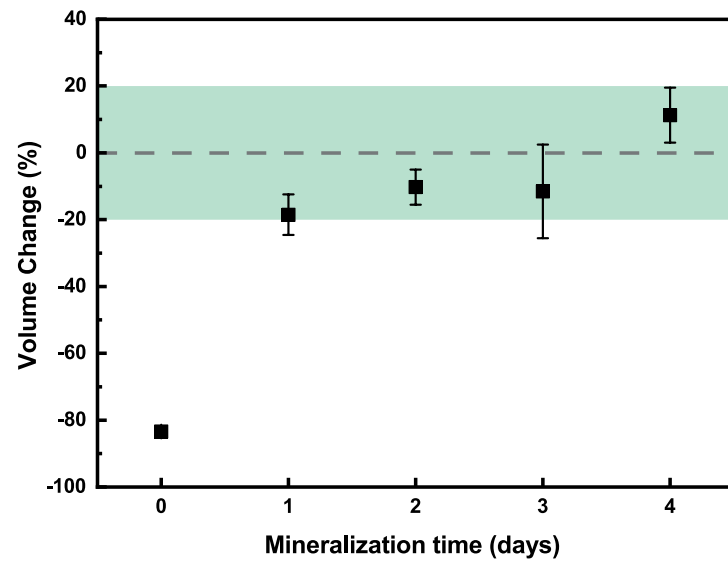
CaCl_2 solution

biomineralization



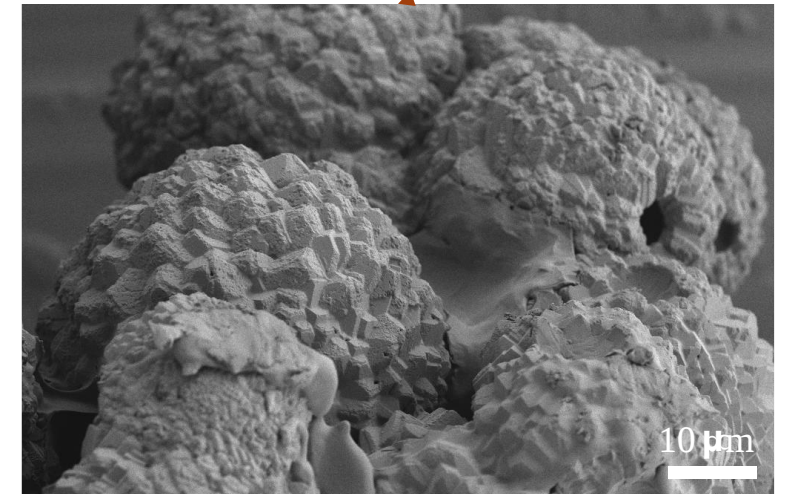
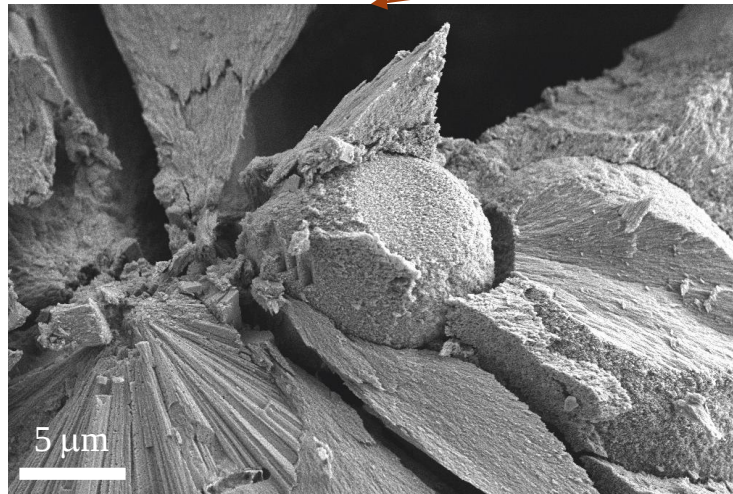
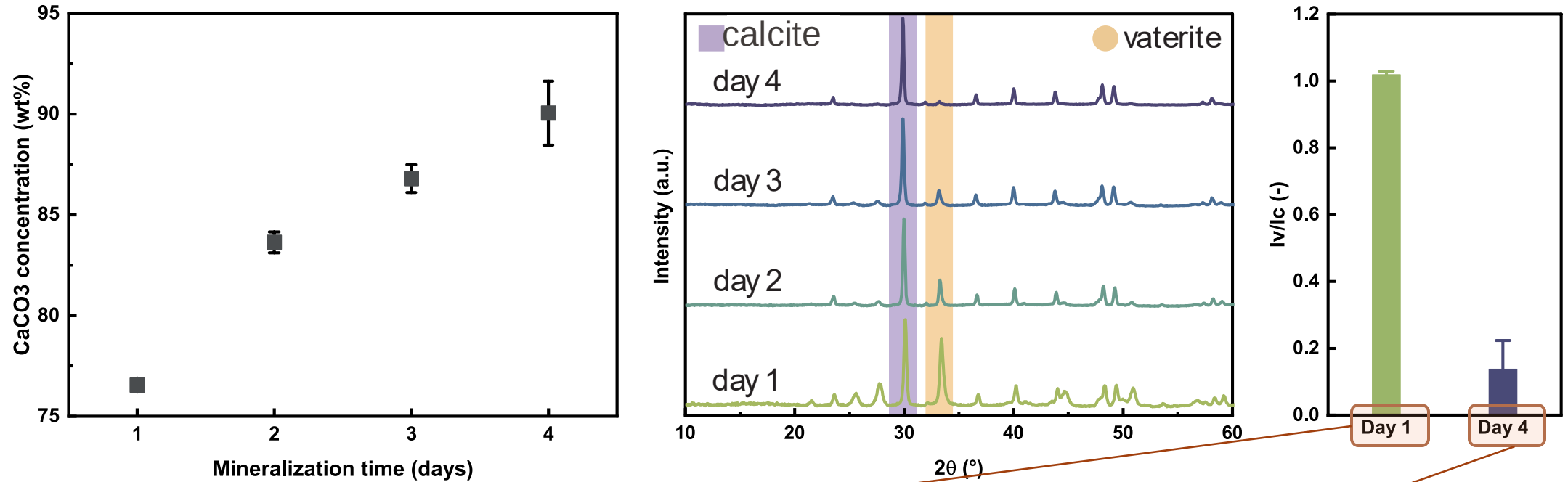
YUT media



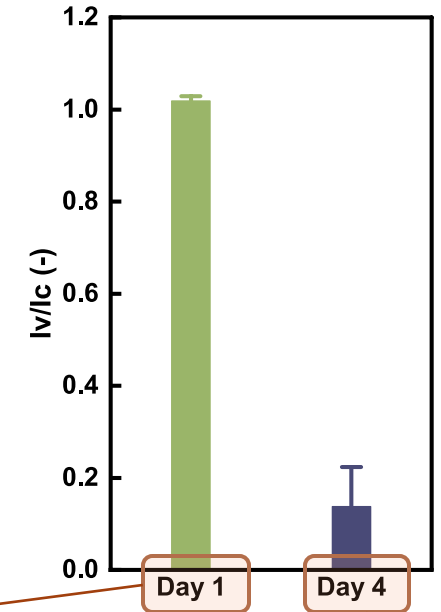
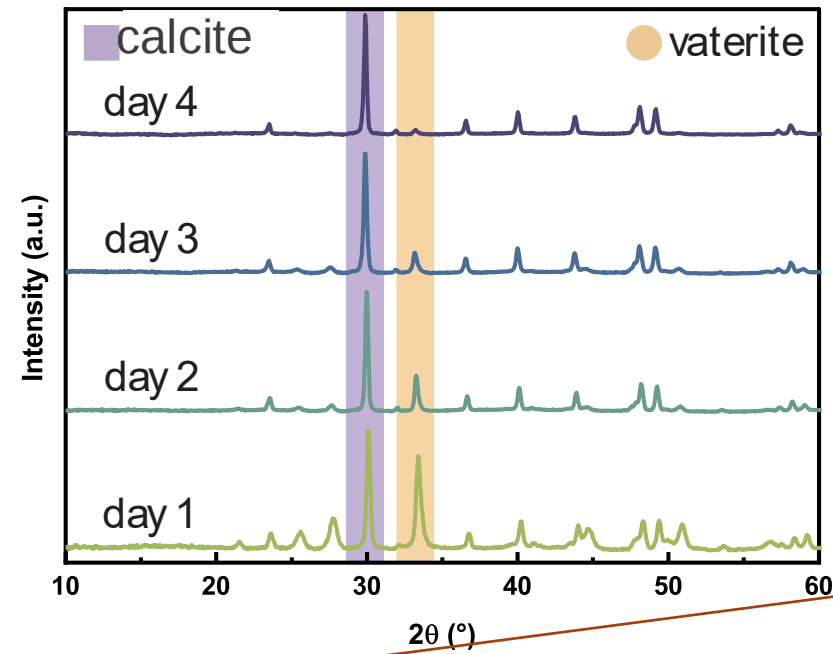
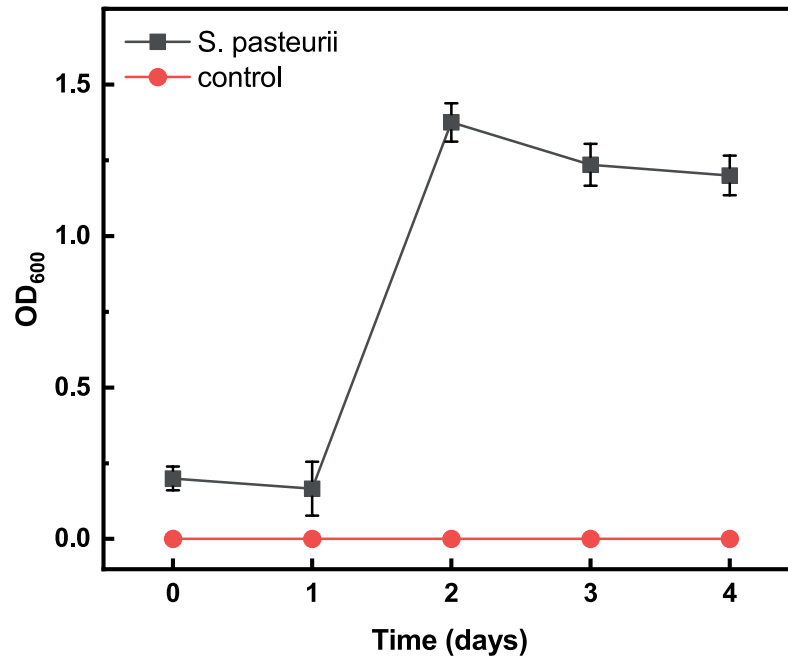


Volume change is inhibited due to biominingalization precipitation

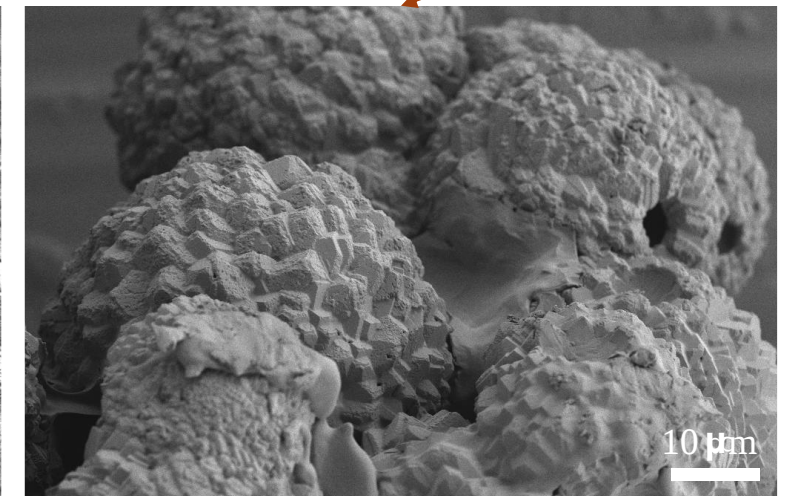
Biominingalization of 3D Printed Scaffolds



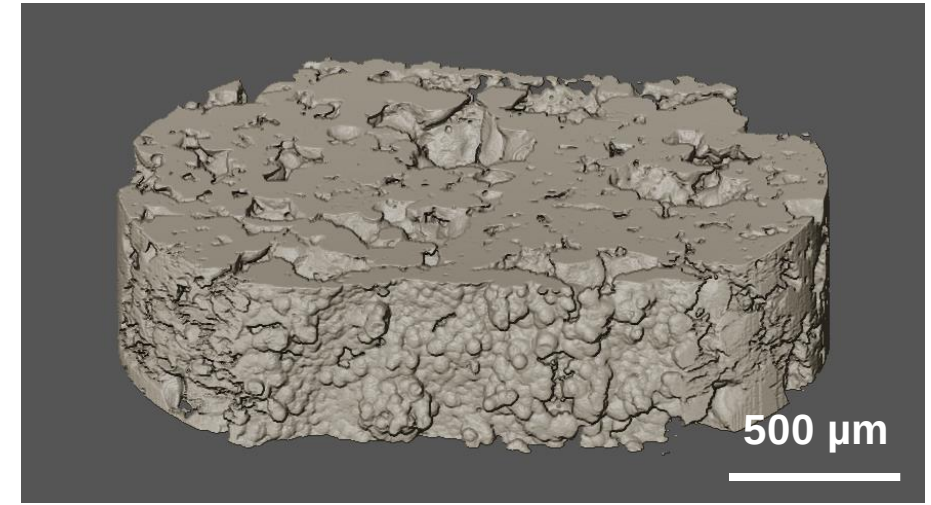
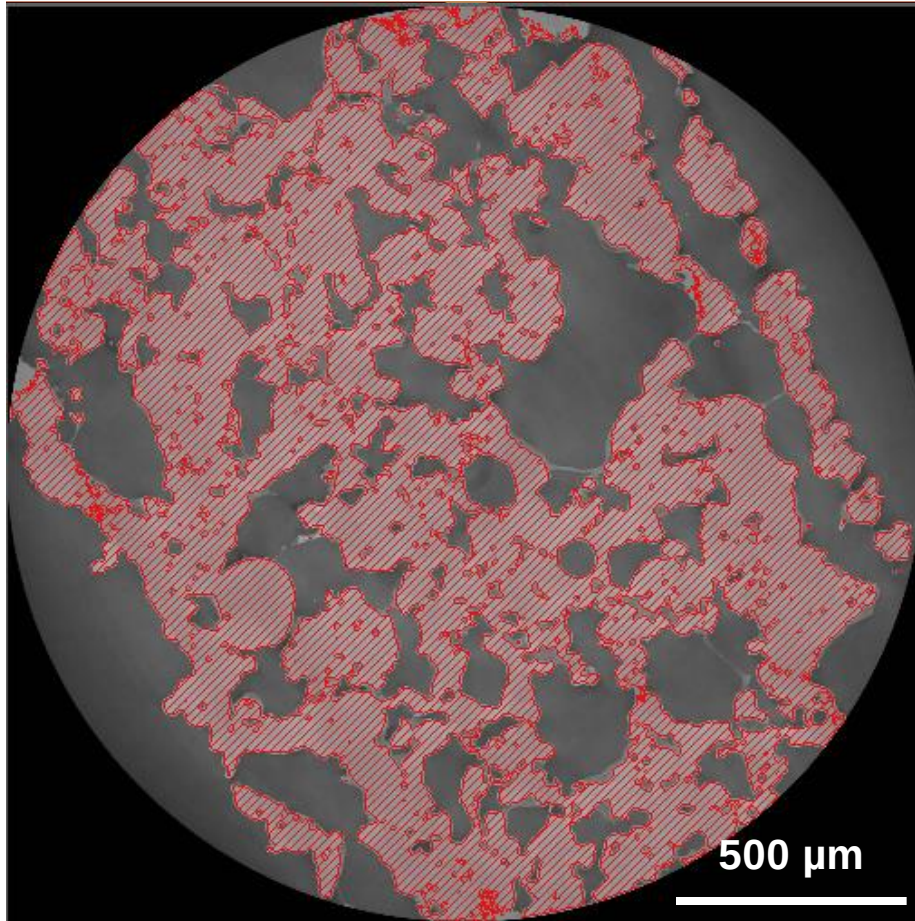
Biomining of 3D Printed Scaffolds



Initial precipitation of vaterite due to low bacteria activity in the first 24h



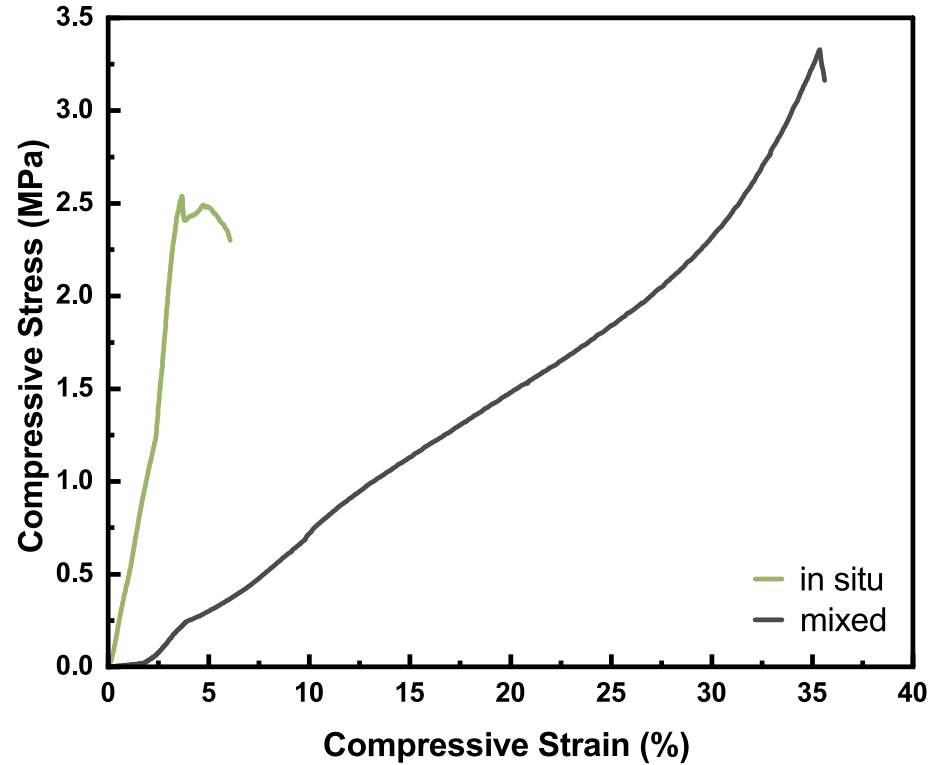
Micro Tomography of Biomineralized Scaffold



μCT confirms the presence of mineral bridges and microporosity

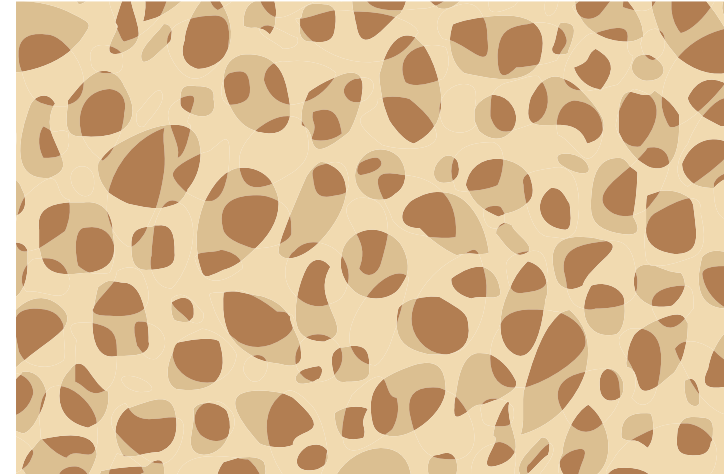


Mechanical Behavior of Biomineralized Composite

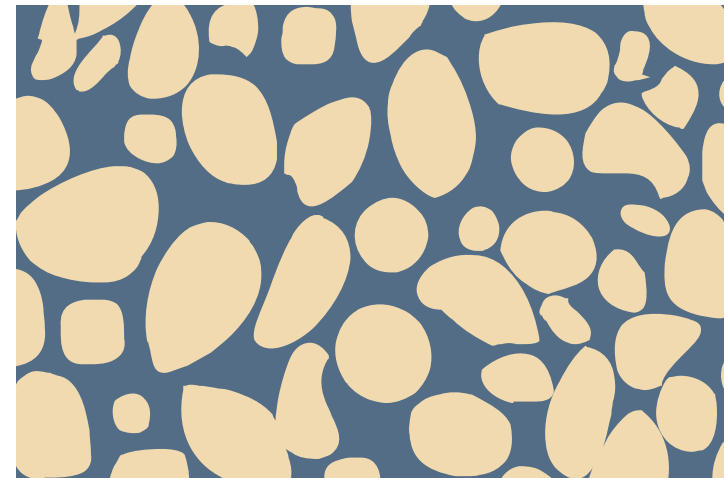


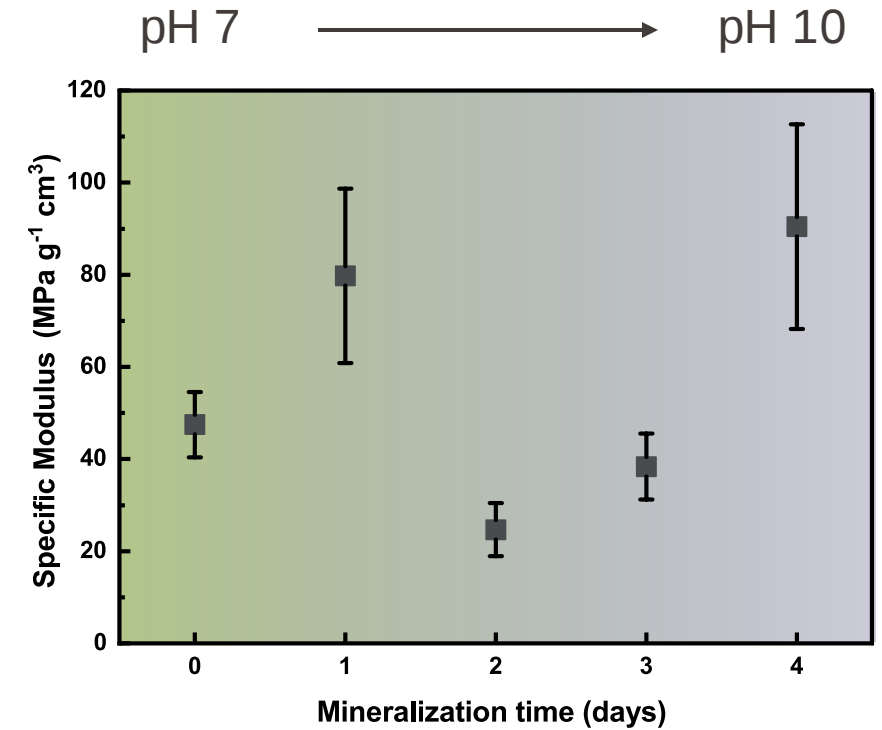
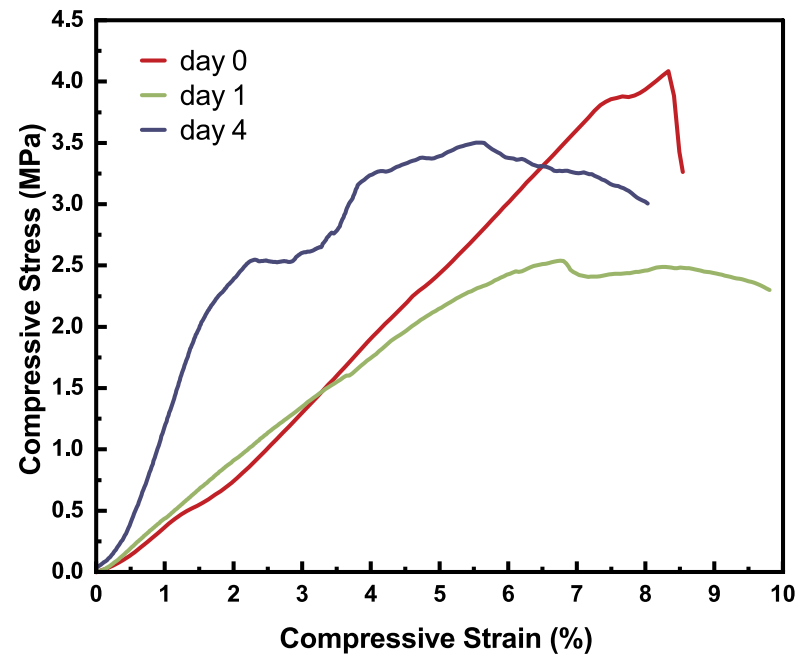
**Mechanical integrity is granted
by mineral bridges**

Biomineralized

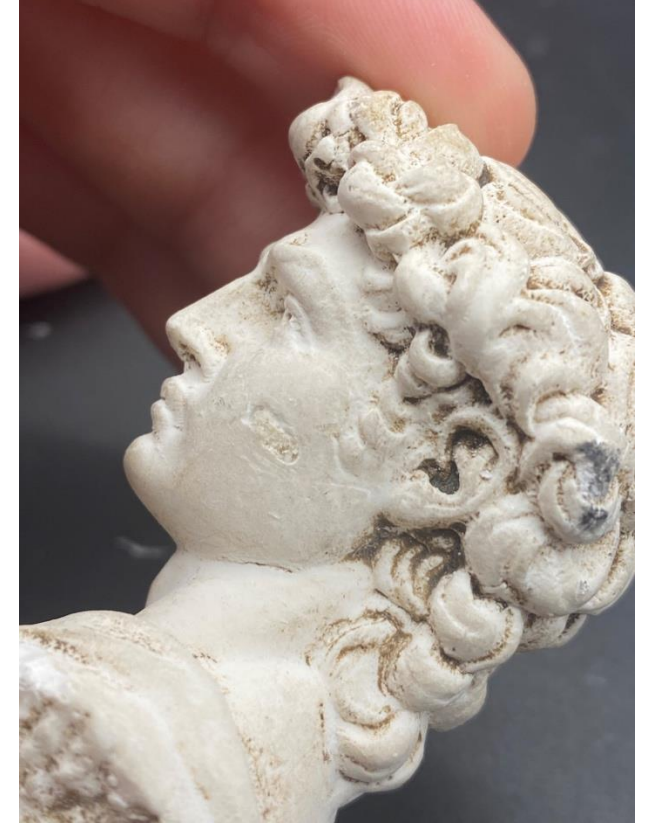
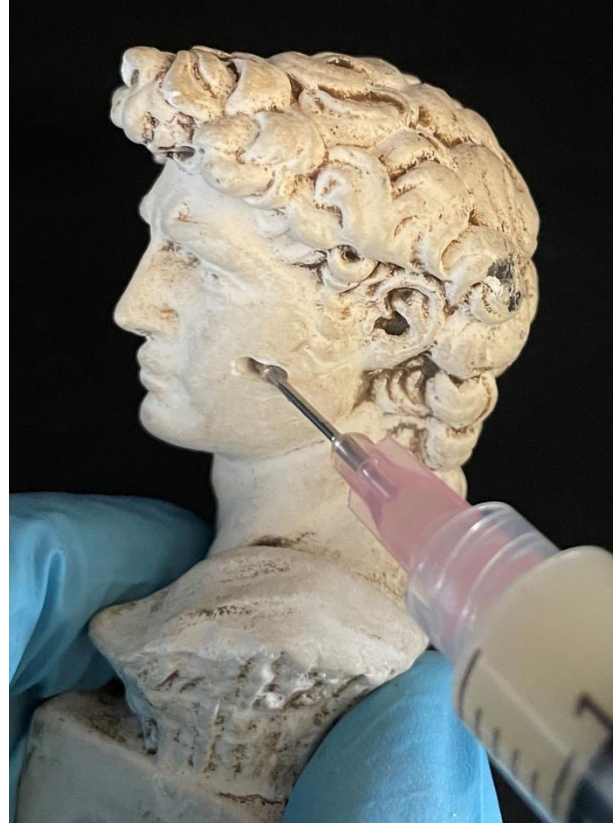
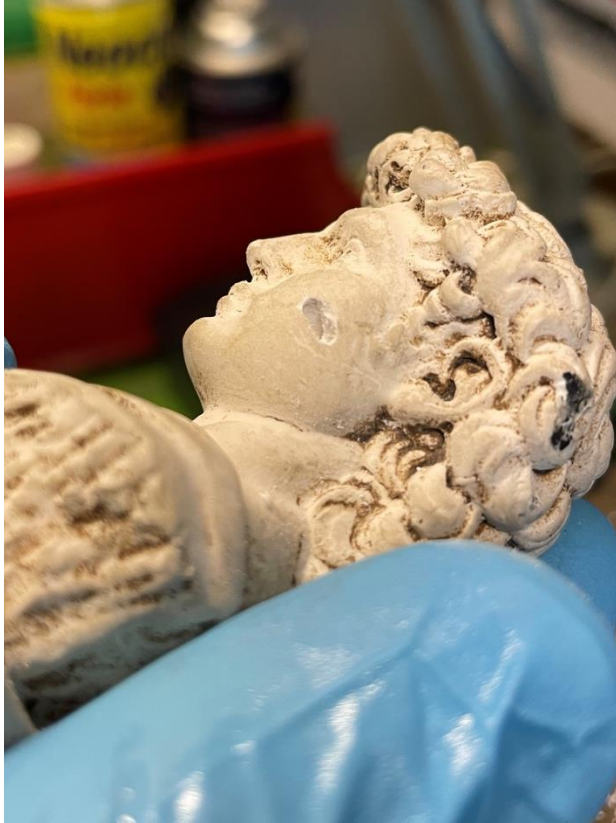


Pre-mixed





Alkaline pH affects gelatin network stability





3D printing with bacteria-loaded ink produces bone-like composites

News › Research

EPFL researchers have published a method for 3D-printing an ink that contains calcium carbonate-producing bacteria. The 3D-printed mineralized bio-composite is unprecedentedly strong, light, and environmentally friendly, with a range of applications from art to biomedicine.

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Ben Wedeman, CNN and Jacqui Palumbo, CNN

🕒 3 minute read · Published 5:45 AM EDT, Tue October 26, 2021

MIKE OLSON

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Appetite for Art: Restoring Ancient Works With Hungry Bacteria

Fire, glue, and salt blooms have wreaked havoc on some of Spain's 17th-century masterpieces. It's up to bacteria to undo the damage.

Send in the Bugs. The Michelangelos Need Cleaning.

Last fall, with the Medici Chapel in Florence operating on reduced hours because of Covid-19, scientists and restorers completed a secret experiment: They unleashed grime-eating bacteria on the artist's masterpiece marbles.

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Marine Reef Remediation



Scientists are trying to save coral reefs. Here's what's working.

Without these interventions, scientists say the Earth's coral reefs as we know them could disappear before the next century.

By Sarah Gibbens

June 4, 2020 • 9 min read

