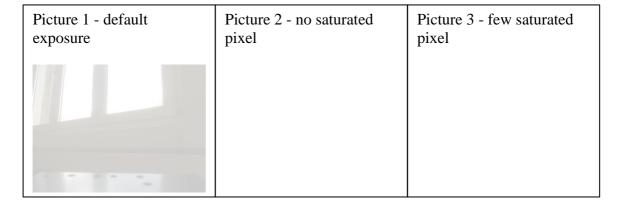


# **TP 01: Imaging**

## 1. Saturation and intensity adjustment of the camera

Take an image of the same scene at different exposure levels: one with default exposure, one with no saturated pixel and one with only a few saturated pixels.



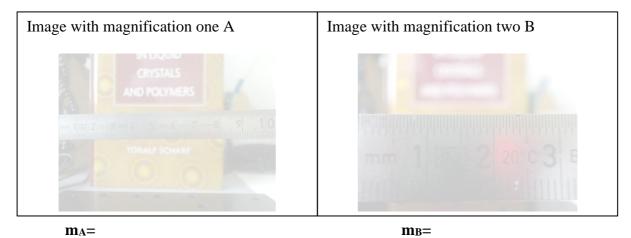
Make line plots to show the saturation level and compare the plots for the three exposure conditions.

Line plot 1 - default exposure	Line plot 2 - no saturated pixel	Line plot 3 - few saturated pixel
(B) (as the last last pasts given by (C)		
200 200 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 1		
Comments		



### 2 Procedure to measure the focal lengths

Show your two images with different magnifications.



Determine the focal length and show the numbers used for the calculation.  $(d_{IA}=0.5 \text{ mm} \text{ for one turn of the objective})$ 

$$f = \frac{d_{IB} - d_{IA}}{(m_B - m_A)} = >$$

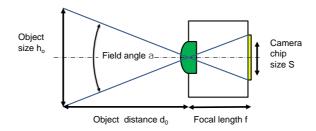
Make an error estimation (see "Uncertainties and Error Propagation.pdf") assuming no error is made on  $d_{IA}$  and  $d_{IB}$ .

Give the steps to obtain the formula for  $\Delta f$ :

Result:  $f \pm Df =$ 



# 3 Measurement of the field of view (angle of view)



Measure  $h_{\text{o}}$  and  $d_{\text{o}}$ . Calculate the angle of view (field of view) and make an error estimation.

$$a = 2arctan \frac{S}{2f} = 2arctan \frac{h_o}{2d_o} \gg \frac{h_o}{d_o} =>$$

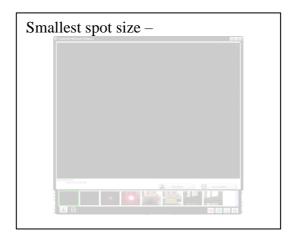
Give the steps to obtain the formula for  $\Delta\alpha$ :

Result:  $a \pm Da =$ 



## 4 Measurement of the F# number.

A picture of the smallest spot size.



Fill the table below with your measurements of luminous disc size versa relative focusing position (min 5 measurements).

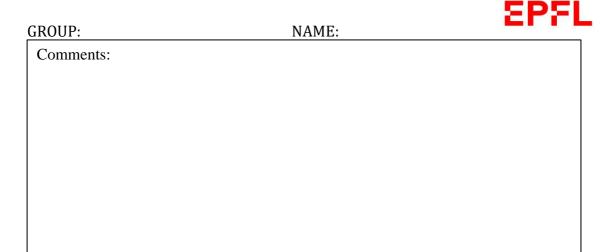
No.	relative position	Spot size in pixel (from image)	Spot size in micron	Angle u	NA	F#
1	0					
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						

Calculate t	he	averaged	values
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u =

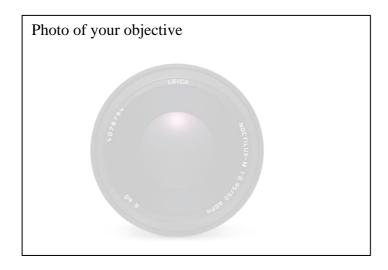
NA =

F# =



#### 5 Example from real world

Find an example on the internet of **one photographic lens** with small F# number. Try to find something that not all your classmates have. You might look at websites of well-known lens producers such as Nikon, Canon, Leica, Zeiss, Rodenstock, Fuji, etc. You can also include c-mount lenses (used for automated machine vision) in your search. Add a photo **of** the objective!



Leica Noctilux-M 1:0.95/50mm ASPH.

 $Ref: \ \underline{http://www.leicashop.com/brandnew\_de/leica-noctilux-m-1-0-95-50mm-\underline{asph.html}}$ 



(Optional) Personal feedback:
Was the amount of work adequate?
What is difficult to understand?
What did you like about it?
How can we do better?