

```
In[51]:= (* synthese inverse a partir d'une ode interessante *)
```

```
In[52]:= odeChaos = {x1'[t] == x2[t], x2'[t] == x3[t],  
x3'[t] == -2.9 x1[t] - 1.8 x2[t] - 1.1 x3[t] + 0.5 ArcTan[20 x1[t]]}
```

```
Out[52]:= {x1'[t] == x2[t], x2'[t] == x3[t],  
x3'[t] == 0.5 ArcTan[20 x1[t]] - 2.9 x1[t] - 1.8 x2[t] - 1.1 x3[t]}
```

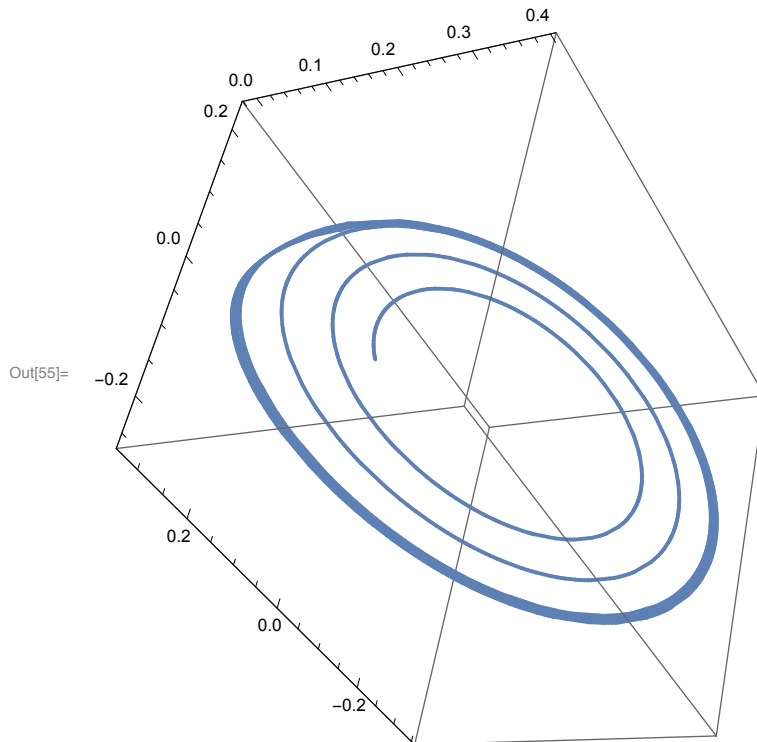
```
In[53]:= xx = {x1[t], x2[t], x3[t]}
```

```
Out[53]:= {x1[t], x2[t], x3[t]}
```

```
In[54]:= odeSol = NDSolve[  
Join[odeChaos, {x1[0] == 0.1, x2[0] == 0.01, x3[0] == 0.1}], xx, {t, 0, 400}]
```

```
Out[54]:= { {x1[t] → InterpolatingFunction[  
+ [Domain: {{0., 400.}}  
Output: scalar] [t],  
x2[t] → InterpolatingFunction[  
+ [Domain: {{0., 400.}}  
Output: scalar] [t],  
x3[t] → InterpolatingFunction[  
+ [Domain: {{0., 400.}}  
Output: scalar] [t]] }
```

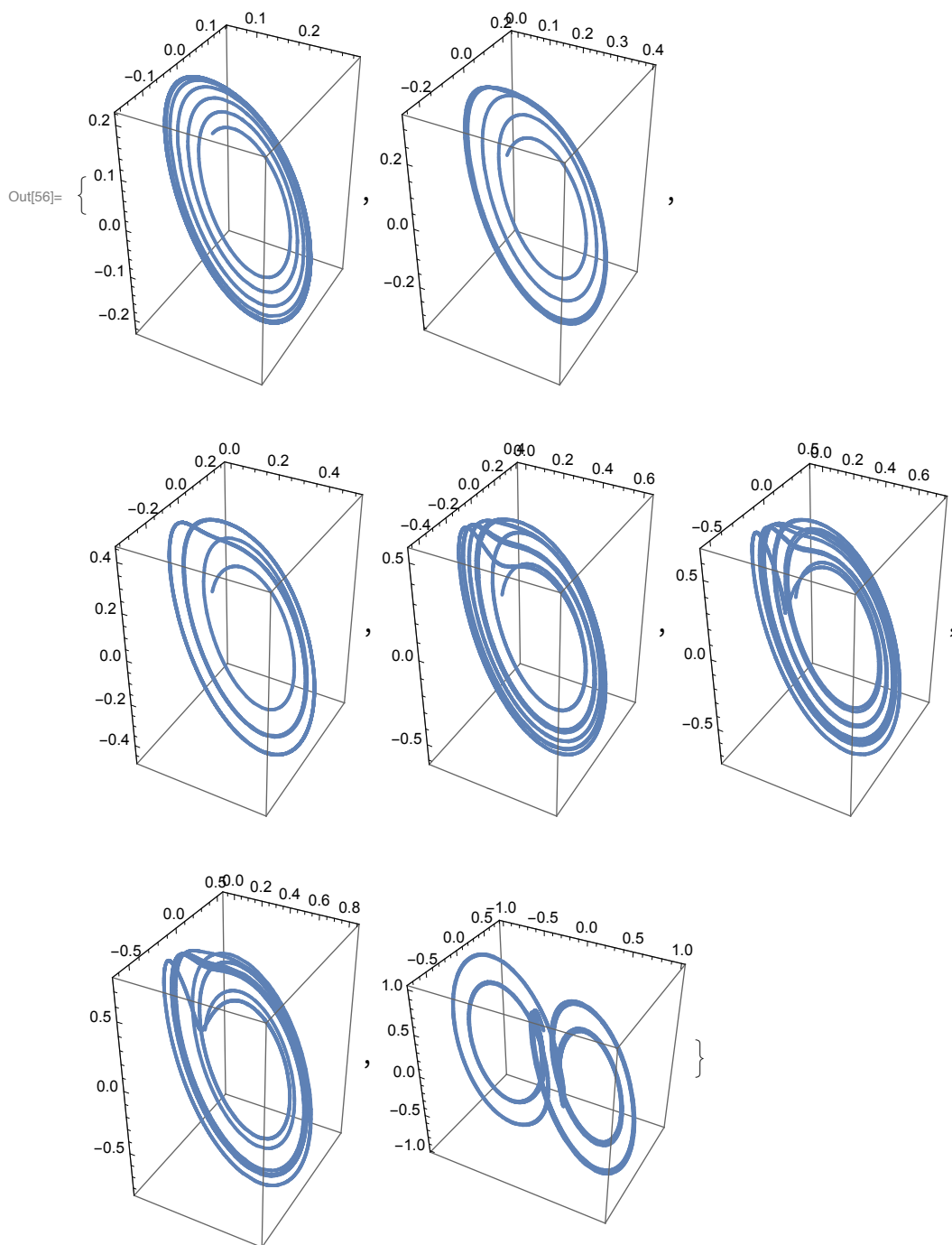
```
In[55]:= ParametricPlot3D[xx /. odeSol, {t, 0, 400}]
```



```

In[56]:= mesPlotes = Module[{odeChaos, odeSol, NN},
  NN = 50;
  odeChaos = {x1'[t] == x2[t], x2'[t] == x3[t],
    x3'[t] == -2.9 x1[t] - 1.8 x2[t] - 1.1 x3[t] + # ArcTan[20 x1[t]]};
  odeSol = NDSolve[Join[odeChaos, {x1[0] == 0.1, x2[0] == 0.01, x3[0] == 0.1}],
    xx, {t, 0, NN}];
  ParametricPlot3D[xx /. odeSol, {t, 0, NN}]] & /@
  {0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0}

```



In[57]:= **Gs** = - (1 / d) 1 / (s^3 + c s^2 + b s + a)

$$\text{Out[57]} = -\frac{1}{d(a + b s + c s^2 + s^3)}$$

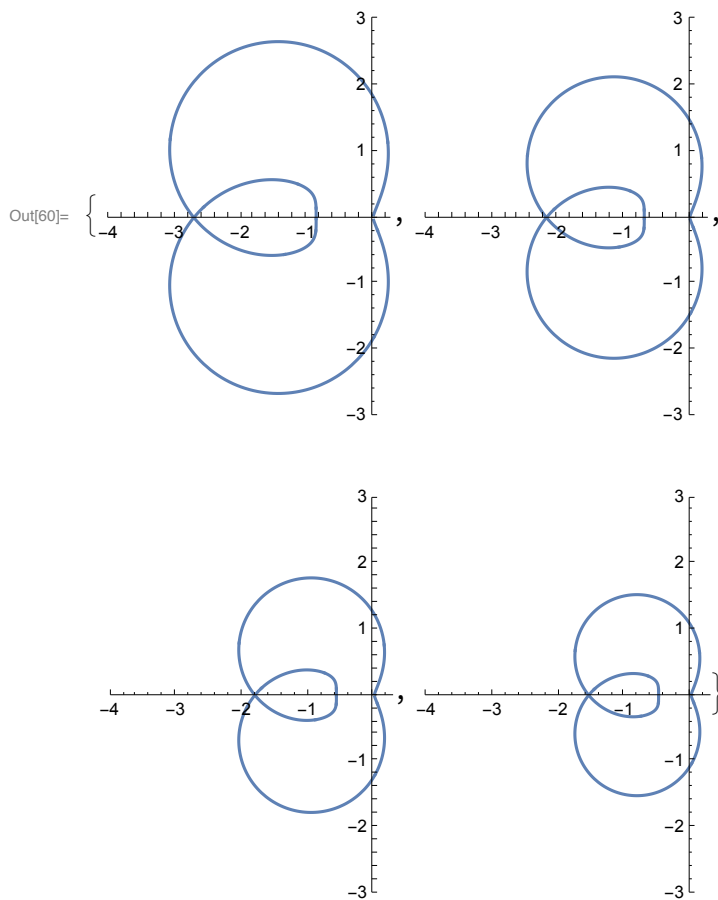
In[58]:= **ValNum** = {a → 2.9, b → 1.8, c → 1.1}

Out[58]= {a → 2.9, b → 1.8, c → 1.1}

In[59]:= **Gjw** = Gs /. {s → I w} /. ValNum

$$\text{Out[59]} = -\frac{1}{d(2.9 + (0. + 1.8 i) w - 1.1 w^2 - i w^3)}$$

In[60]:= **ParametricPlot**[{Re[Gjw], Im[Gjw]} /. {d → #}, {w, -4, 4},
PlotRange → {{-4, 0.3}, {-3, 3}}] & /@ {0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7}



In[61]:= **Gjw**

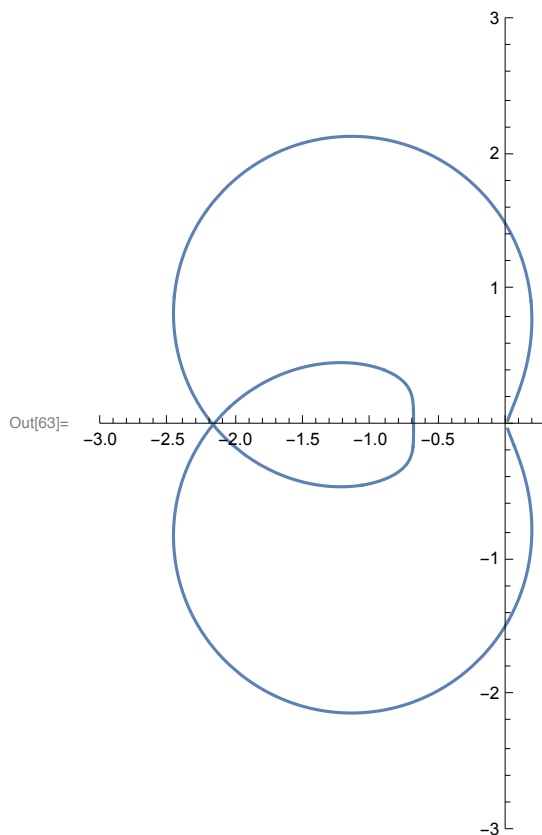
$$\text{Out[61]} = -\frac{1}{d(2.9 + (0. + 1.8 i) w - 1.1 w^2 - i w^3)}$$

In[62]:= **Gs** /. ValNum /. {s → I w}

$$\text{Out[62]} = -\frac{1}{d(2.9 + (0. + 1.8 i) w - 1.1 w^2 - i w^3)}$$

```
In[63]:= NyquistPlot = ParametricPlot[{Re[Gjw], Im[Gjw]} /. {d -> #}, {w, -4, 4},
      PlotRange -> {{-3, 0.3}, {-3, 3}}, PlotStyle -> Thickness[0.007]] & @@ {0.5}
```

 **Set:** Symbol NyquistPlot is Protected.



```
In[64]:= Gjwa = Gs /. {s -> I w}
```

$$\text{Out[64]} = -\frac{1}{d(a + i b w - c w^2 - i w^3)}$$

```
In[65]:= ff = (a - c w^2) + (w^3 - b w) I
```

$$\text{Out[65]} = a - c w^2 + i(-b w + w^3)$$

```
In[66]:= ddg = Simplify[Expand[Denominator[Gjwa] ff]]
```

$$\text{Out[66]} = d(a^2 + b^2 w^2 - 2 a c w^2 - 2 b w^4 + c^2 w^4 + w^6)$$

```
In[67]:= nng = Numerator[Gjwa] ff
```

$$\text{Out[67]} = -a + c w^2 - i(-b w + w^3)$$

```
In[68]:= (* la partie imaginaire s'annule pour w^3 - b w = 0, c.-a-d. *)
```

```
In[69]:= Annule = {w -> Sqrt[b]}
```

$$\text{Out[69]} = \left\{ w \rightarrow \sqrt{b} \right\}$$

```
In[70]:= z1 = nng / ddg /. Annule
```

$$\text{Out[70]} = \frac{-a + b c}{(a^2 - 2 a b c + b^2 c^2) d}$$

In[71]:= **z1 /. ValNum**

Out[71]:=
$$-\frac{1.08696}{d}$$

In[72]:= **Gjw /. {d → 0.5, w → (Sqrt[b] /. ValNum)}**

Out[72]:= $-2.17391 + 0. \text{ i}$

In[73]:= **(* la frequence du cycle limite est
predite par w qui ne depend que de \sqrt{b} *)**

In[74]:= **(* le gain equivalent d'un relais *)**

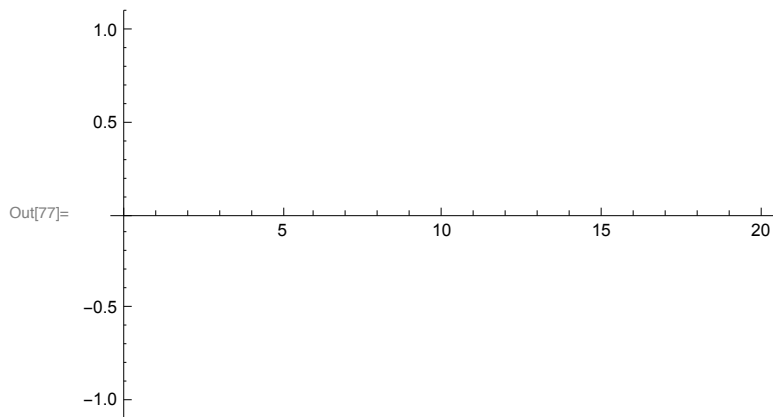
In[75]:= **A = - 2 z1**

Out[75]:=
$$-\frac{2(-a + b c)}{(a^2 - 2 a b c + b^2 c^2) d}$$

In[76]:= **A /. ValNum /. {d → 0.5}**

Out[76]:= **4.34783**

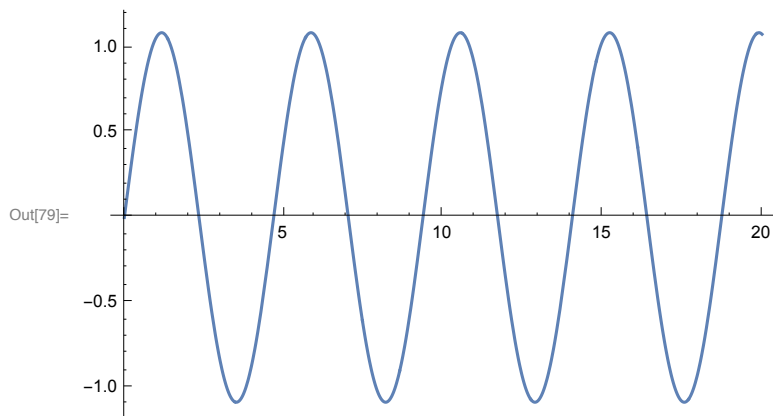
In[77]:= **Plot[Evaluate[A Sin[Sqrt[b] t] /. ValNum], {t, 0, 20}]**



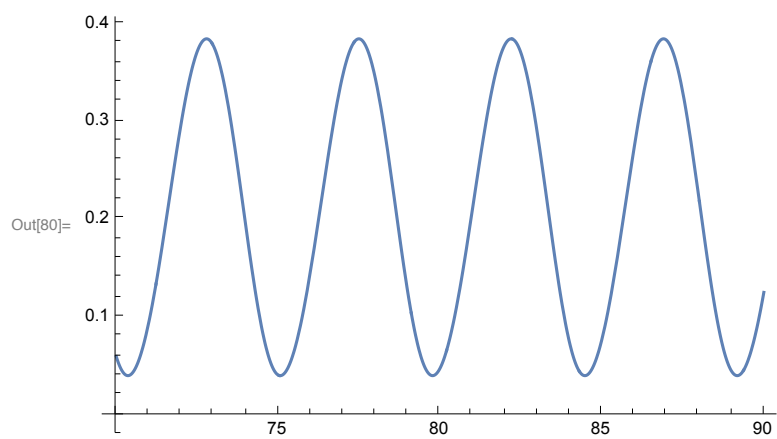
In[78]:= **Sqrt[b] /. ValNum**

Out[78]= **1.34164**

In[79]:= **ondePredite = Plot[1.08696 Sin[1.34164 t], {t, 0, 20}]**



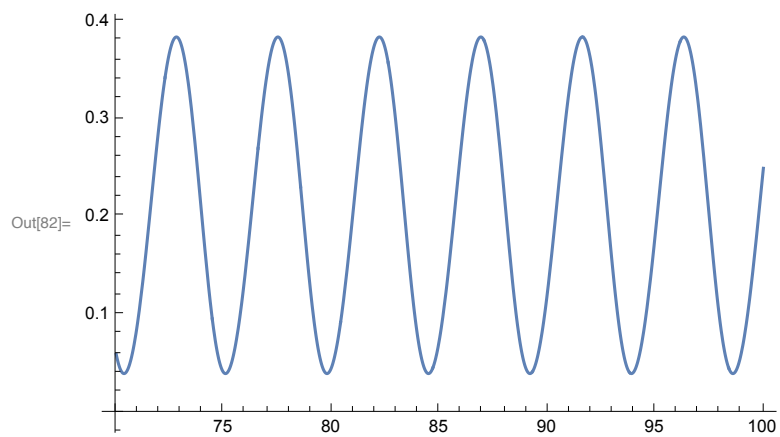
In[80]:= **ondeSimul = Plot[x1[t] /. odeSol, {t, 70, 90}]**



In[81]:= **2 1 / (1 / 0.3) / (a - b c) /. ValNum**

Out[81]= **0.652174**

In[82]:= **ondeChaotique = Plot[x1[t] /. odeSol, {t, 70, 100}]**



In[83]:= **1 / 0.4**

Out[83]= **2.5**