Series 1.

Exercice 1

- (a) Indicate the category (subtractive, replicative or additive) of each of the processes listed in Tab. 1.
- (b) For the replicative processes, try to indicate the subcategories (duplicative, expendable ...).

Process	Category	${\bf SubCategory}$
electro discharge machining		
machining (milling, turning,)		
electro chemical machining		
plastic injection		
sand casting		
deep drawing		
classical sintering		
galvanic moulding		
vacuum casting		
investment casting		

Table 1: List of some production processes

Exercice 2

- a) List some reasons that motivate the use of prototyping during the development phase of a product. Explain why all the prototyping steps must be fast.
- b) The price of any prototype depends on different parameters. List at least five of them.

Exercice 3

You have to manufacture photoresist parts (volume $V_{\rm part}=250\,{\rm mm}^3$ and height $H_{\rm part}=30\,{\rm mm}$) by stereolithography. The specific characteristics of the photoresist are given below:

quantity	symbol	value	unit
photopolymerization energy per unit of mass	arepsilon	17.5	[J/g]
specific price	$p_{ m spec}$	100	[Frs/kg]
density	ρ	0.8	$[\mathrm{g/cm^3}]$

Table 1: Characteristics of the photoresist

The properties and characteristics of the SLA station are

quantity	symbol	value	unit
laser power	P	0.01	W
hourly rate	R	100	[Frs/h]
layer thickness	e	25	$[\mu \mathrm{m}]$
recoating time (per layer)	$\tau_{\rm recoat.}$	18	[s]
number of parts that can be made on the same base-plate	n_{plate}	25	-
price to set up the machine before starting a new batch	$p_{\rm init.}$	200	[Frs]

Table 2: Characteristics of the SLA station

Calculate the unit cost as a function of the size N of the serie to be produced.