Cost Estimation

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Why cost matters?

Anything you want to sell...

...must be bought by someone

A certain quantity of products, at a certain quality, at a certain cost





Engineering

Common definition

Technical solutions to solve problems

More realistic definition

Solve problems with limited resources





Product Design

- Cost is part of design constraints
- Product design is optimizing a set of functions with limited resources
- This is engineering as well!





What is Quality?

- How well the functions are achieved
- Quality often increases complexity





Complexity

- Number of parts
- Number of functions on a part
- Diversity of parts

- Time is Money
- Complexity is Time
- Complexity is Money





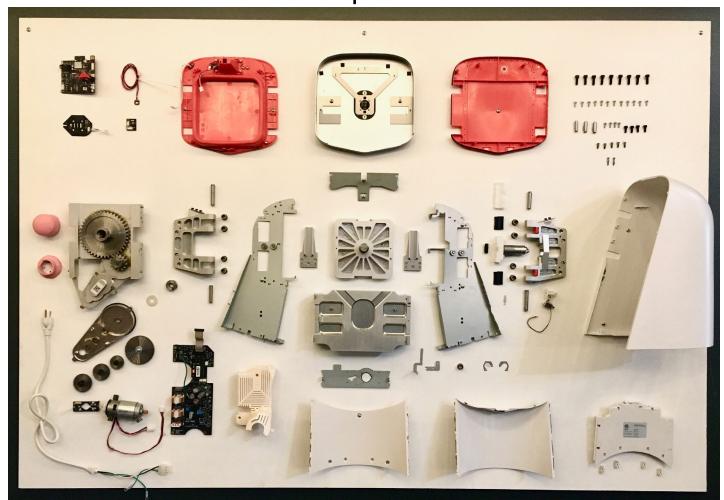
Overengineering

Product more expensive than the minimum to fulfill specifications

Concept



Juicero







Overengineering

Produc

Concept



Juicero







Overengineering

Product more expensive than the minimum to fulfill specifications

Technical Solution



Tissot Skeleton 2000.- CHF



Casio F-91W 20.- CHF





What about quantity?

- Prototype
 - Design cost is a large part
 - Fast manufacturing is preferred
- Small batch production
- Mass production
 - Design cost is negligible
 - Dedicated large scale manufacturing required





Quantity defines manufacturing

Prototyping



Break pedals (3D printing, Titanum) Scuderia Ferrari, Formula 1

Small batch production



Part (CNC machined, Steel)

Mass manufacturing



Engine casing (Injection molding, Aluminum) Volkswagen Passat





Quantity defines cost

Formula 1



Tesla Roadster 1



Tesla Model 3



>10mio \$

<10 cars

120k\$

2680 cars

40k\$

10mio cars





Cost vs Price

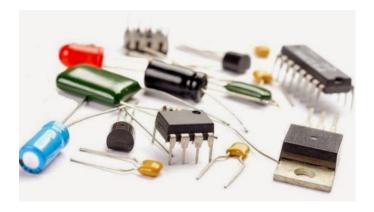
- Price = Overall Cost + Margin (usually 40-50%)
 - Production cost
 - Marketing
 - Sales
 - R&D (includes design, industrialization, etc)
 - Overhead
 - Profit





- Components
- Subcontractors
 - Material
 - Investments
 - Workforce
- Assembly
- Logistics (storage, transport)









- Material (Aluminum: 3.-/kg)
- Investments (Injection Machine: 1-10mio)
- Workforce (Worker: 60.-/h)

$$\rightarrow$$
 (3 + 2.-/kg)











- Material (Titanium: 30.-/kg)
- Investments (500kCHF-)
- Workforce (80.-/h)











Production cost = Investment/#parts + Workforce + Material

	Injection Molding	3D Printing
1 part	3'000'000/1 + 60/60 + 3 = 3'000'004	500'000/1 + 80*3 + 30 = 500'270
1'000 parts	3'000'000/1000 + 60/60 + 3 = 3'004. -	500'000/1000 + 80*3 + 30 = 770
1mio parts	3'000'000/1mio + 60/60 + 3 = 7	





Production cost = Investment/#parts + Workforce + Material

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1'000 parts	3'000'000/1000 + 60/60 + 3 = 3'004	500'000/1000 + 80*3 + 30 = 770
1mio parts	3'000'000/1mio + 60/60 + 3 = 7	

1.56 years

8.6 years

240 working days / years * 8 hours = 1920h/y/machine





- Quantity: large
- Price range: cheap







- Components
 - Electronics
 - Bluetooth
 - Trackpad
 - Processing
 - Bundle
 - Batteries
- Subcontractors
 - Plastic injection molding
 - Buttons
 - PCB (w/ components)
- Material
 - None
- Investments
 - None or Assembly
- Workforce
 - Assembly
- Logistics (storage, transport)







- Components
 - Electronics
 - Bluetooth (3.-)
 - Trackpad (2.-)
 - Processing (4.-)
 - Bundle (2.-)
 - Batteries (1.-)
- Subcontractors
 - Plastic injection molding (3.-)
 - Buttons (2.-)
 - PCB (w/ components) (3.-)
- Material
 - None
- Investments
 - None or Assembly
- Workforce
 - Assembly (3.-)
- Logistics (storage, transport)

Total Cost = 23.- CHF







- Total Cost: 23.-
- R&D: 6.-
- Marketing: 6.-
- Sales: 6.-
- Overhead : 6.-
- Profit: 6.-
- Total Price: 53.-



Actual Price = 59.- CHF





Conclusion

- The best product is never the best possible technical system
- It's very tricky to approximate a price precisely
- Be objective, don't start with presuppositions
- Compare with what exists already
- Cost is one of your concerns