| EPFL - Fall 2024 | Dr. Pablo Antolin |
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| Analysis III - 202 (c) GM EL MX | Exercises |
| Series 9 | November 12, 2024 |

Note: several exercises are extracted from [B.Dacorogna and C.Tanteri, *Analyse avancée pour ingénieurs* (2018)]. Their corrections can be found there.

Tip: To verify the Stokes theorem, proceed as follows:

- 1. Sketch the surface Σ , then compute $\operatorname{curl} F(x,y,z)$.
- 2. Provide a parameterization $\sigma: \overline{A} \to \Sigma$ of the surface Σ and compute its normal vector. Add this vector to your sketch.
- 3. Express

$$\iint_{\Sigma} \operatorname{curl} F \cdot ds$$

as a double integral where the bounds and the function to be integrated are explicitly indicated.

- 4. Write $\partial \Sigma$ as the union of simple regular curves; for each of them, provide a parameterization and indicate the circulation direction induced by the parameterization of Σ and the positive orientation of ∂A .
- 5. Express

$$\int_{\partial \Sigma} F \cdot dl$$

as a sum of integrals where the bounds and the functions to be integrated are explicitly indicated.

6. Verify the conclusion of the Stokes theorem for Σ and F.

Exercise 1 (Ex 7.2 page 89).

Verify Stokes' theorem for

$$\Sigma = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : x^2 + y^2 = z^4, \ 0 \le z \le 1\} \text{ and } F(x, y, z) = (x^2 y, z, x).$$

Exercise 2 (Ex 7.5 page 89).

Verify Stokes' theorem for

$$\Sigma = \left\{ (x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4, \ x \ge 0, \ y \ge 0, \ 1 \le z \le \sqrt{3} \right\}$$
 and $F(x, y, z) = \left(0, z^2, 0\right)$.

Exercise 3 (Ex 7.7 page 89).

Verify the Stokes theorem for $F(x, y, z) = (0, x^2, 0)$ and Σ the triangle of vertices (1,0,0), (2,2,0) and (1,1,0).

Exercise 4 (Ex 7.6 page 89). Verify the Stokes theorem for $F(x,y,z)=\left(0,0,y+z^2\right)$ and

$$\Sigma = \left\{ (x,y,z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4; x,y,z \geq 0; 0 \leq \arccos\frac{z}{2} \leq \arctan\frac{y}{x} \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}.$$