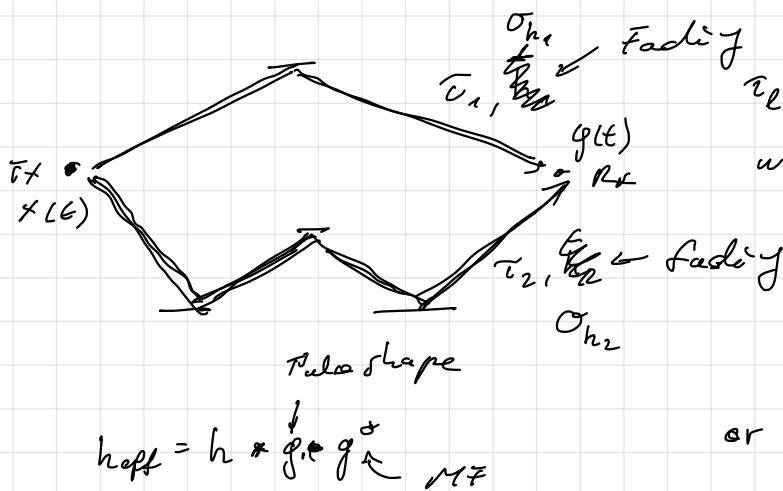


Multipath Channel Reminder

13/11/2020



$\tau_l - \tau_p \approx T \quad \forall l \neq p$
with $T = \text{symbol duration}$

$$y(t) = \sum_{l=1}^N x(t - \tau_l) h_l$$

or $y(t) = h(t) * x(t)$

$$h(t) = \sum h_l \delta(t - \tau_l)$$

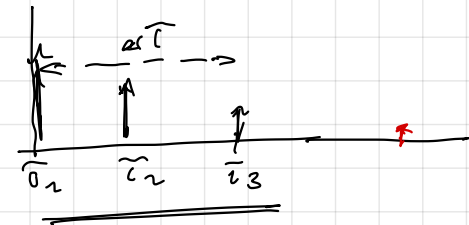
$\downarrow$
 $h[k]$ channel impulse response

Impact of Multipath Channel

sampled @ nT , $\tau_0 = 0 \leftarrow$ perfectly sync. to the first multipath comp.

$$y(nT) = \underbrace{h(0)}_{\text{ISI}} x[n] + \sum x[n-k] h_{\text{eff}}[kT]$$

Power-Delay-Profile: $\bar{h}_l = \sigma_{h_l}$

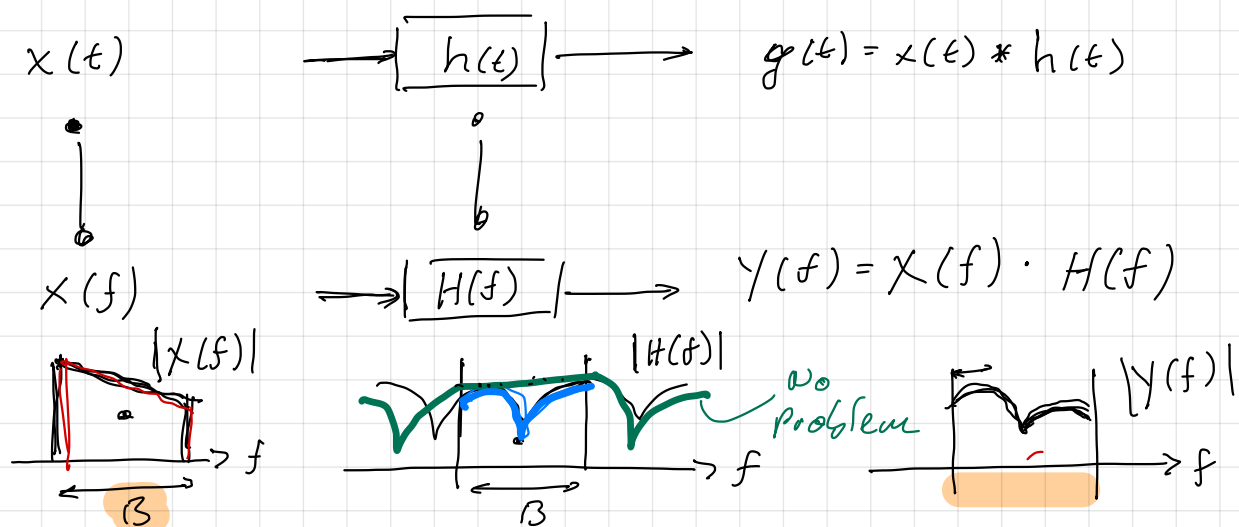


Measure for length of the channel that relates to ISI

RMS Delay spread: weighted length of the channel

$$\sigma_\tau = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (\tau_i - \bar{\tau})^2 |h_i|^2}{\sum |h_i|^2}} \quad \bar{\tau} = \sum \tau_i$$

Frequency domain view of channel



Different parts of the spectrum are attenuated / rotated differently: Distorting the spectrum in a non-uniform way $\Rightarrow |S|$

$\Rightarrow$ Characterize the spectrum of the channel in the frequency domain

How much is the channel changing over frequency in the BW of the signal

How similar are $H(f)$ and $H(f + \Delta f)$?

$$\phi_h(\Delta f) = E\{H^*(f) H(f + \Delta f)\}$$

Note: $\phi_h(\Delta f) = 0 \Rightarrow H(f)$ and $H(f + \Delta f)$ are uncorrelated

Define: Coherence BW of the channel is the range of frequencies over which the channel has almost the same gain and phase

(B_c = coherence bandwidth)



How to get the coherence BW?

- Use that $E\{H^*(f) H(f + \Delta f)\} = E\{E\{|h(t)|^2\}\}$

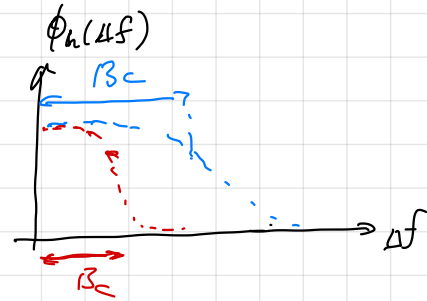
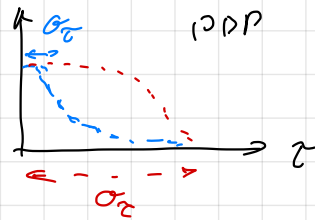
FD-AKF of the channel is the Fourier transform of the PDP

- Coherence BW = BW of $\phi_h(\Delta f)$

- Remember $BW \sim 1/T$ T : duration of the signal

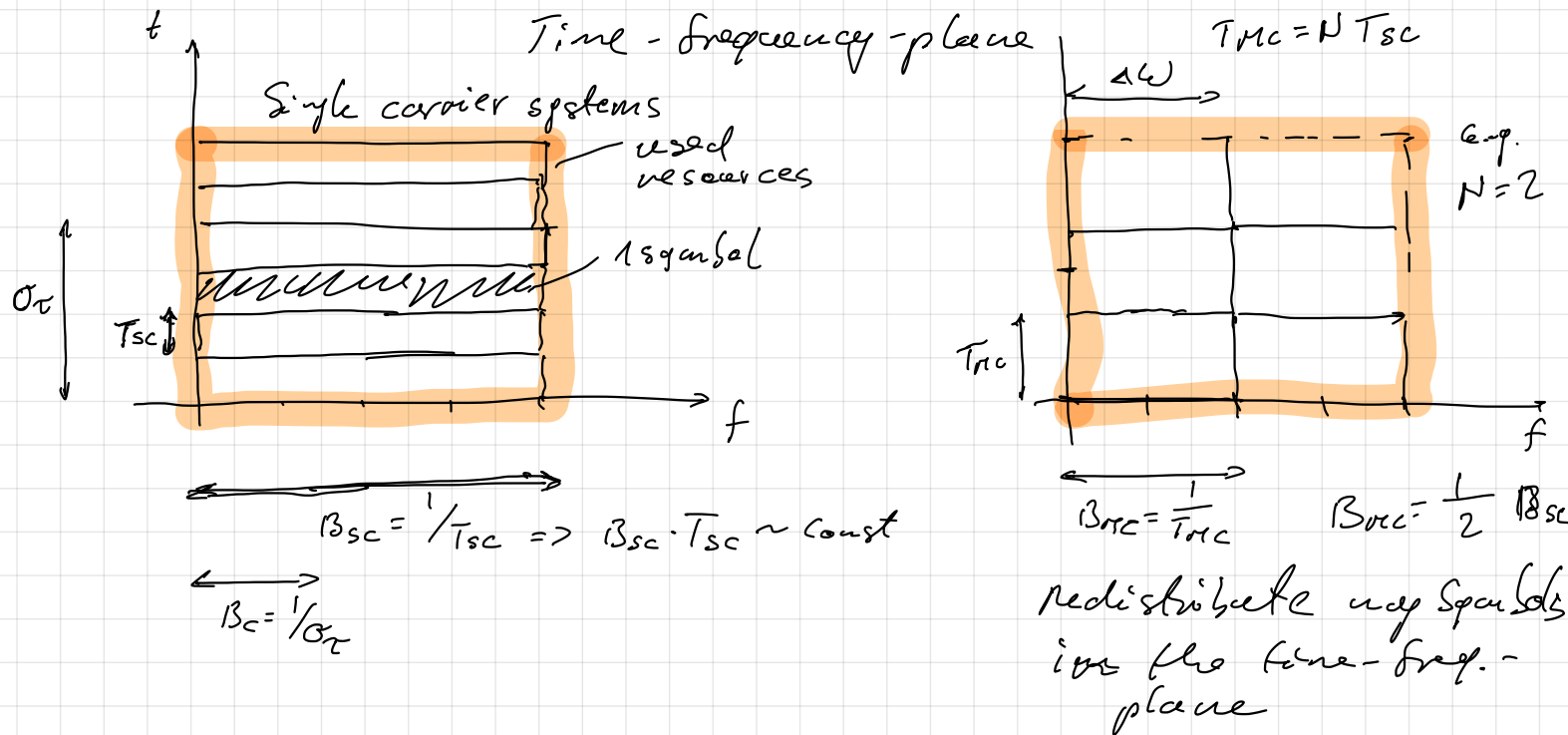
- Duration: σ_τ = Delay spread

$$B_c \approx \frac{1}{\sigma_\tau}$$



Multi-Carrier Modulation

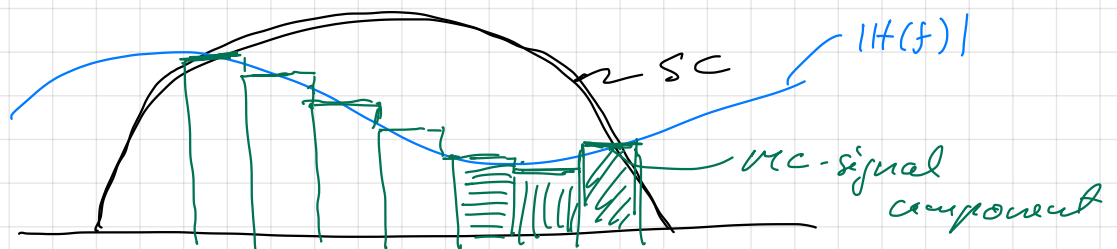
Generate ISI-free Wideband signals



Impact on ISI

$$T_{sc} < \sigma_\tau \rightarrow T_{mc} = N T_{sc} > \sigma_\tau$$

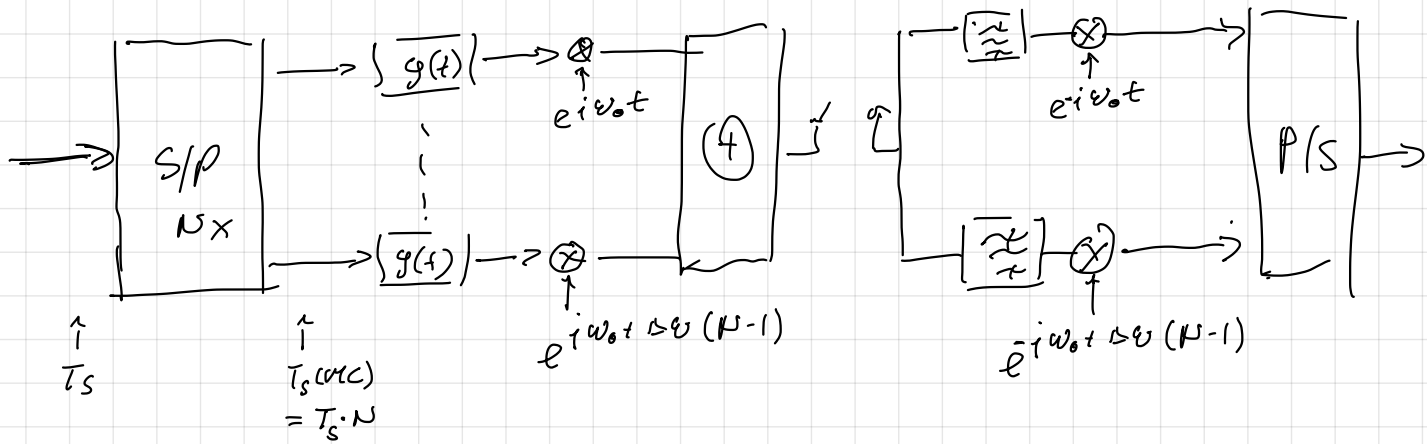
$$B_{sc} > \frac{1/\sigma_\tau}{B_c} \rightarrow B_{mc} = \frac{B_{sc}}{N} < B_c$$



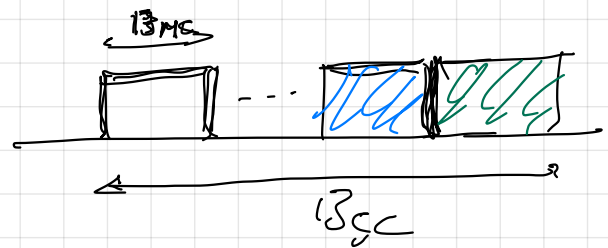
Wideband signal if the signal-BW is $\gg$ than the coherence BW of the channel $\rightarrow$ ISI

Narrowband signal if the opposite $\rightarrow$ NO ISI

Simple Multi-Carrier System

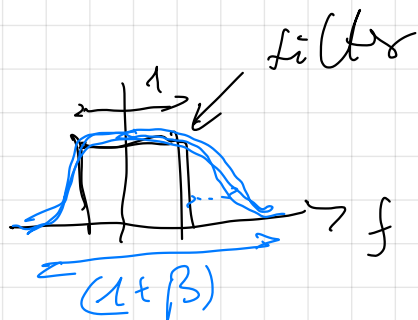


Let's look at the BW $B_{MRC} = \frac{B_{SC}}{N} = \frac{1}{NT_{SC}}$



In theory requires infinitely good filters

In practice: no ideal filters



$$B_{MRC} = (1 + \underbrace{\beta}_{\substack{\text{excess} \\ \text{BW}}}) \frac{1}{NT_{SC}}$$

Total BW in the non-ideal case

$$N \cdot B_{MRC} = (1 + \beta) \frac{1}{T_{SC}}$$

$$\text{Efficiency} \quad \frac{B_{SC}}{N B_{MRC}} = \frac{1}{(1 + \beta)} < 1$$