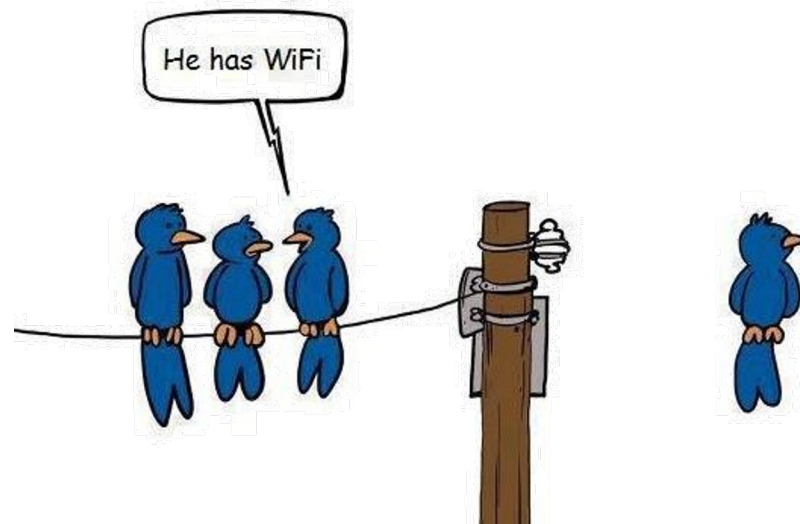


COM-405: Mobile Networks

Lecture 1.0: Introduction & Logistics

Haitham Hassanieh

EPFL



SENS
Laboratory of **SEnsing**
& **NEtworking** Systems

Mobile Networks Are Every Where

WiFi



**Only 25 Years
Old**

Cellular Networks



**Only 24 Years
with Internet
Access**

Mobile Internet Connectivity

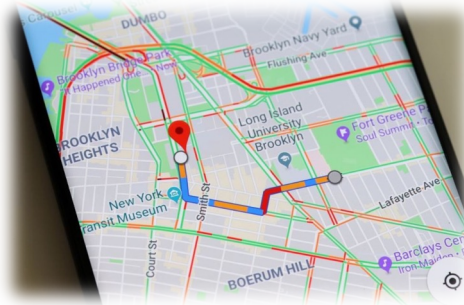
Essential Part of Everyday Life

Transformed: Education, Business, Health, Commerce, News, Society, ...

**Democratized Access
To Information**



**Localization &
Navigation**



**Video
Conferencing**



**Allowed Us To Survive
the Pandemic**

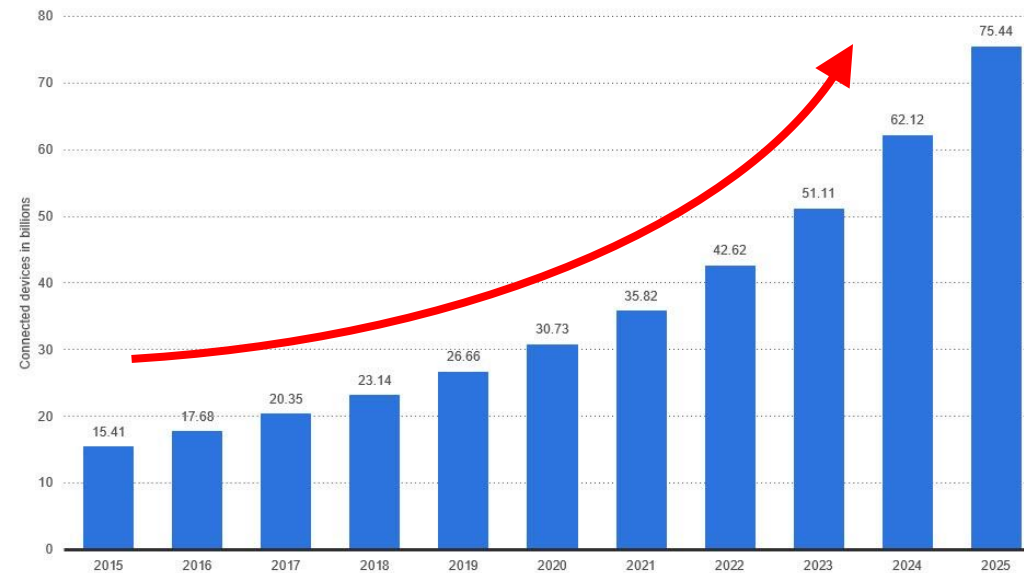


Huge Demand for Mobile Networks

30 Billion Connected IoT Devices & Counting

Internet of Things - number of connected devices worldwide 2015-2025

Internet of Things (IoT) connected devices installed base worldwide from 2015 to 2025 (in billions)



statista

Agriculture



Smart Cities



Smart Homes



Manufacturing



Health Care



Green Energy



Huge Demand for Mobile Networks

30 Billion Connected IoT Devices & Counting

Emergence of Ultra High Data Rate Applications

Agriculture



Smart Cities



Wireless VR



Connected Vehicles



Smart Homes



Manufacturing



Robotic Automation



UAVs



Health Care



Green Energy



Wireless Data Centers

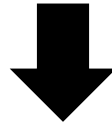


Remote Surgery



Huge Demand for Mobile Networks

Need to support more users (devices) & Need higher data rates



Need more frequency bandwidth

$\text{Data Rate} \propto \text{Bandwidth}$

A device has 10 MHz of frequencies to communicate

(Rate at which I transmit or receive: 10 MHz $\leftrightarrow$ 10 million samples per second)

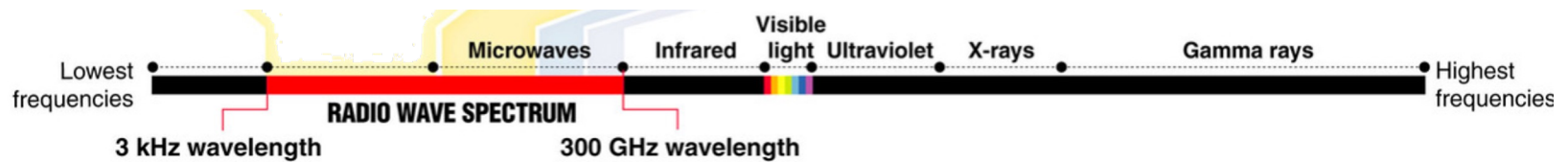


Increase bandwidth
to 100 MHz

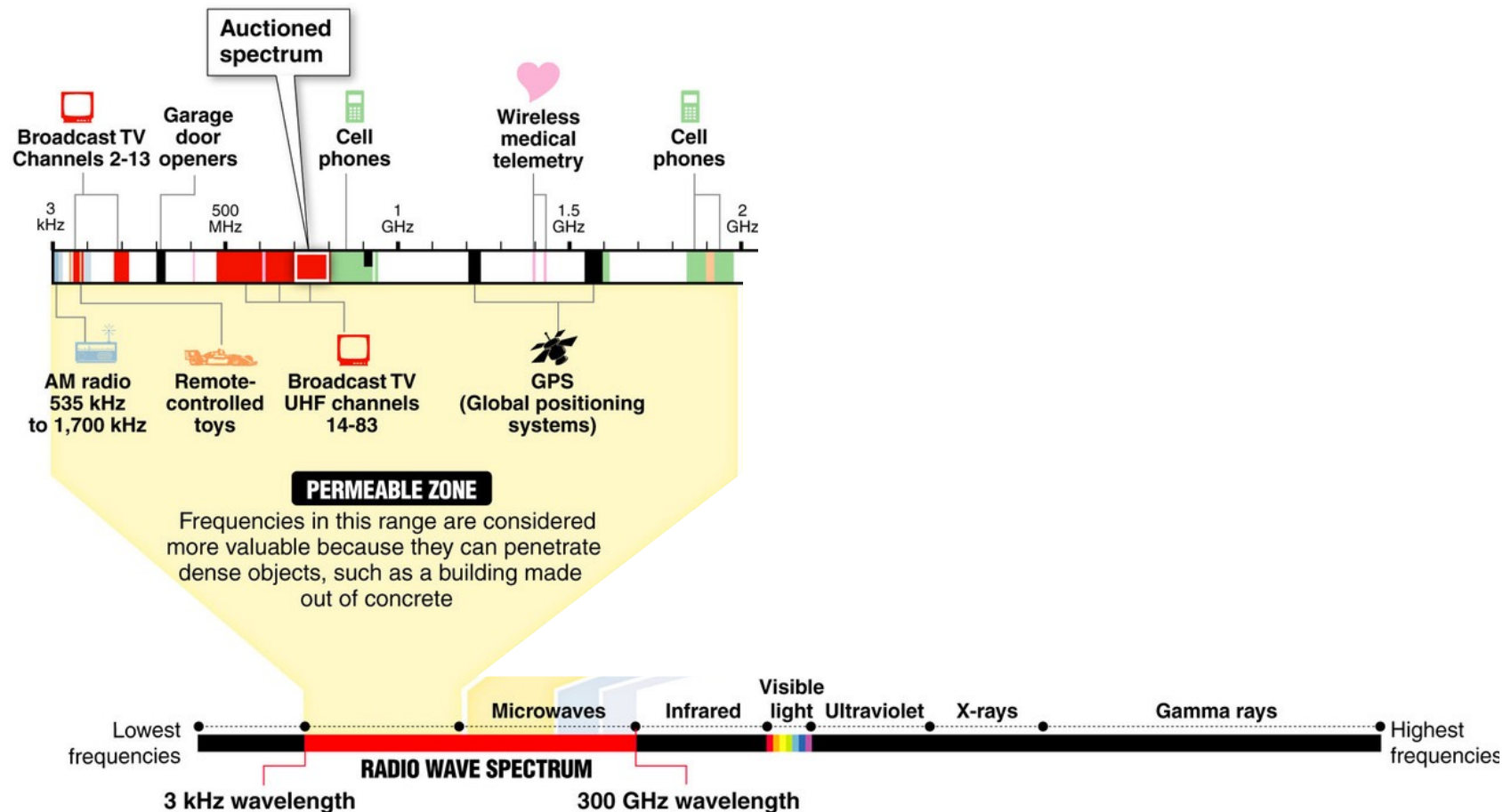
Increase data rate by 10x

Increase # of users by 10x

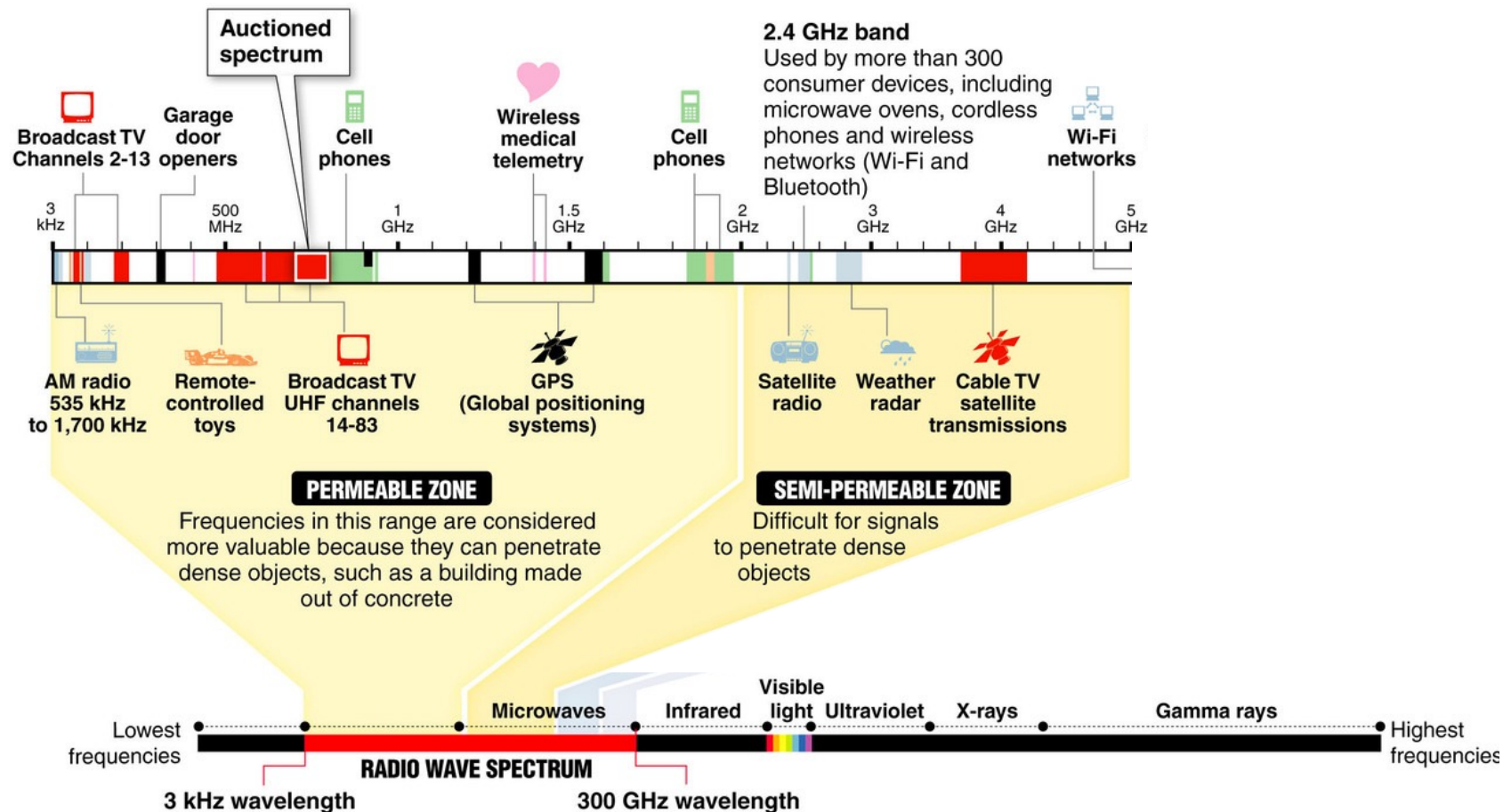
The Wireless Spectrum



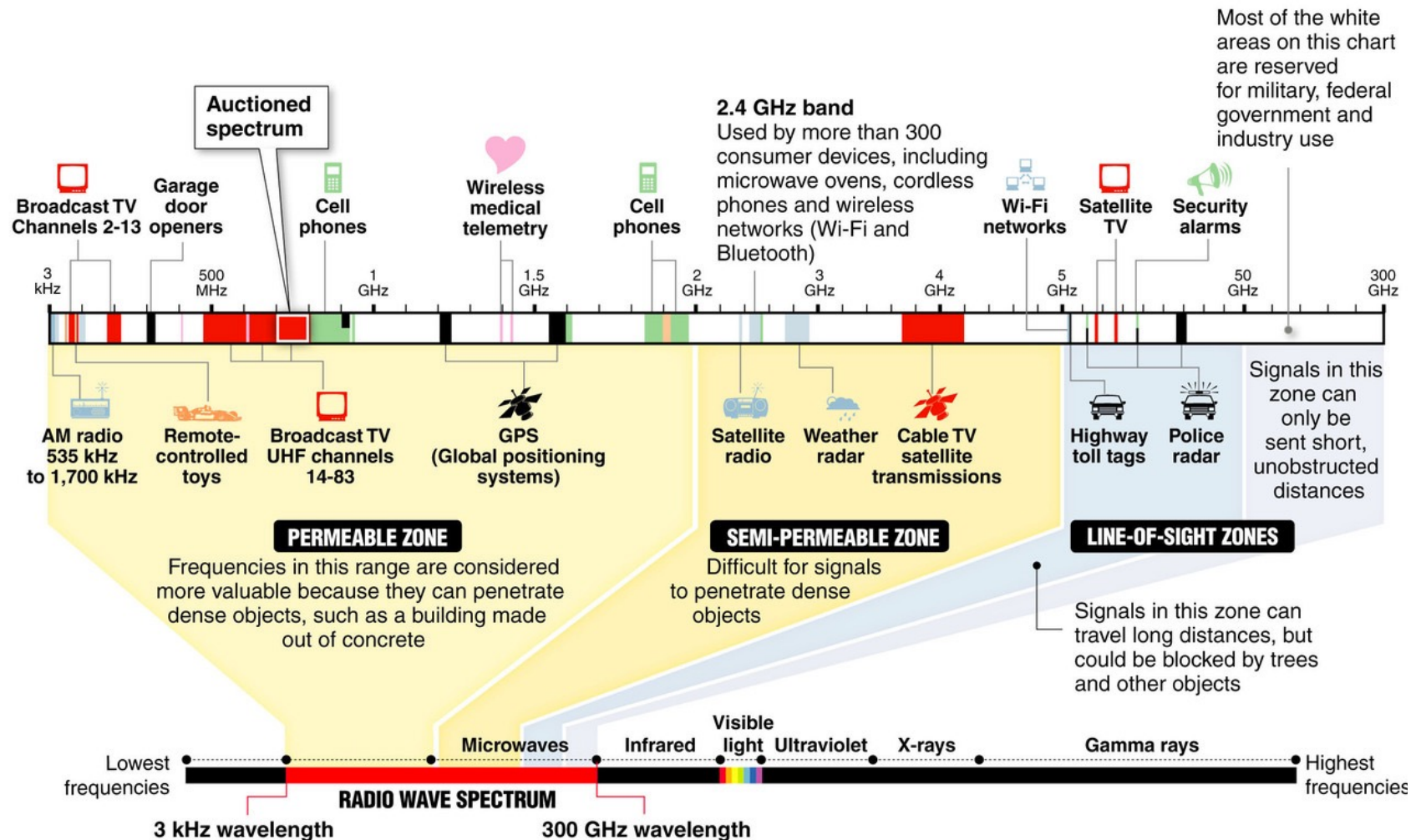
The Wireless Spectrum



The Wireless Spectrum



The Wireless Spectrum

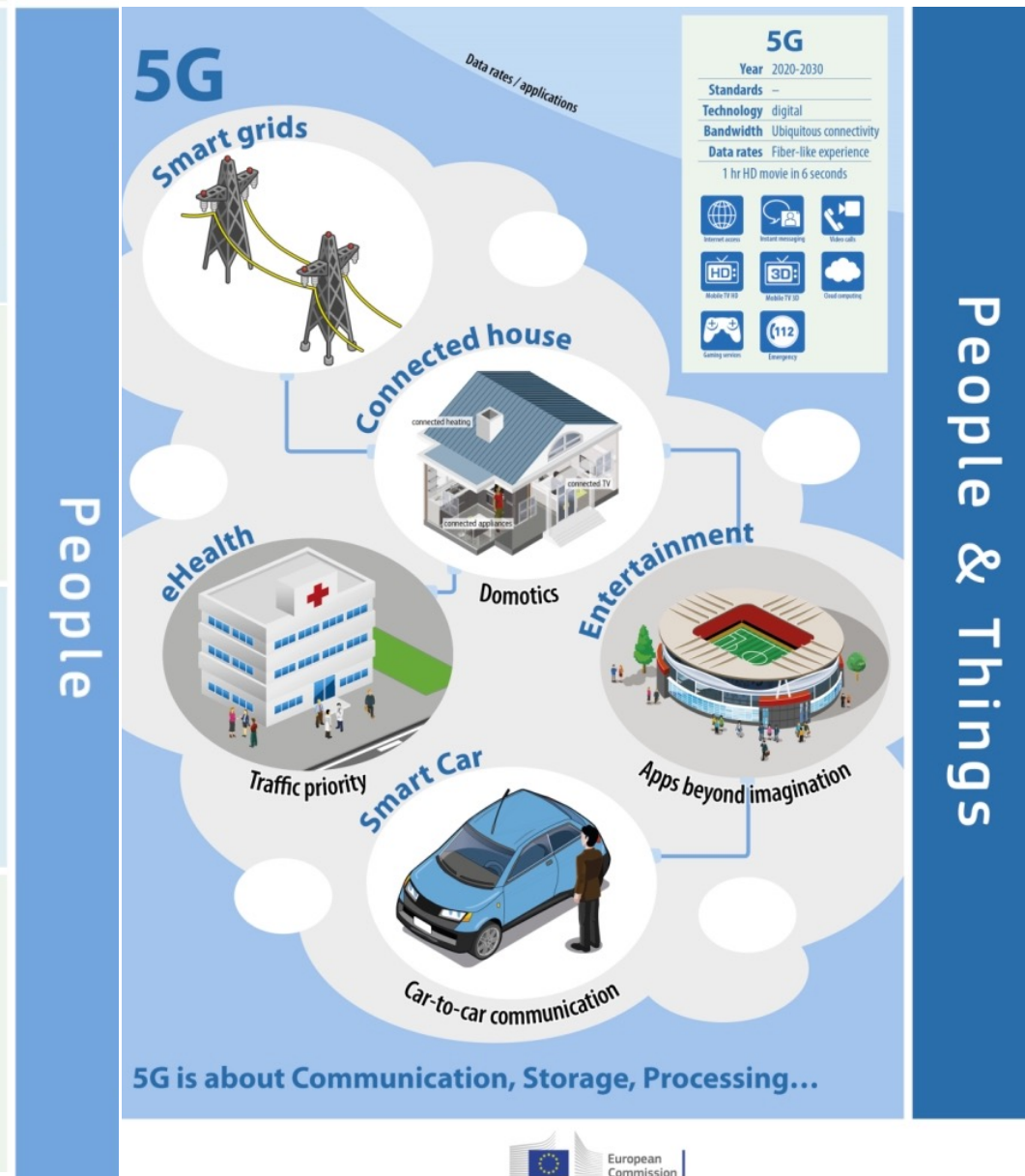


More Bandwidth

More Range

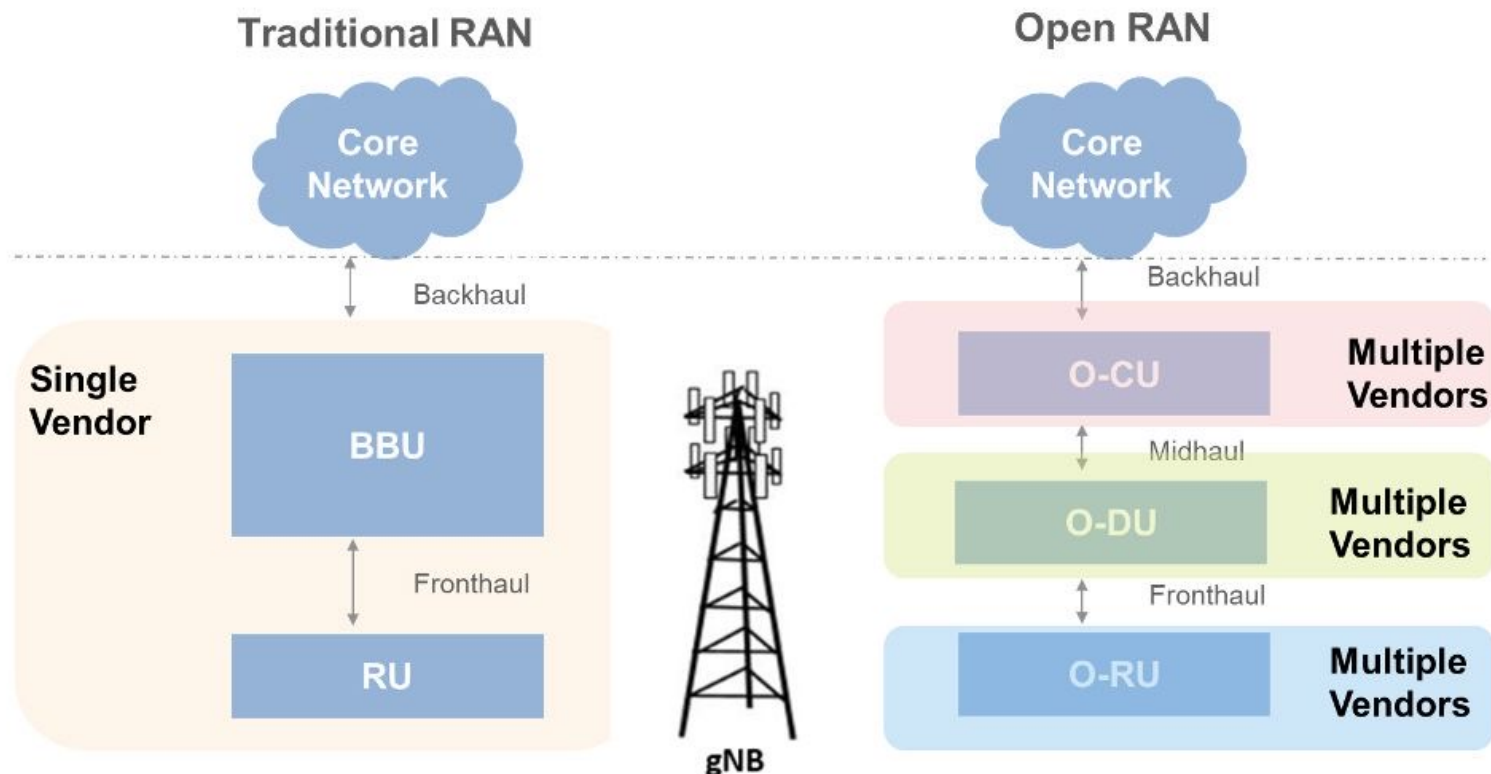
Cellular Networks from 1G to 5G

Generation	Device	Specifications
1G 		1G Year early 80s Standards AMPS, TACS Technology Analog Bandwidth – Data rates –
2G 		2G Year 1991 Standards GSM, GPRS, EDGE Technology Digital Bandwidth Narrow Band Data rates < 80 – 100 Kbit/s 
3G 		3G Year 2001 Standards UMTS / HSPA Technology digital Bandwidth Broad Band Data rates up to 2 Mbit/s    
4G 		4G Year 2010 Standards LTE, LTE Advanced Technology digital Bandwidth Mobile Broad Band Data rates xDSL-like experience 1 hr HD movie in 6 minutes      



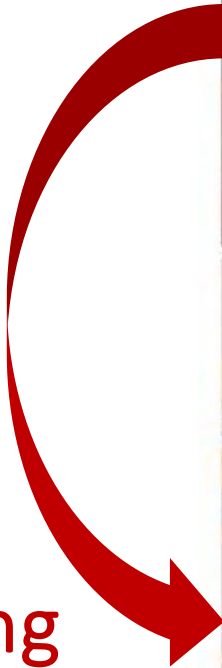
5G OpenRAN & Virtual RAN

- ▶ Implement RAN (Radio Access Network) network functions in software rather than hardware.
- ▶ More flexibility in changing network functions
- ▶ Open the RAN through standardized interfaces.



Increasing Demand for Mobile Networks

Connecting
People



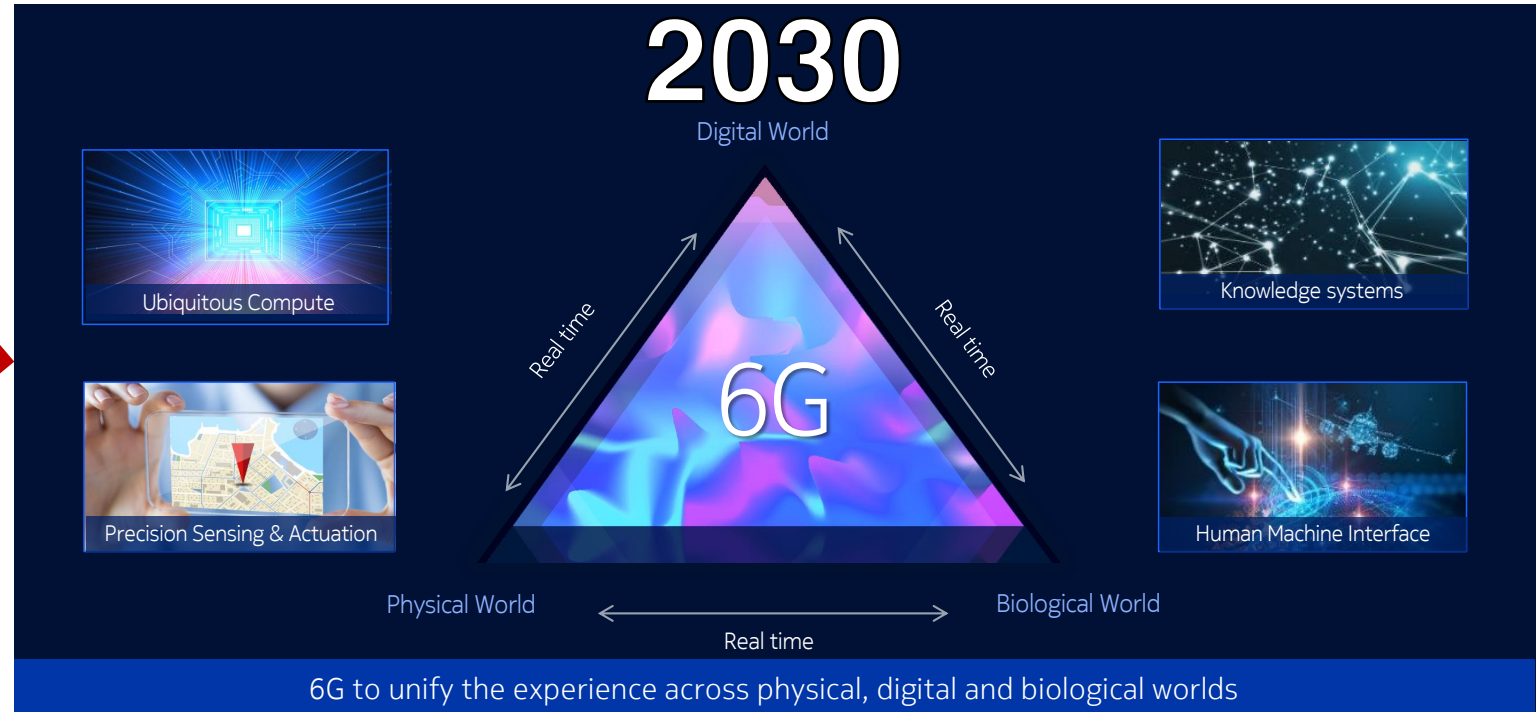
Increasing Demand for Mobile Networks

Connecting Everything

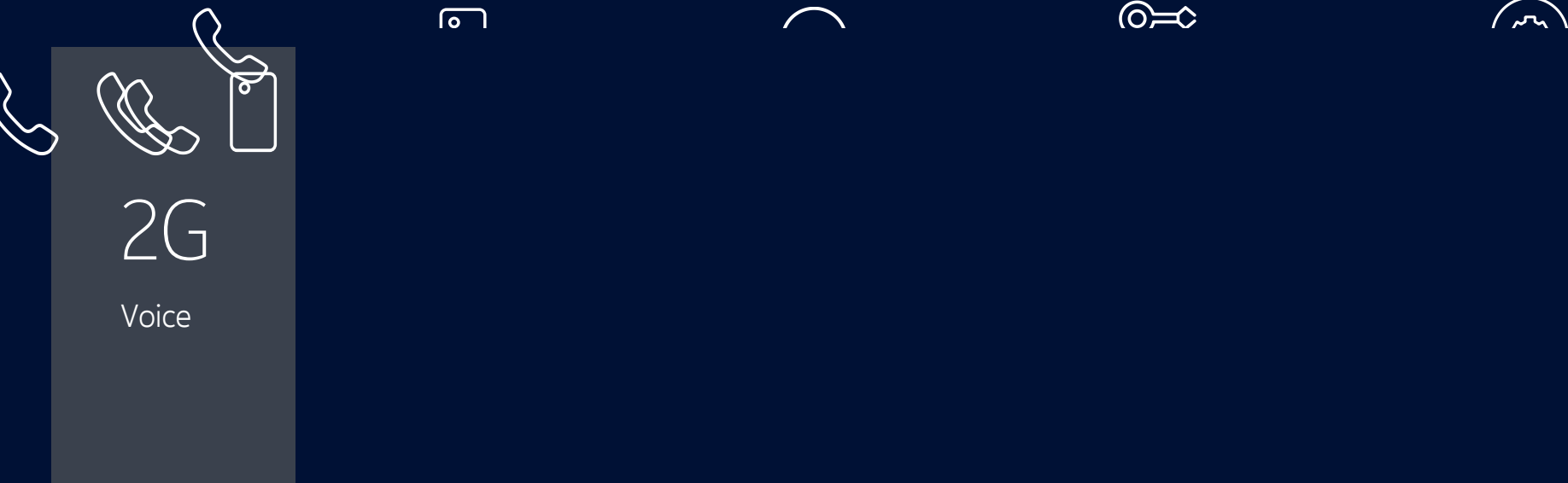


Increasing Demand for Mobile Networks

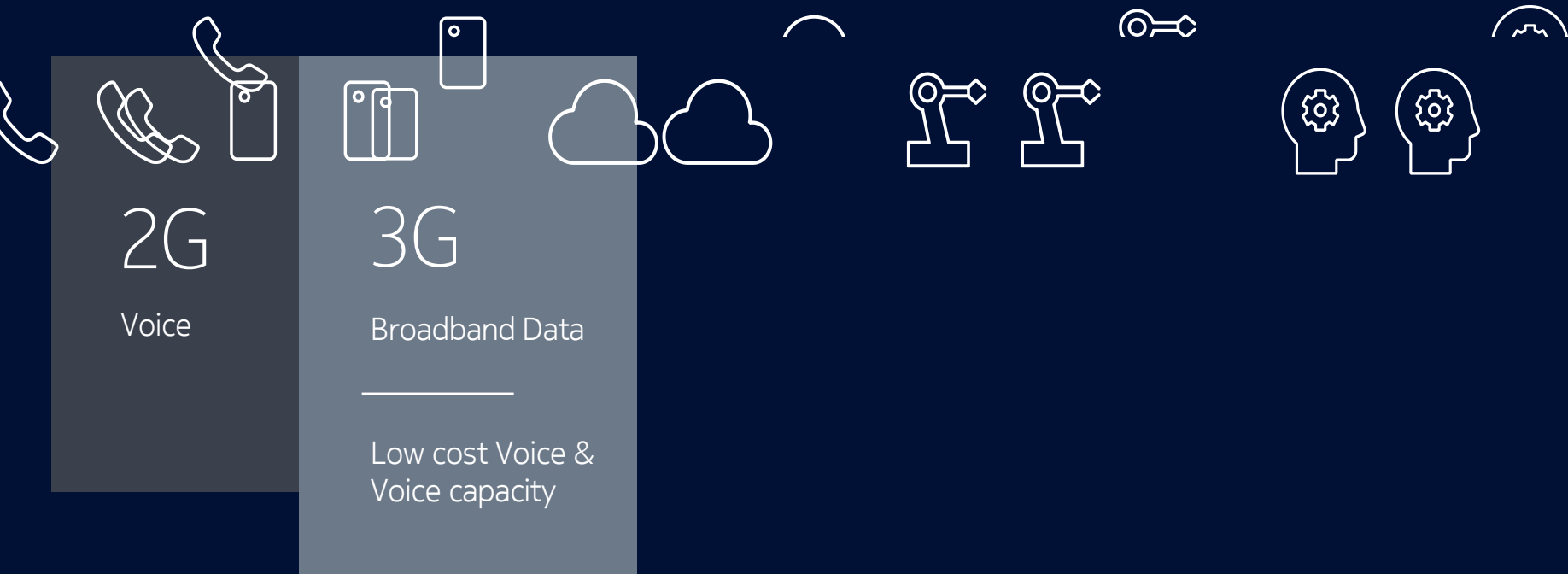
Connecting
+
Sensing
Everything



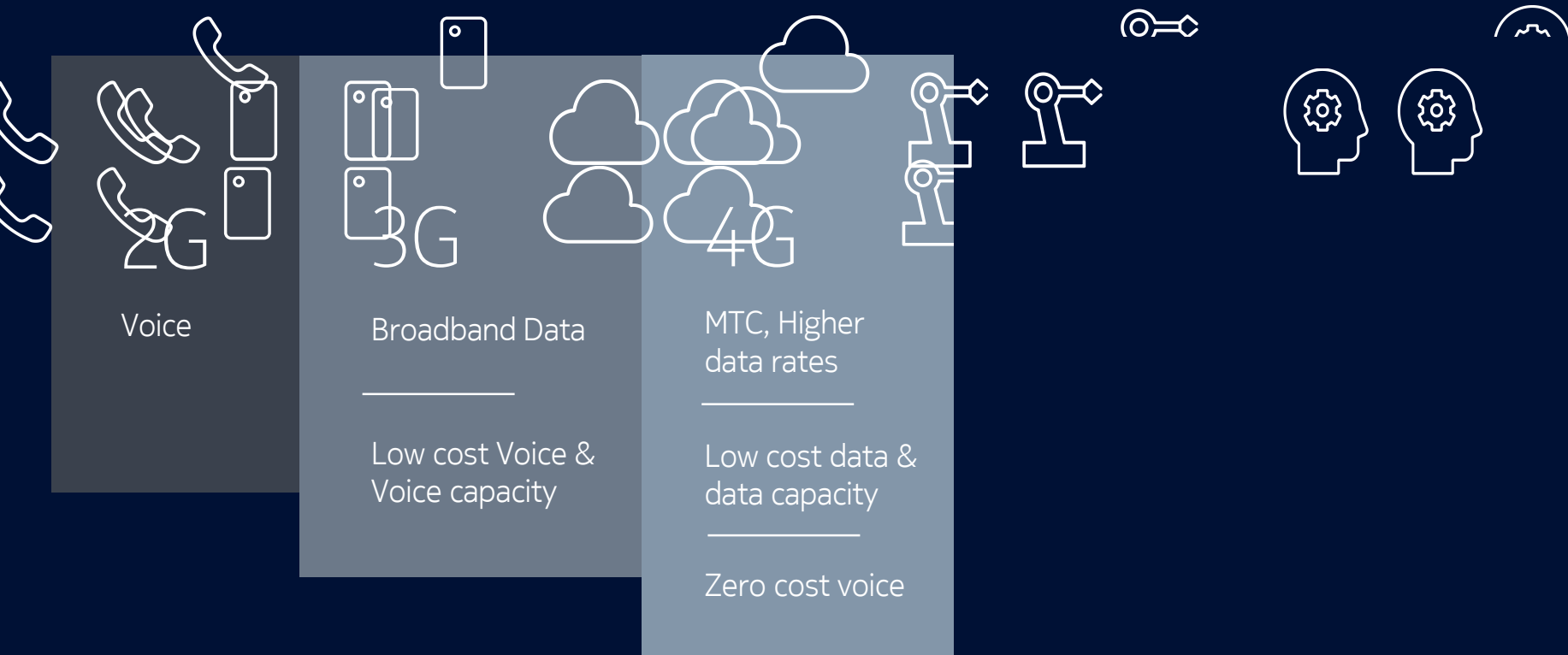
The past, present, and future



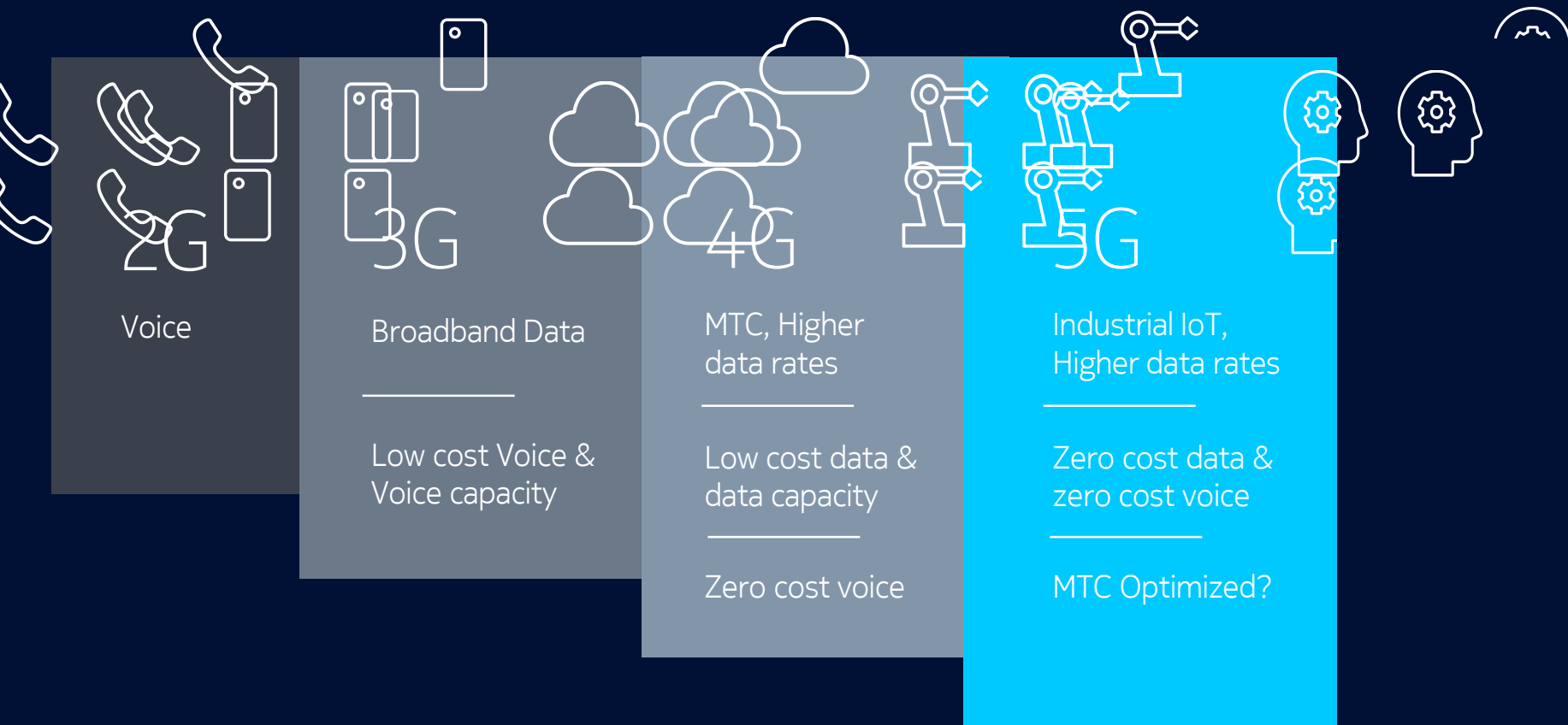
The past, present, and future



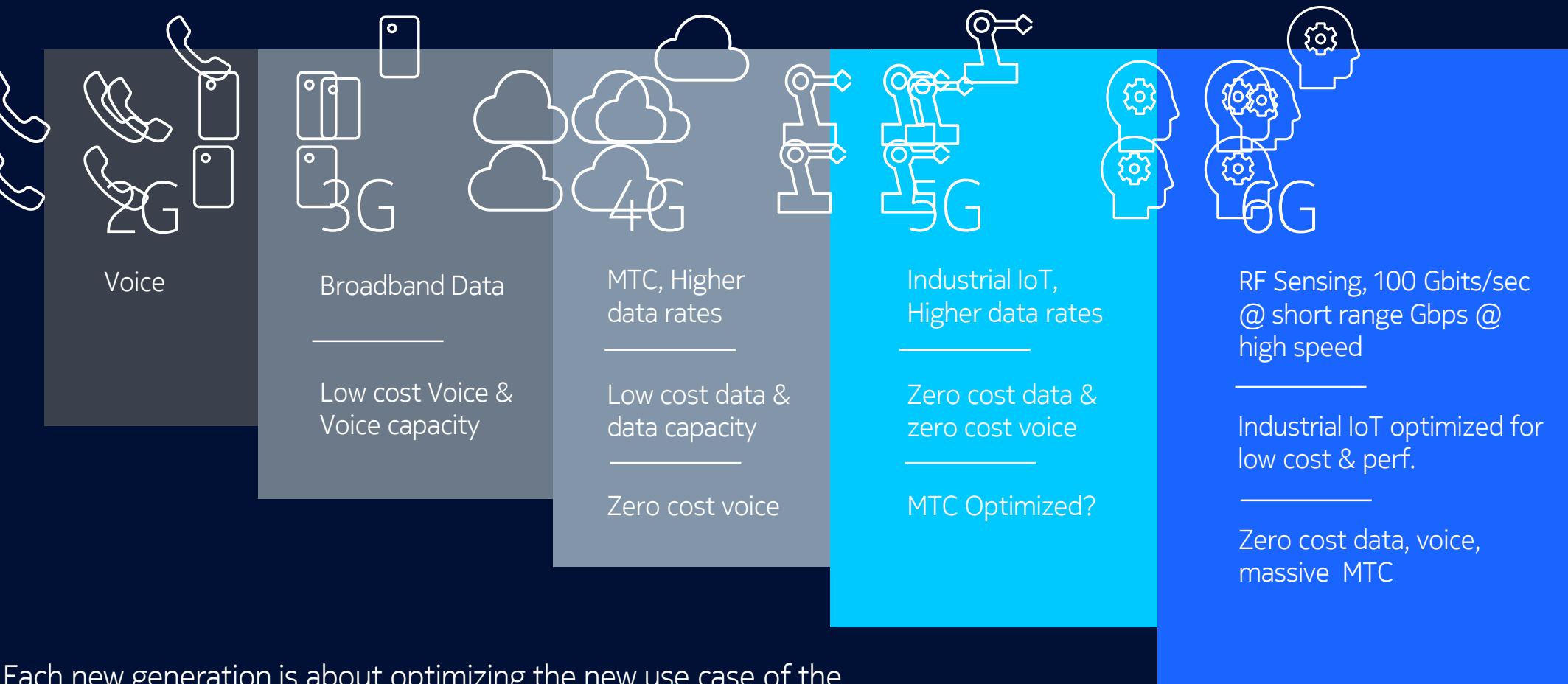
The past, present, and future



The past, present, and future

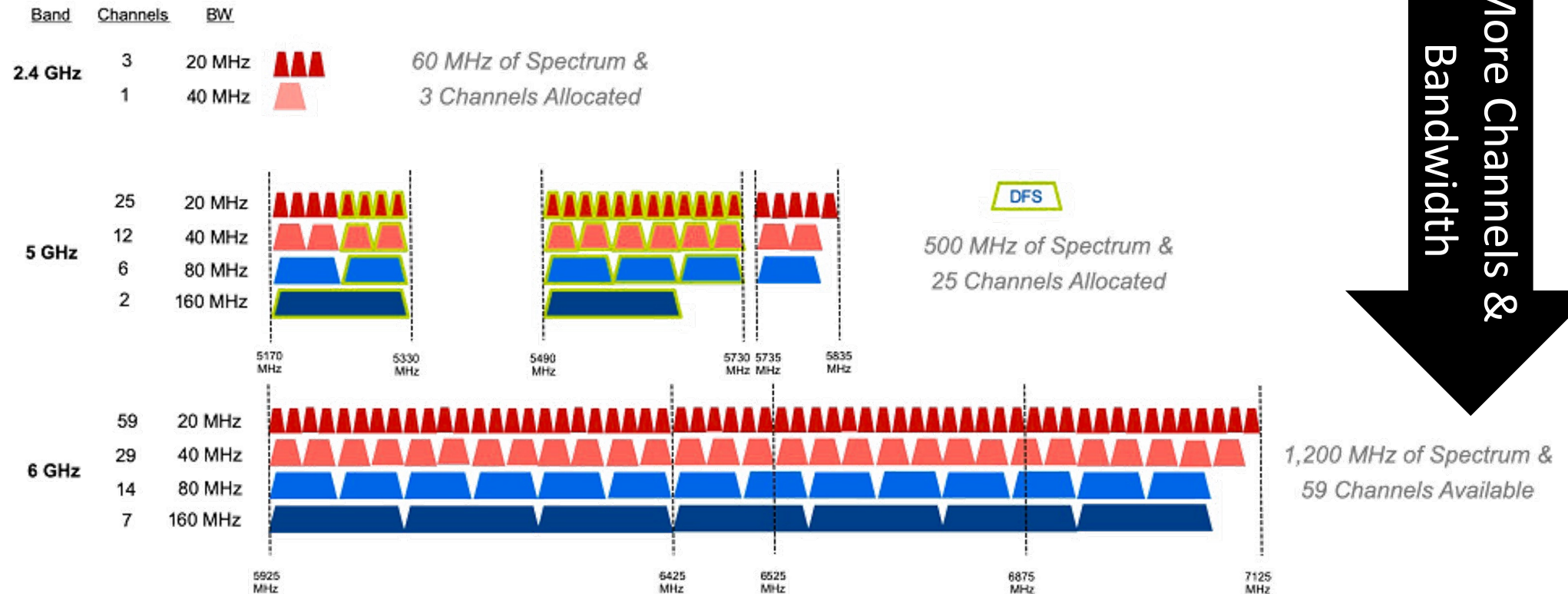


The past, present, and future



Each new generation is about optimizing the new use case of the previous generation to reduce cost and introduction of new use cases

WiFi Standards from WiFi 1 to WiFi 6



More Channels & Bandwidth



WiFi 1

More MIMO Antennas

WiFi 5/6

IoT Technologies



Bluetooth®



NFC



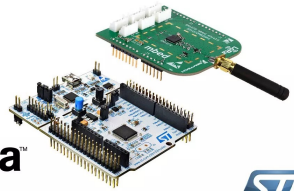
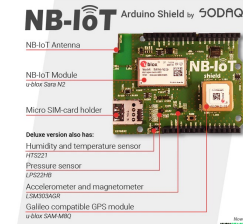
RFID



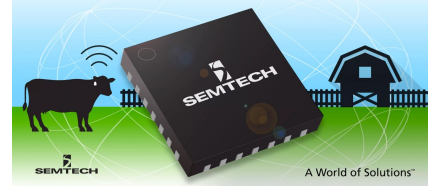
ZigBee®



Cellular



LoRa™ Smart Agriculture Applications



Many Motivations for Mobile Networks

- Unrestricted mobility / deployability
 - Unplugged from power outlet
- Significantly lower cost
 - No cable layout, service provision
 - Low maintenance
- Ease
 - Direct communication with minimum infrastructure

No Free Lunch

- Numerous challenges
 - Channel fluctuation
 - Lower bandwidth
 - Limited Battery power
 - Disconnection due to mobility
 - Interference for other nodes
 - Scalability
 - Security
 - ...

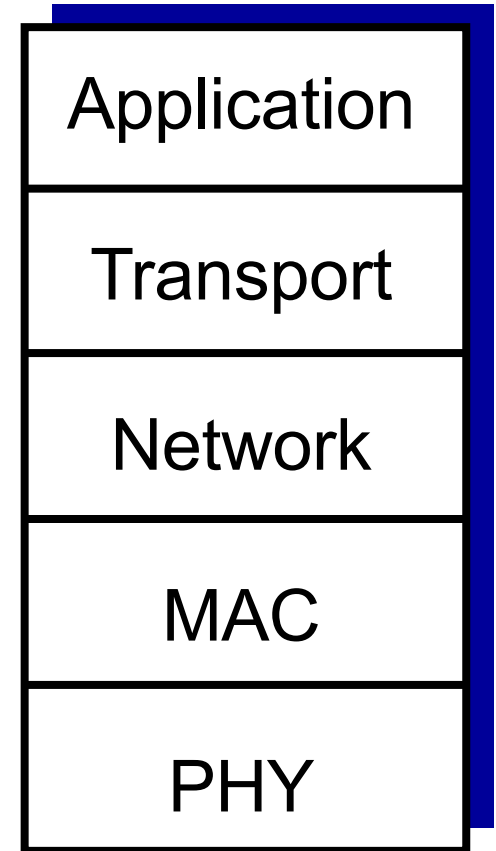
Question Is ...

Can't we use the rich “wireline” knowledge ?

In solving the mobile networks challenges

Internet Protocol Stack

- *Application*: supporting network applications
 - FTP, SMTP, HTTP
- *Transport*: process-process data transfer
 - TCP, UDP
- *Network*: routing of packets from source to destination
 - IP, routing protocols
- *Link/MAC*: data transfer between neighboring network elements
 - Ethernet, 802.11 (WiFi), PPP
- *Physical*: bits “on the wire”



The Answer

Wireless channel: A dispersive medium
The PHY and MAC layer completely dissimilar

The whole game changes

Even New Challenges with
5G, IoT, Implants, Sensing...

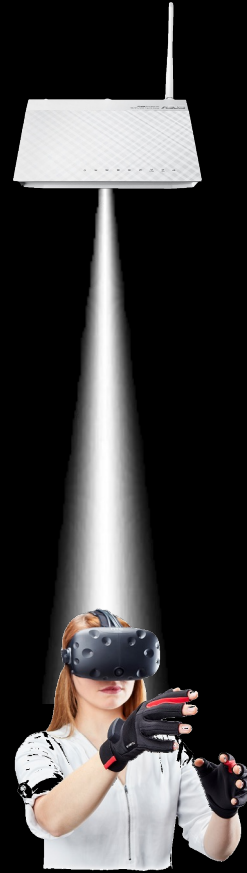
Today's Networks : Broadcast

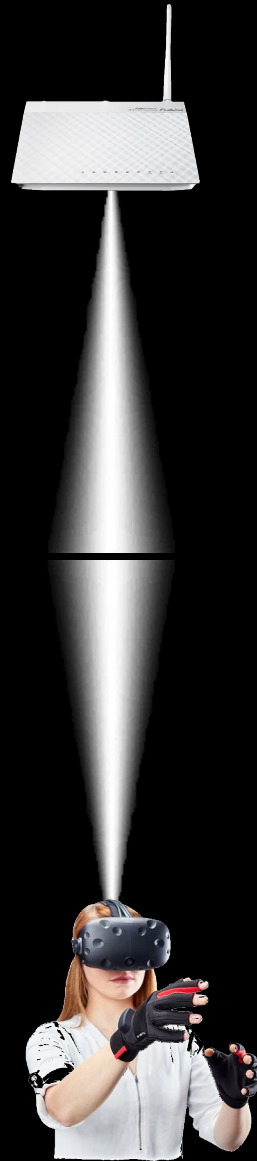


5G changes how wireless systems operate

5G: Narrow-beam Antennas



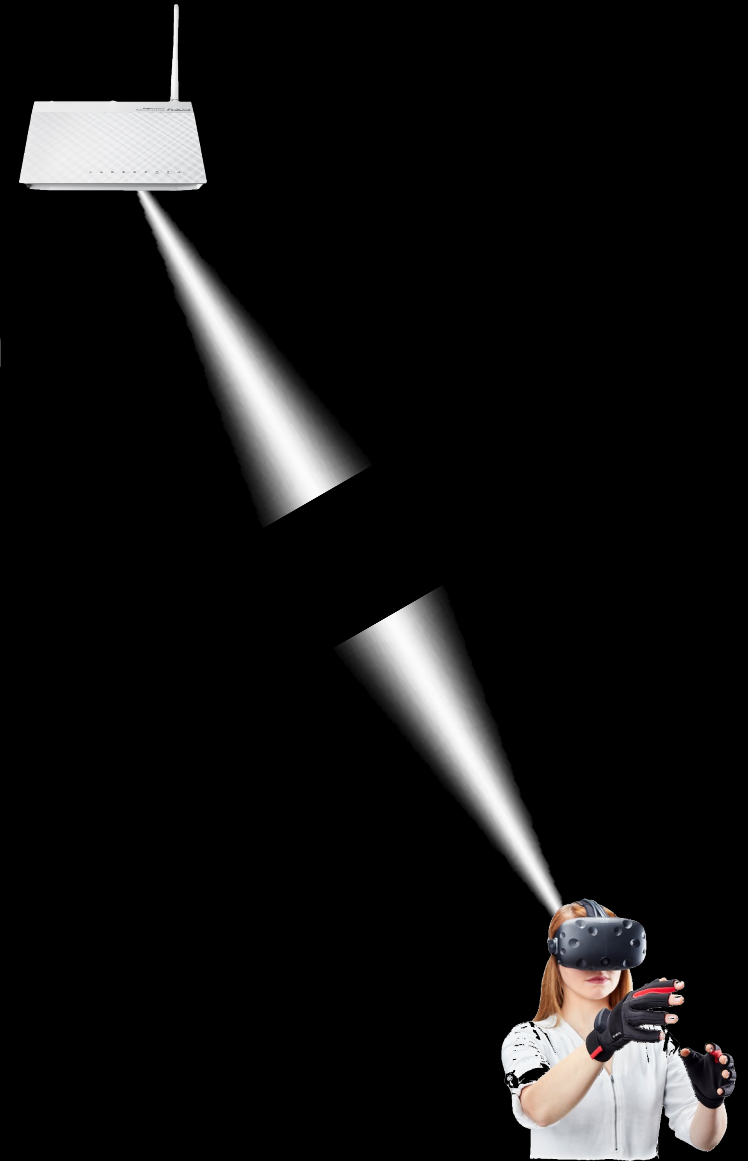




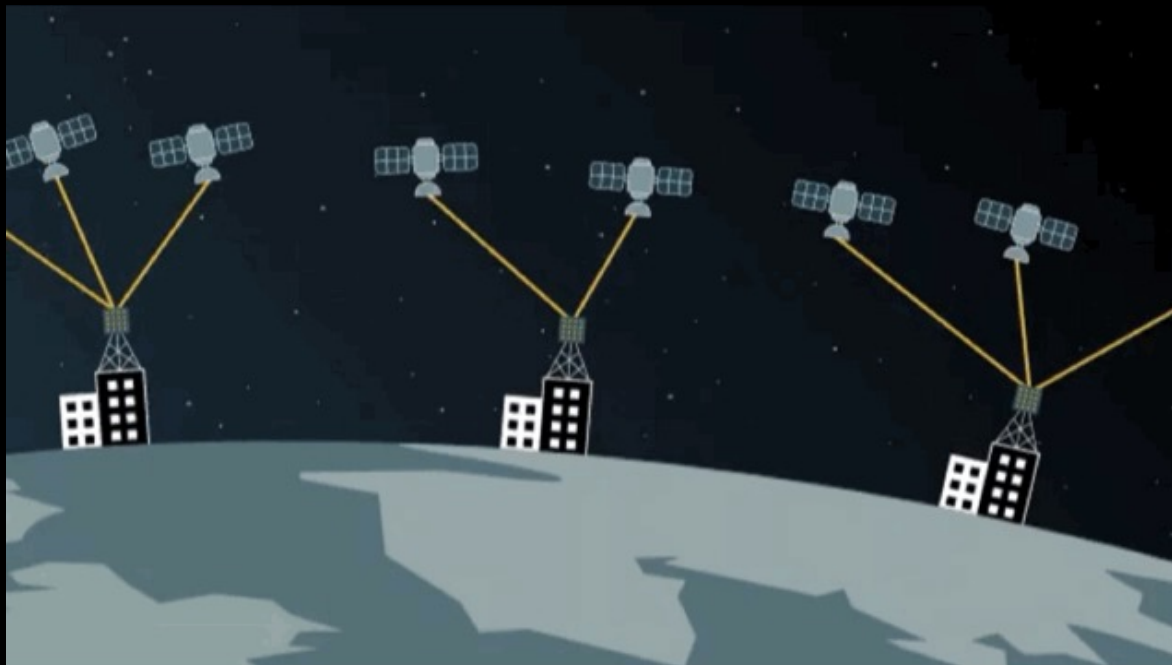
Need to quickly find the right beam alignment and track the user.

Suffers in case of:

- Mobility
- Blockage
- Multi-users



Satellite Networks



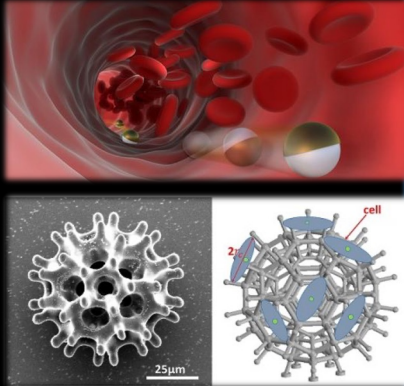
In Body Networking & Sensing



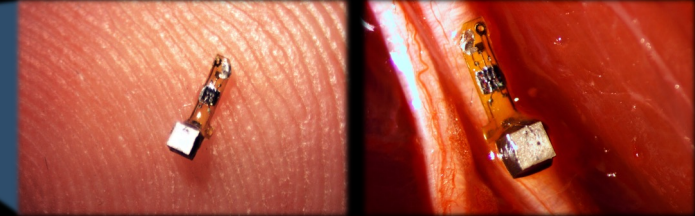
Micro and Nano Bio Implants

Microrobots for drug delivery

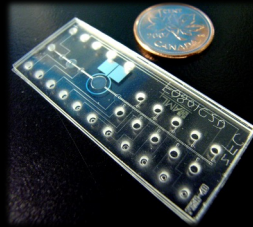
Only large beads



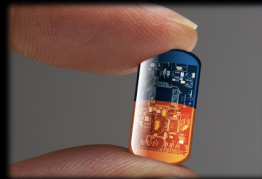
Micro Brain Implants



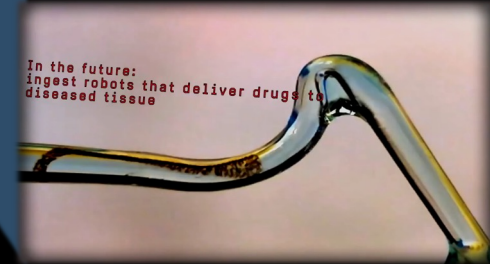
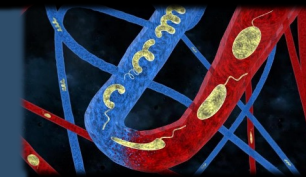
Bio-MEMS Lab-On-Chip for In body Diagnosis



Contraception Micro-Implants



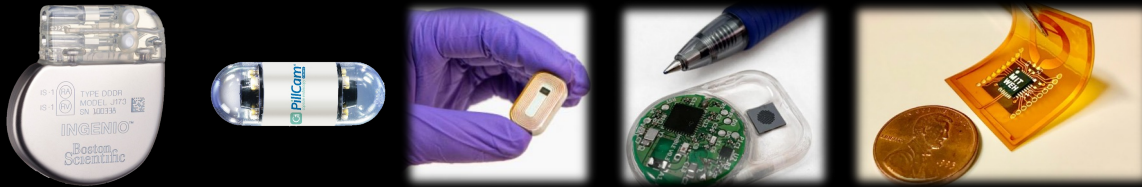
Nano-Implants that can move in the blood vessels



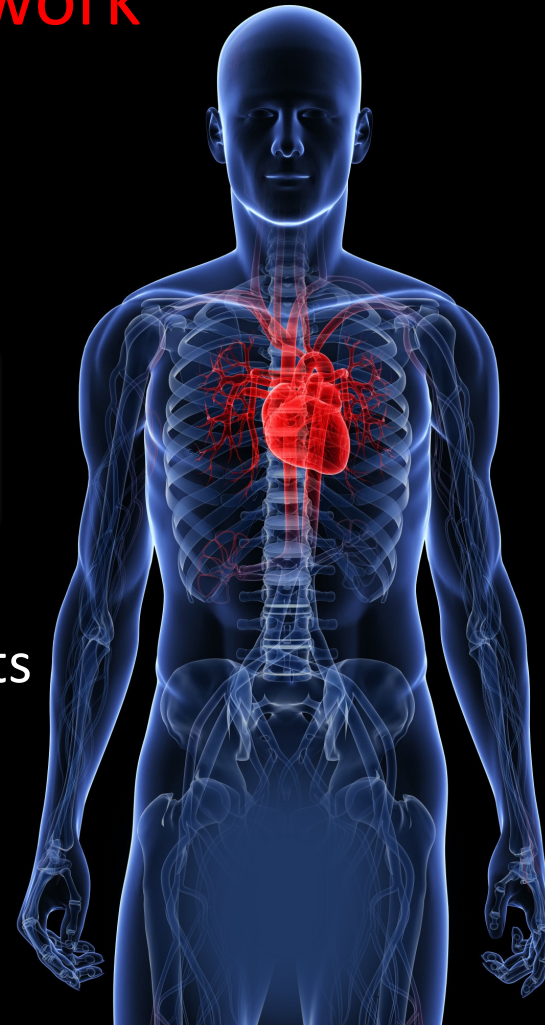
Micro and Nano Bio Implants

How to communicate with and network Nano & Micro Implants?

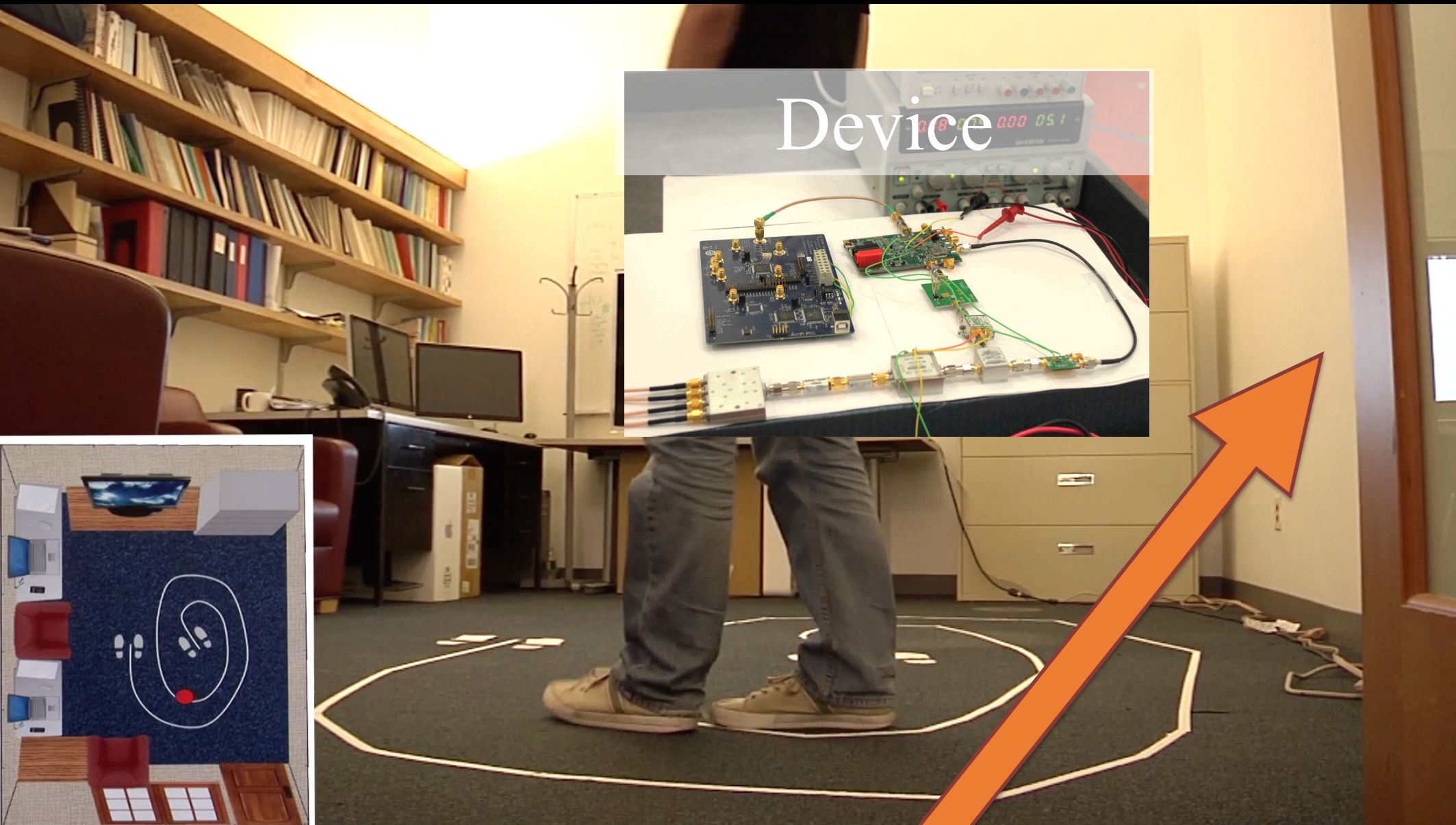
Traditional implants use wireless



- Large form factor for nano and micro implants
- Requires powerful external device
- Cannot network implants inside the body

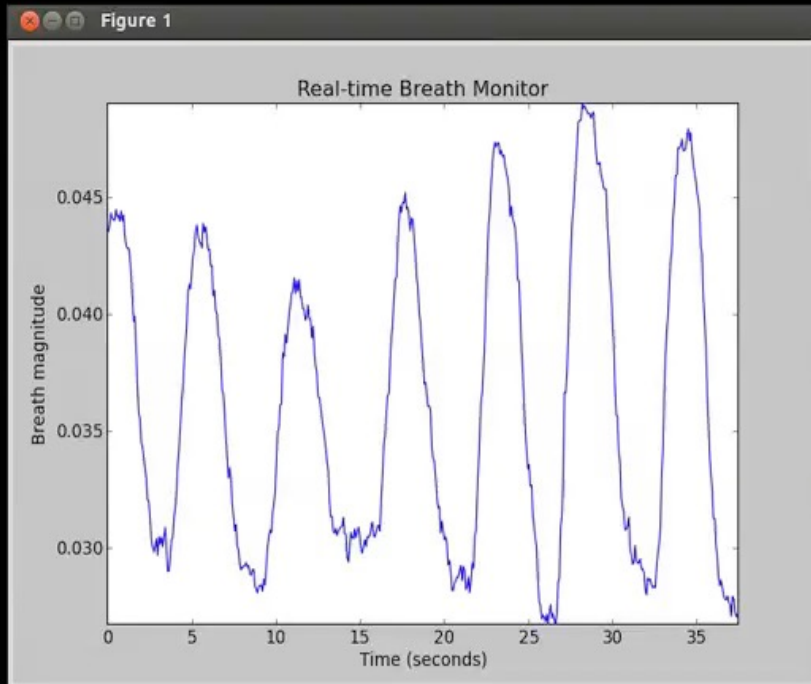


Wireless Sensing



Device in another room

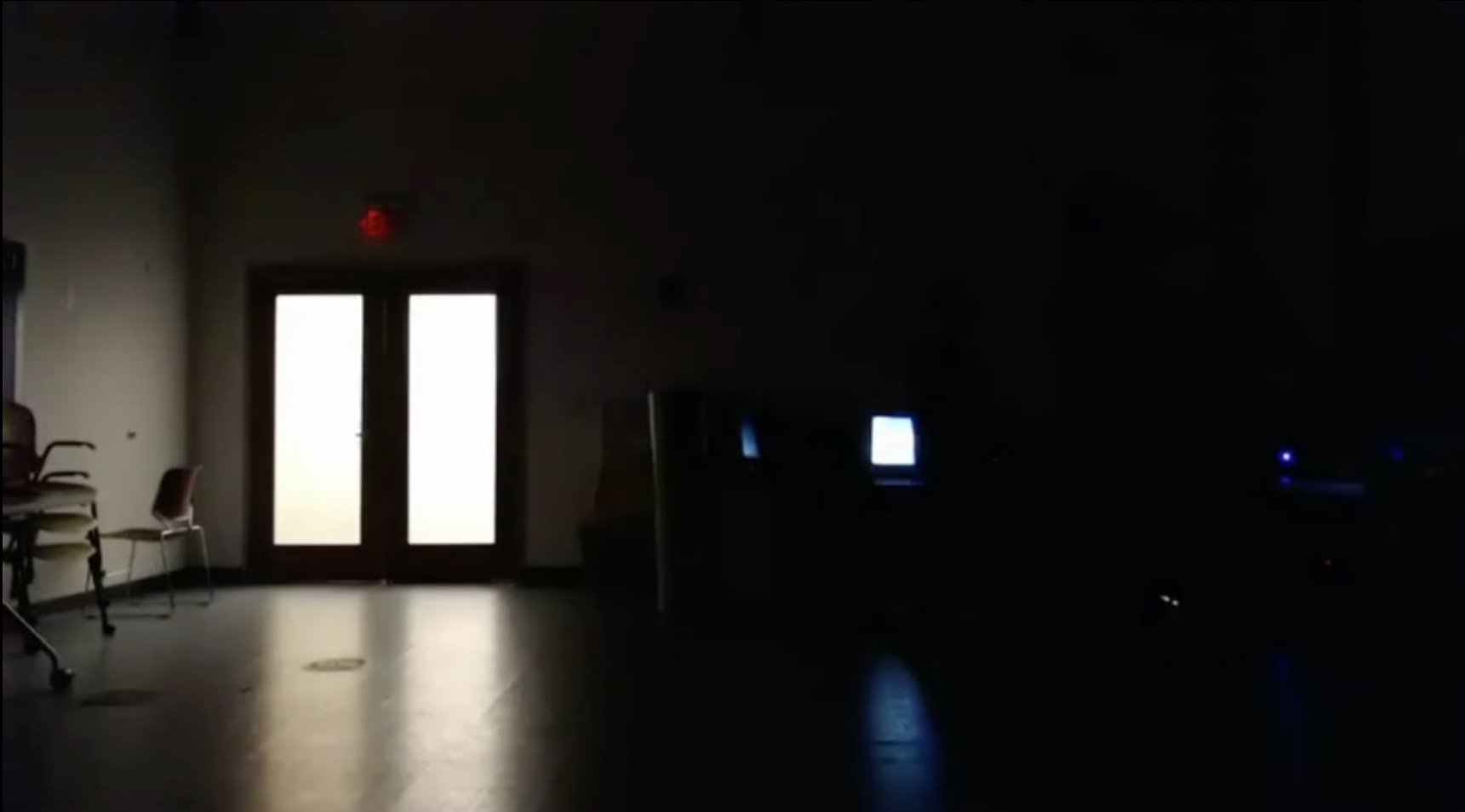
Wireless Sensing



Occlusion is a fundamental challenge for vision



Vision also fails in bad lighting conditions



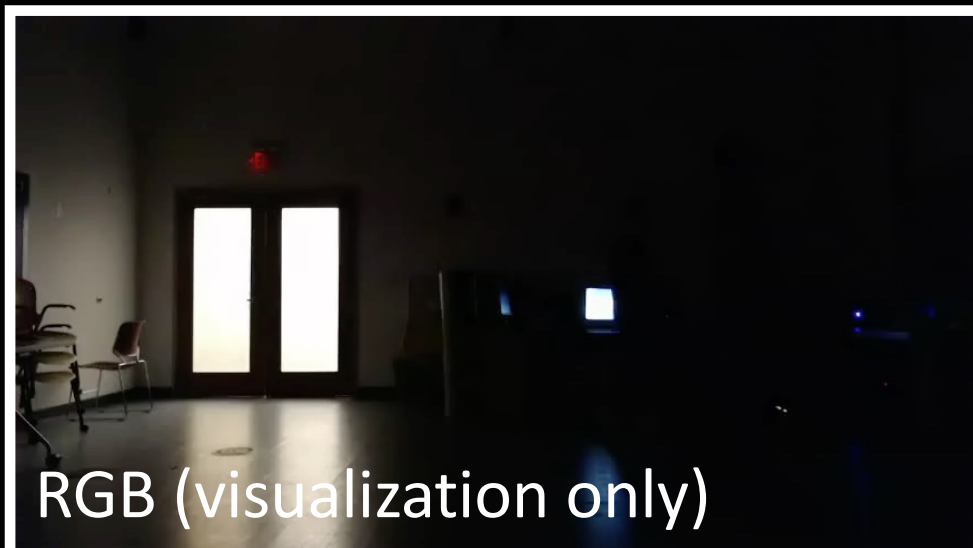
Through-wall poses using **only** RF



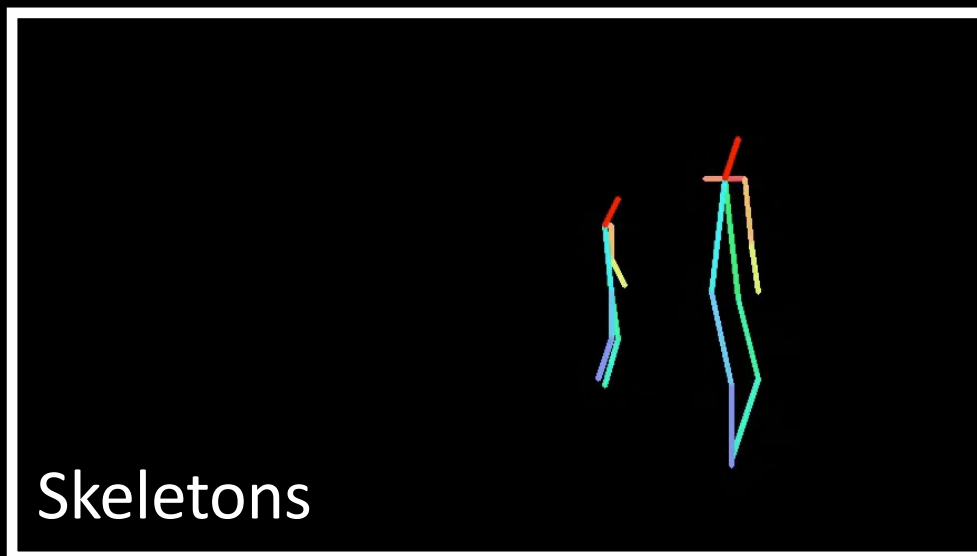
Skeletons

Confidence Maps

Works in bad lighting



RGB (visualization only)

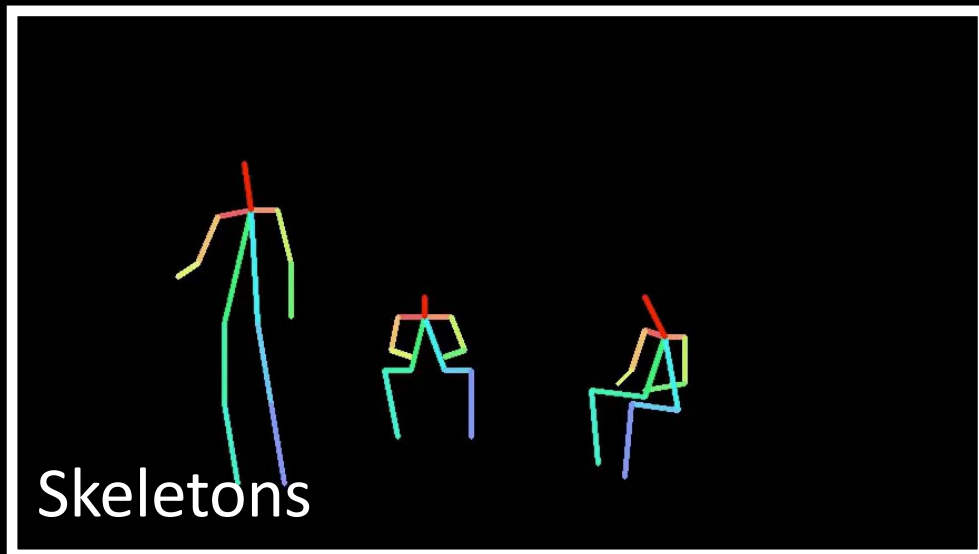


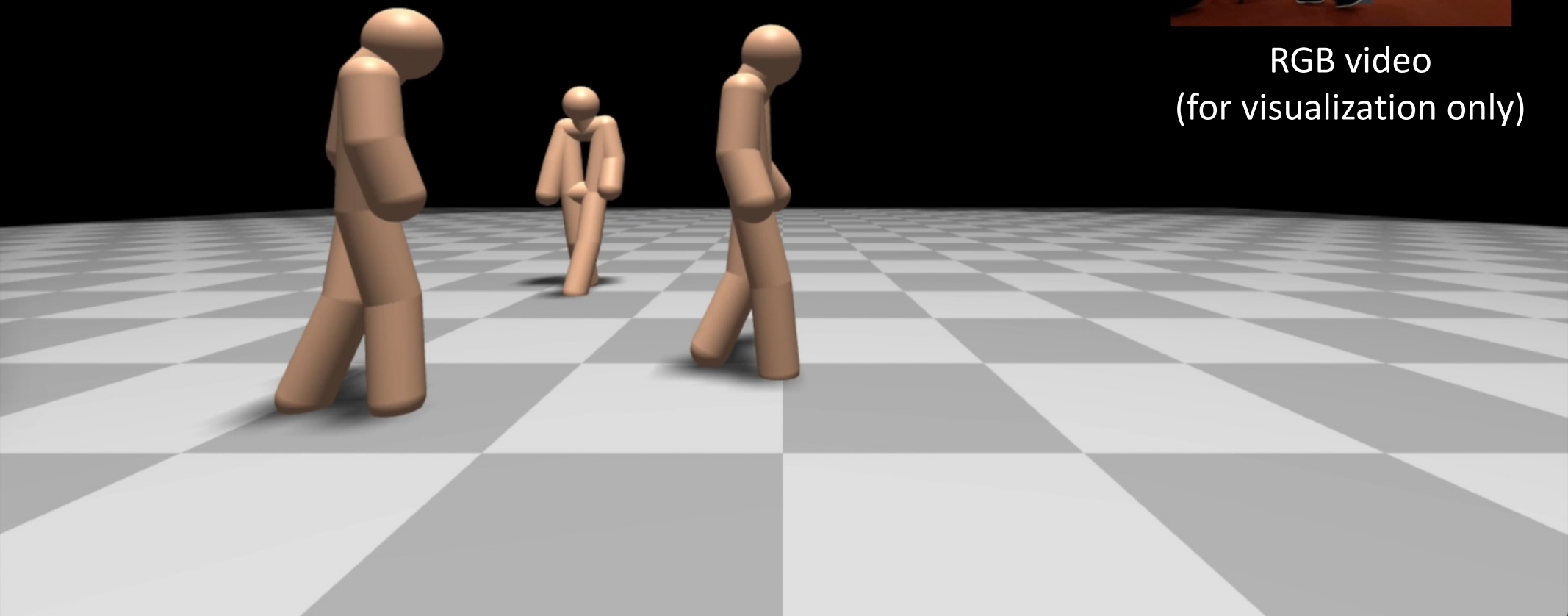
Skeletons



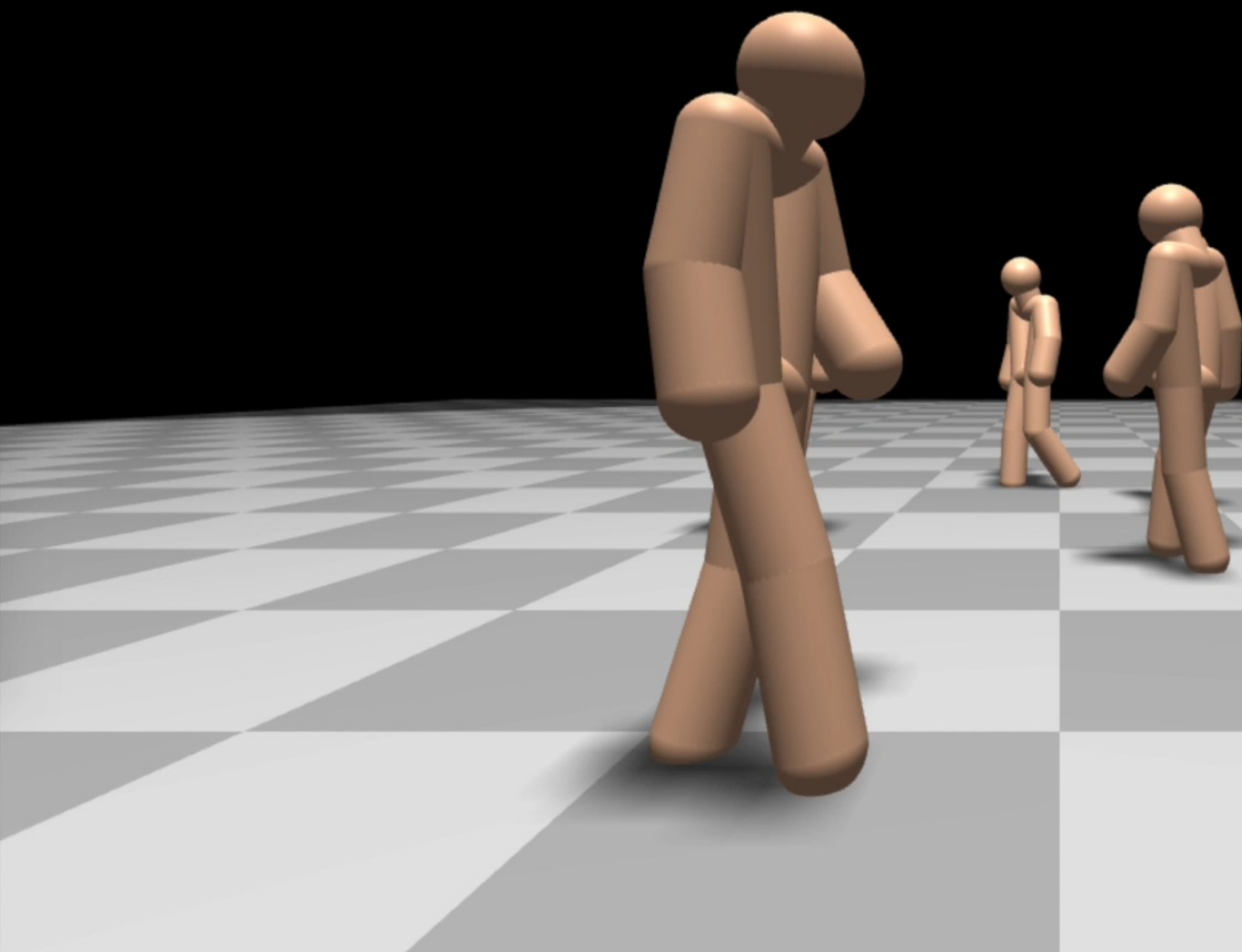
Confidence Maps

Works with different
environment and daily
activities





RGB video
(for visualization only)



RGB video
(for visualization only)

Rising Interest in Fully Autonomous Driving

Honda to invest \$2.8bn in GM's self-driving car unit

4 October 2018

Elon Musk to investors: Self-driving will make Tesla a \$500 billion company

PUBLISHED THU, MAY 2 2019-6:01 PM EDT | UPE

Lora Kolodny
@LORAKOLODNY

KEY TAKEAWAYS
* Citibank and Golc

Google Has Spent Over \$1.1 Billion on Self-Driving Tech

e and

Qualcomm
snapdragon red
platform



Qualcomm eyes self-driving cars with Snapdragon Ride Platform at CES 2020

The company has developed its first system for autonomous vehicles, as well as new offerings for automakers to do things like deliver services.



Shara Tibken Jan. 6, 2020 11:32 a.m. PT

ES



LISTEN - 03:15



Automotive is a big focus for Qualcomm.

GM has done extens

Honda is to invest
driving unit, GM C
autonomous vehi

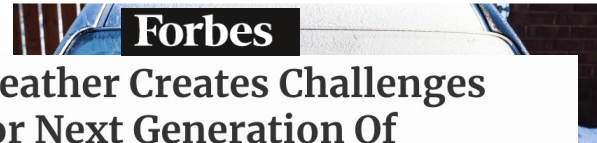


Elon Musk, chief executive officer of Tesla, speaks to the media outside federal court in New York City on Tuesday, May 1, 2018. (Nathan Dvir / Bloomberg / Getty Images)

WIRED

Snow and Ice Pose a Vexing Obstacle for Self-Driving Cars

Most testing of autonomous vehicles until now has been in sunny, dry climates. That will have to change before the technology will be useful everywhere.



Weather Creates Challenges For Next Generation Of Vehicles



Jim Foerster Contributor
Science

Bloomberg Businessweek

Self-Driving Cars Can Handle Neither Rain nor Sleet nor Snow

Self-Driving Cars Still Can't Handle Snow, Rain, or Heavy Weather

By Joel Hruska on October 30, 2018 at 4:53 pm 88 Comments



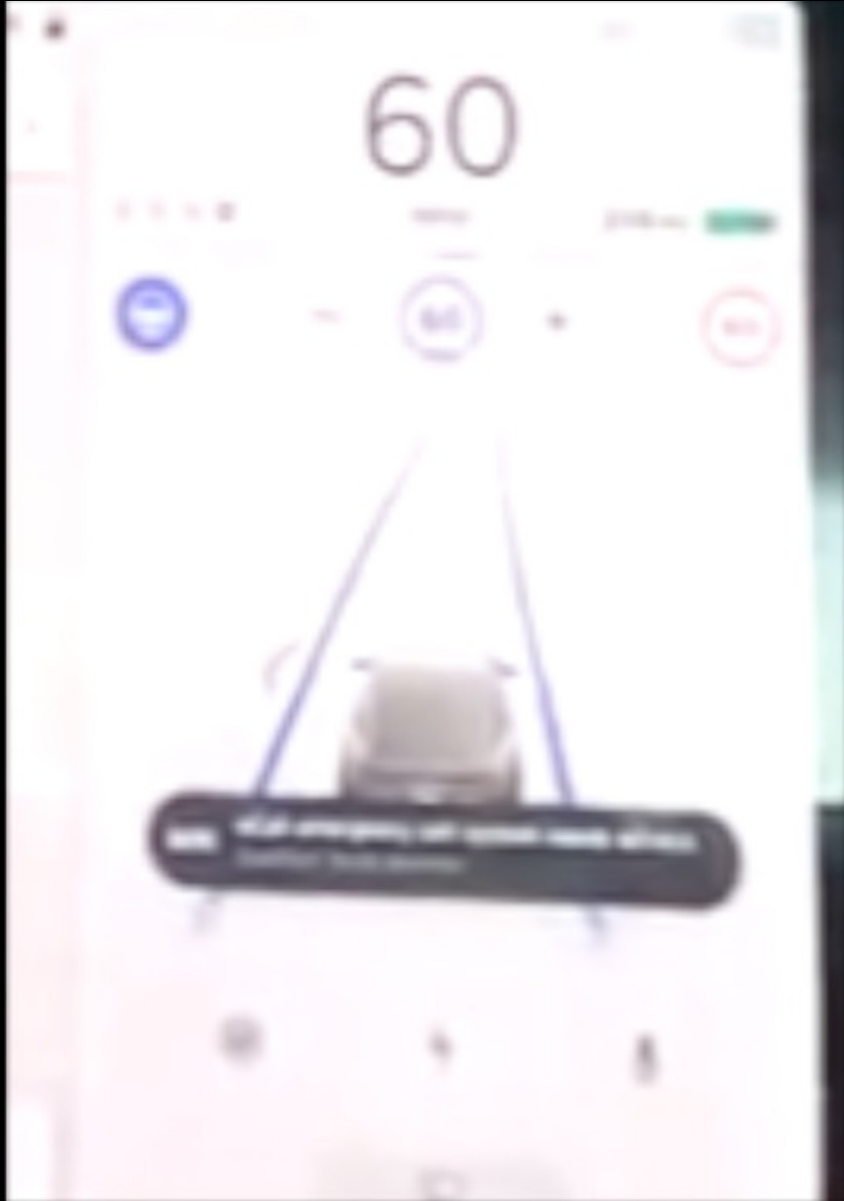
If you listen to the companies deploying self-driving vehicle technology, the date for full deployment and L5 capability (full self-driving, no need for driver intervention at all) is just

les solve inclement conditions, that can see below the ground.

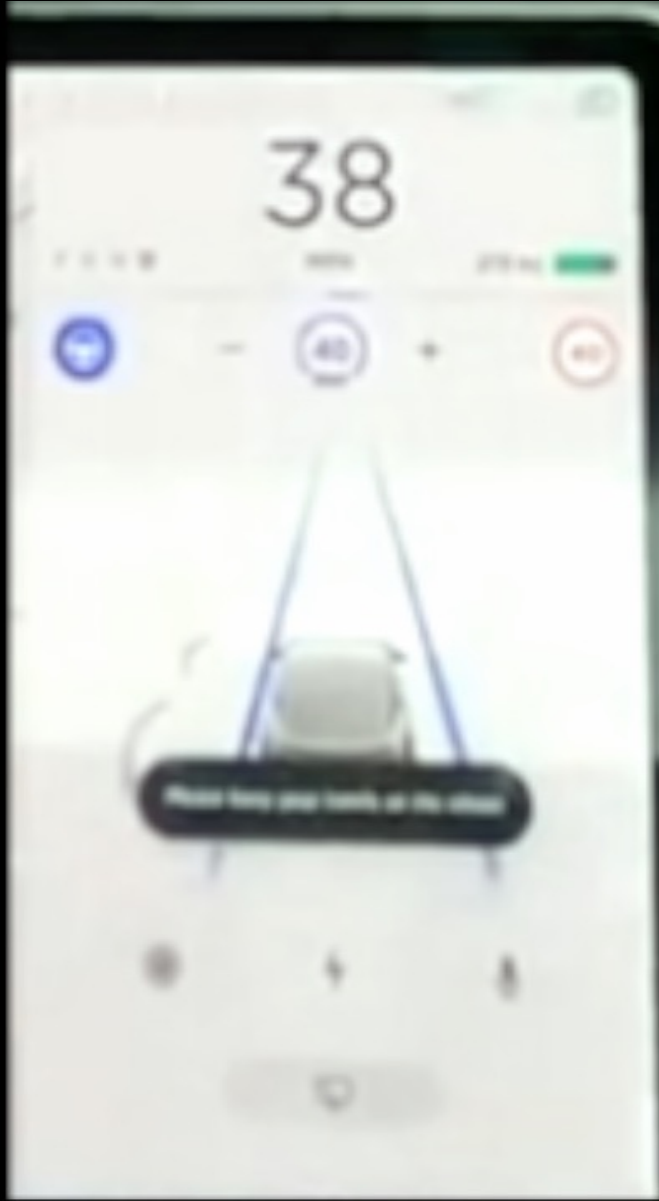


ground-penetrating WaveSense radar that can detect various types of road conditions. (Autonomous Vehicle / WaveSense)

Tesla in Clear Conditions



Tesla in Fog



Tesla in Fog



Self-Driving Cars Rely on Cameras and LiDAR



LiDAR



Camera



Fog



Sandstorm

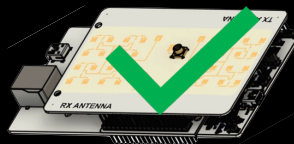


Blizzard



Low Lighting Conditions

Millimeter Wave radar can function in adverse conditions



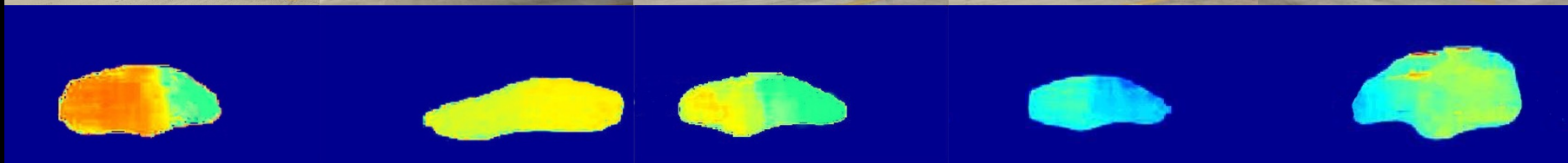
Millimeter Wave Radar

Wireless Imaging

Original
Scene



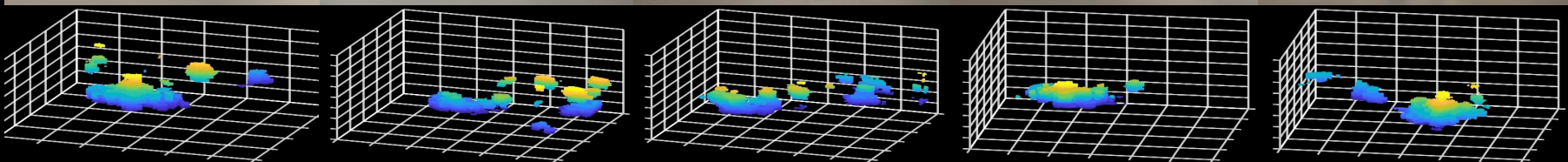
Ground
Truth



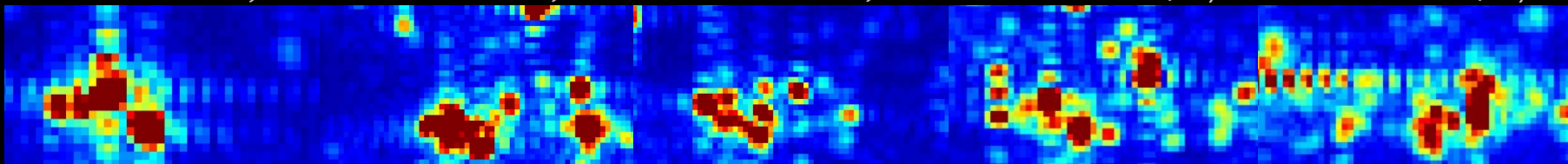
Camera
in Fog



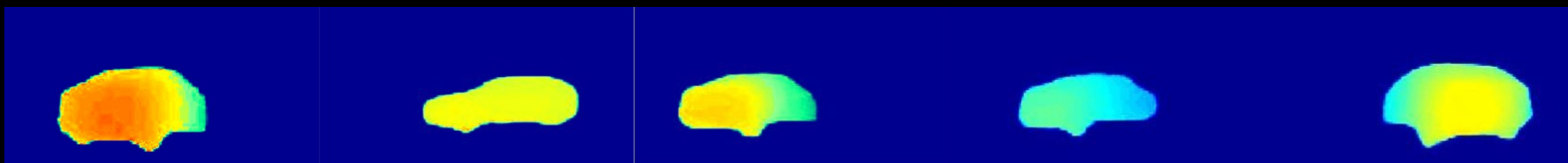
Radar
Point Cloud

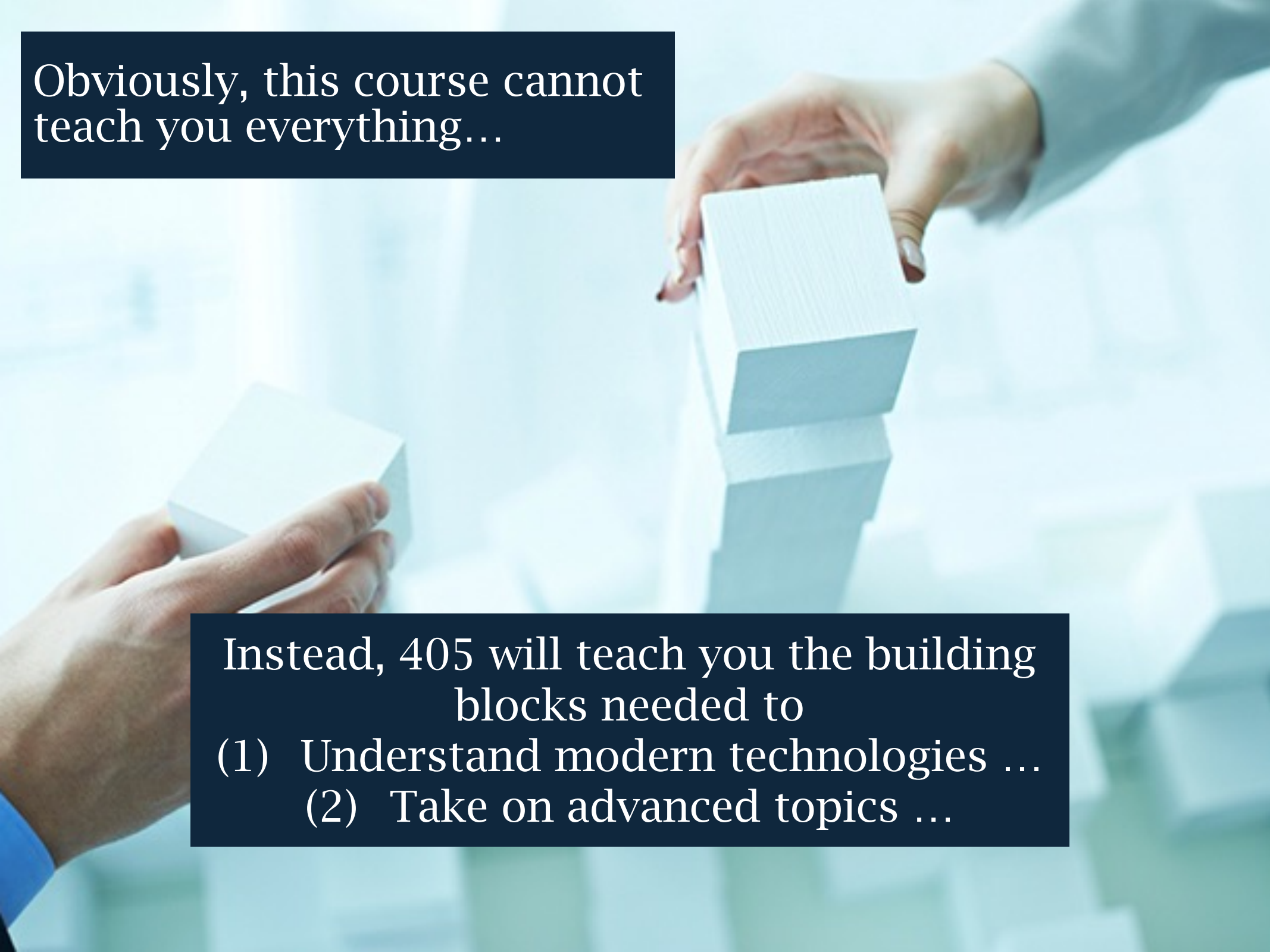


Radar
Heatmap
Front View



Recovered
Image



A background image showing two hands stacking white rectangular blocks. One hand is holding a block, and the other is placing it on top of a stack. The background is a blurred cityscape with a bright light source on the left.

Obviously, this course cannot teach you everything...

Instead, 405 will teach you the building blocks needed to

- (1) Understand modern technologies ...
- (2) Take on advanced topics ...

Course Information

- Staff

- Instructor: Haitham Hassanieh

- Bachelor: AUB
- MS & PhD: MIT
- Professor at UIUC for 6 years.
- Moved to EPFL 2022
- Run SENS Lab (Sensing and Networking Systems)
- Research: Mobile and Wireless Networks

- TAs:



Samah Hussein Youssef



Hailan Shanbhag



Arman Maghsoudnia

- A/Es: TBD

Course Information

- Language: English
- Lectures: Tuesday 13:15 – 16:00 in CE 1 5
 - 60 ~ 90 min lecture
 - 10 min break
 - 60 ~ 90 min lecture
 - 10 min quiz on the previous lecture
- Exercise Sessions: Thursday 14:15 – 18:00 in BS 160
- Lab Sessions: Friday 9:15 – 11:00 in BC 02
- Recordings
 - CE 1 5 is not equipped with recording capabilities
 - We will do our best to record every lecture and upload it to <https://mediaspace.epfl.ch/>
 - **We cannot guarantee that we will always provide the recorded lecture! Many things can go wrong! Mic battery often runs out!**
 - Best option is to always come to class and have recordings as back up.

Course Information

☐ Resources:

- Moodle:

- Look for COM-405
- All material: slides, homework, Labs, previous exams, schedule...
- Quizzes
- Announcements
- Questions

DO NOT SEND QUESTIONS BY EMAIL. I MIGHT NOT RESPOND. BETTER TO USE MOODLE.

- Media Space:

- Lecture recordings
- <https://mediaspace.epfl.ch/channel/COM-405+Mobile+Networks/30796/subscribe>
- Make sure to check the LECTURES FALL 2024 playlist and not SPRING 2023

Course Information

- Quizzes:

- 4 to 6 multiple choice or true or false questions.
- Questions are about previous lecture.
- Supposed to be somewhat easy.
- Quiz is on Moodle:
 - **Please Bring Laptop or Smartphone to class to do the Quiz.**
- We will manually open up the quiz in class 10 mins before the end of the lecture. It will be open for 30 mins max.
- In the exceptional case that you cannot make it to the lecture, you can take the Quiz at home but you must take it during the time 13:50pm – 16:20pm
- We will have 11 quizzes and we will count the top 10 grades
- We will also have 2 surveys which count as bonus
- You can miss submitting 3 quizzes without losing any grades

Course Information

□ Homework & Labs

- 3 Homework Assignments → Problem sets
- 4 Lab Assignments → Programming in python on Jupyter notebook
- Homeworks & Labs are meant to expand your knowledge and enforce what you learned in lectures. They are not meant to test your knowledge
→ **might include new concepts to teach you new ideas!**
- Homeworks can be submitted handwritten or typed on moodle.
 - If handwritten, please make sure to have good handwriting. Anything we do not understand, we do not correct.
- **Homework & Labs can be done in groups of 2.**
 - Can have different group every time.
 - Only one person submits
 - Make sure to write both names on the submission
- **Typically released Tuesday night and due on Friday at 6pm (2.5 weeks)**
- **Late submission policy:**
 - 0 – 24 hrs late: — 0 points penalty
 - 24 – 48 hrs late: — 20 points penalty
 - 48 – 72 hrs late: — 40 points penalty
 - > 72 hrs late: — 100 points penalty
 - **No negative grade**

Course Information

- Exam

- The exam date is scheduled by the Service Académique.
- Students must physically come at the exam.
- In case of force majeure, please check with the section administration, not with the lecturer.

- We will provide exam samples towards the end of the semester to give you an idea how the exam looks like.

- Allow two A4 double sided cheat sheet
 - Must be handwritten
 - Must NOT be photocopied

- More details about the exam later in the semester.

Course Information

□ Grading

- 10% Quizzes
- 25% Homework
- 30% Labs
- 35% Final Exam
- 2% Bonus 2 Surveys

Course Information

- Prerequisites

- Any networking or communications class
- Basic math and signal processing: probability, Fourier, ...

- Books

- There is no book for this class. We will mainly use lecture slides.
- We recommend these references:
 - Miao et al. : Fundamentals of Mobile Data Networks Cambridge University Press, 2016.
 - A. Goldsmith: Wireless Communications, Cambridge University Press, 2005
 - D. Tse and P. Viswanath: Fundamentals of Wireless Communication, Cambridge University Press, 2005

Course Information

- **Mobile Networks**

- Lies at the intersection of COM and CS (IN)
- Combination between Communication Systems and Networking Systems.
- Mobile networks are the result of a huge engineering effort, with tremendous, worldwide impact
- Topic is heavily influenced by:
 - Physics (propagation of Electromagnetic waves)
 - Electronics (feasibility/cost/power consumption/form factor)
 - Communications and Signal Processing
 - Networking (IP networks)
 - Economics
 - User acceptance and behavior
 - Legislation and regulation
- The topic is evolving very fast

Course Information

- Tentative Schedule

Week	Date	Lecture	HW	Quiz
Week 1	Tue. 10 Sep	Intro + Radio Basics		Survey 1
	Fri. 13 Sep			
Week 2	Tue. 17 Sep	Wireless Channel + OFDM 1	LAB 1 OUT	Quiz 1
	Fri. 20 Sep			
Week 3	Tue. 24 Sep	OFDM 2 + Modulation 1	HW 1 OUT	Quiz 2
	Fri. 27 Sep			
Week 4	Tue. 1 Oct	Modulation 2 + Coding & Data Rates & Rate Adaptation	LAB 1 DUE	Quiz 3
	Fri. 4 Oct			
Week 5	Tue. 8 Oct	MIMO	LAB 2 OUT	Quiz 4
	Fri. 11 Oct			
Week 6	Tue. 15 Oct	MAC + Scheduling	HW 1 DUE	Quiz 5
	Fri. 18 Oct			
Break				
Week 7	Tue. 29 Oct	Cellular 1: 3G/4G/5G + Millimeter Wave Networks	HW 2 OUT LAB 2 DUE	Survey 2
	Fri. 1 Nov			
Week 8	Tue. 5 Nov	Cellular 2: Planning + Handover + Slicing + ORAN + MPTCP		Quiz 6
	Fri. 8 Nov			
Week 9	Tue. 12 Nov	IoT + Wireless Localization 1	LAB 3 OUT HW 2 DUE	Quiz 7
	Fri. 15 Nov			
Week 10	Tue. 19 Nov	Wireless Localization 2		Quiz 8
	Fri. 22 Nov			
Week 11	Tue. 26 Nov	Wireless Sensing + Imaging	HW 3 OUT & LAB 4 OUT LAB 3 DUE	Quiz 9
	Fri. 29 Nov			
Week 12	Tue. 3 Dec	Adhoc Networks + Routing + Network Coding		Quiz 10
	Fri. 6 Dec			
Week 13	Tue. 10 Dec	Satellite Networking	HW 3 DUE	Quiz 11
	Fri. 13 Dec			
Week 14	Tue. 17 Dec	Advanced Topics: Full Duplex, Medical Implants, Intellegent Reflective Surfaces	LAB 4 DUE	
	Fri. 20 Dec			