

Quantum Chemistry

Exercises 6

1. Calculate the probability that a hydrogen 1s electron will be found within a distance of $2a_0$ from the nucleus.
2. Calculate the radius of the sphere that encloses a 50% probability of finding a hydrogen 1s electron. Repeat the calculation for a 90% probability.
3. By evaluating the appropriate integrals, compute $\langle r \rangle$ in the 2s, the 2p, and the 3s states of the hydrogen atom. Compare your results to the general formula:

$$\langle r_{nl} \rangle = \frac{a_0}{2} [3n^2 - l(l+1)]$$