## Quantum Chemistry Exercises 11

- 1. Predict the relative stability of the species  $N_2^+$ ,  $N_2$ , and  $N_2^-$ .
- 2. Determine the ground-state electron configurations of NO<sup>+</sup> and NO. Compare the bond order of these two species.
- 3. Determine the bond order in a cyanide ion.
- 4. Determine the ground-state molecular term symbols of O<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>.
- 5. The highest occupied molecular orbitals for an excited electronic configuration of the oxygen molecule

$$[1\pi_{\gamma}]^{1}[3\sigma_{\upsilon}]^{1}$$

What are the molecular term symbols for oxygen with this electronic configuration?

6. In class I derived the expressions for the three  $sp^2$  orbitals of carbon:

$$\xi_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} 2s + \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} 2p_z$$

$$\xi_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} 2s - \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} 2p_z + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} 2p_x$$

$$\xi_3 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} 2s - \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} 2p_z - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} 2p_x$$

Using the angular parts of the p orbitals (i.e., the spherical harmonics), show that  $\mathbb{Z}_1$  and  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  are directed 120° from each other.